What is SQL?

- SQL stands for Structured Query Language
- It can access and manipulate databases
- SQL became a standard of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) in 1986, and of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in 1987.

What Can SQL do?

- SQL can execute queries against a database
- It can retrieve data from a database
- It can insert records in a database
- It can update records in a database
- It can delete records from a database
- It can create new databases
- It can create new tables in a database
- It can create stored procedures in a database
- It can create views in a database
- It can set permissions on tables, procedures, and views

What is database?

- A database is an organized collection of data, so that it can be easily accessed and managed.
- You can organize data into tables, rows, columns, and index it to make it easier to find relevant information.
- Database handlers create a database in such a way that only one set of software program provides access of data to all the users.
- The main purpose of the database is to operate a large amount of information by storing, retrieving, and managing data

What is database table?

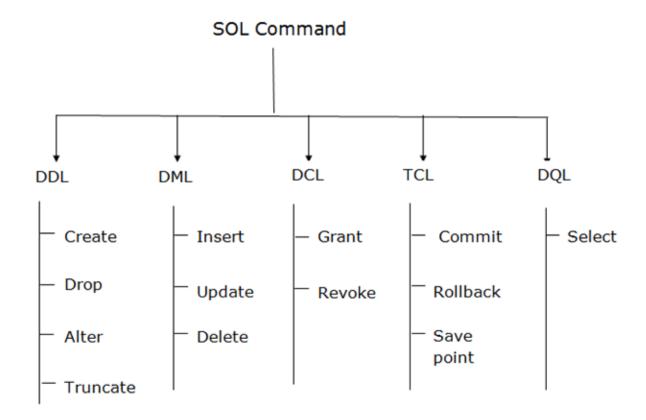
A database most often contains one or more tables. Each table is identified by a name (e.g. "Customers" or "Orders"). Tables contain records (rows) with data.

What is data type?

Data types define the nature of the data that can be stored in a particular column of a table MySQL has 3 main categories of data types namely

- 1. Numeric,
- 2. Text
- 3. Date/time

What are types of sql is used for database?



DDI-(Database Definition Language)

- DDL changes the structure of the table like creating a table, deleting a table, altering a table, etc.
- All the command of DDL are auto-committed that means it permanently save all the changes in the database.

commands

- CREATE
- ALTER
- DROP
- TRUNCATE

BASIC

mysql> create database dbfirst;

• This is first step to create database.

mysql> show databases;

• Second step to show our database

Database
dbfirst
dbsecond
dbthird
information_schema
mysql
performance_schema
sys

7 rows in set (0.04 sec) mysql> use dbthird;

• Which database is used to select

Create table

mysql> create table bank(b_id int, b_name varchar(20), b_salary int); mysql> select* from bank; //show the table mysql> desc students;

```
+----+
| Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
| +-----+
| b_id | int | YES | | NULL | |
| b_name | varchar(20) | YES | | NULL | |
| b_salary | varchar(20) | YES | | NULL | |
| +-----+
```

3 rows in set (0.01 sec)

Alter

```
add
mysql> alter table bank add(e_address varchar(20));
mysql> select* from bank;
+----+
| b_id | b_name | b_salary | e_address |
+----+
| 1 | Kajol | 50000 | NULL |
| 2 | prabhu | 50000 | NULL |
| 3 | Preetha | 120000 | NULL |
```

Drop

```
mysql> alter table learner drop column l_id;
mysql> select*from learner;
+----+
| 1_name | 1_degree | email |
+----+
| Preetha | BA
              | NULL |
| Swetha | BE
              | NULL |
| Kajol | BE
             | NULL |
| Ragini | BSc
             | NULL |
| Meena | BTECH | NULL |
+----+
5 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
```

Rename

```
mysql> alter table learner rename column l_name to l_identity;
mysql> select *from learner;
+----+
| l_identity | l_degree | email |
+----+
| Preetha | BA
                | NULL |
Swetha
        | BE
                | NULL |
| Kajol
        | BE
                | NULL |
| Ragini
         | BSc
               | NULL |
| Meena
         | BTECH | NULL |
+----+
5 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
Truncate
mysql> truncate table learner;
mysql> select*from learner;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
Drop
mysql> drop table bank;
mysql> select*from bank;
ERROR 1146 (42S02): Table 'dbthird.bank' doesn't exist
```

