CS 161A/B: Programming and Problem Solving I

Algorithm Design Document

Make a copy before you begin (File -> Make a copy). Add the Assignment # above and complete the sections below BEFORE you begin to code. The sections will expand as you type. When you are finished, download this document as a PDF (File -> Download -> PDF) and submit to D2L.

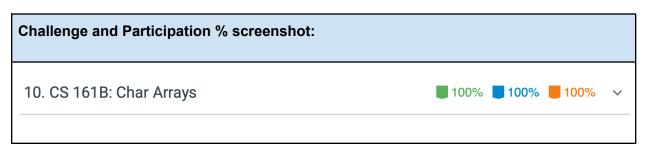
This document contains an interactive checklist. To mark an item as complete, click on the box (the entire list will be highlighted), then right click (the clicked box will only be highlighted), and choose the checkmark.

Planning your program before you start coding is part of the development process. In this document you will:

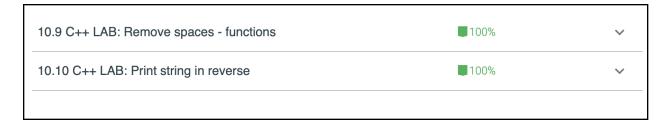
Paste a screenshot of your zyBooks Challenge and Participation %
Paste a screenshot of your assigned zyLabs completion
Write a detailed description of your program, at least two complete sentences
If applicable, design a sample run with test input and output
Identify the program inputs and their data types
Identify the program outputs and their data types
Identify any calculations or formulas needed
Write the algorithmic steps as pseudocode or a flowchart
Tools for flowchart - Draw.io - Diagrams.net

1. zyBooks

Add your zyBooks screenshots for the % and assigned zyLabs completions below. Required percentages: all **assigned** zyLabs, Challenge Activity with at least 70%, and Participation Activity with at least 80%.



Assigned zyLabs completion screenshot:	



2. Program Description

In the box below, describe the purpose of the program. You must include a detailed description with at least two complete sentences.

Program description:

This Program will encode a file name for the user's class assignment. It will prompt the user with a choice to encode or quit, if encode is selected the program will prompt for a last and first name, if the assignment was late, student ID, the file name, and the assignment submission time in HH:MM military time. The program will output a completed file name. See example below.

3. Sample Run

If you are designing your own program, you will start with a sample run. Imagine a user is running your program - what will they see? What inputs do you expect, and what will be the outputs from the given inputs? Choose test data you will use to test your program. Calculate and show the expected outputs. Use the sample run to test your program.

```
Welcome to my fileName encoding program!!

Please pick an option below:
(e)Encode a file name
(q)quit
>>e
This program will ask you a few questions and generate an encoded fileName based on your answers.

Enter your last name: Iyer
Enter your first name: GD
```

```
Was your assignment Late (y/n)? Y
Enter your Student-ID (format: 222-22-2222): 234-05-4556
Enter the file name: a05.cpp
Enter the time submitted (military time - ex: 18:24 for 6:24pm):
13:45
Your encoded file name is: iyer gd LATE 4556 1345 a05.cpp
Please pick an option below:
(e) Encode a file name
(q)quit
>>b
Invalid option! Please try again!!
Please pick an option below:
(e) Encode a file name
(a) quit
>>q
Thank you for using my fileName generator!
```

4. Algorithmic Design

Before you begin coding, **you must first plan out the logic** and think about what data you will use to test your program for correctness. All programmers plan before coding - this saves a lot of time and frustration! Use the steps below to identify the inputs and outputs, calculations, and steps needed to solve the problem.

Use the pseudocode syntax shown in the document, supplemented with English phrases if necessary. **Do not include any implementation details (e.g. source code file names, class or struct definitions, or language syntax)**. Do not include any C++ specific syntax or data types.

Algorithmic design:

a. Identify and list all of the user input and their data types. Include a variable name, data type, and description. Data types include string, integer, floating point, (single) character, and boolean. Data structures should be referenced by name, e.g. "array of integer" or "array of string (for CS161B and up).

