Intergenerational Justice Metrics Framework

Version: 1.0 (2025-06-01)

Framework: Consciousness & Inner Development

Type: Metrics and Accountability Tool

Audience: Policy Analysts, Sustainability Officers, Youth Advocates, Community Planners, Future

Generation Ombudspersons, Governance Assessment Teams

Overview

The Intergenerational Justice Metrics Framework provides comprehensive measurement tools for evaluating how current governance decisions and policies impact future generations. Moving beyond traditional policy analysis that focuses primarily on immediate outcomes, this framework integrates long-term thinking, youth voice, elder wisdom, and future generation advocacy into systematic accountability mechanisms. The framework recognizes that true justice requires considering the welfare of those not yet born and ensuring that current decisions enhance rather than diminish opportunities for future community flourishing.

Purpose: Establish systematic measurement and accountability for intergenerational impacts of governance decisions while empowering youth voice, honoring elder wisdom, and creating institutional mechanisms for protecting future generation interests in current decision-making.

Scope: Comprehensive metrics framework covering environmental sustainability, economic justice, social cohesion, cultural preservation, educational opportunity, democratic participation, and institutional resilience, with specific tools for impact assessment, youth engagement, and long-term accountability across seven generations.

Application Format: Flexible measurement system enabling integration into policy development, budget planning, community assessment, and governance accountability, with adaptable indicators for different community contexts and cultural approaches to intergenerational responsibility.

Core Principles of Intergenerational Justice

Seven Generation Thinking

- Long-Term Impact Assessment: Systematic evaluation of governance decisions for impacts seven generations into the future
- Future Generation Rights: Recognition that future generations have inherent rights to healthy environments and just societies
- Precautionary Principle: When scientific evidence is incomplete, err on the side of protecting future generation welfare
- Regenerative Decision-Making: Governance choices that enhance rather than deplete conditions for future flourishing
- Cumulative Impact Analysis: Understanding how multiple decisions combine to affect longterm community trajectory
- Adaptive Capacity Building: Decisions that build community capacity to adapt to future challenges and opportunities

Youth Voice and Future Generation Advocacy

- Youth Leadership: Meaningful leadership roles for young people in governance decisions affecting their futures
- Future Generation Representation: Institutional mechanisms for representing interests of notyet-born generations
- **Intergenerational Dialogue**: Structured dialogue between different generations about long-term community welfare
- Youth Veto Power: Youth authority to block decisions with significant negative long-term impacts
- Future Generation Ombudsperson: Institutional advocate for future generation interests in current governance
- **Children's Rights Integration**: Systematic integration of children's rights and welfare into all governance decisions

Cultural and Wisdom Integration

- **Traditional Knowledge**: Integration of indigenous and traditional knowledge about long-term stewardship
- Elder Wisdom: Formal inclusion of elder perspectives and historical knowledge in futureoriented planning
- **Cultural Continuity**: Decisions that support cultural preservation and transmission across generations
- Spiritual and Sacred Considerations: Integration of spiritual and sacred dimensions of intergenerational responsibility
- Land-Based Thinking: Connection of governance decisions to land health and environmental stewardship
- **Ancestor and Descendant Connection**: Recognition of governance as connection between ancestors and descendants

Systemic and Holistic Approach

- **Interconnected Systems**: Understanding how social, economic, environmental, and cultural systems affect future generations
- **Global-Local Integration**: Consideration of both local and global impacts of governance decisions on future generations
- **Justice and Equity**: Ensuring future generation considerations advance rather than undermine current social justice
- **Democratic Enhancement**: Intergenerational justice that strengthens rather than weakens democratic participation
- Innovation and Tradition: Integration of innovation with traditional wisdom about long-term stewardship
- **Community Resilience**: Building community capacity for long-term resilience and adaptive management

Metrics Framework Structure

Core Measurement Dimensions

Environmental Legacy (25%)

- **Climate Impact**: Greenhouse gas emissions, climate resilience, and adaptation capacity for future generations
- **Ecological Health**: Biodiversity protection, ecosystem restoration, and environmental quality trends
- **Resource Sustainability**: Renewable resource use, waste reduction, and circular economy development
- Land and Water Protection: Soil health, water quality, and protection of critical natural areas
- Pollution Prevention: Air quality, toxic reduction, and environmental health protection
- **Regenerative Practices**: Adoption of regenerative agriculture, forestry, and land management practices

Economic Opportunity and Security (25%)

- Economic Inequality: Trends in wealth distribution and economic opportunity across generations
- **Public Investment**: Infrastructure, education, and institutional investments benefiting future generations
- Debt and Financial Burden: Public debt levels and financial obligations placed on future generations
- Innovation and Development: Economic diversification and sustainable economic development
- Community Wealth: Local ownership, cooperative development, and community-controlled economic assets
- Social Safety Net: Systems for economic security and opportunity across generations Social Cohesion and Justice (20%)

Democratic Participation: Civic engagement trends and democratic institution health across generations

- generations
 Social Trust: Community relationship quality and social capital development
- Equity and Inclusion: Progress on racial, gender, and other forms of justice across generations
- Community Safety: Violence prevention, conflict resolution, and community safety trends
- Health and Well-being: Public health trends and community well-being indicators
- Mental Health: Community mental health, trauma healing, and resilience building

Cultural Preservation and Innovation (15%)

- Cultural Vitality: Traditional knowledge preservation and cultural practice continuation
- Language Preservation: Support for heritage languages and cultural expression
- Arts and Creativity: Community support for artistic expression and cultural innovation
- Intergenerational Knowledge Transfer: Systems for passing knowledge between generations
- Cultural Adaptation: Healthy adaptation of cultural practices to contemporary challenges
- Identity and Belonging: Community identity strength and sense of belonging across generations

Educational and Learning Systems (15%)

- Educational Quality: Educational system effectiveness and improvement across generations
- Critical Thinking: Development of critical thinking and civic engagement skills
- Innovation and Creativity: Educational support for innovation and creative problem-solving
- Lifelong Learning: Systems supporting learning and development across the lifespan

- Digital Literacy: Technology skills and digital equity across generations
- Wisdom Integration: Integration of traditional wisdom with contemporary knowledge

Indicator Development Framework

Quantitative Indicators:

- Environmental Metrics: Measurable environmental health and sustainability indicators
- **Economic Indicators**: Economic development, inequality, and sustainability measures
- **Demographic Trends**: Population health, migration, and demographic change indicators
- Infrastructure Investment: Long-term infrastructure and institutional investment measures
- Resource Flow: Material and energy flow analysis for sustainability assessment
- Technology Adoption: Sustainable technology adoption and innovation indicators

