Adigraph, V1.2

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## Introduction

### 1.1 What is Adigraph?

**Adigraph** is a latex library for drawing directed graphs and augmenting directed graphs, and to draw cuts over them.

It handles automatically the positioning of labels, with the exception of the horizontal position, and the inclinations of cuts.

The latest version is available on Github.

#### 1.2 License

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## Setup

## 2.1 Installing the dependencies

Clearly you need to have texlive installed. Then, make sure you have the following packages:

fp Used for floating point calculations.

xparse Used for elaborating parameters.

xstring Used for elaborating strings.

etoolbox Used for operations on lists.

tikz Used for drawing the actual graphs.

tikz calc library Used for some internal calculations in tikz.

To be sure you can run the following, that will install the packages only if they are not already present:

```
sudo tlmgr install etoolbox fp xstring
```

## 2.2 Installing Adigraph

You can install Adigraph, if it isn't already present in your setup, by running the following on Unix systems:

```
| sudo tlmgr install adigraph
```

On windows you should check on your package manager of choice (some latex distribution have a tlmgr implementation on windows too.)

# Usage

### 3.1 Creating a new graph

Here we create a new Adigraph object, called myAdigraph.

## 3.2 Changing an existing graph

You can renovate an older graph by calling \RenewAdigraph

## 3.3 Adding nodes

We set its nodes with the following syntax: < node name, color: x coordinate, y coordinate: label>.

#### 3.3.1 Custom node colors

To color a node you can use the following syntax: < node name, textual color: x coordinate, y coordinate>. For example, to draw s in red and t in blue we would write:

```
1  \NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
2     s,red:0,0;
3     t,blue:4,0;
4  }
5  \myAdigraph{}
```

Tested available colors are: red, blue, black, green. You may extend the possible colors with LaTex libraries such as xcolor.

#### 3.3.2 Custom node labels

To add a custom label you can use the following syntax: either <node name: x coordinate, y coordinate: node label> or <node name, textual color: x coordinate, y coordinate: node label> will work:

## 3.4 Automatically position nodes

When no coordinates are given or you just don't have time to think abount where to put those nodes, just choose a radius and Adigraph will position them on the circle of that radius.

```
\text{NewAdigraph\{myAdigraph\}\{} \\ 1:0,0; \\ 3 \\ 2:2; \\ 4 \\ 2; \\ 5 \\ 2; \\ 7 \\ 6:2; \\ 8:2; \\ 9 \\ 8:2; \\ 1 \\ \myAdigraph\{\}\}
```

## 3.4.1 Colored automatically positioned nodes

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    1:0,0;
    2,purple:2;
    3,brown:2;
    4,gray:2;
    5,blue:2;
    6,red:2;
    7,green:2;
    8,pink:2;
}
// myAdigraph{}

Authorized the state of the state
```

## 3.5 Adding edges

We set its nodes with the following syntax: < node name: x coordinate, y coordinate, color: label>.

## 3.5.1 A simple edge

## 3.5.2 A colored simple edge

### 3.5.3 A weighted edge

## 3.5.4 A weighted edge with label

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
s:0,0;
t:4,0;

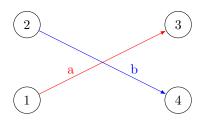
s,t:56:myLabel;
}
// myAdigraph{}
```

## 3.5.5 Edge in both directions

### 3.5.6 Edge with weights in both directions

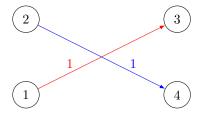
## 3.5.7 Positioning labels

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    1:0,0;
    2:0,2;
    3:4,2;
    4:4,0;
}{
    1,3,red:1:a:near start;
    2,4,blue:1:b:near end;
}
/myAdigraph{}
```



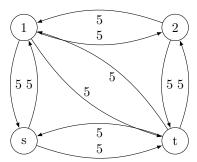
## 3.5.8 Positioning weights

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    1:0,0;
    2:0,2;
    3:4,2;
    4:4,0;
}{
    1,3,red:1::near start;
    2,4,blue:1::near end;
}
myAdigraph{}
```



### 3.5.9 Multiple edges with weights

```
\NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
         s:0,0;
2
         t:4,0;
3
         1:0,3;
4
         2:4,3;
5
    }{
         s,t:5;
         t,s:5;
         s,1:5;
         1,s:5;
10
         1,2:5;
11
         2,1:5;
         2,t:5;
13
         t,2:5;
14
         t,1:5;
15
         1,t:5;
16
17
    \myAdigraph{}
```

