

## The IT World

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## My team profiles

#### 1.1. Team name: GL's

#### 1.2. Team profile:

According to my own personalities test, the teammates that I would like to work with are:

- Teammates who are hardworking and trying to complete the assigned work on schedule. This
  is because the Big five test present that I always try as much as possible to get achievement in
  my goals. Therefore, working with these teammates will help me to keep the project on
  schedule and complete the tasks on time as required by the client.
- Teammates love to share creatives ideas and opinions without hesitation: The 16Personalities test showed that I am a kind of person who have vivid imagination, while the Big Five test indicated that I have abstract thinking due to the high rate of Openness (75 percent). Therefore, I believe that sharing creative ideas can help make a project more exciting that can attract more people. In addition, different opinions of team members can contribute to making the project more comprehensive.
- Teammates are enthusiastic about solving the obstacles: Based on my personalities test, I prefer to care and help others rather than competing with them, and I am also a good listener. When implementing the project, the whole team may face many difficulties. Hence, it is crucial to support each other to overcome the challenges because teamwork helps solve problems faster and encourages team members to stick together.

## Proj

"IT project for creating the Dashboard for the COVID-19 in Ho Chi Minh city"

#### 2.1. Overview

My project aims to build a COVID-19 Dashboard in HCM city using Tableau and ArcGIS for this pandemic management. The local authority mainly uses this dashboard to:

- Track the positive, the recovered, and the death cases and forecast this data.
- Report the vaccination data.
- Set the warning level for specific areas in the city.
- Manage COVID-19 patients, supplies, and logistics for urban areas.

The time and the location will depend on the users' choices. Besides summarizing data of COVID-19 in each region, the dashboard can also help urban managers to predict the pandemic trend in a particular period by applying machine learning.

#### 2.2. Motivation

Originating from China in the last of 2019, COVID-19 has significantly become a tremendous pandemic until the present time. According to Worldometers (2021), the daily infectious cases are around 400000 to 700000, while the death cases are about 10000 - 15000 per day this year. In Vietnam, Ho Chi Minh City has become a hotspot for this pandemic disease, with the total number of cases peak at 150 000 and the average case number per day is more than 4000.

Currently, the research for finding COVID-19 treatment is still in progress. The local authority follows these procedures to mitigate several impacts of this pandemic, including **social distancing**, **contact tracing**, and **herd immunity**. The rules hope to flatten the curve and avoid the hospital being overwhelmed with new cases by doing these steps while waiting for the vaccine. However, the appearance of the Delta variant, which is easier to spread and causes several more illnesses in infectious people, seriously affects HCM city and the surrounding areas. The local manager is struggling with the new variant and taking many steps to control and prevent this pandemic.

Therefore, I aim to create an effective tool to help the official quickly access data, obtain necessary information about the pandemic. Moreover, this tool also supports them in making

predictions for the COVID-19 trend at a specific time. By using this dashboard, they can make appropriate decisions and policies for each city area.

#### 2.3. Description

The dashboard includes these items: a map, graphs, and the forecast tab.

#### Graph

The graph will present this information relevant to the chosen time and location.

- The first graph will show the number of positive, recovered, and death cases. Officials can use
  this information to calculate infection rate, mortality rate, and recovered rate to decide social
  distancing measures.
- The second graph will show the number of conducted covid19 tests. Officials can use this information to check how many people have been tested in the city.
- The third graph will present the status of contact tracing includes comprehensive (contact tracing done for all cases), limited (contact tracing not done for all cases), and none (no contact tracing). This information will help to check the ability of identifying and monitoring COVID-19 patients in each district to control the spread of this pandemic.
- The next graph will present the data of quarantine and treatment areas include size (how many places for the patients) and status (empty or full). This information is vital for the official to know the healthcare management capacity of each district and hence give the appropriate decisions to allocate resources for each one.
- The final graph will show the total number of people who have a vaccine (one or two doses) and the vaccination rate are vital for planning vaccination supply. This graph also includes the statistical data of different vaccine types, such as Astra, Pfizer, Moderna so that the official easily distribute the reasonable number of each type for one district.