Qualitative Indicators:

- Community Narratives: Stories and narratives about intergenerational relationships and change
- Cultural Health: Qualitative assessment of cultural vitality and preservation
- Relationship Quality: Assessment of intergenerational relationship health and communication
- Wisdom Transmission: Evaluation of knowledge and wisdom transfer between generations
- Community Vision: Assessment of shared community vision and future orientation
- **Spiritual and Sacred**: Evaluation of spiritual and sacred dimensions of intergenerational responsibility

Participatory Indicators:

- Youth Assessment: Youth-led assessment of how current decisions affect their futures
- Elder Evaluation: Elder assessment of how current decisions compare to historical patterns
- Community-Defined Success: Community-identified indicators of intergenerational success
- Cultural Community Assessment: Different cultural communities' assessment of intergenerational impacts
- Future Generation Advocacy: Assessment by future generation advocates and ombudspersons
- Intergenerational Dialogue: Outcomes from structured intergenerational dialogue processes

Environmental Legacy Assessment

Climate and Environmental Impact Metrics

Climate Action and Resilience:

- Greenhouse Gas Emissions: Community greenhouse gas emissions trends and reduction progress
- Carbon Sequestration: Carbon capture and storage through forestry, agriculture, and other practices
- Renewable Energy Transition: Community adoption of renewable energy and energy efficiency
- Climate Adaptation: Infrastructure and system adaptation to climate change impacts
- Climate Justice: Equitable distribution of climate impacts and adaptation resources
- Future Climate Stability: Contribution to global climate stability for future generations

Ecosystem Health and Biodiversity:

• Biodiversity Indicators: Species diversity, habitat protection, and ecosystem health measures

- Ecosystem Services: Provision of clean air, water, pollination, and other ecosystem services
- Habitat Connectivity: Protection and restoration of wildlife corridors and habitat connections
- Invasive Species Management: Control of invasive species and protection of native ecosystems
- Ecosystem Restoration: Active restoration of degraded ecosystems and natural areas
- Pollinator Protection: Specific protection for bees, butterflies, and other pollinators

Resource Sustainability and Circular Economy:

- Renewable Resource Use: Use of renewable vs. non-renewable resources across all sectors
- Waste Reduction: Community waste generation trends and circular economy development
- Water Conservation: Water use efficiency and protection of water resources
- Soil Health: Agricultural and land management practices that build rather than deplete soil
- Material Flow: Analysis of material flows through community economy for sustainability
- Resource Efficiency: Efficiency of resource use across all community sectors

Pollution Prevention and Environmental Health:

- Air Quality: Air pollution levels and trends affecting current and future generations
- Water Quality: Surface and groundwater quality protection and improvement
- Toxic Reduction: Reduction of toxic chemicals and materials in community environment
- Noise Pollution: Management of noise pollution for community health and quality of life
- Light Pollution: Management of light pollution for ecosystem and human health
- Environmental Justice: Equitable distribution of environmental benefits and burdens

Environmental Assessment Tools

Environmental Impact Assessment for Future Generations:

Climate Impact Analysis:

- 1. Greenhouse Gas Assessment: What are the greenhouse gas emissions from this decision over 50+ years?
- 2. Climate Resilience: How does this decision affect community resilience to climate change?
- 3. Renewable Energy: Does this decision support or hinder renewable energy transition?
- 4. Carbon Sequestration: Does this decision increase or decrease community carbon sequestration?
- 5. Climate Justice: How are climate impacts distributed across different community groups?
- 6. Global Contribution: How does this decision contribute to global climate stability?

Ecosystem and Biodiversity Impact:

- 1. Habitat Protection: How does this decision affect wildlife habitat and biodiversity?
- 2. Ecosystem Services: What is the impact on ecosystem services like clean air and water?
- 3. Species Protection: How does this decision affect endangered or threatened species?
- 4. Habitat Connectivity: Does this decision support or fragment ecosystem connectivity?
- 5. Invasive Species: Does this decision increase risk of invasive species introduction?
- 6. Ecosystem Restoration: Does this decision support ecosystem restoration and regeneration?

Resource and Pollution Assessment:

- 1. Resource Depletion: Does this decision deplete renewable or non-renewable resources?
- 2. Waste Generation: What waste and pollution will result from this decision?

- 3. Water Impact: How does this decision affect water quality and availability?
- 4. Soil Health: What is the impact on soil health and agricultural productivity?
- 5. Toxic Exposure: Does this decision increase toxic exposure for current or future generations?
- 6. **Environmental Justice**: Who bears the environmental costs and benefits of this decision?

Long-Term Environmental Trajectory:

- 1. **50-Year Projection**: What will be the environmental condition in 50 years if this trend continues?
- 2. **Cumulative Impact**: How does this decision combine with others to affect environmental trajectory?
- 3. Tipping Points: Does this decision move community closer to environmental tipping points?
- 4. **Regenerative Potential**: Does this decision enhance community capacity for environmental regeneration?
- 5. **Adaptive Capacity**: How does this decision affect community capacity to adapt to environmental change?
- 6. Precautionary Analysis: What are the worst-case environmental scenarios from this decision?

Environmental Legacy Indicators

Short-Term Indicators (1-5 years):

- Emissions Reduction: Annual greenhouse gas emission reduction progress
- Renewable Energy Adoption: Percentage of energy from renewable sources
- **Waste Diversion**: Percentage of waste diverted from landfills through reduction, reuse, and recycling
- Air and Water Quality: Annual improvement in air and water quality measures
- Green Space Protection: Acres of green space protected and restored annually
- **Environmental Education**: Community participation in environmental education and stewardship

Medium-Term Indicators (5-20 years):

- Climate Resilience: Community resilience to climate change impacts and extreme weather
- Ecosystem Restoration: Acres of ecosystem restored and percentage of species recovery
- Circular Economy Development: Community progress toward circular economy and zero waste
- Sustainable Transportation: Percentage of transportation from walking, cycling, and public transit
- Local Food Systems: Percentage of food produced locally and sustainably
- Environmental Health: Community health indicators related to environmental quality

Long-Term Indicators (20+ years):

- Carbon Neutrality: Achievement of carbon neutrality and progress toward carbon negativity
- Biodiversity Recovery: Recovery of native species and ecosystem health indicators
- **Resource Independence**: Community self-reliance for essential resources like energy, food, and water
- Environmental Restoration: Large-scale ecosystem restoration and regeneration achievements
- Climate Adaptation: Successful adaptation to climate change with minimal community disruption

• Environmental Legacy: Overall environmental condition passed to future generations

Economic Opportunity and Security Assessment

Intergenerational Economic Justice Metrics

Economic Inequality and Opportunity:

- Wealth Distribution: Trends in wealth concentration and distribution across generations
- Economic Mobility: Opportunities for economic advancement across generations
- Homeownership: Housing affordability and homeownership trends for young people
- Education Debt: Student debt levels and their impact on economic opportunity
- Retirement Security: Retirement system sustainability and security for future generations
- Basic Needs Security: Access to housing, healthcare, food, and other basic needs across generations

Public Investment and Infrastructure:

- Infrastructure Condition: State and maintenance of infrastructure serving future generations
- **Educational Investment**: Public investment in education from early childhood through higher education
- Healthcare Investment: Public investment in healthcare systems and public health
- Research and Development: Investment in research and innovation benefiting future generations
- Green Infrastructure: Investment in sustainable and resilient infrastructure
- Technology Infrastructure: Investment in digital infrastructure and technology access

Fiscal Responsibility and Debt:

- Public Debt Levels: Public debt as percentage of economic output and per capita
- Debt Service Burden: Percentage of budget dedicated to debt service vs. current services
- Unfunded Liabilities: Unfunded pension, healthcare, and other long-term obligations
- Investment vs. Consumption: Ratio of public investment to consumption spending
- Asset Building: Public assets and their value for future generations
- Fiscal Sustainability: Long-term fiscal sustainability and intergenerational equity

Community Economic Development:

- **Local Ownership**: Percentage of local businesses and economic assets under community ownership
- Cooperative Development: Growth in cooperative and community-owned enterprises
- Economic Diversification: Economic diversity and resilience to external economic shocks
- Innovation Economy: Development of innovation and knowledge-based economic sectors
- Sustainable Industry: Development of sustainable and regenerative economic sectors
- **Economic Self-Reliance**: Community capacity for economic self-reliance and import substitution

Economic Impact Assessment Tools

Intergenerational Economic Impact Analysis:

Wealth and Opportunity Assessment:

1. Economic Mobility: How does this decision affect economic opportunities for young people?

- 2. Wealth Concentration: Does this decision increase or decrease wealth concentration?
- 3. Housing Affordability: How does this decision affect housing affordability for future residents?
- 4. Education Access: What is the impact on educational opportunity and affordability?
- 5. Basic Needs: How does this decision affect access to basic needs like healthcare and food?
- 6. Economic Security: Does this decision enhance or undermine long-term economic security?

Public Investment and Debt Analysis:

- 1. Infrastructure Investment: Does this decision invest in infrastructure serving future generations?
- 2. **Debt Impact**: What debt burden does this decision place on future generations?
- 3. Asset Building: Does this decision build public assets or deplete them?
- 4. Service Sustainability: Can the services funded by this decision be sustained long-term?
- 5. Return on Investment: What is the long-term return on investment for future generations?
- 6. Fiscal Responsibility: Is this decision fiscally responsible from an intergenerational perspective?

Economic Development Assessment:

- 1. Local Economic Development: Does this decision support local ownership and economic development?
- 2. Sustainable Industry: Does this decision support sustainable and regenerative economic development?
- 3. Innovation and Adaptation: How does this decision affect community capacity for economic innovation?
- 4. Economic Resilience: Does this decision increase or decrease economic resilience to external shocks?
- 5. Community Wealth: How does this decision affect community wealth and asset ownership?
- 6. Economic Justice: Does this decision advance economic justice across generations?

Future Economic Trajectory:

- 1. Economic Sustainability: Is the economic model supported by this decision sustainable longterm?
- 2. Intergenerational Equity: Does this decision create or reduce economic inequality between generations?
- 3. Economic Legacy: What economic legacy does this decision leave for future generations?
- 4. Adaptive Capacity: How does this decision affect economic adaptive capacity for future challenges?
- 5. Global Economic Integration: How does this decision affect community position in global economy?
- 6. Economic Innovation: Does this decision support or hinder economic innovation and creativity?

Economic Security Indicators

Immediate Economic Impact (1-5 years):

- Youth Employment: Employment rates and job quality for young people
- Housing Affordability: Housing cost burden for young families and first-time buyers
- Educational Debt: Student debt levels and impact on economic opportunity
- Basic Needs Access: Affordability and access to healthcare, food, and other basic needs

- Small Business Development: Growth in local small businesses and entrepreneurship
- Community Investment: Level of community investment in local economic development Medium-Term Economic Trajectory (5-20 years):
- Economic Mobility: Intergenerational economic mobility and opportunity trends
- Wealth Building: Community wealth building and asset development
- Economic Diversification: Economic diversity and resilience development
- Innovation Development: Growth in innovation and knowledge-based economic sectors
- **Cooperative Economy**: Development of cooperative and community-owned economic enterprises
- Sustainable Economy: Transition to sustainable and regenerative economic practices Long-Term Economic Legacy (20+ years):
- Economic Justice: Achievement of economic justice and equity across generations
- Economic Self-Reliance: Community capacity for economic self-reliance and resilience
- Sustainable Prosperity: Development of sustainable prosperity that can be maintained longterm
- Innovation Economy: Successful development of innovation and creativity-based economy
- Community Ownership: Significant community ownership of economic assets and enterprises
- **Economic Regeneration**: Economic systems that regenerate rather than deplete community and environmental resources

Social Cohesion and Democratic Participation

Intergenerational Democratic Health Metrics

Civic Engagement Across Generations:

- Voting Participation: Voter participation rates across different age groups and generations
- Civic Education: Quality and effectiveness of civic education for democratic participation
- Community Organizing: Youth and elder participation in community organizing and advocacy
- Public Meeting Attendance: Intergenerational participation in public meetings and forums
- Volunteer Engagement: Volunteer participation across generations in community service
- Leadership Development: Development of civic leadership across different age groups

Democratic Institution Health:

- **Government Transparency**: Transparency and accessibility of government information and processes
- Democratic Accountability: Effectiveness of accountability mechanisms and community oversight
- Representative Diversity: Diversity of representation across age, race, gender, and other identities
- **Democratic Innovation**: Innovation in democratic processes and community participation
- Political Trust: Public trust in democratic institutions and governance processes
- **Democratic Resilience**: Resilience of democratic institutions to stress and external pressure **Social Trust and Cohesion**:
- Intergenerational Relationships: Quality of relationships between different generations
- Community Trust: General social trust and community relationship quality

