NWTC Library – short overview of subroutines and functions

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This documentation was developed for version 1.05.00 of the NWTC Library. Some changes may take place in later versions of the library.

Each file is listed separately with its MODULE and contained subroutines and functions. Unless noted otherwise, the listed routines are subroutines.

SingPrec.f90 (DoublePrec.f90)

Declares kind for single- or double-precision floating-point variables.

MODULE Precision: Stores constants to specify the KIND of variables. This module only contains constants.

NWTC Library.f90

Requires:

BufferRoutines.f90, ModMesh.f90, NWTC_Aero.f90, NWTC_IO.f90, NWTC_Library.f90, and NWTC_Num.f90.

Requires one, but not both, of the following files:

DoubPrec.f90 or SingPrec.f90.

Your project must include one, and only one, of the following files:

SysIVF.f90, SysGnuLinux.f90, SysGunWin.f90, SysIFL.f90, SysMatlab.f90, or

SysIVF Labview.f90.

Compilation order for command-line compilation:

SingPrec.f90 (DoubPrec.f90)

SysIVF.f90 (or other Sys*.f90 file)

NWTC IO.f90

NWTC Num.f90

NWTC Aero.f90

ModMesh.f90

NWTC Library.f90

Invoking programs should call NWTC Init() to initialize data important to the use of the library.

MODULE NWTC Library

Name	Arguments	Description
NWTC_Init	ProgNameIn,	Initialize <i>ProgName</i> and <i>ProgVer</i> if
	ProgVerIn	parameters have been passed. This routine
		then calls all required initialization routines.
		Write the version of the NWTC subroutine
		library that we are running

SysIVF.f90 (SysGnuLinux.f90, SysGnuWin.f90, SysIFL.f90, SysMatlab.f90, SysIVF_Labview.f90) Contains routines with system-specific logic and references. It also contains standard (but not system-specific) routines that it uses.

Sys File	Intended Compiler/System
SysIVF.f90	Intel Visual Fortran for Windows compiler
SysIFL.f90	Intel Fortran for Linux compiler
SysGnuLinux.f90	GNU Fortran for Linux compiler
SysGnuWin.f90	GNU Fortran for Linux compiler
SysMatlab.f90	Intel Visual Fortran for Windows compiler with Matlab's mex functions
SysIVF_Labview.f90	Intel Visual Fortran for Windows compiler with references to IFPORT removed
	and no writing to the screen (output to a file named "Console.txt" instead)

MODULE SysSubs:

Name	Arguments	Description
FileSize	FileName,	Calls the routine FSTAT to obtain the size of
	Size	the specify file or returns -1 on error.
FindLine	Str,	Finds one line of text with a maximum length
	MaxLen,	of MaxLen from the Str. It tries to break the
	StrEnd	line at a blank.
FlushOut	Unit	Flushes the buffer on the specified <i>Unit</i> . It is
		especially useful when printing "running"
		type messages.
Get_Arg	Arg_Num,	Gets the Arg_Num'th argument from the
	Arg,	command line.
	Error	Note: The functionality in this routine was replaced by
		GET_COMMAND_ARGUMENT(), which will be available intrinsically in Fortran 2000.
Get_Arg_Num	Arg_Num	Gets the number of command line
		arguments.
		Note: The functionality in this routine was replaced by
		COMMAND_ARGUMENT_COUNT(), which will be available intrinsically in Fortran 2000.
Get CWD	DirName,	Retrieves the path of the current working
_	Status	directory.
Get_Env	EnvVar	Returns the string associated with the <i>EnvVar</i>
(function)		environment variable in the OS. It returns
		the null string of the variable is not found.
		Note: The functionality in this routine was replaced by GET ENVIRONMENT VARIABLE(), which will be
		available intrinsically in Fortran 2000.
Is_NaN	DblNum	Determines if a REAL(DbKi) variable holds
(function)		a proper number.
OpenBinFile	Un,	Opens a binary output file.
	OutFile,	
	RecLen,	
	Error	
OpenBinInpFile	Un,	Opens a binary input file.
	InFile,	
	Error	
OpenCon		Opens the console for standard output.