DML

```
mysql> insert into doctor values(8,"chaitali","vadapalani",43),(9,"pranjal","vir
ukambakkam",45);
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 2 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select *from doctor;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
  1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
  2 | radha | virukambakam | 36 |
  3 | rani
         | virukambakkam | 45 |
| 4 | raja | nungambakkam | 56 |
  5 | kumar | adayar
                     | 50 |
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani | 43 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
9 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select* from doctor where d_address='vadapalani' and d_age=43;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani | 43 |
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
                 doctor
                               d_address="virugammbakkam"
mysql>
         update
                         set
                                                           where
d_name="radha";
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> select*from doctor;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address
                       | d age |
+----+
 1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
  2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
  3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
```

```
4 | raja | nungambakkam | 56 |
 5 | kumar | adayar
                      | 50 |
 6 | sridhar | vadapalani
                      | 43 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
9 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select * from doctor where d_address="virukambakkam" or d_age=36;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
  2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
  3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
3 \text{ rows in set } (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select * from doctor;
+----+
| d id | d name | d address | d age |
+----+
  1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
  2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
 3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
  4 | raja | nungambakkam |
                           56
  5 | kumar | adayar
                      | 50 |
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani
                      | 43 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
9 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> delete from doctor where d_address="adayar" or d_name="kumar";
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> selcet * from doctor;
```

ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to

mysql> delete from doctor where d_address="adayar" or d_name="kumar";

use near 'selcet * from doctor' at line 1

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select*from doctor;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
| 1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
| 2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
| 3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
| 4 | raja | nungambakkam | 56 |
| 6 | sridhar | vadapalani | 43 |
| 7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
| 8 | chaitali | vadapalani | 43 |
| 9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

DQL or DSL or DRL

insert the values

(Data Query language)or(data selection language)or(data request or retrived language)

```
Create the database
    Show databases
    +----+
Database
+----+
dbfirst
dbfive
dbsecond
dbseven
dbsix
dbthird
| information_schema |
| mysql
| performance_schema |
sys
+----+
Creating the table
        table
               doctor(d id
                                        varchar(20),d address
create
                           int,d name
varchar(20),d_age int);
```

```
30),(2,"radha","virukambakam",36),(3,"rani","virukambakkam",45),(4,"r
aja", "nungambakkam", 56), (5, "kumar", "adayar", 50), (6, "sridhar", "vadapal
ani",43);
select*from doctor;
+----+
| d id | d name | d address | d age |
+----+
  1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
| 2 | radha | virukambakam | 36 |
3 | rani | virukambakkam |
                          45 |
| 4 | raja | nungambakkam | 56 |
| 5 | kumar | adayar
| 6 | sridhar | vadapalani | 43 |
+----+
insert into doctor values(7,"chaithra", "saligramam", 45);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> select * from doctor;
+----+
| d id | d name | d address | d age |
+----+
  1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
  2 | radha | virukambakam |
         | virukambakkam | 45 |
| 3 | rani
| 4 | raja
         | nungambakkam |
| 5 | kumar | adayar
 6 | sridhar | vadapalani | 43 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
+----+
7 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
Where command should be used(=)
mysql> select d_name from doctor where d_age=45;
+----+
| d name |
+----+
| rani |
| chaithra |
+----+
Where command should be used(>)
```

mysql>

insert

into

doctor

values(1,"rajesh","saligramam",

```
ysql> select d_name from doctor where d_age>40;
+----+
| d name |
+----+
rani
| raja
| kumar |
| sridhar |
| chaithra |
+----+
5 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
insert into doctor values(8,"chaitali","vadapalani",43),(9,"pranjal","vir
ukambakkam",45);
select *from doctor;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
 1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
 2 | radha | virukambakam | 36 |
 3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
 4 | raja
        | nungambakkam | 56 |
 5 | kumar | adayar
                    | 50 |
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani | 43 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani | 43 |
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+-----
SQL "AND" example with "SELECT" statement
select* from doctor where d_address='vadapalani' and d_age=43;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
| 6 | sridhar | vadapalani | 43 |
```

| 8 | chaitali | vadapalani | 43 | +----+

```
mysql> update doctor set d_address="virugammbakkam"
                                                    where
d_name="radha";
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> select*from doctor;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address
+----+
  1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
| 3 | rani
        | virukambakkam | 45 |
4 | raja | nungambakkam |
| 5 | kumar | adayar
                    | 50 |
| 6 | sridhar | vadapalani | 43 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Sql 'or' condition

