NOISE POLLUTION MONITORING CONCLUSION

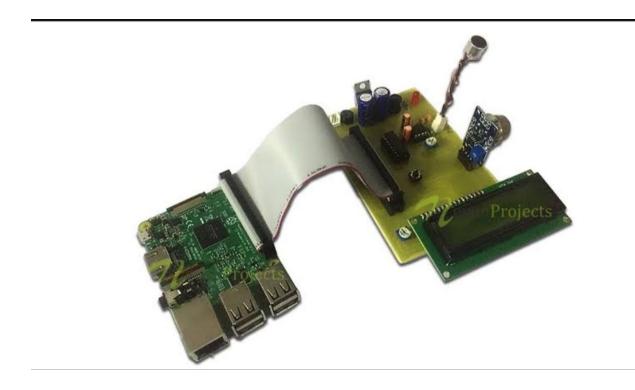
The noise pollution monitoring iot innovation of our team and it efforts is displayed below this document.

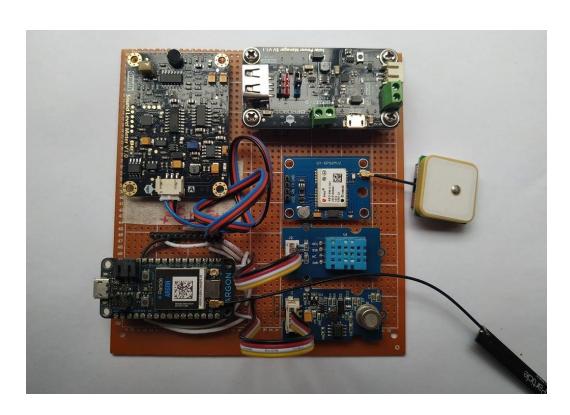
By this Iot innovation ideas we exclusively control the Noise pollution by our idea and implementation is not much costly.

1.project materials:

1.prototype

2.complete building





2.coding used:

```
A)coding for Audio detection
 // Variable to store the time when last event
happened
unsigned long lastEvent = 0;
void setup() {
   pinMode(sensorPin, INPUT);// Set sensor
pin as an INPUT
   Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop() {
   // Read Sound sensor
   int sensorData = digitalRead(sensorPin);
   // If pin goes LOW, sound is detected
```

```
if (sensorData == LOW) {
       // If 25ms have passed since last LOW
state, it means that
       // the sound is detected
       if (millis() - lastEvent > 25) {
           Serial.println("Clap detected!");
       lastEvent = millis();
   pinMode(relayPin, OUTPUT); // Set relay
pin as an OUTPUT pin
   pinMode(sensorPin, INPUT); // Set sensor
pin as an INPUT
```

```
}
void loop() {
   // Read Sound sensor
   int sensorData = digitalRead(sensorPin);
   // If pin goes LOW, sound is detected
   if (sensorData == LOW) {
   // If 25ms have passed since last LOW state,
it means that
   // the clap is detected and not due to any
spurious sounds
   if (millis() - lastEvent > 25) {
       //toggle relay and set the output
       relayState = !relayState;
       digitalWrite(relayPin, relayState?
HIGH: LOW);
```

```
lastEvent = millis();
}
```

Things to monitoring:

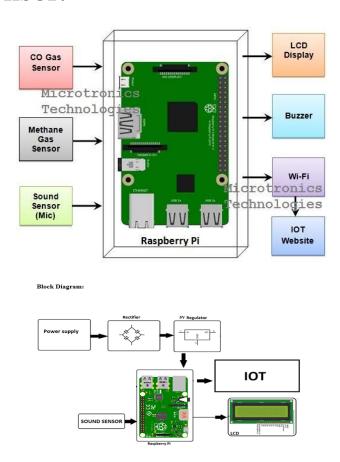
Monitoring noise pollution involves measuring and recording sound levels in a given area to assess the impact of noise on the environment and human health. Here's a basic outline of how you can set up a noise pollution monitoring system:

Hardware Selection:

Choose a suitable noise sensor or microphone. There are various types available, including electret microphones, MEMS microphones, or dedicated noise sensors.

Microcontroller or Data Logger:

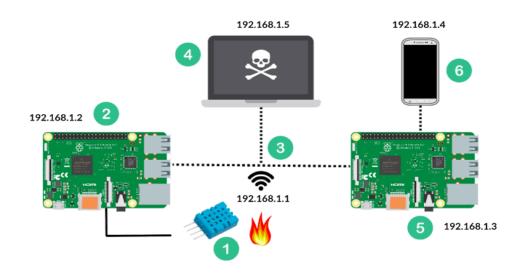
Select a microcontroller (e.g., Arduino, Raspberry Pi) or a data logger (e.g., data acquisition systems) to collect and process data from the sensor.



Data Acquisition and Processing:

Set up the microcontroller or data logger to read data from the noise sensor.

