Machine Learning

Examples you know?

Machine Learning

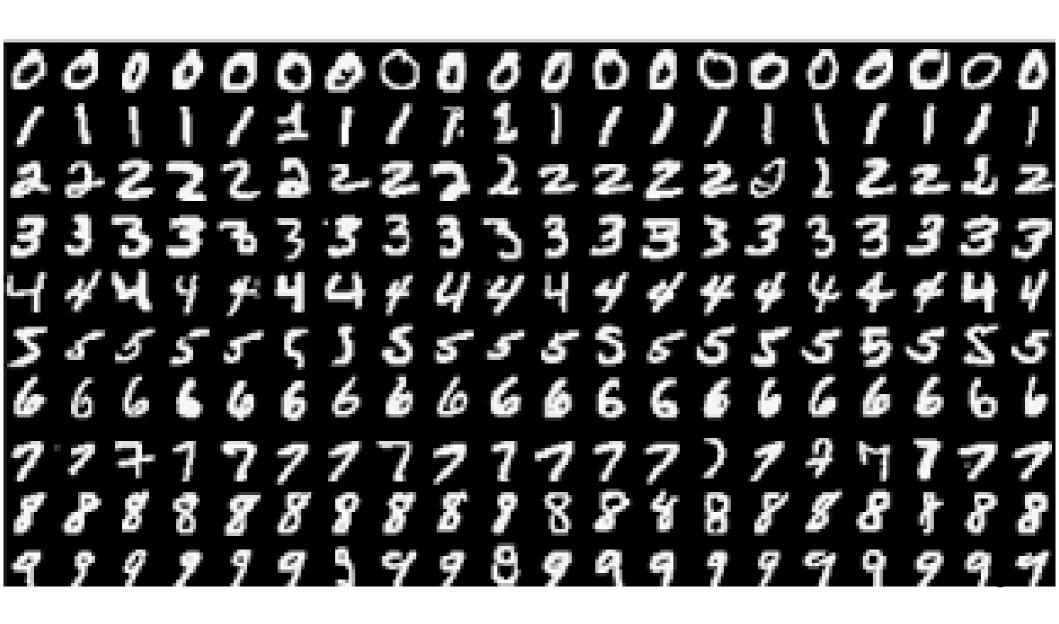
Examples you know? the 'woaw effect' of daily life

- ChatGPT and other conversational agents
- Image generators (image to text, text to image, etc)
- Google beats the world-champion of **Go** (and starcraft 2 ?)
- Picture **classification** (10, 100, 1000 categories)
- DeepL (natural langage translation)
- Health: lots of talking, not lots of action (yet?)
- Less glamorous:
 - targeted marketing (Amazon...)
 - Financial Markets
- + Many others ...

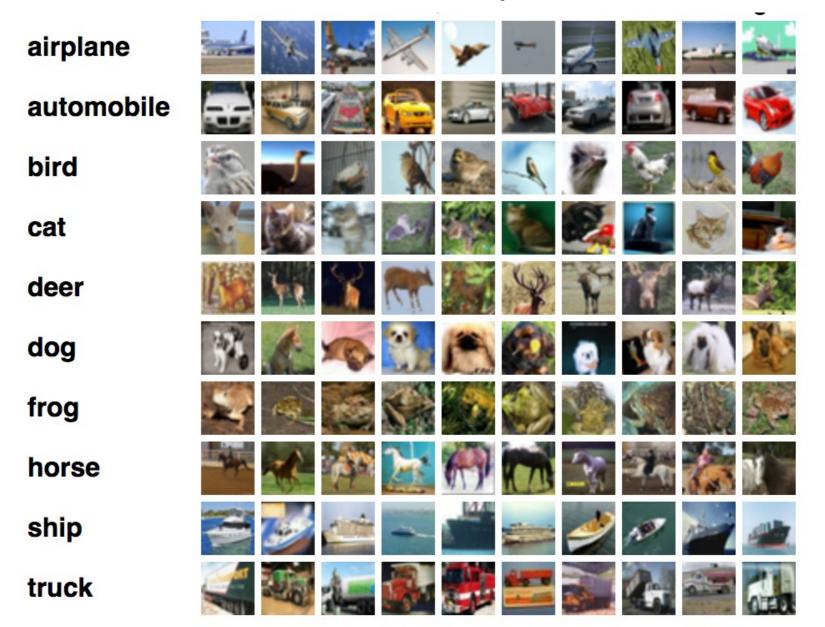
Examples so old that we forget:

- spam filters
- Face detection in cameras, from 2000' (this is just SVM!)
- Smile detection → similar
- ..

