

# Structured Programming

Test 1, 29.10.2014, Group: B

*Each question has exactly **one correct** answer.*

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Which of the following expressions is **valid** in C?

- (a) `for(x = 1)`
- (b) `for(x > 0; x-)`
- (c) `while(10 * 10)`
- (d) `neither`

2. What is the valid code in C that checks the following condition  $5 < x < 50$ ?

- (a) `while((50 >= x) && (x > 5))`
- (b) `if((50 >= x) && (x > 5))`
- (c) `if((50 > x) && (x > 5))`
- (d) `if(5 < x <= 50)`

3. What will be the output after execution of the following code segment?

```
int a = 0;
printf(" %d ", printf(" %d", printf("%d", a)));
```

- (a) 0 1 2 3
- (b) 2 1 0
- (c) 0 1 2
- (d) the code is invalid

4. Which from the following expressions does not result in 2.5 if the variables are declared as `int a=5, b=2`;

- (a) `a*1./b`
- (b) `float(a)/b`
- (c) `(float)(a/b)`
- (d) `a/(float)b`

5. What will be the output after the execution of the following code segment?

```
if(-1 < x < 0) printf("YES");
else printf("NO");
```

- (a) YES
- (b) NO
- (c) cannot predict, will depend on value of variable x
- (d) the code will produce a syntax error

6. What will be the output after execution of the following code segment?

```
int a = 4;
int b = 1/a + 3/2 + 1/2;
printf ("b = %03d\n", b);
```

- (a) b = 2.25
- (b) b = 001
- (c) b = 1
- (d) b = 1.00

7. What will be the value of i after the execution of the following code segment?

```
int i; for(i = 0; i <= 10; ++i) {}
```

- (a) 0
- (b) 11
- (c) 9
- (d) 10

8. What will be the output after the execution of the following code segment?

```
int a = 1;
switch(a) {
    case 1: printf("1");
    case 12: printf("2");
    case 123: printf("3");
}
```

- (a) 123
- (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (d) 3

9. What is the result from the execution of the following code segment?

```
int a, b, d = 2; float c = 0;
for(a = 5, b = a--; a > 0, b < 10; a--, b++) c += 1 / d;
printf ("%3.1f\n", c);
```

- (a) 0.0
- (b) 2.0
- (c) 2.5
- (d) 3.0

10. Which of the following expressions will declare an array a of 5 integers?

- (a) int a[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
- (b) int array[];
- (c) a int[5];
- (d) array int[5];

# Answer Key for Exam A

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