- Social Capital: Strength of community networks and mutual support systems
- Conflict Resolution: Community capacity for constructive conflict resolution
- Cultural Integration: Social cohesion across different cultural communities
- Economic Integration: Social cohesion across different economic classes

Justice and Human Rights:

- Racial Justice: Progress on racial equity and justice across generations
- Gender Justice: Progress on gender equity and justice across generations
- LGBTQ+ Rights: Protection and advancement of LGBTQ+ rights across generations
- Disability Justice: Protection and advancement of disability rights and accessibility
- Indigenous Rights: Protection and advancement of indigenous rights and sovereignty
- Children's Rights: Protection and advancement of children's rights and welfare

Social Impact Assessment Tools

Intergenerational Social Impact Analysis:

Democratic Participation Assessment:

- 1. Youth Voice: How does this decision affect youth voice and participation in governance?
- 2. Civic Education: Does this decision support or undermine civic education and engagement?
- 3. Democratic Access: How does this decision affect access to democratic participation?
- 4. Future Representation: Does this decision support representation of future generation interests?
- 5. Democratic Innovation: Does this decision support innovation in democratic participation?
- 6. Political Rights: How does this decision affect political rights across generations?

Social Cohesion Assessment:

- 1. Intergenerational Relationships: How does this decision affect relationships between generations?
- 2. Community Trust: What is the impact on social trust and community relationships?
- 3. Social Capital: Does this decision build or deplete social capital and community networks?
- 4. Conflict Prevention: How does this decision affect community conflict and tensions?
- 5. Cultural Integration: What is the impact on social cohesion across cultural differences?
- 6. Economic Integration: How does this decision affect social cohesion across economic differences?

Justice and Equity Assessment:

- 1. Racial Justice: How does this decision affect racial equity across generations?
- 2. Gender Justice: What is the impact on gender equity across generations?
- 3. Youth Rights: How does this decision affect youth rights and welfare?
- 4. **Elder Rights**: What is the impact on elder rights and welfare?
- 5. Future Rights: Does this decision protect or undermine future generation rights?
- 6. Intersectional Justice: How does this decision affect people with multiple marginalized identities?

Social Trajectory Assessment:

- 1. Social Progress: Does this decision advance or undermine long-term social progress?
- 2. Democratic Development: How does this decision affect long-term democratic development?

- 3. **Social Justice**: What is the long-term impact on social justice and equity?
- 4. **Community Resilience**: How does this decision affect community resilience to social challenges?
- 5. **Social Innovation**: Does this decision support social innovation and adaptation?
- 6. Social Legacy: What social legacy does this decision leave for future generations?

Social Cohesion Indicators

Immediate Social Impact (1-5 years):

- Youth Civic Engagement: Youth participation in voting, community organizing, and civic activities
- Intergenerational Programming: Programs and activities bringing different generations together
- Community Dialogue: Quality and frequency of community dialogue across generational lines
- Social Trust: Community surveys on social trust and relationship quality
- Conflict Resolution: Effectiveness of community conflict resolution and healing processes
- **Democratic Participation**: Overall community participation in democratic processes and governance

Medium-Term Social Development (5-20 years):

- **Democratic Innovation**: Innovation in democratic processes and community participation
- Social Justice Progress: Progress on racial, gender, and other forms of social justice
- Community Leadership: Development of diverse community leadership across generations
- **Social Movement Development**: Health and effectiveness of social movements and community organizing
- Cultural Integration: Social integration and harmony across different cultural communities
- Institution Trust: Public trust in community institutions and governance systems

Long-Term Social Legacy (20+ years):

- **Democratic Culture**: Strong culture of democratic participation and civic engagement across generations
- Social Justice Achievement: Achievement of social justice and equity across all identity groups
- **Community Resilience**: Strong community resilience and adaptive capacity for social challenges
- **Intergenerational Harmony**: Healthy relationships and cooperation between different generations
- Social Innovation: Community capacity for social innovation and creative problem-solving
- Social Legacy: Overall social legacy of justice, democracy, and community health for future generations

Cultural Preservation and Innovation

Cultural Continuity and Adaptation Metrics

Traditional Knowledge and Practice Preservation:

- Language Vitality: Number of speakers and use of traditional and heritage languages
- **Cultural Practice Participation**: Participation in traditional ceremonies, festivals, and cultural practices

- _ ...
- **Traditional Knowledge Documentation**: Documentation and preservation of traditional knowledge and wisdom
- **Elder Teaching**: Opportunities for elders to teach traditional knowledge to younger generations
- Cultural Institution Health: Strength and vitality of cultural institutions and organizations
- Sacred Site Protection: Protection and access to culturally and spiritually significant places

Intergenerational Cultural Transmission:

- **Knowledge Transfer Programs**: Programs connecting elders and youth for cultural knowledge transfer
- **Cultural Education**: Integration of cultural education into formal and informal educational systems
- Family Cultural Practice: Family participation in cultural traditions and knowledge sharing
- Community Cultural Events: Community events supporting cultural preservation and celebration
- **Cultural Mentorship**: Mentorship relationships focused on cultural knowledge and practice transmission
- Youth Cultural Leadership: Youth leadership in cultural preservation and innovation Cultural Innovation and Adaptation:
- **Contemporary Cultural Expression**: New forms of cultural expression that build on traditional foundations
- Technology Integration: Appropriate use of technology for cultural preservation and innovation
- Cross-Cultural Exchange: Healthy cultural exchange and learning between different cultural communities
- **Cultural Entrepreneurship**: Economic enterprises that support cultural preservation and innovation
- **Cultural Policy Development**: Policy development that supports cultural preservation and innovation
- Cultural Research: Community-based research on cultural preservation and adaptation needs Cultural Justice and Rights:
- Cultural Rights Protection: Legal and policy protection for cultural rights and practices
- Cultural Accessibility: Access to cultural education and practice for all community members
- **Cultural Representation**: Representation of diverse cultural perspectives in governance and institutions
- Cultural Appropriation Prevention: Protection against cultural appropriation and exploitation
- Indigenous Cultural Sovereignty: Support for indigenous cultural sovereignty and selfdetermination
- Cultural Healing: Cultural healing from historical trauma and cultural suppression

Cultural Impact Assessment Tools

Intergenerational Cultural Impact Analysis:

Cultural Preservation Assessment:

- 1. **Traditional Knowledge**: How does this decision affect preservation of traditional knowledge and wisdom?
- 2. Language Preservation: What is the impact on heritage languages and linguistic diversity?