MNIST (1998) from 4% to 0.21% error

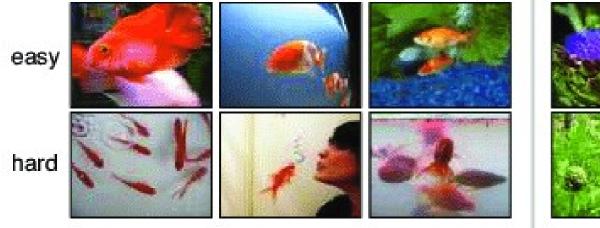


CIFAR10: 21% error in 2010, 1% in 2018

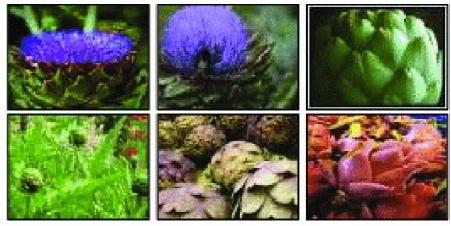


ImageNet:

today: Beyond-human accuracy



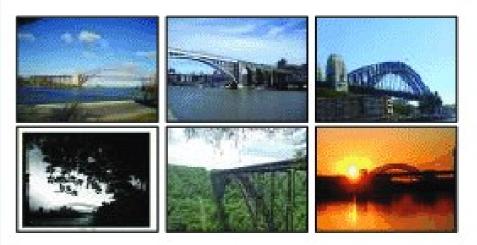
Goldfish - easy (23 blocks) vs. hard (29 blocks)



Artichoke - easy (18 blocks) vs. hard (28 blocks)

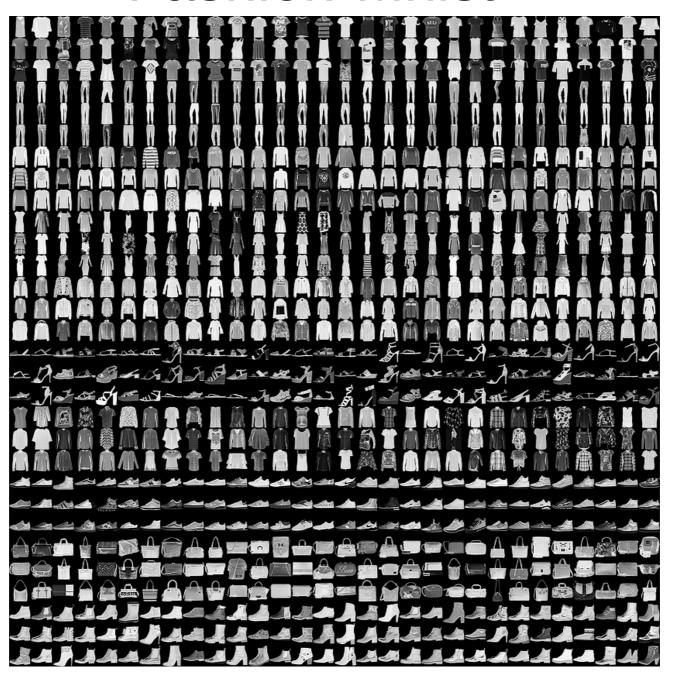


Spacecraft - easy (23 blocks) vs. hard (29 blocks)



Bridge - easy (24 blocks) vs. hard (29 blocks)

Fashion-Mnist



Data Sets / Benchmarks

- MNIST: 1998 (based on NIST) → (this class) between 4% and 0.21% error
- CIFAR10: 21% error in 2010, 1% in 2018
- CIFAR100: 55% accuracy 2012, 91.3% in 2018
- ImageNet: from ~30%?(2011) to 15% (2012) ...
 ... to 5% (2015)!
 - Why? 2012 = development of Deep Learning
 - → renewed interest in ML
- Other performances, see :

Why this surge of success?

Several factors explain the recent *success* (since ~2012) of ML (and thus, the renewal of *interest* for ML):

- Large sets of data available (increasingly true)
- GPUs = cheap, fast intensive computations
- Automatic differentiation / user-friendly software
- New algorithms (CNNs taken seriously after 2012, and many others since)

In this class we talk about the algorithms (basic ones). But the first 3 points are very important!! Each ones reinforces the other.