

Esercizio 4

venerdì 14 maggio 2021 18:48

X v.a. DISCRETA

Valori di $X = (-3, 0, 3)$

$$P(X = -3) = 0.3$$

$$P(X = 0) = 0.4$$

$$P(X = 3) = c$$

① Valore di c

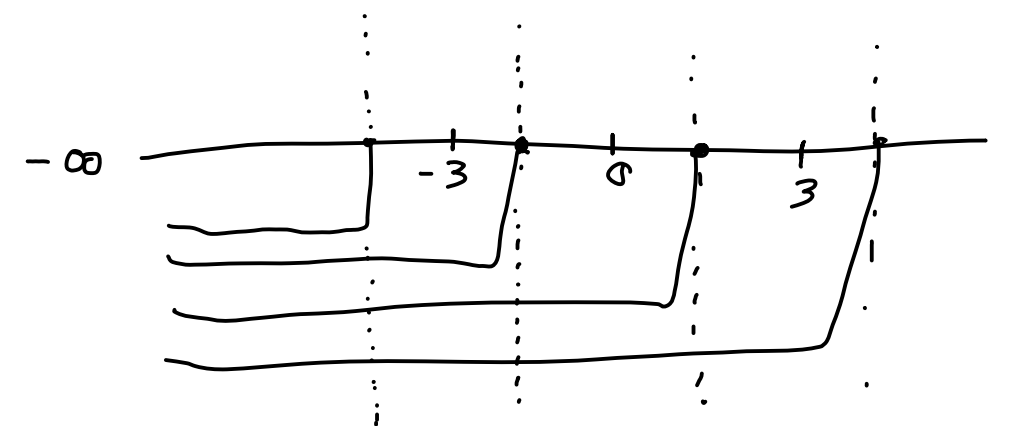
$$c = 1 - 0.4 - 0.3$$
$$= 0.3$$

②

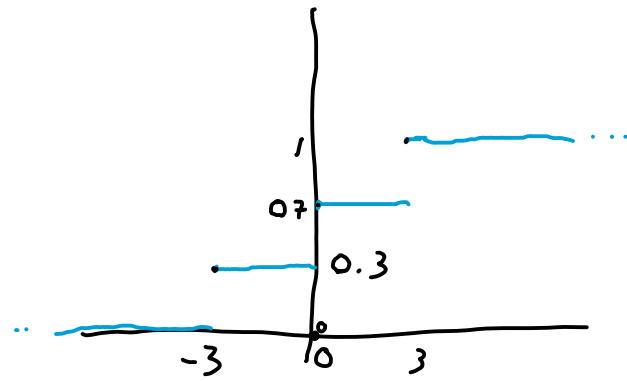
$$F_X(x)$$

$$F_X(x) = P(X \leq x) = P(\omega \in \Omega : X(\omega) \leq x) \quad \text{per } \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} P(\emptyset) = 0 & x < -3 \\ P(-3) = 0.3 & -3 \leq x < 0 \\ P(-3) + P(0) = 0.7 & 0 \leq x < 3 \\ P(\Omega) = 1 & x \geq 3 \end{cases}$$



grafico



③

Media

$$E(X) = \sum_{\mu: x_\mu \in S} x_\mu \cdot p_X(x_\mu)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & x_1 \cdot p(x_1) + x_2 \cdot p(x_2) + x_3 \cdot p(x_3) \\ &= -3 \cdot 0.3 + 0 \cdot 0.4 + 3 \cdot 0.3 \\ &= -0.9 + 0 + 0.9 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 0$$

Varianza

$$\text{Var}(X) = \sum_{i=1}^K (x_i - E(X))^2 p_i$$

oppure

$$\sum_{i=1}^K x_i^2 p_i - E(X)^2$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = (-3 - 0)^2 \cdot 0.3 + (0 - 0)^2 \cdot 0.4 + (3 - 0)^2 \cdot 0.3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 9 \cdot 0.3 + 0 + 9 \cdot 0.3 \\
 &= 2.7 + 2.7 \\
 &= 5.4
 \end{aligned}$$

④

$$Y = X^2$$

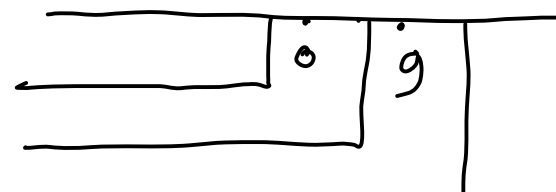
X^2 è STRETTAMENTE MONOTONA

$$P(Y=0) = P(X^2=0) = P(X=0) = 0.4$$

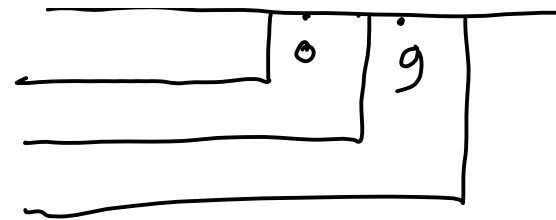
$$P(Y=9) = P(X^2=9) = P(X=-3) + P(X=3) = 0.3 + 0.3 = 0.6$$

$$F_Y(y) = P(Y \leq y) = P(\omega \in \Omega : X(\omega) \leq y) \quad \text{per } \forall y \in \mathbb{R}$$

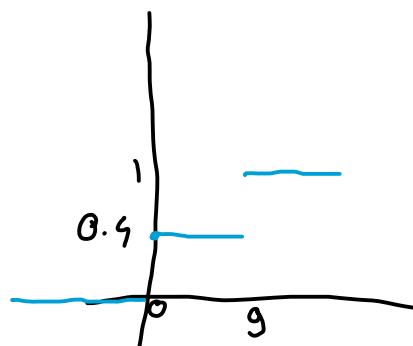
$$F_Y(y) = \begin{cases} 0 & y < 0 \\ 0.4 & 0 \leq y < 9 \\ 1 & y \geq 9 \end{cases}$$



$$1 \quad \left\{0, 9\right\} \quad 1 \quad y \geq 1$$



GRAFICO



⑤

$$E(Y) = 0 \cdot 0.4 + 9 \cdot 0.6$$

$$= 5.4$$

$$\text{Var}(Y) = \sum_{i=1}^4 (y_i - E(Y))^2 \cdot p_i$$

$$\text{Var}(Y) = (0 - 5.4)^2 \cdot 0.4 + (9 - 5.4)^2 \cdot 0.6$$

$$= 29.16 \cdot 0.4 + 12.96 \cdot 0.6$$

$$= 11.664 + 7.776$$

$$= 19.44$$