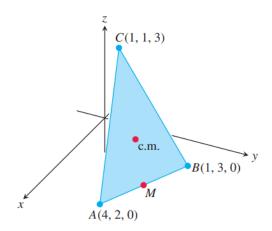
Problem Sheet 1 for the Tutorial, September 29.

(Vectors and the Geometry of Space)

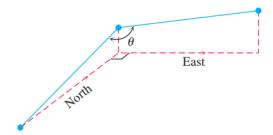
Problem 1. Suppose that A, B, and C are the corner points of the thin triangular plate of constant density shown here.

- a) Find the vector from C to the midpoint M of side AB.
- b) Find the vector from C to the point that lies two-thirds of the way from C to M on the median CM.
- c) Find the coordinates of the point in which the medians of ABC intersect. This point is the plate's center of mass. (See the figure.)



Solution:

Problem 2. A water main is to be constructed with a 20% grade in the north direction and a 10% grade in the east direction. Determine the angle θ required in the water main for the turn from north to east, as it shown in Figure.



Solution:

Problem 3. Given three points in the \mathbb{N}^3 space P(1,-1,2), Q(2,0,-1), R(0,2,1)

- a) Find the area of the triangle determined by the points P, Q, and R.
- b) Find a unit vector perpendicular to plane PQR.

Solution:

ра	Problem 4. For what value or values of a will the vectors $u = 2i + 4j - 5k$ and $v = -4i - 8j + ak$ be a rallel?
	Solution:
of	Problem 5. Express the velocity vector $v = (e^t \cos t - e^t \sin t)i + (e^t \sin t + e^t \cos t)j$ when $t = \ln 2$ in terms their lengths and directions.
	Solution: