1.5.26

GNANTHIK LUCKY -EE25BTECH11038

August 23,2025

Question

Let P and Q be the points of trisection of the line segment that join the points A (2,-2) and B (-7,4) such that P is closer to A. Find the coordinates of P and Q.

formula

D divides BC in the ratio k:1,

$$\mathbf{D} = \frac{k\mathbf{C} + \mathbf{B}}{k+1}$$

Theoretical Solution

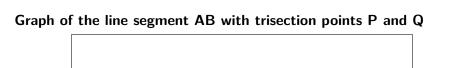
Let
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$
, $B = \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$

Point P (Nearer to A, Ratio 1:2):

$$P = \frac{1}{3}B + \frac{2}{3}A = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} -7\\4 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{2}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 2\\-2 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$P = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1 \times (-7) + 2 \times 2}{3}\\ \frac{1 \times 4 + 2 \times (-2)}{3} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1\\0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Point Q (Further from A, Ratio 2 : 1):

$$Q = \frac{2}{3}B + \frac{1}{3}A = \frac{2}{3} \begin{pmatrix} -7\\4 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 2\\-2 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2 \times (-7) + 1 \times 2}{3} \\ \frac{2 \times 4 + 1 \times (-2)}{3} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4\\2 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$P = (-1, 0) \qquad Q = (-4, 2)$$



figs/1.jpg

