

# 4.7.25

EE25BTECH11033 - Kavin

## Question:

Find the points on the line  $x+y = 4$  which lie at a unit distance from the line  $4x+3y = 10$ .

## Solution:

According to the question,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Equation of line } L_1: (1 \quad 1) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} &= 4 \\ \implies n_1^T \mathbf{x} &= c_1 \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Equation of line } L_2: (4 \quad 3) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} &= 10 \\ \implies n_2^T \mathbf{x} &= c_2 \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

The distance  $\lambda$  of a vector  $\mathbf{P}$  from the line  $\mathbf{n}_2^T \mathbf{x} = c_2$  is given by ,

$$\lambda = \frac{|\mathbf{n}_2^T \mathbf{P} - c_2|}{\|\mathbf{n}_2\|} \quad (3)$$

$$\lambda \|\mathbf{n}_2\| = |\mathbf{n}_2^T \mathbf{P} - c_2| \quad (4)$$

$$\implies \mathbf{n}_2^T \mathbf{P} = c_2 \pm \lambda \|\mathbf{n}_2\| \quad (5)$$

Also, as  $\mathbf{P}$  lies on line  $L_1$ ,

$$\mathbf{n}_1^T \mathbf{P} = c_1 \quad (6)$$

On putting eqns (5) and (6) in matrix form we will get,

$$\begin{pmatrix} n_1 & n_2 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \pm \lambda \|\mathbf{n}_2\| \end{pmatrix} \quad (7)$$

where,

$$\lambda = 1$$

On substituting the values we will get,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 10 \pm 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad (8)$$

with the augmented matrix followed by row reduction

$$\begin{aligned} \xleftrightarrow{R_2=R_2-4R_1} \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & -6 \pm 5 \end{array} \right) & \xleftrightarrow{R_2=-R_2} \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 6 \mp 5 \end{array} \right) \\ & \xleftrightarrow{R_1=R_1-R_2} \left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & -2 \pm 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 6 \mp 5 \end{array} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Therefore the points on  $L_1$  which lie at a unit distance from the line  $L_2$  are ,

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

