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Topic: integer programming

Lecture 8 self-study

Summary and self-study

Summary: today we have learnt

- how to model some mixed-integer linear programming problems,
- how to solve them in Matlab using intlinprog,
- and what the branch and bound technique is.

Self-study: Formulate the following problem as mixed-integer linear programming problem.

Scenario: A colleague of mine convenes the module MA3513 Industrial Mathematics Project. In this module, students work in groups for one year on a project set by an industrial partner.

This summer my colleague collected 7 potential projects and now he must allocate students to projects. This year there are 32 students and he would like to let them choose what project they'd like to work on. To this end, he asked them to rank their top-three preferred projects.

Question: How should he allocate students to projects to maximise their happiness while at the same time ensuring that no project has fewer than 4 or more than 5 students?



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Lecture 9 self-study

Summary and self-study

Summary: today we have learnt

- how to model some nonlinear functions using mixed-integer linear programming.

Self-study: Consider the self-study exercise from OR Lecture 8_mixed_integer.pptx, but this time assume that I have collected 10 projects instead of 7. How should I modify the corresponding mixed-integer linear programming problem? Note that I cannot run all 10 projects because only I have only 32 students and each project should have at least 4 students.



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8 Solf-Study 7 projects, 32 students each student: Submit top 3 pref each project: has 4-5 students Goal: maximise happiness

Let $X_{ij} \in \{0,1\}$ denote whether $Y_{ij} \in \{0,1\}$ denote whether $Y_{ij} \in \{0,1\}$ project $Y_{ij} \in \{0,1,2\}$ student $Y_{ij} \in \{0,1,2\}$ denote $Y_{ij} \in \{0,1,2\}$ denote Y

Model · objective function (minimise total unhappiness for all students)

Student i -> project j unhappnos pij

unhappiness of student i= > Pij xij Total nuhappiness = \$\frac{32}{5} \frac{7}{15} p_{ij} x_{ij} min $\sum_{i=1}^{32} \sum_{j=1}^{7} p_{ij} x_{ij}$ s.t. • each student has I project $\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \chi_{ij} = 1 \quad \text{for each } i=1,\dots,32$ each project has 4 or 5 students $4 \leq \sum_{i=1}^{2} \chi_{ij} \leq 5 \qquad \text{for each } j=1,...,7$ each $x_{ij} \in \{0,1\}$ (in terms of vectors) $x \in \{0,1\}^{224}$ Note: $x \in \{0,1\}^{224}$ can be expressed as $x \in \mathbb{Z}^{224}$, $0 \le x \le 1$ Replace 7 by 10 in previous scenario?

9 self-study Now: 10 projects

min $\sum_{j=1}^{32} \sum_{j=1}^{10} p_{ij} x_{ij}$

S.t. $\sum_{j=1}^{10} x_{ij} = 1$, for each $i=1, \dots, 32$ $4 \le \sum_{i=1}^{32} x_{ij} \le 5$ for each $j=1, \dots, 10$

X { { {0, 1} 224

Warning This is infeasible because 10 projects 4-5 students each >> need at lease

40 Students Fix Issue: for each project, # students should be from {0,4,5}

Semi-continuous variables

Recall: Condition $x \in \{0\} \cup [a,b]$ can be modeled as $az \leq x \leq bz$ $z \in \{0,1\}$

 $4 \ \frac{32}{5} \ \lesssim \frac{32}{5} \ \times ij \ \lesssim 5 \ zj \ \text{for each } j=1,...,10$ $Z \in \{0,1\}^{10}$

Model min $\sum_{i=1}^{32} \sum_{j=1}^{10} p_{ij} x_{ij}$ S.C. $\sum_{j=1}^{10} x_{ij} = 1$, j=1,...,32 $4z_{i} \leq \sum_{i=1}^{32} x_{ij} \leq 5z_{i}$ j=1,...,10 $x \in \{0, 1\}^{224}$, $z \in \{0, 1\}^{6}$ $x \in \mathbb{Z}^{224}$ $z \in \mathbb{Z}^{10}$ $0 \leq z \leq 1$