- choice, lateChoice, colon as character.
- MAXTIME as constant integer
- hour and min as integer
- fName, IName, stdID, strTime, fileName as array of characters
- b. Identify and list all of the user output and their data types. Include a variable name, data type, and description. Data types include string, integer, floating point, (single) character, and boolean. Data structures should be referenced by name, e.g. "array of integer" or "array of string" (for CS161B and up).
 - encodeFileName as array of characters
- c. What calculations do you need to do to transform inputs into outputs? List all formulas needed, if applicable. If there are no calculations needed, state there are no calculations for this algorithm. Formulae should reference the variable names from step a and step b as applicable.

No calculations

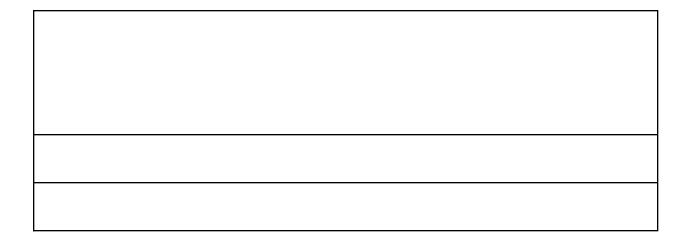
d. Design the logic of your program using pseudocode or flowcharts. Here is where you would use conditionals, loops or functions (if applicable) and list the steps in transforming inputs into outputs. Walk through your logic steps with the test data from the assignment document or the sample run above.

Use the syntax shown at the bottom of this document and plain English phrases. Do not include any implementation details (e.g. file names) or C++ specific syntax.

- DECLARE variables MAXTIME as constant integer
- DECLARE function prototypes
- FUNCTION void welcome()
 - DISPLAY "Welcome to the encode file name program!"
- END FUNCTION
- FUNCTION character displayMenu()
 - o DECLARE choice as character
 - o DO
 - DISPLAY "please select an option"
 - DISPLAY " (e) encode a file name"
 - DISPLAY " (q) quit the program
 - INPUT into choice
 - SET choice = tolower()

- WHILE (choice is not 'e' and 'q')
- o RETURN choice
- END FUNCTION
- FUNCTION void readInput(fName[], IName[], bool lateFlag by reference)
 - DISPLAY "This program will ask you a few questions"
 - o DISPLAY "Enter your last name"
 - o INPUT into IName
 - DISPLAY "Enter your first name"
 - o INPUT into fName
 - FOR i = 0 TO LENGTH(fName) 1
 - IF fName[i] != '\0' THEN
 - fName[i] = tolower(fName[i])
 - END IF
 - END FOR
 - FOR i = 0 TO LENGTH(IName) 1
 - IF IName[i] != '\0' THEN
 - IName[i] = tolower(IName[i])
 - END IF
 - END FOR
 - DECLARE lateChoice as character
 - DO
 - DISPLAY "Was the assignment late y/n? "
 - INPUT into lateChoice
 - SET lateChoice to toupper(lateChoice)
 - WHILE (lateChoice is not 'Y' and 'N')
 - SET lateFlag to (lateChoice == 'Y')
- END FUNCTION
- FUNCTION void readInput(parsedID[], fileName[])
 - DECLARE stdID as array of character
 - o DISPLAY "Enter your student ID(format: 222-22-2222): "
 - INPUT into stdID
 - CALL strncpy(parsedID, stdID +7, 4)
 - o SET parsedID as null character
 - DISPLAY "Enter the file name
 - INPUT into fileName
- END FUNCTION
- FUNCTION void readTime(strTime[])
 - o DECLARE hour and min as integer and colon as character
 - DISPLAY "Enter the time submitted (military time HH:MM)"
 - o INPUT into hour, colon, and min
 - WHILE (hour < 0 OR hour > 24 OR min < 0 OR min > 60 OR colon != ':')
 - DISPLAY "Invalid input, enter time in HH:MM format)
 - CALL cin.clear()