```
select * from doctor where d_address="virukambakkam" or d_age=36;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
| 2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
| 3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
| 9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Delete command should be used in or command

```
+----+
| 1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
| 2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
| 3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
| 4 | raja | nungambakkam | 56 |
| 5 | kumar | adayar | 50 |
```

```
6 | sridhar | vadapalani
  7 | chaithra | saligramam
                        | 45 |
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
9 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql>
         delete
                               where
                                       d_address="adayar"
                from
                       doctor
                                                           or
d_name="kumar";
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
                from
         delete
                                       d_address="adayar"
mysql>
                       doctor
                               where
                                                           or
d_name="kumar";
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> select*from doctor;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
  1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
  2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
         | virukambakkam | 45 |
 3 | rani
  4 | raja
          | nungambakkam |
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani
                          43 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
```

Sql 'as' to be used

select d_id as ID,d_name as 'Name',d_address as 'Address',d_age as Age from doctor;

```
+----+
| ID | Name | Address
                      | Age |
+----+
  1 | rajesh | saligramam
                      | 30 |
  2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
  3 | rani
         | virukambakkam | 45 |
  4 | raja
         | nungambakkam | 56 |
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani
                      | 43 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
                     | 43 |
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
```

```
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
(its used to change the table name)
mysql> select sum(Age), Address from doctor group by Address;
ERROR 1054 (42S22): Unknown column 'Age' in 'field list'
mysql> select*from doctor;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
  1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
  2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
 3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
 4 | raja
        | nungambakkam | 56 |
 6 | sridhar | vadapalani
  7 | chaithra | saligramam
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
8 \text{ rows in set } (0.00 \text{ sec})
Group by
mysql> select sum(d_age),d_address from doctor group by d_address;
+----+
| sum(d_age) | d_address
+----+
    75 | saligramam
    36 | virugammbakkam |
    90 | virukambakkam |
    56 | nungambakkam |
    86 | vadapalani |
+----+
5 rows in set (0.01 \text{ sec})
Sql 'order by'
mysql> select * from doctor;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
  1 | rajesh | saligramam
                       | 30 |
```

```
2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
  3 | rani
          | virukambakkam |
                            45 |
  4 | raja
          | nungambakkam |
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani
                          43 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select* from doctor order by d_name asc;
+----+
| d id | d name | d address
+----+
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
  7 | chaithra | saligramam
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
  2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
  4 | raja
         | nungambakkam |
                            56
  1 | rajesh | saligramam
  3 | rani
         | virukambakkam | 45 |
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select* from doctor order by d_name dsc;
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the
manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right
syntax to use near 'dsc' at line 1
mysql> select* from doctor order by d_name desc;
+----+
| d id | d name | d address
+----+
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani
                          43 |
  3 | rani
         | virukambakkam | 45 |
  1 | rajesh | saligramam
  4 | raja
         | nungambakkam |
  2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam
```

8 | chaitali | vadapalani

8 rows in set (0.00 sec)

+----+

```
mysql> select* from doctor order by rand() limit 1;
+----+
| d id | d name | d address | d age |
+----+
  3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
mysql> select* from doctor order by d_name asc where d_age >40;
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the
manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right
syntax to use near 'where d_age >40' at line 1
mysql> select* from doctor order by rand();
+----+
| d id | d name | d address
                        | d age |
+----+
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam
                         45 |
        | virukambakkam | 45 |
  3 | rani
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani
                      | 43 |
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
                        43 |
  1 | rajesh | saligramam
                      | 30 |
  2 | radha | virugammbakkam |
  4 | raja | nungambakkam |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
COUNT
select *from doctor;
+----+
| d id | d name | d address
                        | d age |
+----+
  1 | rajesh | saligramam | 30 |
  2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
  3 | rani
        | virukambakkam | 45 |
  4 | raja
         | nungambakkam | 56 |
```

