

SyriaTel Customer Churn Prediction Model

## Overview of the Project, Objectives, and Importance

- Project Overview: The project aims to develop a machine learning model to predict customer churn for SyriaTel, one of the leading telecom providers in Syria.
- **Significance:** Predicting customer churn allows SyriaTel to take proactive measures, enhancing customer retention and reducing revenue losses.
- Objectives: The main objectives include developing an accurate predictive model, identifying key factors influencing churn, and optimizing retention strategies.



# **Business Problem**

Understanding the Impact of Customer Churn on SyriaTel

- **Revenue Loss:** Customer churn directly impacts SyriaTel's revenue, as each lost customer represents a loss of income.
- Customer Acquisition Costs: The cost of acquiring new customers is higher than retaining existing ones, making churn a significant financial burden.
- **Competitive Pressure:** With new entrants in the market, such as Wafa Telecom, reducing churn is critical to maintaining market share.



# **Project Objectives**

## Key Goals of the Churn Prediction Model

- Develop Predictive Model: Create a robust model that accurately predicts customer churn based on historical data.
- **Identify Churn Drivers:** Analyze key factors that contribute to customer churn to inform business strategies.
- Optimize Retention Strategies: Use predictive insights to design targeted retention strategies that reduce churn.



## **Data Overview**

## Summary of the Dataset Used



### **Dataset Description**

The dataset includes 3,333 customers with 21 features each, representing various aspects of customer behavior and account information.



#### **Key Features**

Important features include total day minutes, customer service calls, and international plan, which have significant correlations with churn.



#### **Target Variable**

The target variable is 'churn,' a binary indicator of whether a customer has left SyriaTel.

# Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

Key Findings from the Data Exploration

- **Churn Distribution:** The data reveals a churn rate of approximately 14.5%, highlighting an imbalance in the target variable.
- Geographic Impact: Certain states show higher churn rates, indicating geographic factors could influence customer behavior.
- **Key Features:** Features like 'international plan' and 'customer service calls' show significant differences between churned and non-churned customers.



# Modeling Approach

## Overview of Models Used and Their Performance

- **Logistic Regression:** Chosen for its simplicity and interpretability, with a baseline accuracy of 85.46%.
- **Decision Tree:** Performed better with a test accuracy of 90.25%, but showed signs of overfitting.
- **Model Evaluation:** Used metrics such as accuracy, precision, recall, and F1 score to evaluate model performance.



## Model Evaluation

Accuracy, Precision, Recall, and F1 Scores



### **Accuracy**

The Decision Tree model achieved the highest test accuracy at 90.25%, compared to 85.46% for Logistic Regression.



#### Precision and Recall

Precision for the Decision Tree was 0.6860, while recall was 0.6082, indicating balanced performance.



#### F1 Score

The Decision Tree had an F1 score of 0.6448, outperforming Logistic Regression, which scored lower in capturing true positives.

# Conclusion

Key Takeaways from the Model



#### **Effective Churn Prediction**

The Decision Tree model proved to be the most effective in predicting customer churn, despite its overfitting risk.



### **Feature Importance**

Features like 'international plan' and 'customer service calls' were crucial in determining churn likelihood.



#### **Balanced Evaluation**

The combination of accuracy, precision, recall, and F1 score ensured a balanced evaluation of model performance.

# Recommendations

Future Steps Based on Model Outcomes



## **Implement Retention Strategies**

Focus on customers identified as high risk by the model, offering tailored incentives to retain them.



#### **Monitor Model Performance**

Regularly evaluate the model's performance to ensure it continues to provide accurate predictions as customer behavior changes.



### **Explore Advanced Models**

Consider testing more advanced models or ensemble methods to further improve prediction accuracy.