Process the data by measuring sound levels (typically in decibels, dBA is common) over time.



Data Storage:

Store the collected noise data on an SD card, USB drive, or in the cloud for analysis.

Real-time Monitoring:

If real-time monitoring is required, you can connect the system to the internet and transmit data to a server or use IoT platforms for remote monitoring.

Calibration:

Calibrate your noise sensor to ensure accurate measurements. You'll need a calibrated sound source to do this.

Analysis and Visualization:

Use software to analyze the collected data and create visualizations (e.g., graphs) to understand noise patterns and trends.

Alerting:

Implement an alerting system to notify you when noise levels exceed specified thresholds. This can be done through email, SMS, or other notification methods.

Power Supply:

Ensure a reliable power source, especially for long-term monitoring.

Regulatory Compliance:

Familiarize yourself with local noise pollution regulations and ensure your monitoring system complies with them.

Data Sharing:

Depending on your goals, you may want to share your noise data with local authorities, communities, or environmental organizations.

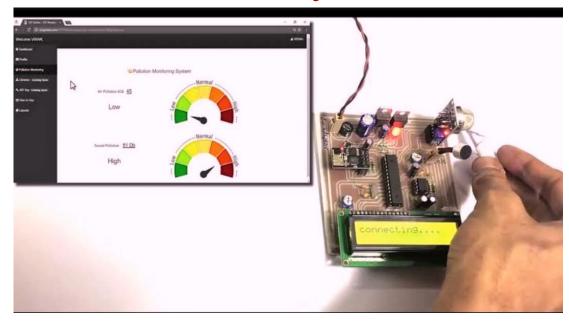
Maintenance:

Regularly maintain and calibrate your monitoring equipment to ensure accurate and consistent data.

Remember that noise pollution monitoring can vary in complexity, from simple DIY setups to more sophisticated and expensive systems used by environmental agencies. The choice of equipment and the level of detail in your system will depend on your specific monitoring needs and budget.

Result:

• Virtual results in system.

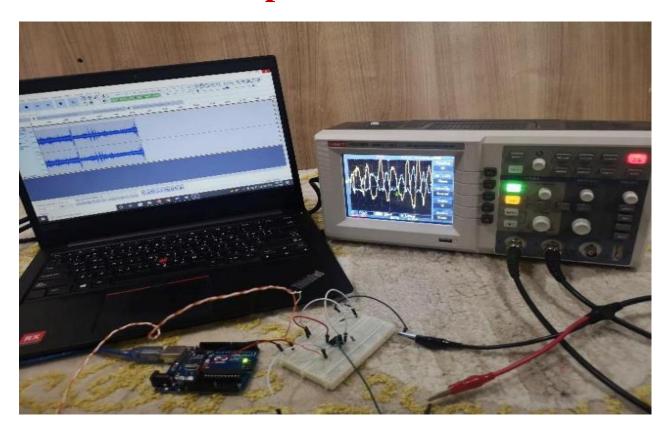


• Result at blynk page.



IoT Based Noise Pollution Monitoring

overall setup visuval



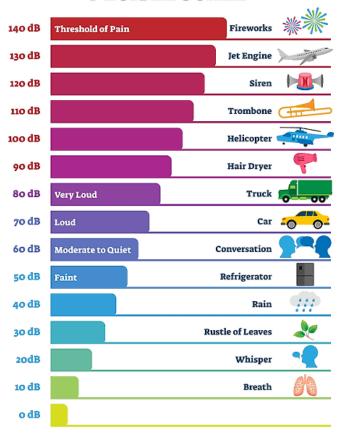
Mobile results



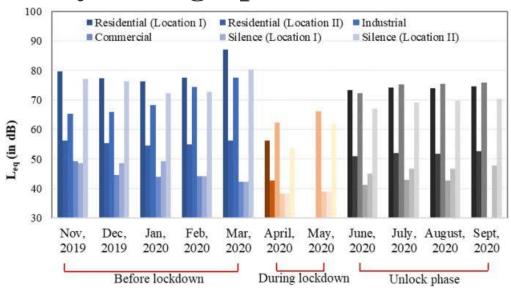
About Noise pollution and harms to people:

Different levels of dB.

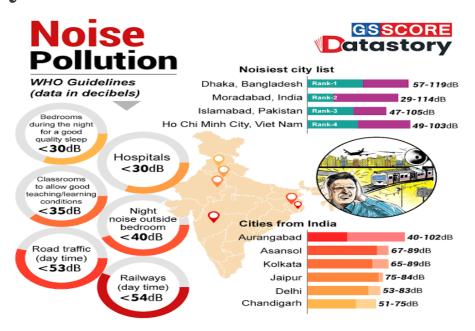
DECIBEL SCALE



• Data by a bar graph



• Overall data collection by Gs data story



• Affected by different types of noise



Overall data and project done by our team

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