#### Мар

- Firstly, the map will show polygons of the whole city and its districts. When the user clicks on any district polygon, the corresponding charts listed above will show up. The authority can distinguish the safety and restricted areas based on this information.
- Secondly, the map also displays the distribution of treatment areas and warehouses in the city, which helps the officials organize patient transportation and cure, provide facilities and equipment, as well as manage product logistics.
- Next, the map also illustrates districts that are classified into "green zone" (safety) or "red zones" (dangerous) based on the rate of infectious people over a thousand people in specific

location. This information is helpful for the local government to know the pandemic status of each district and take proper actions for each one.

• Finally, the map also displays the vaccination coverage for one or two doses for each district.

This map will help the official to see the vaccination cover in HCM city.

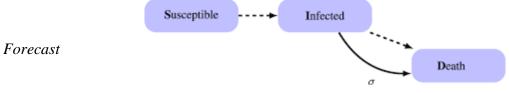


Figure 1: Susceptible-Infected-Recovered-Death Model (SIRD) (Gounane 2021)

The susceptible-Infected-Recovered-Deceased (SIRD) (Figure 1) model effectively makes a forecast tab of the COVID-19 pandemic trend in the coming time of each district and the whole city. SIRD is one of the crucial models used to analyze covid19 data based on four main classes: susceptible, infectious, recovered, and death. In addition, it needs three parameters for the calculation steps, including the rate of transmission, the rate of recovery, and the rate of mortality.

The result of the forecast tab mainly consists of charts predicting the number of infections, recoveries, and deaths. Each of the charts will display a line representing the actual and predicted numbers.

#### 2.4. Tool and Technologies



#### Figure 2: Tools for creating Covid19 Dashboard

- Tableau: Tableau is a data visualization tool that makes it easy for users to understand and use the data for analysis. The user can perform data visualization by creating charts, maps, dashboards, and stories through simple drag and drop interfaces and data sets already connected to Tableau (Ko & Chang 2017, p.349).
- ArcGIS: Although Tableau is a good tool for data visualization in charts and graphs, ArcGIS is considered a more suitable tool for representing data in a map (Integrated Informatics Inc. 2018). In addition, some data types, such as lines or mix-type geometries, are challenging to display in Tableau. Furthermore, ArcGIS has many options for map projection suitable for each data type and region, which does not exist in Tableau. Therefore, the adequate solution is to incorporate ArcGIS data into Tableau to improve data visualization and analysis results (Kumar 2021)
- R or Python: In data processing, it is necessary to use python before importing data into Tableau because python's strength is flexibility and speed when working large datasets (Nguyen 2020). Besides Python, R is also a powerful software for pre-processing data and statistical analysis.

#### 2.5. Skilled required

Skills to collect, process raw data, and analyse data to get insights:

• The first step is to gather data from multiple official sources, including the published and local data. Then, the raw data needs to be classified and designed to facilitate the analysis step. It is necessary to consult with epidemiologists to create suitable features to get the required information for pandemic prevention.

Skills in creating maps and charts for data visualization:

• It is required to gain more skills to use these tools above proficiently to develop maps and charts that meet the requirements. The better data visualization is, the more efficient data analysis can be.

Skills to use statistical models to analyse data:

 The application of a computational model is necessary to obtain the necessary information and predict the pandemic trend, thereby providing reasonable plans to mitigate the disease impacts (Pell et al. 2016).

Presentation skills, report writing to present project ideas:

• It is essential to present the project's ideas and urgency to the managers and receive suggestions to improve the project.

#### 2.6. Outcome

- The project will provide necessary data on the Covid19 pandemic in the city for the authority.
   This data will help managers monitor the evolution of the covid19 pandemic and its effects on each city area.
- The project will predict the pandemic trend subsequently; therefore, the authority can give appropriate solutions for pandemic prevention and adaptation.
- The project will help the officials recognize which districts are at a high level of risk and which are safe. Therefore, the authority can make better policies for disease treatment, supply and logistics, and vaccination for particular areas.

#### 2.7. Feedback from friends

Huan Nguyen, one of my classmates in Intro to IT, has assumed that my project's ideas are not unique because there are many similar projects in various online sources. However, from his perspective, he thinks it was a realistic and exciting project due to the Covid19 pandemic status in Vietnam, and it will become a gift for the community. Huan advised me to focus on the design of the project's application because not many existing projects are user-friendly. He argues that Tableau and ArcGIS are the most popular visualization tools until now, and these tools will be helpful to make the user interface's design more modern and promising.