Name	Arguments	Description
OpenUnfInpBEFile	Un,	Opens a binary input file with data stored in
	InFile,	Big Endian format (created on a UNIX
	RecLen,	machine). Data are stored in RecLen-byte
	Error	records.
ProgExit	StatCode	Stops the program. If the compiler supports
		the EXIT routine, pass the program status to
		it. Otherwise, do a STOP
UsrAlarm		Generates an alarm to warn the user that
		something went wrong.
WrNR	Str	Writes out a string to the screen without
		following it with a new line.
WrOver	Str	Writes out a string that overwrites the
		previous line.
WrScr	Str	Writes out a string to the screen. Break long
		messages into multiple lines.

NWTC_Num.f90

Contains numeric-type routines with non-system-specific logic and references. It also contains global numeric-related variables.

MODULE NWTC_Num:

Name	Arguments	Description
InterpBin	XVal,	Returns a y-value that corresponds to an input x-value by
(function interface)	XAry,	interpolating into the arrays. It returns the first or last YAry() value
	YAry,	if XVal is outside the limits of XAry(). Note: This is an interface for InterpBinComp and InterpBinReal and will call the appropriat
	ILo,	one (depending if <i>YAry</i> is complex or real).
I t Ct	AryLen	
InterpStp (function interface)	XVal,	Returns a y-value that corresponds to an input x-value by
(junction interjace)	XAry,	interpolating into the arrays. It uses the passed index as the starting
	YAry,	point and does a stepwise interpolation from there. This is
	Ind,	especially useful when the calling routines save the value from the
	AryLen	last time this routine was called for a given case where XVal does
		not change much from call to call. When there is no correlation
		from one interpolation to another, InterpBin() may be a better
		choice. It returns the first or last YAry() value if XVal is outside the
		limits of XAry(). Note: This is an interface for InterpStpComp and InterpStpReal and will call the appropriat
		one (depending if <i>YAry</i> is complex or real).
AddOrSub2Pi	OldAngle,	This routine is used to convert NewAngle to an angle within 2*Pi
	NewAngle	OldAngle by adding or subtracting 2*Pi accordingly; it then sets
		OldAngle equal to NewAngle. This routine is useful for converting
		angles returned from a call to the ATAN2() FUNCTION into
		angles that may exceed the -Pi to Pi limit of ATAN2(). This
		routine assumes that the angle change between calls is not more
		than 2*Pi in absolute value. <i>OldAngle</i> should be SAVEd in the
		calling routine.
BSortReal	RealAry,	This routine sorts a list of real numbers. It uses the bubble sort
	NumPts	algorithm, which is only suitable for short lists.
Cross_Product	Vector1,	This function computes the cross product of two 3-element arrays:
(function)	Vector2	Cross_Product = Vector1 X Vector2 (resulting in a vector).
EqualRealNos	ReNum1,	This function compares 2 real numbers and determines if they are
(function)	ReNum2	"almost" equal, <i>i.e.</i> within some relative tolerance.
GetSmllRotAngs	DCMat,	This subroutine computes the angles that make up the input
(function)	ErrStat	direction cosine matrix, <i>DCMat</i> .
GL_Pts	IPt,	Returns the non-dimensional (-1:+1) location of the given Gauss-
	NPts,	Legendre Quadrature point and its weight. The values came from
	Loc,	Carnahan, Brice; Luther, H.A.; Wilkes, James O. (1969) "Applie
	Wt,	Numerical Methods."
In day Char A	ErrStat	Detume an integer in developed that CA (L. 1 (Cl.)) CV
IndexCharAry (function)	CVal,	Returns an integer index such that $CAry(IndexCharAry) = CVal$
<i>(нисион)</i>	CAry	If no element in the array matches <i>CVal</i> , the value -1 is returned.
		The routine performs a binary search on the input array to
		determine if <i>CVal</i> is an element of the array; thus, <i>CAry</i> must be gerted and stored in increasing alphabetical (ASCII) ander. The
		sorted and stored in increasing alphebetical (ASCII) order. The
		routine does not check that the array is sorted. The routine assumes that <i>CVal</i> is type CHARACTER and <i>CAry</i> is an array

