

Group Project - Neo4j
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1 Introduction

The project aims to design and implement a database system to manage and analyze data related to an e-commerce platform. The database will include entities such as Customer, Product, Order, Category, and Payment. The goal is to create an efficient system that can store and query information about customer purchases, product details, and transactions, providing valuable insights into user behavior, sales trends, and inventory management. The project will be developed using a relational database management system (RDBMS), which will facilitate structured querying of data to support key functions like product recommendations, customer segmentation, sales analysis, and inventory forecasting. The system will allow for tracking of customer purchase history, order details, product categories, payment methods, and discounts, helping businesses optimize their operations and enhance the customer experience.

2 Assumptions

The project is based on the following assumptions:

- Each customer has a unique ID, name, surname, email address, and date of birth.
- Each product has a unique identifier, name, description, price, and category.
- Each product can be associated with multiple categories.
- Each customer can place multiple orders.
- Each order can contain multiple products.
- Each order has a unique ID, order date, total amount, and payment method.
- Each product can have multiple variants (e.g., size, color).
- Each product can have multiple reviews, where each review includes a rating and comments from a customer.
- Each payment is associated with a unique transaction ID, payment method, and amount.
- Each customer can leave a review for a product if and only if they have purchased it.

3 ER diagram



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Figure 1: E-R Diagram

3.1 Entities

Starting from the considerations previously exposed regarding the implementation hypotheses, we have drawn an ER diagram (**Figure 1**) which includes 5 different entities and 7 many-to-many relationships described below in the logical model:

- **Customer**(customer_id, Name, Surname, Email, BirthDate, Address, PhoneNumber)
- **Product**(product_id, ProductName, Description, Price, Stock, Category)
- **Order**(order_id, CustomerID, OrderDate, TotalAmount, PaymentMethod, ShippingAddress)

- **Order_Item**(order_id, product_id, Quantity, UnitPrice)
- **Review**(review_id, CustomerID, ProductID, Rating, Comment, ReviewDate)
- **Category**(category_id, CategoryName)
- **Payment**(payment_id, OrderID, PaymentDate, PaymentAmount, PaymentMethod)

The **Customer** entity represents the individuals who make purchases on the platform, storing essential information such as their personal details and contact information. The **Product** entity represents the items available for sale, including product details such as name, description, price, stock level, and category. The **Order** entity captures information related to a customer's order, such as the order date, total amount, payment method, and shipping address. The **Order_Item** entity links products to specific orders, detailing the quantity of each product ordered and its unit price. The **Review** entity stores customer feedback for purchased products, including ratings and comments, along with the review date. The **Category** entity defines the product categories, allowing for classification of products into different types. Finally, the **Payment** entity records the payment details for each order, including the payment method and the amount paid.

3.2 Relationships

ACTED_IN (*Person*) – [: *ACTED_IN*]– > (*Title*)

Relationship between a Person, whose primary profession is actor, and a Title.

DIRECTED (*Person*) – [: *DIRECTED*]– > (*Title*)

Relationship between a Person, whose primary profession is director, and a Title.

WROTE (*Person*) – [: *WROTE*]– > (*Title*)

Relationship between a Person, whose primary profession is writer, and a Title.

PART_OF (*Episode*) – [: *PART_OF*]– > (*Title*)

Relationship between an Episode and its parent Title, whose TitleType is TV series.

HAS_GENRE (*Title*) – [: *HAS_GENRE*]– > (*Genre*)

Relationship between a Title and a Genre.

HAS_RATING (*Title*) – [: *HAS_RATING*]– > (*Rating*)

Relationship between a Title and its Rating.

3.3 Constraints:

Ciao

4 Cypher Queries

4.1 Market Analysis for Marketing Department

This section of the Cypher Queries aims at providing the Marketing department with insights on the share within the market by providing the number of orders in the Countries in which the Company operates. In particular, this is done by providing an overview on the total orders per country, the revenue per country, a demographic overview per country and an analysis of the most present brands within a specific category, which in this study was chosen as the category with the most orders for further relevance.

4.1.1 Total orders by Country

```
MATCH (u:User)-[:PLACES]->(o:Order)
RETURN u.country AS country, COUNT(o) AS total_orders
ORDER BY total_orders DESC;
```

4.1.2 Revenue per Country

```
MATCH (u:User)-[:PLACES]->(o:Order)-[:CONTAINS]->(oi:OrderItem)
MATCH (oi)-[:REFERS_TO]->(p:Product)
RETURN u.country AS country, SUM(p.cost) AS total_revenue
ORDER BY total_revenue DESC;
```

4.1.3 Demographic Overview

```
MATCH (u:User)
RETURN u.country AS country,
       COUNT(u) AS total_users,
       AVG(u.age) AS average_age
ORDER BY total_users DESC;
```