Khang Le, one of my teammates, said that my project is realistic, clear, and organized. However, he commends that I still misunderstood between "pandemic" and "epidemic" terms, and I need to distinguish both of them. In addition, Khang asked me to add more features to my application, such as display more statistics about the quantity and quality of different vaccine types. After that, he recommends that I write the description in the same order with the information mentioned in the first line so that the readers can easily follow.

I agree with Huan's opinion since COVID-19 has become a severe outbreak nowadays, and many similar research projects are carried out to prevent the spread of this disease. Therefore, it is essential to design my application more attractive and friendly to distinguish it from others. In addition, Khang's comments are also valuable for me since I need to precisely understand the specific terms, adding more statistical data, and improve my writing skills to make the project more comprehensive.

In my opinion, creating the application for this project is challenging for me. The first reason is that COVID-19 data in Vietnam is not easy to access; therefore, collecting and preprocessing data for the analysis step is an obstacle. The second one is that building a predictive model is complicating, and it requires more understanding of Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, and Statistics. The final one is that I am a freshman in the IT field with basic programming skills, so it takes time and effort to fulfill my knowledge to build this application. However, I believe that I can boost my skill after completing many courses at RMIT university and feel confident to develop my idea.

## IT technologies

#### 3.1 Artificial intelligence and machine learning

#### 3.1.1. Definition

Artificial intelligence (AI) is one of the most developed technologies in 2021. This technology creates machines that replicate human intelligence by ingesting correct information and aiming for self-correction for devices. AI includes weak AI, general AI, strong AI depending on the capability (Great Learning 2020).

Machine learning (ML) is considered a sub-branch of AI. Machine learning consists of Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning, and Reinforcement Learning. While AI creates intelligent computer systems to perform complex tasks, ML allows computers to learn from data and provide more accurate output (Moné 2017). In summary, AI creates machines while ML improves them.

Both of them are more and more widely used and have a strong influence on human life. According to Marr (2018), some popular fields are currently applying AI technology are manufacturing, healthcare, natural sciences, economics and finance, education, transportation, and services (Marr 2018). There are some examples of AI applications in real life, such as Automation, Vision, Natural Language Processing, Robotics, and Self-driving Cars.

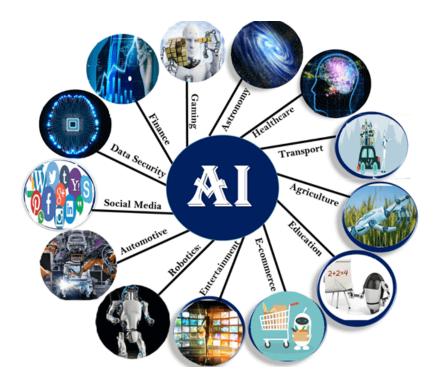


Figure 3: AI applications in real life.

How are data science, artificial intelligences and data science related to each other? Data science is considered one of the most demanding jobs in 2021, according to Zita (2021). This is the work of finding useful information (also known as insight) from the original raw data through a series of steps such as extraction, preparation, analysis, visualization, and maintenance of information. AI and ML can help data scientists to make predictions and discover the patterns in data. To be more specific, AI is the process of discovering and learning from the data by itself, which could be similar to human intelligence. AI relies on machine learning, a part of data science, to draw features from algorithms and statistics.

#### 3.1.2. The likely impacts of AI and Machine Learning

AL and ML can bring several positive and negative impacts on our society.

On the one hand, AL (including ML) helps improve the operations of our workplaces and augment the work human can do. Moreover, it is beneficial to reduce operating costs and save money (Bernard Marr & Co. n.d). For example, machines created by AI can perform heavy human tasks in the manufacturing process, diagnostic of diseases are more accurate in medicine, or data and information are analysed to make more precise for risk prediction. These examples prove that AL or ML can give many advantages to improve the quality of human life.

On the other hand, humans should consider AI and ML's drawbacks that affect their lives (Tai 2020, p.339) The development of AL and ML will make people more dependent on machines, so they tend to let machines do the work for themselves. In addition, when machines replace many jobs, traditional workers could be unemployed. Moreover, if the algorithm has trained the machine to operate the task, the machine is more likely to surpass human intelligence and perform the task without human control. Finally, bad people can take advantage of AI to create weapons to harm others.