Name	Arguments D	escription
LocateBin	XVal, XAry, Ind, AryLen	Finds the lower-bound index of an input x-value located in an array. On return, Ind has a value such that $XAry(Ind) \le XVal \le XAry(Ind+1)$, with the exceptions that $Ind = 0$ when $XVal \le XAry(1)$, and $Ind = AryLen$ when $XAry(AryLen) \le XVal$. Note: If the index doesn't change much between calls, $LocateStp()$ may be a better option.
LocateStp	XVal, XAry, Ind, AryLen	Finds the lower-bound index of an input x-value located in an array. On return, <i>Ind</i> has a value such that $XAry(Ind) \le XVal \le XAry(Ind+1)$, with the exceptions that $Ind = 0$ when $XVal \le XAry(1)$, and $Ind = AryLen$ when $XAry(AryLen) \le XVal$. It uses the passed index as the starting point and does a stepwise search from there. This is especially useful when the calling routines save the value from the last time this routine was called for a given case where $XVal$ does not change much from call to call. When there is no correlation from one interpolation to another, a binary search may be a better choice.
Mean	Ary,	Function to calculate the mean value of a vector array.
(function)	AryLen	
MPi2Pi	Angle	Ensures that <i>Angle</i> lies between - <i>Pi</i> and <i>Pi</i> .
SetConstants		Computes some useful constants based upon <i>Pi</i> and IEEE arithmetic.
RombergInt	f, a, b, R, err, eps, ErrStat	Used to integrate a function f over the interval $[a, b]$ (f is an external function). This routine is useful for sufficiently smooth ($e.g.$, analytic) integrands, integrated over intervals which contain no singularities, and where the endpoints are also nonsingular.
SmllRotTrans	RotationType, Theta1, Theta2, Theta3, TransMat, ErrTxt	This routine computes the $3x3$ transformation matrix, $TransMat$, to a coordinate system x (with orthogonal axes x_1, x_2, x_3) resulting from three rotations ($Theta1$, $Theta2$, $Theta3$) about the orthogonal axes (X_1, X_2, X_3) of coordinate system X . All angles are assumed to be small, as such, the order of rotations does not matter and Euler angles do not need to be used. This routine is used to compute the transformation matrix ($TransMat$) between undeflected (X) and deflected (X) coordinate systems. See the subroutine in the file $NWTC_Num. f90$ for more details.
SortUnion	Ary1, N1, Ary2, N2, Ary, N	Takes two sorted arrays and finds the sorted union of the two. Note: If the same value is found in both arrays, only one is kept. However, if either array as multiple occurrences of the same value, the largest multiple will be kept. Duplicates should be eliminated externally if this is not desirable
StdDevFn (function)	Ary, AryLen, Mean	Calculates the standard deviation of a population contained in <i>Ary</i> .

NWTC_IO.f90

Contains I/O-related variables and routines with non-system-specific logic.

MODULE NWTC_IO:

