# FPML – Fundamental Principles of ML **François Landes** & Manon Verbockhaven

In 3 words: **inside** the **black boxes** – let's do the maths!

- This course is the theoretical counterpart of HoML (Hands-on ML, applying ML to concrete projects, which is more hands-on than this course).
   FPML is algorithms-oriented, i.e. we will sketch the great principles of ML, but focus on how algorithms work in practice, including all necessary mathematical aspects.
- Assuming a knowledge of fundamental maths notions (Bayesian inference, Algebra, Analysis, some optimization), we will cover the inner workings of ML algorithms in detail.
   Beyond their technical implementation, we will also explain their theoretical foundations (mathematical definitions, limits, when and why they fail or work, etc).
- The course will be **supported by pen-and-paper sessions and lab sessions** in groups of ~20, where we will re-code and play with algorithms, using Python.
- Note! An important part of the course material will be dispensed through the black/white/digital-board. You are supposed to be taking notes, either individually or in groups.
  - To adjust for covid-related constraints, motivated **students are encouraged to self-organize to type a set of notes**, which we may proofread, to then share with the class. (although the class will be recorded, **I recommend taking notes**: a video does not replace good notes).

## Pre-requisites

- (Maths for DS): **Basic Linear Algebra** (we'll do very quick reminders but won't spend much time on it)
- (Applied Stats): Maximum Likelihood Estimate and related notions
- (Scientific prog.): it was advised to follow it: we'll use numpy heavily
- (Optimization): **Gradient Descent** mostly (we'll discuss it) it's advised to take it as well. More advanced notions are very useful to understand SVMs
- (Hands On ML): it's a good complement to this class, very good to master sklearn. Here we'll look inside the algos of sklearn.

### Goals

What you should know by the end of the term

Know the basics of **ML vocabulary** 

Make good **habits**, understand the standard **pipeline** 

- 1. **Know** a couple of standard algorithms (be able to write their pseudo-code, explain their functioning)
- 2. Be able to code an algo (implement it) by **reading** its doc (documentation  $\approx$  book chapter)
- 3. Be able to **analyze critically** typical (classic) **experimental phenomena**, be able to make the good decisions
- 4. Given a problem (task), guess the relevant class of methods (this is the slightly Hands-on part)

#### Goals

#### In the *long term*

- Learn life-long fundamentals that will not be outdated (obsolescent) in a couple of years
- Know the fundamentals enough so that you may go beyond them (with other classes) – to understand newer paradigms, you need to know about the previous one!

### **Grades / Evaluation**

#### MCC (grades):

- Session 1: 0.3 CC + 0.7 EE (Controle Continu, Examen Écrit)
  - EE 70% Limited time written exam.
     (Limitless) documents will be allowed.
  - CC 30% 5 min quizzes at the beginning of each class
- Session 2: 1.0 EE (2nd chance exam)
  - EE 100% New written exam (replaces previous grades)

Advice: Quizz is easy  $\rightarrow$  more easy points in 1<sup>st</sup> session  $\rightarrow$  try to get it the 1<sup>st</sup> time.

## How to get ready?

- Written exam (70%) December 17<sup>th</sup>, 3h-long, pen-and-paper
  - what you need to know: points 1, 2 (a bit of 3) in slide #3
  - prepare: work at constant pace on tutorials (+read corrections)
  - **documents allowed** (*all* of them, books if you want! but *no internet*)
- Quizz : Fridays, 2pm, 5 to 10 min quizzes online (MCQ & the like)
  - https://ecampus.paris-saclay.fr/course/view.php?id=28064#section-5
  - be in class on time (easy!)
  - review last week material (lectures, tutorials, tutorials corrections), making sure you understood everything
  - easy points to score!

## **Python**

IMPORTANT — make sure you have un **updated version of python3 and jupyter-notebook**, with at least **numpy, scipy, matplotlib** installed. Shortly we will also need **sklearn** (**scikit-learn**), possibly **pandas**. **Seaborn** is always nice to have (I am not an expert of it).