#### 3.1.3. How this technology affects to me?

AI and ML have had a significant impact on my life. Some applications can suggest almost precisely what I am looking for based on the user's existing data. Google Search Engine can quickly guess what I will enter in the search box and return many results pages in a second. Some eCommerce websites, such as Amazon, Tiki, Shopee, can quickly promote similar products for my parents to buy based on their purchase history. YouTube and Spotify do pretty well at recommending songs or videos that match the genres and musicians I usually listen to by applying algorithms. It is undeniable that AI and ML bring convenience to our lives, enrich our experience, and enhance our quality of life.

However, besides the positive sides, AI also induces some limitations. In my opinion, I sometimes feel too dependent on technologies that involve AI and lose connection with people around me. Instead of discussing the problems with other people, I usually spend time searching for necessary information on the internet. In addition, data security is also a concern. In addition, many social networks, such as Facebook or Instagram, give me unwanted adverts, which can result from analysing my data.

#### 3.2. Internet of Things

#### 3.2.1. Definition

Internet of Things (IoT) is one of the outstanding IT trends of 2021. As Clark (2016) explains, IoT is a giant system that connects devices via the Internet, from which people can transfer their data and monitor those devices through the network. Nowadays, IoT is more and more popular with the development of technology and the Internet.

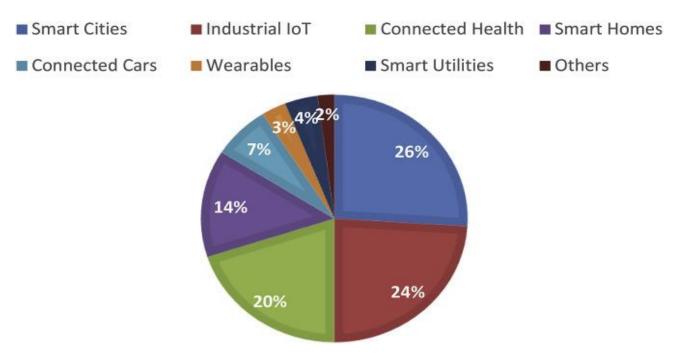


Figure 4: IoT application distribution (Zhang, Alharbe & Atkins 2017)

The pie chart above shows the distribution of IoT applications in 8 different sections. This chart shows that IoT is mainly used in Smart Cities, Industrial IoT, and Connected Health, with percentages of around 25 percent for each of them.

There are many predictions about IoT trends in the future. According to Robotics & Automation News (2021), IoT will broadly apply to develop Voice Assistant Technology, Smart Cities, Education, and Healthcare until 2025. More and more families will own smart devices like Alexa or Google Home, as illustrated by 500 million in 2023. In addition, smart cities construction will also involve IoT, which helps to manage cities and other resources effectively and reduces crime and other urban problems, bringing comfortable life for citizens. As for education, according to Meola (2021), IoT helps schools manage students effectively, create a safe learning environment, and support teachers in teaching. In healthcare, the sensors in medical devices will work correctly, the data collected from the device is used to predict diseases more accurately. Those are the trends of IoT in the next few years.

Many advanced technologies can make IoT possible, which includes sensor technology, connectivity, cloud computing platform, machine learning and analytics, conversational artificial intelligence (Oracle n.d). Sensors must be affordable and reliable, while a network protocol host must enable sensors to connect and transfer data quickly. Cloud platforms need to make it easy for users to

access the infrastructure they need. Finally, users can immediately gather insights from the massive amount of data sources stored in the cloud with the help of IoT and advanced AI technologies.

In my opinion, I believe that IoT knowledge could improve my project, since this technology is essential for contact tracing and managing covid19 patients, as argued by Choudhary (2020).

#### 3.2.2. The likely impacts of Internet of Things

The Internet of Things can have both positive and negative effects on society (KeyInfo 2016). On the positive side, IoT brings many benefits such as automation, efficiency, cost-saving, communication. The most typical example is the Nest learning 3rd generation Thermostat technology product, which helps users monitor and use the amount of heat and energy consumed in the home economically (Google Nest 2015). In addition, Digi Remote Manager is one of the products applied to smart cities, helping to manage and solve traffic, traffic, energy, and waste problems (Locke 2018). These are typical examples of many benefits that IoT can bring to our lives.