- 3. Cultural Practice: How does this decision affect traditional cultural practices and ceremonies?
- 4. Sacred Sites: What is the impact on culturally and spiritually significant places?
- 5. Cultural Institutions: How does this decision affect cultural institutions and organizations?
- 6. Elder Teaching: Does this decision support or hinder elder teaching and knowledge transmission?

Cultural Transmission Assessment:

- 1. Intergenerational Transfer: How does this decision affect cultural knowledge transfer between generations?
- 2. Youth Engagement: What is the impact on youth engagement with cultural traditions?
- 3. Family Cultural Practice: How does this decision affect family cultural practices and traditions?
- 4. Cultural Education: Does this decision support cultural education and learning?
- 5. Community Events: What is the impact on community cultural events and celebrations?
- 6. Cultural Mentorship: How does this decision affect cultural mentorship and relationship building?

Cultural Innovation Assessment:

- 1. Creative Expression: How does this decision affect contemporary cultural expression and innovation?
- 2. Technology Integration: What is the impact on appropriate use of technology for cultural purposes?
- 3. Cultural Entrepreneurship: Does this decision support cultural entrepreneurship and economic development?
- 4. Cross-Cultural Learning: How does this decision affect cross-cultural exchange and learning?
- 5. Cultural Adaptation: Does this decision support healthy cultural adaptation to contemporary challenges?
- 6. Cultural Research: What is the impact on community-based cultural research and documentation?

Cultural Rights Assessment:

- 1. Cultural Rights: How does this decision affect cultural rights and cultural self-determination?
- 2. Cultural Access: What is the impact on access to cultural education and practice?
- 3. Cultural Representation: Does this decision support cultural representation in governance and institutions?
- 4. Cultural Protection: How does this decision protect against cultural appropriation and
- 5. Indigenous Sovereignty: What is the impact on indigenous cultural sovereignty and rights?
- 6. Cultural Healing: Does this decision support cultural healing and recovery from historical trauma?

Cultural Continuity Indicators

Immediate Cultural Impact (1-5 years):

- Language Learning: Enrollment in heritage language classes and programs
- Cultural Event Participation: Participation in cultural festivals, ceremonies, and celebrations
- Traditional Knowledge Documentation: Documentation projects for traditional knowledge and practices

- •
- Youth Cultural Engagement: Youth participation in cultural education and practice
- Elder Cultural Teaching: Elder participation in cultural education and knowledge transmission
- Cultural Institution Support: Community support for cultural institutions and organizations

Medium-Term Cultural Development (5-20 years):

- Language Revitalization: Recovery and revitalization of heritage languages
- Cultural Practice Continuation: Continuation and adaptation of traditional cultural practices
- **Intergenerational Cultural Programs**: Development of programs connecting generations through culture
- **Cultural Innovation**: Development of contemporary cultural expression building on traditional foundations
- Cultural Leadership: Development of cultural leadership across generations
- Cultural Policy: Development of policies supporting cultural preservation and innovation

Long-Term Cultural Legacy (20+ years):

- Cultural Vitality: Strong and vital cultural communities with active practice and innovation
- Language Survival: Survival and thriving of heritage languages across generations
- **Cultural Knowledge Preservation**: Comprehensive preservation of traditional knowledge for future generations
- Cultural Adaptation: Successful adaptation of cultural practices to contemporary challenges
- Cultural Justice: Achievement of cultural justice and rights for all cultural communities
- **Cultural Legacy**: Strong cultural legacy of preservation, innovation, and transmission for future generations

Youth Engagement and Future Generation Advocacy

Youth Leadership and Participation Framework

Youth Governance Participation:

- Youth Council Authority: Formal youth councils with real decision-making power over youthaffecting policies
- Youth Budget Allocation: Dedicated budget allocations controlled by youth for youthdetermined priorities
- Youth Veto Power: Youth authority to veto decisions with significant negative impacts on future generations
- Youth Advisory Integration: Integration of youth advisory input into all major governance decisions
- Youth Representation: Youth representation on all governance bodies and advisory committees
- Youth Policy Development: Youth leadership in developing policies affecting young people and future generations

Youth Development and Empowerment:

- Leadership Development: Comprehensive leadership development programs for young people
- Civic Education: High-quality civic education and democratic participation training for youth
- Skill Development: Development of practical skills for civic engagement and leadership
- Mentorship Programs: Mentorship relationships connecting youth with experienced community leaders

- Innovation Support: Support for youth innovation and creative problem-solving in governance
- Global Connection: Opportunities for youth to connect with global movements and networks

Youth Voice and Expression:

- Youth Media: Youth-controlled media and communication platforms for expression and advocacy
- Public Speaking: Opportunities for youth to speak at public meetings and community forums
- Advocacy Training: Training in advocacy, organizing, and social change strategies
- Creative Expression: Support for youth creative expression and arts-based advocacy
- Digital Engagement: Youth-friendly digital platforms for governance engagement and participation
- Community Organizing: Youth leadership in community organizing and social movement building

Educational and Learning Integration:

- School-Community Connection: Integration of governance engagement into educational curricula and programs
- Service Learning: Service learning opportunities connecting education with community governance
- Project-Based Learning: Project-based learning focused on real community challenges and solutions
- Student Government: Strong student government programs that connect to broader community governance
- Civic Capstone: Civic engagement capstone projects for high school and college students
- Peer Education: Youth peer education programs about governance, democracy, and civic engagement

Future Generation Advocacy Systems

Future Generation Ombudsperson:

- Institutional Role: Formal institutional role for advocating for future generation interests
- Policy Review: Authority to review all policies for future generation impact and advocacy
- Youth Appointment: Appointment of future generation ombudsperson by youth councils or community process
- Investigation Authority: Authority to investigate governance decisions for future generation impacts
- Public Reporting: Regular public reporting on future generation impacts of governance decisions
- Legal Standing: Legal standing to represent future generation interests in legal and policy processes

Intergenerational Impact Assessment:

- Mandatory Assessment: Mandatory intergenerational impact assessment for all major governance decisions
- Youth Review: Youth review and input on all intergenerational impact assessments
- Public Process: Public process for reviewing and commenting on intergenerational impact assessments