6 | sridhar | vadapalani 7 | chaithra | saligramam 8 | chaitali | vadapalani

9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 | +-----+

```
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
select count(*) from doctor where d_age>=30;
+----+
| count(*) |
+----+
    8 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select count( distinct d_name) from doctor;
+----+
| count( distinct d_name) |
+----+
            8 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
mysql> select d_age,count(*) from doctor group by d_age;
+----+
| d_age | count(*) |
+----+
  30 | 1 |
  36 |
         1 |
| 45 |
         3 |
| 56 | 1 |
| 43 |
         2 |
+----+
5 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select d_age,count(*) from doctor group by d_age having
count(*)>40;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select d_age,count(*) from doctor group by d_age having
count(*)>30;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
AGGREGATION
mysql> select sum(d_age) from doctor;
+----+
| sum(d_age) |
+----+
```

```
343 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select avg(d_age) from doctor;
+----+
| avg(d_age) |
+----+
| 42.8750 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select MAX(d_age) from doctor;
+----+
| MAX(d_age) |
+----+
    56 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select Min(d_age) from doctor;
+----+
| Min(d_age) |
+----+
    30 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
ql>
mysql> select d_age,count(*) from doctor group by d_age having
count(*)>40;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select count(*) from doctor where d_age>=30;
+----+
| count(*) |
+----+
    8 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql> select *from doctor;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
```

```
1 | rajesh | saligramam
                      | 30 |
  2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
  3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
 4 | raja
        | nungambakkam | 56 |
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani
  7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select* from doctor order by d_name asc,d_age desc;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
  8 | chaitali | vadapalani | 43 |
  7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
  9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
2 | radha | virugammbakkam | 36 |
| 4 | raja | nungambakkam | 56 |
 1 | rajesh | saligramam
                       | 30 |
  3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
  6 | sridhar | vadapalani | 43 |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select *from doctor where d_age=45 order by name asc;
ERROR 1054 (42S22): Unknown column 'name' in 'order clause'
mysql> select *from doctor where d_age=45 order by d_name asc;
+----+
| d_id | d_name | d_address | d_age |
+----+
 7 | chaithra | saligramam | 45 |
9 | pranjal | virukambakkam | 45 |
3 | rani | virukambakkam | 45 |
+----+
```

TCL commands

mysql> use dbsecond; Database changed mysql> select *from students;

```
+----+
| s_id | s_name | s_degree |
+----+
  1 | Ruthra | BE
  2 | Durga | BE
  3 | Vicky | BE
 4 | rajesh | BE
  5 | Ramya | BE
  6 | Raja | BA
  7 | Ragav | BSC
| 8 | vidhya | BA
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> commit;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> insert students set s_name='sheela' where s_id=6;
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the
manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right
syntax to use near 'where s_id=6' at line 1
mysql> update students set s_name='sheela' where s_id=6;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> start transaction;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> savepoint A;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> update students set s_name='srihari' where s_id=7;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> savepoint B;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> ROLLBACK to B;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from students;
+----+
| s_id | s_name | s_degree |
```

```
1 | Ruthra | BE
  2 | Durga | BE
  3 | Vicky | BE
  4 | rajesh | BE
  5 | Ramya | BE
  6 | sheela | BA
  7 | srihari | BSC
  8 | vidhya | BA
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> ROLLBACK to A;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from students;
+----+
| s_id | s_name | s_degree |
+----+
  1 | Ruthra | BE
  2 | Durga | BE
  3 | Vicky | BE
  4 | rajesh | BE
  5 | Ramya | BE
  6 | sheela | BA
  7 | Ragav | BSC
  8 | vidhya | BA
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select *from students where s_degree='BA';
+----+
| s_id | s_name | s_degree |
+----+
  6 | sheela | BA
  8 | vidhya | BA
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> alter table students add s_salary int;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

BOOLEAN EXPRESSION

mysql> alter table students add s_salary int;

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select* from students;
+----+
| s_id | s_name | s_degree | s_salary |
+----+
  1 | Ruthra | BE
                     NULL |
  2 | Durga | BE
                     NULL |
  3 | Vicky | BE
                     NULL |
  4 | rajesh | BE
                    NULL |
  5 | Ramya | BE
                      NULL |
  6 | sheela | BA
                     NULL |
  7 | Ragav | BSC
                      NULL |
  8 | vidhya | BA
                     NULL |
+----+
8 \text{ rows in set } (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> update students set s_salary= 10000 where s_id=1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> select* from students;
+----+
| s_id | s_name | s_degree | s_salary |
+----+
  1 | Ruthr | BE
                    10000 |
  2 | Durga | BE
                     NULL |
  3 | Vicky | BE
                     NULL |
  4 | rajesh | BE
                    NULL |
  5 | Ramya | BE
                      NULL |
  6 | sheela | BA
                     NULL |
  7 | Ragav | BSC
                     NULL |
  8 | vidhya | BA
                     NULL |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> update students set s_salary= 20000 where s_id=2;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> update students set s_salary= 20000 where s_id=3;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update students set s_salary= 25000 where s_id=4;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update students set s_salary= 25000 where s_id=5;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update students set s_salary= 15000 where s_id=6;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update students set s_salary= 15000 where s_id=7;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update students set s_salary= 10000 where s_id=8;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> select *from students;
+----+
| s_id | s_name | s_degree | s_salary |
+----+
  1 | Ruthra | BE | 10000 |
 2 | Durga | BE
                     20000 |
| 3 | Vicky | BE
                  | 20000|
 4 | rajesh | BE
                  | 25000 |
  5 | Ramya | BE
                   | 25000 |
  6 | sheela | BA
                     15000
                   | 15000 |
  7 | Ragav | BSC
  8 | vidhya | BA
                  | 10000|
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
'WHERE' CONDITION
mysql> select * from students where s_salary=10000;
+----+
| s_id | s_name | s_degree | s_salary |
```

```
+----+
  1 | Ruthra | BE
                    10000 |
  8 | vidhya | BA
                | 10000 |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
ADDITION
mysql> select (25000+25000) as addition;
+----+
| addition |
+----+
  50000 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
GET TIME
mysql> select current_timestamp;
+----+
| current_timestamp |
+----+
| 2023-06-28 11:26:27 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
ACTIVITY query
create database dbnine;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> show databases;
+----+
| Database
+----+
dbfirst
dbfive
dbnine
dbsecond
dbseven
| dbsix
dbthird
| information_schema |
mysql
```