However, as regard by KeyInfo (2016), some IoT-related issues can affect people's lives, including privacy and security, compatibility, complexity, fewer jobs, and technologically dependent lives. In particular, IoT security is one of the major concerns today, as the growth of IoT goes hand in hand with security challenges (Chaturvedi 2018). In addition, like AI, IoT also makes unskilled workers lose their jobs. According to The Economist (2018), about 8 different industry groups will be affected by automation with a probability greater than 50%. Those are some of the problems that people need to face as IoT becomes explosive in this century.

#### 3.3.3. How this technology affects to me?

In my opinions, IoT technology has changed our life significantly to make it more convenient and comfortable. For example, in my family there are smart electronic devices that can be monitored by using voice, such as vacuum cleaners, smart TVs and air purifiers. My father uses a wearable device (Apple Watch) to check his health condition (heart rate, count his steps per day), and this device also connect and transfer the data to his iPhone. I believe that in the future, my family will use more and more devices with IoT technology. However, as mentioned above, the security issue of the above devices is a concern because many IoT devices do not have sufficient cybersecurity protection. As a result, the hackers could break into them to steal my personal information and use it for the wrong purpose. Therefore, I need to raise my awareness and gain more IT knowledge to handle this problem.

## IT Work

IT	Data scientists	Data Analysts	Database	Data Engineers	<b>Machine Learning Engineers</b>
specialists			Administrators		
What kind	They need to build new	Their jobs are to collect	They need to make sure	They aim to design and	They apply machine learning
of work is	models for data extraction	data and compile their	the database can run	build the data structure to	models to solve complicated
done?	and improve these models	findings from databases	quickly, and only	contain specific information	problems that are struggling for
	until the test error is low.	into reports that might	appropriate people can	They also extract data from	humans.
	They usually spend most of	be useful for their	access it.	various sources, transform it	They also manage machine
	their time cleaning data,	companies.	They also help the	to clean data without errors	learning models that can learn
	researching, and developing	They also find insights	companies to address and	before loading them to	from patterns of enormous data
	mathematic algorithms.	based on their collect.	resolve database issues.	databases.	amount.
					They try to find the best
					machine learning algorithms
					for solving problems.
What kinds	They need to communicate	They usually contact	Database administrators	They usually have a	Machine Learning engineers
of people to	with stakeholders to provide	their IT teams, IT	usually contact	conversation with data	usually work with their teams,
they	more comprehensive data	management, or data	developers, managers,	scientists and data analysts	their managers, and clients.
interact	models and suggests a	scientist to determine	and other staff.	to define the theoretical	
with?	predictive model for data	their company goals.		components of databases.	
	analysis.				

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Where do	They are likely to work in	They work in their	Their workspaces could	They might work in various	They might work in different
they	large companies or	offices or IT	be firms with large	companies and	IT organizations.
consume	government agencies	departments of a	databases, especially in	organizations.	
most of		company.	financial or healthcare		
their time?			fields.		
What	Lack of domain knowledge	They need to use	If the database is down or	They have to deal with a	They need to find a way to
aspect is	might be an obstacle for	appropriate modeling	running slowly, it could	massive amount of data,	avoid useless data and clean up
most	them to get the right results.	and analytics	affect the company's	which can change vastly	the information applied to their
challenging	They might fail to get the	techniques to obtain	operation.	day by day.	models.
for their	correct data, proper data	valuable insights. After		They need to ensure that the	They need to be inevitable for
jobs?	processing, and suitable	that, they need to		data is validated before the	the reproducibility of machine
	algorithms.	explain why this		analysis step.	learning models to produce
		information is essential		An unclear business strategy	similar results at any time and
		for the non-technical		might cause obstacles for	location.
		stakeholders.		them.	
Sources	A Typical Day as a Data Scientist	Day in the Life of a Data	Database Administrator - A day	Day in the life of a Data Engineer -	A Day in the Life of a Machine
	by Matt Przybyla   Towards Data	Analyst   by Sarah Robinson	in the life - YouTube	YouTube	Learning Engineer   Global Tech
	Science	Nerd For Tech   Medium		How Data Engineering Works -	Council
	A Day in the Life of a Data Scientist		What does a database	YouTube	
	- KDnuggets	(1) Day in the Life of a Data	administrator do? -	9 Real Challenges That Data	Machine Learning Engineer:
	A Day In The Life Of A Data	Analyst - YouTube	CareerExplorer	Engineers Face   by SeattleDataGuy	Challenges and Changes Facing the
	Scientist - YouTube			Better Programming	Profession (dice.com)

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