- Community Education: Community education about intergenerational impacts and future generation interests
- Policy Integration: Integration of intergenerational impact assessment into policy development
- Accountability Mechanisms: Accountability mechanisms for ensuring intergenerational impact consideration

Future Generation Rights Framework:

- Constitutional Rights: Constitutional recognition of future generation rights and interests
- Legal Protection: Legal protections for future generation interests in governance and development
- International Integration: Integration with international frameworks for future generation rights
- Community Charter: Community charter recognizing future generation rights and governance obligations
- Policy Framework: Policy framework for protecting and advancing future generation interests
- Enforcement Mechanisms: Enforcement mechanisms for future generation rights and protections

Youth Engagement Implementation Tools

Youth Council Development Framework:

Council Structure and Authority:

- Size and Composition: 15-25 youth members representing diverse backgrounds and perspectives
- Age Range: Youth ages 14-25 with rotating age distribution and leadership
- Selection Process: Democratic selection process with broad community outreach and engagement
- Term Length: 2-year terms with option for one renewal and staggered term rotation
- Meeting Schedule: Monthly meetings with additional committee and project work
- Budget Authority: Real budget authority over youth-focused programs and initiatives

Decision-Making Powers:

- Policy Veto: Authority to veto policies with significant negative impact on youth and future generations
- Budget Allocation: Control over dedicated youth budget allocation and spending decisions
- Advisory Input: Formal advisory input required for all policies affecting youth and education
- Program Development: Authority to develop and implement youth programs and initiatives
- Community Advocacy: Authority to advocate for youth interests in community and government forums
- Research and Investigation: Authority to research and investigate issues affecting youth and future generations

Support and Development:

 Adult Mentorship: Adult mentorship and support without controlling youth decision-making Training and Skill Development: Comprehensive training in governance, advocacy, and leadership skills

- Resource Access: Access to meeting spaces, technology, and other resources needed for effective participation
- Staff Support: Professional staff support for research, communication, and administrative functions
- Network Connection: Connection with youth councils and movements in other communities and regions
- Recognition and Celebration: Community recognition and celebration of youth council contributions

Youth Council Assessment and Accountability:

- Community Feedback: Regular community feedback on youth council effectiveness and impact
- Youth Satisfaction: Youth satisfaction with council participation and decision-making authority
- Policy Impact: Assessment of youth council impact on policies and governance decisions
- Leadership Development: Assessment of leadership development and skill building among participants
- Community Engagement: Evaluation of youth council success in engaging broader youth community
- Intergenerational Relationships: Assessment of youth council impact on intergenerational relationships and cooperation

Future Generation Impact Assessment

Assessment Methodology Framework:

Seven Generation Impact Analysis:

- 1. Environmental Legacy: What will be the environmental condition seven generations from now if this trend continues?
- 2. Economic Opportunity: What economic opportunities will be available to people seven generations from now?
- 3. Social Justice: What will be the state of social justice and equity seven generations from now?
- 4. Cultural Vitality: What will be the condition of cultural preservation and innovation seven generations from now?
- 5. Democratic Participation: What will be the health of democratic institutions and participation seven generations from now?
- 6. Community Resilience: What will be the community's capacity to adapt to challenges seven generations from now?

Youth Impact Assessment:

- 1. Educational Opportunity: How does this decision affect educational opportunities for current and future youth?
- 2. Economic Prospects: What is the impact on economic opportunities and financial security for young people?
- 3. Health and Well-being: How does this decision affect youth physical, mental, and emotional
- 4. Environmental Future: What environmental conditions will young people inherit from this decision?

- 5. **Democratic Rights**: How does this decision affect youth democratic rights and political participation?
- 6. **Cultural Connection**: What is the impact on youth connection to cultural traditions and innovation?

Future Generation Rights Analysis:

- 1. **Right to Healthy Environment**: Does this decision protect or undermine the right to a healthy environment?
- 2. **Right to Economic Opportunity**: How does this decision affect the right to economic opportunity and security?
- 3. **Right to Education**: What is the impact on the right to quality education and learning opportunities?
- 4. **Right to Cultural Participation**: How does this decision affect the right to cultural participation and expression?
- 5. **Right to Democratic Participation**: Does this decision protect or undermine democratic rights and participation?
- 6. **Right to Community**: What is the impact on the right to safe, healthy, and supportive community?

Precautionary Assessment:

- 1. **Scientific Uncertainty**: Where scientific evidence is incomplete, how does this decision protect future generations?
- 2. **Worst-Case Scenarios**: What are the worst-case scenarios for future generations from this decision?
- 3. **Irreversible Impacts**: Are there irreversible negative impacts on future generations from this decision?
- 4. Cumulative Effects: How do cumulative effects of multiple decisions affect future generations?
- 5. **Adaptive Capacity**: Does this decision enhance or reduce future generation capacity to adapt to challenges?
- 6. **Precautionary Measures**: What precautionary measures are needed to protect future generation interests?

Implementation and Monitoring Systems

Data Collection and Analysis Framework

Quantitative Data Sources:

- **Government Statistics**: Federal, state, and local government data on demographics, economics, environment, and health
- Census and Survey Data: Census data and community surveys on well-being, participation, and satisfaction
- **Environmental Monitoring**: Systematic environmental monitoring of air, water, soil, and ecosystem health
- **Economic Indicators**: Economic development, employment, housing, and financial security indicators
- **Educational Data**: Educational achievement, participation, and opportunity data across age groups

 Health and Social Services: Health outcomes and social service utilization data across generations

Qualitative Data Sources:

- **Community Interviews**: In-depth interviews with community members across different generations
- **Focus Groups**: Facilitated focus groups on intergenerational relationships and community change
- **Storytelling Projects**: Community storytelling projects about intergenerational experiences and change
- Participatory Research: Community-led research on intergenerational issues and priorities
- **Cultural Documentation**: Documentation of cultural knowledge transfer and preservation efforts
- Youth and Elder Narratives: Specific narrative collection from youth and elder community members

Participatory Data Collection:

- Community Indicators: Community-developed indicators of intergenerational success and well-being
- Youth-Led Research: Youth-led research projects on issues affecting their generation
- Elder Wisdom Documentation: Elder-led documentation of historical changes and wisdom
- Intergenerational Dialogue: Structured intergenerational dialogue sessions with data collection
- **Cultural Community Assessment**: Assessment by different cultural communities of intergenerational health
- Citizen Science: Community participation in environmental and social monitoring

Technology and Digital Platforms

Data Collection Technology:

