

# Markdown preview

## 1. title

1. use ==== to be level one

=====

2. use -- level 2

---

3. **max is 6th**

remember use " " between word and #

## 2. Divide char

1. just use one blank like this
2. or just use tab and enter like this
3. use <br> like this

## 3. Empasise

1. *lean* \* \*
2. **bold** \*\* \*\*
3. ***both use*** \*\*\* \*\*\*
4. highlight == ==
5. ~~delete~~ ~~

## 4. Quote

1. 

qouet like this

2. one

in one

3. multi para

# the origin one also works

and then you can do any thing you want

## 5. list

1. in order

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

2. one in one

1. ao
2. b

3. just list out

- -
- +

4. to do list

- ☐ - [ ]
- ☒ - [x]

## 6. Code

1. hello world and `printf("hello md")`
2. use ``

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

## 7. web:

这是一个链接 [Markdown语法](#)。in this  
这是一个链接 `[Markdown语法](https://markdown.com.cn)`。  
<https://markdown.com.cn>  
[csu@example.com](mailto:csu@example.com) in `<https://markdown.com.cn> <csu@example.com>`

from web:链接最佳实践  
不同的 Markdown 应用程序处理URL中间的空格方式不一样。为了兼容性，请尽量使用%20代替空格。  
✅ `[link](https://www.example.com/my%20great%20page)`

## 8.Table

其实就是用“|”

```
| chara | name | hint |  
| --- | :--- | :---: |
```

冒号在哪就是哪里对其实现如下效果  
剩下的应该就是html语法了慢慢学

chara	name
dsda	o

## 9. Footprint<sup>[1]</sup>

源代码是这样的

```
a[^1]
```

```
[1]:
```

1. 要在最后告诉 ↩