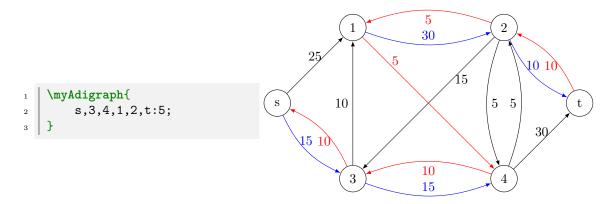


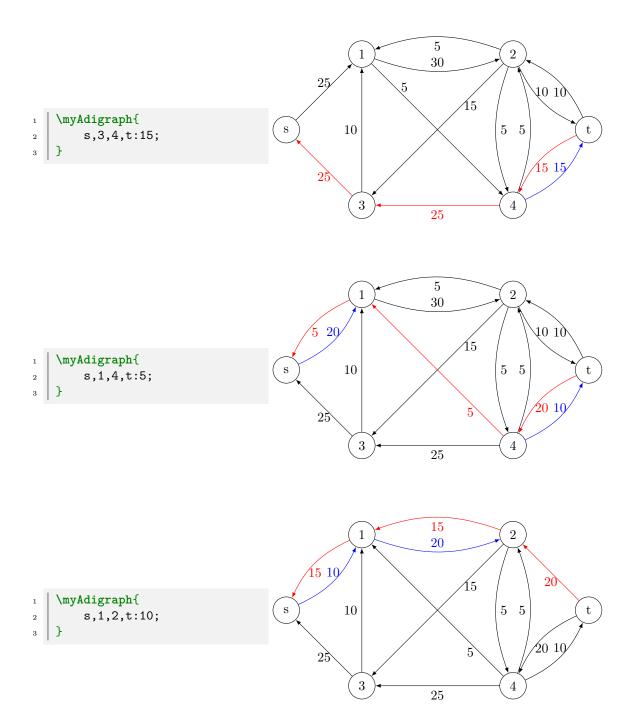
## 3.6 Augmenting paths

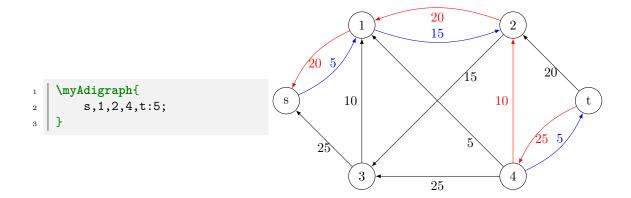
An augmenting path is specified by the following syntax: *<comma separated list of nodes:units>*. It is **very important** to note that incremental paths called upon the same object are memorized by default.

```
\NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
          s:0,0;
2
          1:2,2;
3
          3:2,-2;
          2:6,2;
                                                                           35
          4:6,-2;
                                                                                         2
                                                             1
          t:8,0;
7
     }{
                                                      25
                                                                                               15 \stackrel{?}{5}
          s,1:25;
9
                                                                                 15
          s,3:25;
                                               \mathbf{s}
                                                           10
                                                                                        5 5
                                                                                                        \mathbf{t}
          3,4:25;
11
          1,2:35;
                                                                                                30
          2,t:20;
13
                                                    20 \ 5
          4,t:30;
14
          3,1:10;
15
                                                                           5
                                                             3
          4,2:10;
                                                                           20
16
          2,3:15::near start;
^{17}
          4,1:5::near start;
18
19
     \myAdigraph{
20
          s,3,4,2,t:5;
^{21}
22
```

For example, suppose now we'd like to send another 5 units on the graph edited by the previous incremental path, we'll have just to write the following:

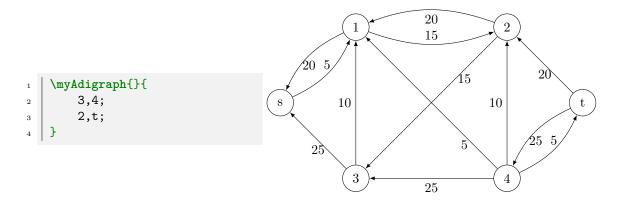






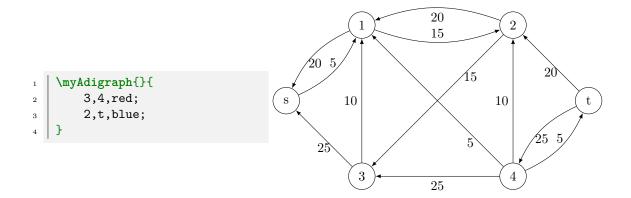
### **3.7** Cuts

The following is to add cuts to show minimum cuts for example, the syntax is: < first node, second node;>



#### 3.7.1 Colored cuts

If you'd like to color the cuts you just have to add the color as follows:  $<\!first$  node, second node, color;>



# Warnings

## 4.1 Reserved words

I reserve to use for the package the following tokens:

1. \Adigraph	19. $\land$ AdigraphNodeBuilder
2. $\AdigraphBuildEdge$	20. \AdigraphNodeCounter
3. $\AdigraphBuildEdgeWrapper$	21. \AdigraphNodeCounterSecond-
4. $\AdigraphBuildNode$	Wrapper
5. $\AdigraphBuildNodeWrapper$	22. \AdigraphNodeCounterWrapper
6. $\AdigraphBuildPath$	23. $\land$ AdigraphNodesCounter
$7. \ \backslash A digraph Calculate Orientation$	24. \AdigraphPathBuilder
8. $\AdigraphCountPaths$	25. \AdigraphProcessAugmenting-
9. $\AdigraphCutBuilder$	Paths
10. $\AdigraphDrawEdge$	26. \AdigraphProcessAugmenting- PathsList
11. $\AdigraphDrawNode$	
12. \AdigraphEdgeBuilder	27. \AdigraphProcessCuts
13. \AdigraphEdgeDrawer	28. \AdigraphProcessEdges
14. \AdigraphElaboratePath	29. \AdigraphProcessNodes
15. $\AdigraphExecuteCutBuilder$	30. \AdigraphProcessPaths
$16. \ \backslash A digraph Generate Node Name$	31. \AdigraphSimpleSum
17. \AdigraphMemorizeEdge	32. \NewAdigraph
18. $\AdigraphMemorizeNode$	33. \RenewAdigraph