#### SI Unit Posters

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Created by Glenwing in June of 2020

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### LE SYSTÈME INTERNATIONAL D'UNITÉS

A tous les temps, à tous les peuples

For all times, for all peoples

S

Second

The span of time that passes during 9 192 631 770 unperturbed ground-state hyperfine transitions of a caesium-133 atom

 $\mathbf{M}$ 

Metre

The distance traveled by light in vacuum in a timespan of exactly  $1/299\,792\,458$  s

# kg

Kilogram

The amount of mass such that the Planck constant h is exactly equal to  $6.626\,070\,15\times10^{-34}~\mathrm{J\cdot s}~(\mathrm{kg\cdot m^2\cdot s^{-1}})$ 

### Kelvin

The change in temperature which results in a change in thermal energy of exactly  $1.380\,649\times10^{-23}$  J and 0 K is the temperature of absolute zero

A

### Ampere

The movement of electric charge at a rate of exactly  $1/1.162\,176\,634\times10^{19}$  times the elementary charge e per second

# CC

### Candela

The luminous intensity such that the luminous efficacy of monochromatic light of frequency  $540 \times 10^{12} \text{ Hz}$  is exactly equal to  $683 \text{ lm/W} (\text{cd} \cdot \text{sr} \cdot \text{kg}^{-1} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^3)$ 

# 

Mole

A collection of atoms, molecules, or particles in the amount of exactly  $6.022\,140\,76\times10^{23}$ 

Newton

The force required to accelerate a 1 kg object to a velocity of 1 m/s at a uniform rate in 1 second

## Pa

Pascal

The pressure applied by 1 N of force acting on a 1  $\mathrm{m}^2$  area

J

Joule

The energy required to accelerate a 1 kg object at 1 m/s $^2$  through a distance of 1 m

Watt

The transfer of energy at a rate of 1  $\rm J/s$ 

Coulomb

The electric charge of exactly  $1.162\,176\,634\times10^{19}$  protons

Volt

The difference in electric potential between two points in an electric field which imparts 1 J of energy to 1 C of charge moving between the two points

Ohm

The electrical resistance between two points such that a 1 V potential difference produces a 1 A electric current

H

Farad

The capacitance between two points such that an electric potential difference of  $1~\mathrm{V}$  results in a buildup of  $1~\mathrm{C}$  of stored charge

Henry

The inductance between two points such that an electric current changing at a rate of 1 A/s produces an electric potential difference of 1 V  $\,$ 

# **M**

#### Weber

The magnetic flux that, linking a circuit of one turn, produces an electric potential difference of 1 V when it is reduced to 0 at a uniform rate in 1 s

Tesla

The flux density of a magnetic field that applies 1 N of force to a 1 C charge moving through the field at 1 m/s  $\,$ 

### $\mathbf{lm}$

### Lumen

The concentration of visible light passing through a solid angle of 1 steradian emitted from a source with a luminous intensity of 1 cd

# 

Lux

The concentration of visible light on a surface equal to a luminous flux of 1 lumen spread across an area of 1  $\rm m^2$