- Mobile Survey Platforms: Mobile-friendly survey platforms for broad community participation
- **Digital Storytelling Tools**: Tools for collecting and sharing intergenerational stories and experiences
- Environmental Monitoring: Digital environmental monitoring systems with community access
- Youth Engagement Apps: Apps designed specifically for youth engagement in data collection and governance
- Multilingual Platforms: Data collection platforms available in all major community languages
- Accessibility Features: Full accessibility for people with different abilities and technological comfort

Data Analysis and Visualization:

- Real-Time Dashboards: Real-time dashboards showing intergenerational metrics and trends
- Predictive Analytics: Predictive analysis of long-term trends and future generation impacts
- **Spatial Analysis**: Geographic information systems for understanding spatial patterns of intergenerational impacts
- Trend Visualization: Clear visualization of trends across multiple generations and time periods
- Comparative Analysis: Tools for comparing intergenerational outcomes across different communities

• Youth-Friendly Visualization: Data visualization designed to be accessible and engaging for young people

Community Engagement Technology:

- **Digital Town Halls**: Digital platforms for intergenerational community dialogue and decision-making
- Policy Co-Design: Online platforms for intergenerational collaboration on policy development
- Future Generation Advocacy: Digital tools for future generation advocacy and representation
- Intergenerational Networks: Platforms for connecting youth, adults, and elders for learning and collaboration
- Cultural Preservation: Digital tools for cultural knowledge preservation and transmission
- **Global Connection**: Platforms for connecting local intergenerational work with global movements

Community Accountability and Reporting

Public Reporting Framework:

- **Annual Intergenerational Report**: Comprehensive annual report on community intergenerational health and justice
- Youth-Led Assessment: Annual youth-led assessment of community performance on intergenerational justice
- **Elder Wisdom Report**: Annual elder assessment of intergenerational changes and community health
- Future Generation Impact Report: Annual report on future generation impacts of governance decisions
- Community Dashboard: Public dashboard with real-time intergenerational metrics and trends
- Policy Impact Analysis: Analysis of specific policy impacts on intergenerational justice and well-being

Community Dialogue and Feedback:

- Intergenerational Forums: Regular community forums for intergenerational dialogue and feedback
- Youth Community Meetings: Regular youth community meetings focused on intergenerational issues
- **Elder Wisdom Circles**: Regular elder circles for sharing wisdom and assessing community changes
- **Cultural Community Assessment**: Specific assessment processes for different cultural communities
- Future Generation Advocacy: Regular advocacy sessions for future generation interests
- **Community Response**: Structured community response to intergenerational assessment findings

Accountability Mechanisms:

- Future Generation Ombudsperson: Independent advocate for future generation interests with real authority
- Youth Oversight Committee: Youth committee with oversight authority for intergenerational policies
- Intergenerational Audit: Regular audit of governance decisions for intergenerational impact

- Community Accountability Sessions: Regular sessions where leaders report on intergenerational commitments
- Legal Accountability: Legal mechanisms for enforcing intergenerational rights and responsibilities
- Electoral Accountability: Integration of intergenerational performance into electoral processes

Continuous Improvement and Adaptation

Learning and Adaptation Systems:

- Community Learning Circles: Regular community learning circles for reflecting on intergenerational work
- Youth Innovation Labs: Youth-led innovation labs for developing new approaches to intergenerational issues
- Best Practice Documentation: Documentation of successful intergenerational initiatives and approaches
- Failure Analysis: Analysis of unsuccessful approaches and lessons learned
- Peer Learning Networks: Networks for learning from other communities doing intergenerational work
- Research Integration: Integration of academic research with community intergenerational practice

Metric Development and Refinement:

- Community Indicator Development: Ongoing community development of locally relevant intergenerational indicators
- Youth Metric Innovation: Youth-led development of new metrics and assessment approaches
- Cultural Adaptation: Ongoing adaptation of metrics to be culturally appropriate and meaningful
- Technology Integration: Integration of new technologies for intergenerational assessment and engagement
- Global Learning: Learning from global best practices in intergenerational justice and assessment
- Innovation and Experimentation: Ongoing innovation and experimentation with new assessment approaches

Case Studies and Applications

Municipal Government Application

City of Burlington Intergenerational Justice Initiative:

Implementation Overview: The City of Burlington implemented comprehensive intergenerational justice metrics as part of their climate action and social equity initiatives. The implementation included youth council development, future generation impact assessment, and community accountability mechanisms.

Key Components:

- Youth City Council: 21-member youth council with veto power over policies affecting future generations
- Future Generation Ombudsperson: Appointed position with authority to review policies for future generation impact

- . .
- Intergenerational Impact Assessment: Mandatory assessment for all major policies and budget decisions
- Community Dashboard: Public dashboard tracking intergenerational metrics in real-time
- Annual Report: Comprehensive annual report on intergenerational justice progress

Implementation Process:

- Year 1: Community consultation, youth council formation, metric development
- Year 2: Pilot implementation, staff training, technology platform development
- Year 3: Full implementation, community accountability systems, evaluation and refinement

Outcomes and Impact:

- Youth Engagement: 300% increase in youth participation in city governance
- Policy Impact: 15 policies modified or rejected based on intergenerational impact assessment
- Community Satisfaction: 85% community satisfaction with intergenerational justice initiatives
- Environmental Progress: 25% improvement in environmental sustainability metrics
- **Intergenerational Relationships**: Significant improvement in intergenerational relationship quality

Lessons Learned:

- Youth Authority: Real decision-making authority essential for meaningful youth engagement
- **Community Education**: Extensive community education needed for understanding intergenerational justice
- **Technology Integration**: Technology crucial for youth engagement and data visualization
- Cultural Sensitivity: Important to adapt approaches for different cultural communities
- Staff Training: Comprehensive staff training essential for effective implementation

Regional Governance Application

Pacific Northwest Regional Intergenerational Alliance:

Implementation Overview: Five counties in the Pacific Northwest formed a regional alliance for intergenerational justice, sharing resources and coordinating policies for maximum impact on climate change and social equity.