Name	Arguments	Description
AdjRealStr (interface)	NumStr	Removes leading spaces and trailing zeros from strings created by real numbers.
AllocAry (interface)	Ary, AryDim1, [AryDim2], [AryDim3], Descr, ErrStat	Allocates logical, character, integer, and real arrays. Values are passed for <i>AryDim2</i> , and <i>AryDim3</i> when 2 or 3 dimensional arrays are requestied. Note: This interface will call the appropriate allocation subroutine depending on the type and dimensionality of the array requested. This interfaces to: - character array allocation subroutines (AllCAry1, AllCAry2, AllCAry3) - logical array creation subroutines (AllLAry1, AllLAry2, AllLAry3) - integer array allocation subroutines (AllIAry1, AllIAry2, AllIAry3) - real array allocation subroutines (AllRAry1, AllRAry2, AllRAry3)
CheckArgs	InputFile, ErrStat	Checks for command-line arguments.
CheckIOS	IOS, Fil, Variable, VarType, TrapErrors	Checks the I/O status and prints either an end-of-file or an invalid-input message, and then aborts the program.
CloseEcho		Closes the echo file and sets <i>Echo</i> to false.
Conv2UC	Str	Converts all the text in <i>Str</i> to upper case.
CountWords (function)	Line	Function that counts the number of "words" in a line of text. It uses spaces, tabs, commas, semicolons, single quotes, and double quotes ("whitespace") as word separators.
CurDate (function)		Function that a character string encoded with the date in the form dd-mmm-ccyy.
CurTime (function)		Function that returns a character string encoded with the time in the form "hh:mm:ss".
DispNVD (interface)	ProgDesc, Name/Ver	Displays the name of the program, its version, and its release date. Note: This interface will call the appropriate allocation subroutine depending on the type and number of arguments passed. This interfaces to: - DispNVD0 - no inputs. The global variables ProgName and ProgVer are used - DispNVD1 - Single input of type ProgDesc DispNVD2 - Two arguments of character type containing the name and version info
Flt2LStr (function)	FltNum	Converts a REAL to a left-justified string.
GetNewUnit	UnIn	Returns a unit number not currently in use.
GetNVD (function)	ProgDesc	Returns a string with the program name, version, and date (converts data structure to single string)
GetPath	GivenFil, PathName	Parses the path name from the name of the given file. It counts everything before (and including) the last "\" or "/".
GetRoot	GivenFil, RootName	Parses the root file name from the name of the given file. It counts everything after the last period as the extension.
GetTokens	Line, NumTok, Tokens, Error	Parses <i>Line</i> for <i>NumTok</i> "tokens" and return them in the <i>Tokens</i> array. This routine differs from GetWords() in that it uses only spaces as token separators.
GetWords	Line, Words, NumWords	Retrieves NumWords "words" from a Line of text.

Name Arguments D	escription
	et the name of the input file from the <i>InArg</i> th command-line
OutExten, ar	gument. Remove the extension if there is one, and append
OutFile, O	hutExten to the end.
ErrStat	
NormStop Pe	erforms a normal termination of the program.
	onverts a floating point number to a left-aligned string. It
	liminates trailing zeroes and the decimal point on floating point
	umbers.
	ote: This is an interface to several the functions Int2LStr, R2LStr4, R2LStr8, and 2LStr16. It will call the appropriate one depending on the type of <i>Num</i> .
	pens a binary output file.
OutFile,	
RecLen,	
ErrStat	
OpenBInpFile Un, O	pens a binary input file.
InFile,	
ErrStat	
-	pens a formatted output file for the echo file.
OutFile,	
ErrStat	
•	pens a formatted input file.
InFile,	
ErrStat	
-	pens a formatted output file.
OutFile,	
ErrStat	
	pens a formatted output file and returns a flag (Exists)telling if
	already existed.
FailAbt,	
Failed,	
Exists,	
ErrStat	pens an unformatted input file of <i>RecLen</i> -byte data records
*	ored in Big Endian format.
RecLen,	ored in Dig Endian format.
ErrStat	
	pens an unformatted input file.
InFile,	pons an uniormatica input inc.
ErrStat	
	pens an unformatted output file.
OutFile,	F
ErrStat	
PathIsRelative GivenFil D	etermine if the given file name is absolute or relative. A path is
	onsidered an absolute path one that satisfies one of the
	ollowing criteria:
	1) It contains ":/" or ":\"
	2) It starts with "/" or "\"
\mathbf{A}°	Il others are considered relative.