- Alternative Solution 1: **Use https://jupyterhub.ijclab.in2p3.fr/** . **Use your institutional (Paris-Saclay, typically) account to connect for the first time.** This will open a work session of jupyter-notebook, that runs on the cloud, or more precisely, on the servers of the LAL (Linear Accelerator Laboratoire). You can click on the blue button on the top right corner, « upload », to import a notebook file onto the cloud, and then edit and run it online. Your files are saved over time there.
- Alternative Solution 2 (worse): same thing but using instead https://colab.research.google.com/notebooks/intro.ipynb (bad point: it's google, you need an account + data privacy is bad)

### Outline of contents

Approximate and Tentative program of the semester (or term, really)

(1 subject ≠ 1 session, some are longer, some shorter)

If you get bored with the basic subjects, please ask questions, interact, and we can do more! Also it's good to really master the basics in deep (no pun intended).

- Linear Regression and related models: coding from scratch, basic notions + Gradient Descent
- Perceptron, Single Layer Neural Network : coding from scratch Toy examples / MNIST
- [Generic]: train/validation/test (extremely important!), Cross Validation
- PCA, from scratch (knowing algebra and np.linalg.eig )
   Image compression
- [Generic] Feature maps, Kernels (not from scratch, probably)
- [Generic] Regularization
- **SVM**, ~from scratch (knowing Lagrange multipliers) *Classification*
- Naive Bayes, from scratch (knowing Bayesian Inference)
   + also using a Prior (i.e. real bayesian computation)
   Image classification
- [probably no time for this] **EM**, from scratch (knowing Bayesian Inference) image clustering
- [optionnal] **Decision trees**, ~from scratch, (knowing Entropy, Mutual Information) Categorical data clustering
- [Generic, Optionnal] Metrics (MSE, MAE, ROC AUC)

# Bibliography books

GO SEE: http://lptms.u-psud.fr/francois-landes/machine-learning-resources/

#### [BEST] Classics:

- Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Christopher **Bishop**, 2006 (more advanced, rather general)
- Information Theory, Inference, and Learning Algorithms, David J.C. MacKay (more theoretical, excellent if you enjoy probabilities)
- Your friends: sci-hub (papers) and lib-gen (books) or book-zz (books) (sometimes blocked from outside the university)

#### **Simple + exists in French:**

 Hands On Machine Learning with Scikit Learn and TensorFlow, Aurélien Géron (not too hard, simulatneously rather practical yet complete)
 https://github.com/yanshengjia/ml-road/blob/master/resources/

#### Version **en Français**:

• Introduction au Machine Learning, Aurélien Géron

# Course Material

(see gitlab)

- Slides like this
- Writings on the blackboard (take notes)
- Annotated slides like this (by me, or by generous students?)
- There will be no official lecture notes!
   But, you can make your own (collective) notes.
   (I can take the time to proofread them if you give me clean notes)
- Jupyter notebooks (subjects)
- Jupyter notebooks (corrections)
- Pen-and-paper subjects
- Pen-and-paper corrections (Some)
- Past exams: only 1, from last year.
- Quizz solutions (ecampus) https://ecampus.paris-saclay.fr/course/view.php?id=28064#section-5
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# FPML – Fundamental Principles of ML **François Landes** & Manon Verbockhaven

- francois.landes@u-psud.fr; manon.verbockhaven@inria.fr
- https://gitlab.inria.fr/flandes/fpml
- Fridays, 13:30 17:15
- Typically, 1h30 Lecture, 15 min break, 2h TD/TP
- MCC: 0.3CC+0.7EE
- Needed: install python3, jupyter, scipy, numpy, matplotlib, scikit-learn (+ seaborn, pandas, if possible)

#### Where is the class?

Lecture: always in B107, always at 13:30

• 5 november: **2 large** TP, **E201-E202** 

**1 CM** 13h30-15h **1 TP** 15h15-17h15

• The rest: to be announced