mysql> use dbnine;

Database changed

mysql> create table empdeatails(emp_id int,emp_names varchar(20),job_name verchar(20),manager_id int,hire_date int,salry int,commision int,dep_id int);

ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'verchar(20),manager_id int,hire_date int,salry int,commision int,dep_id int)' at line 1

mysql> create table empdeatails(emp_id int,emp_names varchar(20),job_name varchar(20),manager_id int,hire_date int,salry int,commision int,dep_id int);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> desc empdeatails;

```
+----+
            | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
| Field | Type
+----+
emp_id int
             |YES||NULL|
| emp_names | varchar(20) | YES | | NULL
| job name | varchar(20) | YES | | NULL
| manager_id | int
              | YES | NULL
| hire date | int
             | YES | NULL |
            YES | NULL |
salry
     | int
| commission | int
              | YES | NULL |
| dep_id | int
             | YES | NULL |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.03 \text{ sec})
```

mysql> insert into empdeatails values(68319,'kayling','president', ,19-11-18,6000, ,1001);

ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near ',19-11-18,6000, ,1001)' at line 1

mysql> insert into empdeatails values(68319,'kayling','president',19-11-18,6000,1001);

ERROR 1136 (21S01): Column count doesn't match value count at row 1

```
mysql> insert into empdeatails values(68319,'kayling','president','null',19-
11-18,6000,'null',1001);
ERROR 1366 (HY000): Incorrect integer value: 'null' for column
'manager_id' at row 1
mysql> insert into empdeatails values(68319,'kayling','president',0,19-11-
18,6000,0,1001);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
                             into
                                                   empdeatails
mysql>insert
values(66928, 'blaze', 'manager', 68319, 1991-05-
01,2750,0,3001),(67832,'clare','manager',68319,1991-06-
09,2550,0,1001),(65646,'jonas','manager',68319,1991-04-
02,2957,0,2001),(67858,'scarlet','analyst',65646,1997-04-
19,3100,0,2001),(69062,'frank','analyst',65646,1991-12-03,3100,0,2001);
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select*from empdeatails;
emp_id | emp_names | job_name | manager_id | hire_date | salry |
commision | dep_id |
| 68319 | kayling | president |
                             0 |
                                   -10 | 6000 |
                                                  0 | 1001 |
```

1985 | 2750 | | 66928 | blaze manager 68319 0 | 3001 67832 | clare manager 68319 | 1976 | 2550 | 0 | 1001

| 65646 | jonas 1985 | 2957 | manager 68319 0 | 2001

65646 1974 | 3100 | | 67858 | scarlet | analyst | 0 | 2001 | | 69062 | frank | analyst | 65646 1976 | 3100 | 0 | 2001 |