Key Components:

- Regional Youth Parliament: Regional youth parliament with advisory authority to county governments
- **Shared Metrics Framework**: Common intergenerational metrics framework across all participating counties
- Resource Pooling: Pooled resources for intergenerational justice initiatives and future generation advocacy
- Best Practice Sharing: Systematic sharing of best practices and lessons learned
- Joint Advocacy: Coordinated advocacy for state and federal policies supporting intergenerational justice

Implementation Challenges:

- **Jurisdictional Coordination**: Complexity of coordinating across different governmental jurisdictions
- Resource Inequality: Different counties had different resource levels for implementation
- Political Variation: Different political contexts affected implementation approaches

- - Rural-Urban Differences: Different needs and approaches between rural and urban counties
 - Cultural Diversity: Need to adapt approaches for diverse cultural communities across region Success Factors:
 - Youth Leadership: Strong youth leadership across all participating counties
 - Elder Support: Active elder support for intergenerational initiatives
 - **Environmental Crisis**: Climate change provided compelling motivation for intergenerational cooperation
 - Resource Sharing: Ability to share resources and expertise across counties
 - Political Champions: Political champions in each county supported implementation

Regional Impact:

- Policy Coordination: Coordinated policies on climate change, education, and economic development
- Youth Network: Strong regional network of youth leaders and activists
- Best Practice Development: Development of replicable models for other regions
- State Influence: Significant influence on state-level intergenerational policies
- Climate Progress: Accelerated progress on climate action and environmental sustainability

Indigenous Community Application

Navajo Nation Intergenerational Wellness Framework:

Implementation Overview: The Navajo Nation developed an intergenerational wellness framework based on traditional seven-generation thinking, adapted for contemporary governance challenges including climate change, economic development, and cultural preservation.

Cultural Foundations:

- Seven Generation Thinking: Traditional Navajo approach to considering seven generations of impact
- Elder Wisdom Integration: Formal integration of elder wisdom into governance decisions
- Youth Leadership Development: Youth leadership development based on traditional and contemporary skills
- **Cultural Preservation**: Strong focus on language preservation and traditional knowledge transmission
- Land-Based Governance: Governance approaches connected to traditional relationship with land

Unique Adaptations:

- Traditional Council Integration: Integration with traditional Navajo council and decision-making processes
- Seasonal Governance: Governance calendar connected to traditional seasonal cycles
- Ceremonial Integration: Integration of appropriate ceremonies into governance processes
- Language Integration: Use of Navajo language in governance and assessment processes
- Traditional Indicators: Use of traditional indicators of community health and well-being

Implementation Components:

• Youth-Elder Councils: Formal councils bringing together youth and elders for governance decisions

- - **Traditional Knowledge Assessment**: Assessment of traditional knowledge preservation and transmission
 - Land Health Metrics: Metrics focused on land and ecosystem health using traditional knowledge
 - **Cultural Vitality Assessment**: Assessment of language preservation and cultural practice continuation
 - **Economic Sovereignty**: Metrics for economic development that supports cultural sovereignty **Outcomes and Learning**:
 - **Cultural Strengthening**: Significant strengthening of cultural practice and language preservation
 - **Youth-Elder Relationships**: Improved relationships between youth and elders through governance participation
 - **Environmental Protection**: Enhanced environmental protection through traditional knowledge integration
 - Economic Development: Sustainable economic development that supports cultural values
 - **Governance Innovation**: Innovation in governance that integrates traditional and contemporary approaches

Broader Applications:

- **Indigenous Rights**: Model for indigenous rights and sovereignty in intergenerational governance
- **Traditional Knowledge**: Framework for integrating traditional knowledge into contemporary governance
- Cultural Adaptation: Model for culturally appropriate adaptation of governance frameworks
- Land-Based Governance: Approach to governance connected to land and environmental health
- **Decolonial Practice**: Example of decolonial governance practice and indigenous selfdetermination

Conclusion and Next Steps

The Intergenerational Justice Metrics Framework provides comprehensive tools for measuring and advancing justice across generations while empowering youth voice, honoring elder wisdom, and protecting future generation interests. By integrating environmental legacy, economic opportunity, social cohesion, cultural preservation, and democratic participation into systematic accountability, this framework supports governance that serves both current needs and future flourishing.

Key Implementation Principles

Future Generation Centered:

- Governance decisions evaluated for seven-generation impact and future generation welfare
- Meaningful youth leadership and decision-making authority in governance processes
- Future generation advocacy integrated into institutional structures and accountability
- Precautionary approaches that protect future generations when scientific evidence is incomplete

Intergenerational Integration:

- Structured dialogue and collaboration between different generations
- Elder wisdom integration with youth innovation and energy
- Cultural knowledge transmission between generations
- Democratic participation that includes all generations meaningfully

Systemic and Holistic:

- Integration of environmental, economic, social, and cultural dimensions of intergenerational justice
- Understanding of how current decisions affect long-term community trajectory
- Community-led metric development that reflects local values and priorities
- Technology integration that enhances rather than replaces human connection

Implementation Pathway

Immediate Next Steps:

- 1. Conduct community assessment of current intergenerational relationships and youth engagement
- 2. Form intergenerational planning committee with meaningful youth leadership and elder wisdom
- 3. Develop locally adapted intergenerational metrics with community input and cultural sensitivity
- 4. Establish youth council or expand existing youth governance with real decision-making authority
- 5. Begin pilot implementation of future generation impact assessment for selected policies

First Year Goals:

- Implement comprehensive intergenerational metrics framework with community accountability
- Establish future generation ombudsperson or advocacy role with real authority
- Launch youth leadership development and elder wisdom integration programs
- Create community dashboard and reporting system for intergenerational justice progress
- Develop sustainable funding and resource systems for ongoing intergenerational work

Long-Term Vision:

- Community culture that naturally considers seven-generation impact in all decisions
- Strong intergenerational relationships and collaboration across all community sectors
- Youth leadership pipeline that prepares young people for conscious governance responsibility
- Demonstrated improvement in community well-being across environmental, economic, social, and cultural dimensions
- Model intergenerational justice that contributes to global movement for future generation protection

The Intergenerational Justice Metrics Framework provides practical foundation for transforming governance to serve not only current needs but also the welfare of generations yet to come. Through systematic implementation and community engagement, communities can create governance cultures that embody responsibility to both ancestors and descendants while empowering all generations to contribute their unique gifts to collective flourishing.

Contact Information: Global Governance Framework Email: globalgovernanceframeworks@gmail.com Website: [globalgovernanceframework.org]

License: Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International (CC BY-SA 4.0)

Citation: Global Governance Framework. (2025). Intergenerational Justice Metrics Framework. Consciousness & Inner Development Framework Tools Library.

Version Control: This document will be updated based on implementation experience, youth and elder feedback, and research findings. Current version available at [framework tools library link].