Table 1: Total Orders by Country

Country	Total Orders
China	42,986
United States	28,099
Brasil	18,262
South Korea	6,620
France	5,968
United Kingdom	5,673
Germany	5,286
Spain	4,965
Japan	2,945
Australia	2,630
Belgium	1,441
Poland	325
Colombia	19
España	4
Austria	2
Deutschland	1

4.1.4 Categories with the most orders

```
MATCH (oi:OrderItem)-[:REFERS_TO]->(p:Product)
RETURN p.product_category AS category, COUNT(oi) AS total_orders
ORDER BY total_orders DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

4.1.5 Most present brands within the intimates category

```
MATCH (oi:OrderItem)-[:REFERS_TO]->(p:Product)
WHERE p.category = "Intimates"

RETURN p.brand AS brand,
       COUNT(oi) AS total_sales
ORDER BY total_sales DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Table 2: Total Revenue by Country

Country	Total Revenue
China	1,800,865.85
United States	1,162,263.11
Brasil	747,519.90
South Korea	278,958.29
France	243,130.02
United Kingdom	242,263.07
Germany	217,875.61
Spain	210,278.08
Japan	124,807.02
Australia	106,009.74
Belgium	60,226.06
Poland	13,386.90
Colombia	572.51
España	91.87
Deutschland	65.70
Austria	41.51

4.1.6 Most present brands within the intimates category per country

```
MATCH (u:User)-[:ORDERED]->(oi:OrderItem)-[:REFERS_TO]->(p:Product)
WHERE p.category = "Intimates"
WITH u.country AS country,
      p.brand AS brand,
      COUNT(oi) AS total_sales
ORDER BY country, total_sales DESC
WITH country, COLLECT({brand: brand, total_sales: total_sales}) AS brand_sales
RETURN country,
       brand_sales[0].brand AS top_brand,
       brand_sales[0].total_sales AS top_sales
ORDER BY country;
```

4.2 Logistic Analysis for Logistics Department

This section of the Cypher Queries aims at providing the Logistics department with insights on the real-time tracking of the orders and all the possible

Table 3: Total Users and Average Age by Country

Country	Total Orders	Average Value
China	34,150	40.89
United States	22,522	41.21
Brasil	14,507	41.19
South Korea	5,316	41.25
France	4,700	41.57
United Kingdom	4,561	41.05
Germany	4,155	40.86
Spain	4,062	41.01
Japan	2,438	40.89
Australia	2,146	40.98
Belgium	1,185	39.54
Poland	235	42.43
Colombia	17	34.88
Deutschland	2	40.50
España	2	38.50
Austria	2	50.00

Table 4: Categories with the most orders

Category	Total Orders
Intimates	13,474
Jeans	12,698
Tops & Tees	11,925

Table 5: Most present brands within the intimates categor

Brand	Total Sales
Bali	405
Maidenform	383
Hanes	364
Laura	342
Vanity Fair	306

information related to tuser in order to make the delivery as smooth as possible. In particular, this is done by evaluating the closest distribution center for a specific user, the status of the order, the update of the history of the

Table 6: Total Orders and Average Value by Country

Country	Total Orders	Average Value
China	34,150	40.89
United States	22,522	41.21
Brasil	14,507	41.19
South Korea	5,316	41.25
France	4,700	41.57
United Kingdom	4,561	41.05
Germany	4,155	40.86
Spain	4,062	41.01
Japan	2,438	40.89
Australia	2,146	40.98
Belgium	1,185	39.54
Poland	235	42.43
Colombia	17	34.88
Deutschland	2	40.50
España	2	38.50
Austria	2	50.00

orders of user and to check if the user has some order pending, in which case the items can be sent together.

4.2.1 Closest Distribution Center

```

MATCH (u:User)-[:PERFORM_EVENT]->(h:History)
WHERE u.id = "456"
MATCH (d:DistributionCenter)
WHERE d.latitude IS NOT NULL AND d.longitude IS NOT NULL
WITH u, d,
    point({latitude: u.latitude, longitude: u.longitude}) AS user_location,
    point({latitude: d.latitude, longitude: d.longitude}) AS distribution_cent
WITH u, d, user_location, distribution_center_location,
    point.distance(user_location, distribution_center_location) AS distance
ORDER BY distance
LIMIT 1
RETURN d.name, distance;

```

Table 7: Data for Los Angeles CA

Location	Value
Los Angeles CA	336,596.47

4.2.2 Order Status

```
MATCH (u:User)-[:PLACES]->(o:Order)
WHERE u.id = "456"
WITH o ORDER BY o.created_at DESC LIMIT 1
RETURN o.order_id, o.status AS order_status, o.created_at;
```

Table 8: Data for Processing Task

ID	Status	Timestamp
561	Processing	2023-12-15 17:28:00+00:00

5 References & Sources

- [1] Course Slides
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