# 1 Introduction

This is a specification for the package-local nicknames extension in Common Lisp.

#### 1.1 Rationale

Package-local nicknames allow to use short and easy-to-use names for packages locally without potentially introducing name conflict as with normal nicknames.

#### 1.2 Current state

Package-local nicknames are implemented in some form in SBCL, CCL, ECL, Clasp, ABCL, Allegro CL, LispWorks. There also exists a pending PR for the CLISP implementation.

Unfortunately, there are multiple inconsistencies between implementations, all implementations lose the **print-read** consistency to some extent, and there are multiple edge cases that aren't always implemented correctly.

#### 1.3 Goal

The purpose of this document is to standardize the package-local nicknames extension and to address some existing issues.

[TODO] This CDR also aims to provide an extensive test suite for this extension.

# 2 Description

Package-local nickname (or local nickname) has the same effects as a normal package nickname (later global nickname), except that these effects only apply when \*package\* is bound to a package for which the nickname has been defined.

That means that calls to **find-package** with a *local nickname* defined in the *current package* should return the package nicknamed by this nickname.

This also affects all implied calls to find-package, including those performed by the lisp reader.

In addition, to maintain **print-read** consistency, the lisp printer is affected by *local nicknames* defined in the *current package*, for details see PRINT-READ consistency.

Local nickname is allowed to shadow a package name or a global nickname, except for the names #:CL, #:COMMON-LISP and #:KEYWORD which should always refer to their packages.

The consequences of adding  $local\ nicknames$  to the packages #: COMMON-LISP and #: KEYWORD are undefined.

# 3 API

### 3.1 defpackage

defpackage options are extended to include local-nicknames-option:

local-nicknames-option ::= (:local-nicknames (nickname package)\*)

Each pair specifies a *local nickname* nickname for the corresponding package.

This option may appear more than once.

#### 3.1.1 Arguments and Values:

nickname must be a *string designator*.

package must be a *package designator*.

#### 3.1.2 Exceptional situations

An error of type package-error is signaled when a package designated by package does not exists. Name conflict errors are handled by the underlying calls to add-package-local-nickname. See add-package-local-nickname: exceptional situations.

#### 3.1.3 Implementation dependent

The behaviour is unspecified when a *local nickname* is specified for the package that is being defined. The behaviour is unspecified when supplied *local nicknames* are at variance with the current state of the package that is being defined. An implementation might choose to remove all present *local nicknames* at the beginning of each redefinition of the package.

## 3.2 make-package

make-package lambda list is extended to include an additional key parameter: local-nicknames.

local-nicknames ::= ((nickname package)\*)

local-nicknames defaults to an empty list.

local-nicknames must be a *list* each element of which must be a *list* of form (nickname package). Specifies *local nicknames* in the new *package*.

See also Issue 6.

# 3.2.1 Arguments and Values:

local-nicknames must be a a list of pairs (nickname package). nickname must be a string designator.

package must be a package designator.

# 3.2.2 Exceptional situations

An error of type package-error is signaled when a package designated by package does not exists. Name conflict errors are handled by the underlying calls to add-package-local-nickname. See add-package-local-nickname: exceptional situations.

#### 3.2.3 Implementation dependent

The behaviour is unspecified when a *local nickname* is specified for the package that is being defined.

#### 3.3 add-package-local-nickname

(add-package-local-nickname nickname actual-package &optional designated-package)
=> designated-package-object

designated-package defaults to the current package.

Adds a package-local nickname nickname for the actual-package in the designated-package.

Returns the package designated by designated-package.

If a *nickname* is already defined, checks that it is defined for the package designated by actual-package.

# 3.3.1 Arguments and Values

nickname must be a string designator.

actual-package and designated-package must be package designators.

designated-package-object is of type package.

# 3.3.2 Exceptional situations

If a package designated by actual-package or a package designated by designated-package does not exists, an error of type *package-error* must be signaled.

If nickname is one of the names #:CL, #:COMMON-LISP or #:KEYWORD, an error of type packageerror must be signaled.

If nickname is a *local nickname* for a package different from actual-package, an error of type package-error must be signaled.

#### 3.3.3 Implementation dependent

### PROPOSAL (See Issue 4.)

If nickname shadows the designated-package's package name or one of its global nicknames, a style warning might signaled.

# 3.4 remove-package-local-nickname

(remove-package-local-nickname old-nickname &optional designated-package)
=> nickname-removed-p

designated-package defaults to the current package.

If designated-package has old-nickname as a local nickname, it is removed.

Returns true if the old-nickname existed (and was removed), and NIL otherwise.

#### 3.4.1 Arguments and Values

old-nickname must be a string designator.

designated-package must be a package designator.

nickname-removed-p is a generalized boolean.

### 3.4.2 Exceptional situations

If a package designated by designated-package does not exists, an error of type package-error must be signaled.

### 3.5 package-local-nicknames

(package-local-nicknames package)

=> local-nicknames-alist

Returns an alist describing local nicknames defined in a package designated by package.

Each cons cell in local-nicknames-alist is of the form (nickname . package) where nickname is of type *string* and package is of type *package*.

#### 3.5.1 Arguments and Values

package must be a package designator.

local-nicknames-alist is an alist with keys of type string and values of type package.

#### 3.5.2 Exceptional situations

An error of type package-error is signaled when a package designated by package does not exists.

#### 3.5.3 Notes

The returned *alist* must be safe to be modified by the user.

### 3.6 package-locally-nicknamed-by-list

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(package-locally-nicknamed-by-list package)
=> packages-list
```

Returns a *list* of packages that have a *local nickname* defined for the package designated by package.

#### 3.6.1 Arguments and Values

package must be a package designator.

packages-list is a *list* with elements of type package.

#### 3.6.2 Exceptional situations

An error of type package-error is signaled when a package designated by package does not exists.

#### 3.6.3 Notes

The returned *list* must be safe to be modified by the user.

# 4 Affected symbols

#### 4.1 defpackage

See defpackage.

#### 4.2 make-package

See make-package.

### 4.3 find-package

When argument to find-package is a *local nickname* that is defined in the *current package*, it returns the package named by this nickname.

This also affects all implied calls to find-package, including but not limited to those performed by the lisp reader as well as those performed by export, find-symbol, import, rename-package, shadow, shadowing-import, delete-package, with-package-iterator, unexport, unintern, in-package, unuse-package, use-package, do-symbols, do-external-symbols, do-all-symbols, intern, package-name, package-nicknames, package-shadowing-symbols, package-use-list, package-used-by-list.

add-package-local-nickname, remove-package-local-nickname, package-local-nicknames and package-locally-nicknamed-by are also affected.

There are two exceptions: make-package and defpackage must **not** be affected by *local nick-names* of the *current package*.

# 4.4 rename-package

When a package is renamed via rename-package it maintains all *local nicknames* it is nicknamed by, as well as all *local nicknames* it has defined.

#### 4.4.1 Implementation dependent

#### PROPOSAL (See Issue 4.)

If a *new-name* or one of *new-nicknames* is shadowed by one of the *local nicknames* of the package being redefined, a warning might be signaled.

# 4.5 delete-package

When a package is deleted via delete-package all *local nicknames* defined in other packages that it was nicknamed by must be removed, as well as all *local nicknames* defined in the package that is being deleted.

This also means that a deleted package must not be available by calls to package-locally-nicknamed-by-list and package-local-nicknames.

#### 

If an implementation supports package-local nicknames it should add symbols :package-local-nicknames and :cdr-15 (per CDR 14) to \*features\*.

# 5 Examples

[TODO]