$$\begin{cases}
\chi_{1}, \chi_{2} \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1) \\
\chi_{1}(\chi_{2}) = \chi_{1}(2\pi) = \begin{cases}
\chi \in (0,1) \\
\chi_{1}(\chi_{2}) = \chi_{2}(12\pi) = \begin{cases}
\chi \in (0,1)
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \chi_2 & \chi_1 & \chi_2 & \chi_1 & \chi_2 & \chi_1 & \chi_2 & \chi_2 & \chi_1 & \chi_2 & \chi_$$

$$F_{\chi_2}(\chi_2) = F_{\chi_1}(\chi_1) = \begin{cases} 0 & \chi < 0 \\ \chi & 0 \leq \chi < 1 \\ 1 & \chi \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$-U = \max \left( x_1, x_2 \right)$$

$$F_{U}(w) : P\left( \max \left( x_1, x_2 \right) = w \right) : P\left( x_1 = w_1, x_2 = w \right) =$$

$$-V = \min \left( \times_{l_1} \times_{l_2} \right)$$

$$F_{\nu}(\nu) = P(\min \left( \times_{l_1} \times_{l_2} \right) = \nu - P(\min \left( \times_{l_1} \times_{l_2} \right) > \nu \right)$$

$$= 1 - \left[ \nu - F_{\nu}(\nu) \right]$$

$$= 1 - \left[ \nu - F_{\nu}(\nu) \right]$$

$$F_{y}(y) = P(mox(x_{1}, x_{2}) - min(x_{1}, x_{2}) \leq y)$$

$$= P(mox(x_{1}, x_{2}) - min(x_{1}, x_{2}) \leq y, x_{1} \leq x_{2})$$

$$+ P(mox(x_{1}, x_{2}) - min(x_{1}, x_{2}) \leq y, x_{1} \geq x_{2})$$

$$+ P(mox(x_{1}, x_{2}) - min(x_{1}, x_{2}) \leq y, x_{1} \geq x_{2})$$

$$\frac{9}{3}\sqrt{4}$$

$$= 3 - \lambda \frac{(3-\gamma)^2}{2}$$

$$= 1 - (1-\gamma)^2$$

$$F_{\gamma}(y) = \begin{cases} 0 & y = 0 \\ 1 - (1 - y)^2 & 0 \le y = 1 \\ 1 & y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$y = 0$$

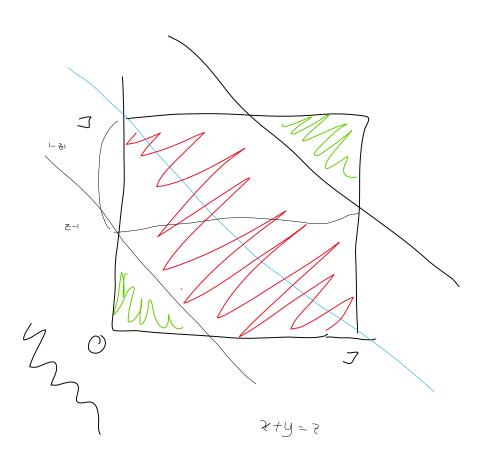
$$P_{Z}(z) : P\left(mox(x_{1},x_{2}) + min(x_{1},x_{2}) \leq 2\right)$$

$$= P(mox(x_{1},x_{2}) + min(x_{1},x_{2}) < 2 \times 1 > x_{2}) +$$

$$P(mex(x_{1},x_{2}) + min(x_{1},x_{2}) \leq 2 / x_{2} > x_{1})$$

$$= P(x_{1} + x_{2} < 2 / x_{1} > x_{2}) + P(x_{1} + x_{2} < 2 / x_{2} > x_{1})$$

$$= P(x_{1} + x_{2} < 2 / x_{1} > x_{2}) + P(x_{1} + x_{2} < 2 / x_{2} > x_{1})$$



$$\frac{2}{2}$$
 $\frac{2}{2}$ 
 $\frac{2}{2}$ 
 $\frac{2}{2}$ 
 $\frac{2}{2}$ 
 $\frac{2}{2}$ 
 $\frac{2}{2}$ 
 $\frac{2}{2}$ 
 $\frac{2}{2}$ 

 $1 \leq W \leq 2$ 

1) Z

002 Pali60NC

E-minis Blasse 2