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

update empdeatails set hire_date=1991-11-18 where mysql> emp id=68319;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> select*from empdeatails;

```
---+
| emp_id | emp_names | job_name | manager_id | hire_date | salry |
commision | dep_id |
| 68319 | kayling | president |
                              1962 | 6000 |
                          0 |
                                           0 | 1001 |
 66928 | blaze
            manager
                        68319 |
                                1985 | 2750 |
                                             0 | 3001
67832 | clare
            manager
                        68319 |
                                1976 | 2550 |
                                             0 | 1001
                                1985 | 2957 |
65646 | jonas
            manager
                        68319
                                             0 | 2001
| 67858 | scarlet | analyst |
                       65646
                              1974 | 3100 |
                                            0 | 2001 |
69062 | frank
            | analyst |
                       65646
                              1976 | 3100 |
                                            0 | 2001 |
---+
6 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> alter table empdeatails drop column commision;
Ouery OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from empdeatails;
+-----+
emp id emp names job name manager id hire date salry
dep_id |
+-----+
| 68319 | kayling | president |
                              1962 | 6000 | 1001 |
                          0 |
| 66928 | blaze
            manager
                                1985 | 2750 | 3001 |
                        68319 |
```

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

| 67858 | scarlet | analyst |

| 67832 | clare

| 65646 | ionas

| 69062 | frank

mysql> alter table empdeatails add column commision;

ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near " at line 1

68319

68319 |

65646

65646

+----+

1976 | 2550 | 1001 |

1985 | 2957 | 2001 | 1974 | 3100 | 2001 |

1976 | 3100 | 2001 |

mysql> alter table empdeatails add commision int;

| manager |

| manager |

| analyst |

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from empdeatails;	+	+				
+ emp_id emp_names job_name manager_id hire_date salry						
dep_id commision ++						
+						
68319 kayling president NULL	0	1962 6000 1001				
66928 blaze manager NULL	68319	1985 2750 3001				
67832 clare manager NULL	68319	1976 2550 1001				
65646 jonas manager NULL	68319	1985 2957 2001				
67858 scarlet analyst NULL	65646	1974 3100 2001				
69062 frank analyst	65646	1976 3100 2001				
NULL ++	+	+				
+	ı	1 1 1				
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)						
mysql> update empdeatails set commission=4000 where dep_id=1001 or dep_id=3001; ERROR 1054 (42S22): Unknown column 'commission' in 'field list' mysql> update empdeatails set commision=4000 where dep_id=1001 or dep_id=3001; Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.00 sec)						
Rows matched: 3 Changed: 3 Warnings: 0						
mysql> select * from empdeatails;						
+	+					
emp_id emp_names job_name manager_id hire_date salry dep_id commision						
+ 68319 kayling president						

66928 blaze	manager		68319	1985 2750	3001	
4000 67832 clare	manager		68319	1976 2550	1001	
4000 65646 jonas	manager		68319	1985 2957	2001	
NULL 67858 scarlet	analyst		65646	1974 3100	2001	
NULL 69062 frank	analyst	1	65646	1976 3100	2001	
	++		+	++		
6 rows in set (0.00	sec)					
mysql> delete from empdeatails where job_name='analyst'; Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.00 sec)						
mysql> select * fro		,	+	+++		
+ emp_id emp_names job_name manager_id hire_date salry dep_id commision ++						
+	1					
68319 kayling	president		0 1962	2 6000 1001	4000	
66928 blaze 4000	manager		68319	1985 2750	3001	
	manager		68319	1976 2550	1001	
•	manager		68319	1985 2957	2001	
+			+	++		
4 rows in set (0.00	sec)					

mysql> delete from empdeatails where job_name='manager' ,emp_name='clare';

ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near ',emp_name='clare" at line 1

mysql> delete from empdeatails where emp_name='clare';

ERROR 1054 (42S22): Unknown column 'emp_name' in 'where clause'

mysql> delete from empdeatails where emp_names='clare'; Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from empdeatails;						
++ emp_id emp_names job_name manager_id hire_date salry dep_id commision ++						
+ 68319 kayling president 0 1962 6000 1001 4000						
66928 blaze manager 68319 1985 2750 3001 4000						
65646 jonas manager 68319 1985 2957 2001 NULL						
++ 3 rows in set (0.00 sec) mysql> update empdeatails set manager_id=68310 where job_name='president'; Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec) Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0 mysql> select * from empdeatails;						
++ emp_id emp_names job_name manager_id hire_date salry dep_id commision						
++ +						
68319 kayling president 68310 1962 6000 1001 4000						
66928 blaze manager 68319 1985 2750 3001 4000						
65646 jonas manager 68319 1985 2957 2001 NULL						
++ 3 rows in set (0.00 sec)						

mysql> truncate table empdeatails;