Name	Arguments	Description
PremEOF	Fil,	Write out an EOF message and aborts the program.
	Variable,	
T	TrapErrors	
ProgAbort	Message,	Outputs fatal error messages and stops the program.
D D	TrapErrors	D d 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
ProgPause		Pauses the program and requires the user enter an <enter> to</enter>
D 117	3.6	resume execution.
ProgWarn	Message	Outputs non-fatal warning <i>Message</i> and returns to the calling routine.
ReadAry	UnIn, Fil,	Reads in <i>AryLen</i> values into the array <i>Ary</i> from the next <i>AryLen</i>
(interface)	Ary,	lines of the input file.
, ,	AryLen,	Note: This is an interface to the subroutines ReadCAry, ReadIAry, ReadLAry, and
	AryName,	ReadRAry. It will call the appropriate one depending on the type of <i>Ary</i> .
	AryDescr,	ReadRAry can read values separated by white space from the same line of the input file as well.
	ErrStat	
ReadAryLines	UnIn, Fil,	Reads in <i>AryLen</i> values into the array <i>Ary</i> from the next <i>AryLen</i>
(interface)	Ary, AryLen,	lines of the input file.
,	AryName,	Note: This is an interface to the subroutines ReadCAryLines, ReadDAryLines, and
	AryDescr,	ReadRAry. It will call the appropriate one depending on the type of <i>Ary</i> .
	ErrStat	
ReadCom	UnIn,	Reads a comment from the next line of the input file.
	Fil,	Trouble & Committee and the month and the mip we may
	ComName,	
	ErrStat	
ReadFASTBin	UnIn,	Reads the contents of a FAST binary output file and stores it in
	FASTdata,	FASTdata. The name of the data file is input through the
	ErrLev,	FASTdata structure by the calling procedure.
	ErrMsg	
ReadNum	UnIn,	Reads a single word from a file and tests to see if it's a pure
	Fil,	number (no true or false).
	Word,	
	VarName,	
	ErrStat	
ReadOutputList	UnIn,	Reads a <i>AryLen</i> values into a real array from the next <i>AryLen</i>
1	Fil,	lines of the input file.
	CharAry,	•
	AryLenRead,	
	AryName,	
	AryDescr,	
	ErrStat	
ReadStr	UnIn,	Reads a string from the next line of the input file.
	Fil,	. <i>G</i>
	CharVar,	
	VarName,	
	VarDescr,	
	ErrStat	
	Liibiui	

Name	Arguments	Description
ReadVar	UnIn, Fil,	Reads in variable <i>Var</i> from the next line of the input file. <i>Var</i>
(interface)	Var,	can be of type CHARACTER, DOUBLE, INTEGER,
	VarName,	LOGICAL, or REAL.
	VarDescr,	Note: This is an interface to the subroutines ReadCVar, ReadDVar, ReadIVar, ReadLVar,
	ErrStat	and <i>ReadRVar</i> . It will call the appropriate one depending on the type of <i>Var</i> .
WaitTime	WaitSecs	Waits for WaitSecs before proceeding.
WrFileNR	Unit,	Writes out the string, Str, to the file connected to Unit without
	Str	following it with a new line.
WrML	Str	Writes out the string, <i>Str</i> , in the middle of a line.
WrPr	Str	Writes out a prompt with text Str to the screen without following
		it with a new line, though a new line precedes it.
WrScr1	Str	Writes out the string, <i>Str</i> , to the screen after a blank line.

NWTC Aero.f90

This module contains aerodynamics routines with non-system-specific logic and references. It also contains global aerodynamics-related variables.

MODULE NWTC Aero:

Name	Arguments	Description
AeroInt	ISeg, Alpha, Re, AF_Table, IntData, DoCl, DoCd, DoCm, DoCpmin, ErrStat	Finds the Re-bounding tables and then calls GetCoef() to get the desired coefficients for the two tables and then interpolates between them.
CompDR	NumSeg, RLoc, HubRad, RotorRad, DimenInp, DelRLoc, ErrStat	Computes the segment lengths from the local radii and the rotor radius. It prints and error if the list of radii is not realizable.
GetAF	AF_File, AF_Table, ISeg	Get airfoil data from either a new NWTC-style or an old AeroDyn-style airfoil file.
GetCoef (function)	ISeg, Alpha, AlfaTab, CoefTab, NumRows, Ind, ErrStat	Interpolation routine for airfoil section coefficients.
GetCoefs	ISeg, Alpha, Re, AF_Table, ClInt, CdInt, CmInt, CpminInt, DoCl, DoCd, DoCm, DoCpmin, ErrStat	Finds the Re-bounding tables and then calls GetCoef() to get the desired coefficients for the two tables and then interpolates between them.