- CALL cin.ignore(100, new line)
- INPUT into hour, colon, min
- END WHILE
- o CALL cin.ignore() newline
- CALL strncpy(strTIME, to string(hour).cstr(), 10)
- CALL strcat(strTime, to_string(min.c_str())
- END FUNCTION
- FUNCTION void encode(encodeFileName[]
 - SET firstName[21], lastName[21], parsedID[5], and fileName[21], strTime[MAXTIME] as array of characters
 - o SET lateFlag as boolean
 - CALL readInput(firstName, lastName, lateFlag)
 - CALL readInput(parsedID, fileName)
 - CALL readTime(strTime)
 - CALL strncpy(encodeFileName, lastName, 21)
 - CALL strncat(encodeFileName. " ")
 - CALL strncat(encodeFileName, firstName)
 - IF(lateFlag)
 - CALL strcat(encodeFileName, "_LATE_")
 - ELSE
 - CALL strCAT(encodeFileName, " ")
 - o END IF
 - CALL strncat(encodeFileName, parsedID)
 - CALL strncat(encodeFileName. "_")
 - CALL strncat(encodeFileName, strTime)
 - CALL strncat(encodeFileName. " ")
 - CALL strncat(encodeFileName, fileName)
- END FUNCTION
- Int main()
 - DECLARE strTime[MAXTIME] as character
 - DECLARE choice as character
 - CALL welcome()
 - o DO
- Choice = CALL displayMenu()
- IF choice is 'e'
 - SET encodeFileName as array of characters
 - CALL encode(encodeFileName)
 - DISPLAY "Your encoded file name is: " encodeFileName
- END IF
- WHILE (choice is not 'q')
- o DISPLAY "Thank you for using this program"
- o END program



5. Pseudocode Syntax

Think about each step in your algorithm as an action and use the verbs below:

To do this:	Use this verb:	Example:			
Create a variable	DECLARE	DECLARE integer num_dogs			
Print to the console window	DISPLAY	DISPLAY "Hello!"			
Read input from the user into a variable	INPUT	INPUT num_dogs			
Update the contents of a variable	SET	SET num_dogs = num_dogs + 1			
Conditionals					
Use a single alternative conditional	IF condition THEN statement statement END IF	<pre>IF num_dogs > 10 THEN DISPLAY "That is a lot of dogs!" END IF</pre>			
Use a dual alternative conditional	IF condition THEN statement statement ELSE statement statement END IF	<pre>IF num_dogs > 10 THEN</pre>			
Use a switch/case statement	SELECT variable or expression CASE value_1: statement statement	SELECT num_dogs CASE 0: DISPLAY "No dogs!" CASE 1: DISPLAY "One dog" CASE 2: DISPLAY "Two dogs" CASE 3: DISPLAY "Three dogs" DEFAULT: DISPLAY "Lots of			

	CASE value_2: statement statement CASE value_2: statement statement DEFAULT: statement statement statement Statement END SELECT	dogs!" END SELECT			
Loops					
Loop while a condition is true - the loop body will execute 0 or more times.	WHILE condition statement statement END WHILE	<pre>SET num_dogs = 1 WHILE num_dogs < 10 DISPLAY num_dogs, " dogs!" SET num_dogs = num_dogs + 1 END WHILE</pre>			
Loop while a condition is true - the loop body will execute 1 or more times.	DO statement statement WHILE condition	SET num_dogs = 1 DO DISPLAY num_dogs, " dogs!" SET num_dogs = num_dogs + 1 WHILE num_dogs < 10			
Loop a specific number of times.	FOR counter = start TO end statement statement END FOR	FOR count = 1 TO 10 DISPLAY num_dogs, "dogs!" END FOR			
Functions					
Create a function	FUNCTION return_type name (parameters) statement statement END FUNCTION	FUNCTION Integer add(Integer num1, Integer num2) DECLARE Integer sum SET sum = num1 + num2 RETURN sum END FUNCTION			
Call a function	CALL function_name	CALL add(2, 3)			
Return data from a function	RETURN value	RETURN 2 + 3			