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
     mysql> select * from empdeatails;
     Empty set (0.00 sec)
     mysql> drop table empdeatails;
     Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
     mysql> select * from empdeatails;
     ERROR 1146 (42S02): Table 'dbnine.empdeatails' doesn't exist
     mysql>
mysql> create database DBA;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)
mysql> show databases;
+----+
Database
+----+
dba
dbfirst
| dbfive
dbnine
dbsecond
dbseven
dbsix
| dbthird
| information_schema |
| mysql
| performance_schema |
sys
+----+
12 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> use DBA;
Database changed
mysql> create table A(id int, name varchar(20), amount int, age int,
phonenumber int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> create table B(id int, course varchar(20), address varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> insert into A
values(112,"ruthra",20000,23,0987),(113,"santhya",15000,21,7654),(116,"akash
",34000,25,8765),(117,"sathish",20000,27,8978),(119,"suren",30000,24,9867),(
210,"narmatha",23000,22,9768);
Query OK, 6 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 6 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select*from A;
+----+
| id | name | amount | age | phonenumber |
+----+
| 112 | ruthra | 20000 | 23 |
                              987 |
| 113 | santhya | 15000 | 21 |
                             7654 |
| 116 | akash | 34000 | 25 |
                             8765 |
| 117 | sathish | 20000 | 27 |
                             8978 |
| 119 | suren | 30000 | 24 |
                             9867
| 210 | narmatha | 23000 | 22 |
                               9768
+----+
6 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
```

mysql> insert into B values(117,"phython", "saligramam");

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> insert into B values(210,"ccna","nungambakkam");

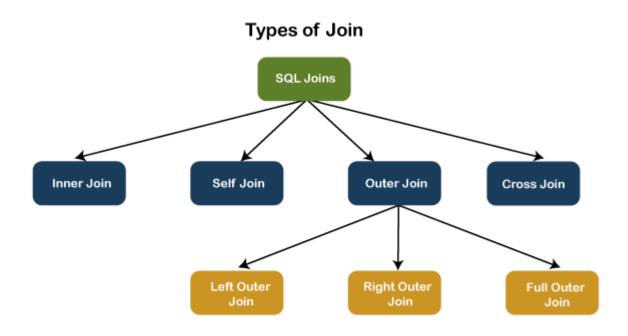
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into B values(113," sql","nandhanam"),(220,"java","annanagar");

Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.00 sec)

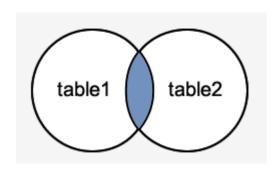
Records: 2 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

JOIN



```
mysql> select*from A;
+----+-----+
| id | name | amount | age | phonenumber |
+----+-----+
| 112 | ruthra | 20000 | 23 | 987 |
| 113 | santhya | 15000 | 21 | 7654 |
| 116 | akash | 34000 | 25 | 8765 |
| 117 | sathish | 20000 | 27 | 8978 |
```

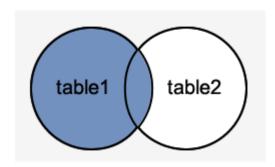
INNER JOIN



```
sql> select A.name,A.amount,B.course from A inner join B on A.id = B.id;
+-----+
| name | amount | course |
+-----+
| santhya | 15000 | sql |
```

```
| sathish | 20000 | phython |
| narmatha | 23000 | ccna |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

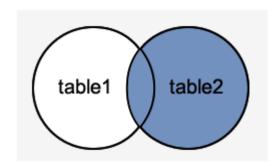
LEFT OUTER JOIN



mysql> select A.name, A.amount, B.course from A left outer join B on A.id = B.id;

```
+----+
| name | amount | course |
+-----+
| ruthra | 20000 | NULL |
| santhya | 15000 | sql |
| akash | 34000 | NULL |
| sathish | 20000 | phython |
| suren | 30000 | NULL |
| narmatha | 23000 | ccna |
+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

RIGHT OUTER JOIN



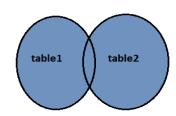
mysql> select A.name, A.amount, B.course from A right outer join B on A.id = B.id;

```
+----+
| name | amount | course |
+-----+
| sathish | 20000 | phython |
| narmatha | 23000 | ccna |
| santhya | 15000 | sql |
| NULL | NULL | java |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

mysql> select A.name,A.amount,B.course from A full outer join B on A.id = B.id;

ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'outer join B on A.id = B.id' at line 1

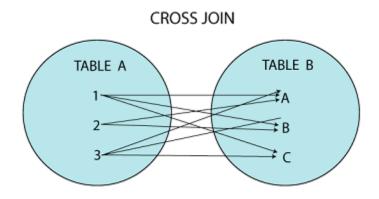
FULL OUTER JOIN



mysql>SELECT EMPLOYEE.ID, EMPLOYEE.NAME, DEPARTMENT.NAME AS DEPARTMENT_NAME

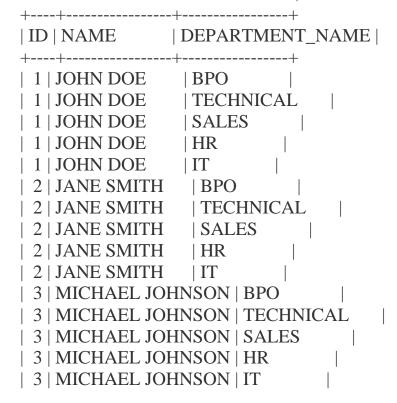
- -> FROM EMPLOYEE
- -> FULL OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENT ON EMPLOYEE.DEPARTMENT ID = DEPARTMENT.ID;

CROSS JOIN



mysql> SELECT EMPLOYEE.ID, EMPLOYEE.NAME, DEPARTMENT.NAME AS DEPARTMENT_NAME

- -> FROM EMPLOYEE
- -> CROSS JOIN DEPARTMENT;



```
| 4 | SARAH WILLIAMS | BPO
4 | SARAH WILLIAMS | TECHNICAL
 4 | SARAH WILLIAMS | SALES
 4 | SARAH WILLIAMS | HR
 4 | SARAH WILLIAMS | IT
 5 | ROBERT LEE
                   | BPO
 5 | ROBERT LEE
                   | TECHNICAL
 5 | ROBERT LEE
                   SALES
 5 | ROBERT LEE
                  | HR
 5 | ROBERT LEE
                  | IT
 6 | ROBERT DAVE
                    BPO
 6 | ROBERT DAVE
                    | TECHNICAL
| 6 | ROBERT DAVE
                    SALES
| 6 | ROBERT DAVE
                    | HR
 6 | ROBERT DAVE
                    | IT
 7 | SMITH
               BPO
 7 | SMITH
                TECHNICAL
 7 | SMITH
                SALES
 7 | SMITH
               | HR
| 7 | SMITH
               | IT
35 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

SELF JOIN

mysql> SELECT e1.ID, e1.NAME FROM EMPLOYEE AS e1, EMPLOYEE e2 WHERE e1.ID = e2.ID;

Other function

```
select*from eb;
+-----+
| car_Name | car_color | car_price |
+-----+
| hyundai | red | 900000 |
| KiaSonet | white | 1000000 |
| KiaSonet | black | 1500000 |
| hyundai | black | 1250000 |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

WILD CARD

```
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select*from eb where car_color like 'b_a_k';
+----+
| car_Name | car_color | car_price |
+----+
| KiaSonet | black | 1500000 |
| hyundai | black | 1250000 |
+----+
2 \text{ rows in set } (0.00 \text{ sec})
CONCAT
mysql> select concat('hyundai','kiasonet');
+----+
| concat('hyundai','kiasonet') |
+----+
| hyundaikiasonet
+----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
UPPER
mysql> select upper('hyundai');
+----+
| upper('hyundai') |
+----+
| HYUNDAI
```

```
+----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
LOWER
mysql> select lower('HYUNDAI');
+----+
| lower('HYUNDAI') |
+----+
| hyundai
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
LENGTH
mysql> select char_length('kiasonet');
+----+
| char_length('kiasonet') |
+----+
          8 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
REVERSE
mysql> select reverse(car_name)from eb;
+----+
| reverse(car_name) |
+----+
iadnuyh |
```

CLAUSE

mysql> select car_name,car_color,car_price from eb order by (case when car_color is null then car_price else car_color end);

```
+-----+
| car_name | car_color | car_price |
+-----+
| KiaSonet | black | 1500000 |
| hyundai | black | 1250000 |
| hyundai | red | 900000 |
| KiaSonet | white | 1000000 |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

<u>If</u>

```
Mysql>select if (900000>50000,'yes','no');
+-----+
| if (900000>50000,'yes','no') |
```

yes	
+	+
1 row in set (0.00 s	sec)