

Problem 4

$dp[i, j, k] \doteq (p, w)$ where i represents the current CD, j represents the current cassette, and k is the current vinyl. w is current weight of the open box from items $[1..i]$, $[1..j]$, etc. p is the minimum number of packages needed to store $1..i$, $1..j$, and $1..k$.

Recurrence:

$p, w \leftarrow \infty$

if $dp[i - 1][j][k].w + w_1 \leq 1$:

$p, w = \min((p, w) \text{ or } (dp[i - 1][j][k].p, dp[i - 1][j][k].w + w_1))$

else:

$p, w = \min((p, w) \text{ or } (dp[i - 1][j][k].p + 1, w_1))$

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if $dp[i][j][k - 1].w + w_1 \leq 1$:

$p, w = \min((p, w) \text{ or } (dp[i][j][k - 1].p, dp[i][j][k - 1].w + w_1))$

else:

$p, w = \min((p, w) \text{ or } (dp[i][j][k - 1].p + 1, w_1))$

$dp[i][j][k] = p, w$

Note: The min to p, w minimizes p first, and if there is a tie, it then chooses the lowest w .

Algorithm:

for $i = 1$ to n_1 :

for $j = 1$ to n_2 :

for $k = 1$ to n_3 :

Recurrence

return $dp[n_1][n_2][n_3].p + 1$ (if $w > 0$)

Runtime: Three loops $n_1 * n_2 * n_3 * O(1)$ work from each call to the recurrence meaning $O(n_1 n_2 n_3)$ work overall.

When we get to some $dp[i][j][k]$ we have filled all previous entries through our loop structure.

In our recurrence, we look at three cases. One where we take a CD and put it in a box, one where we take a cassette, etc.

We look for the minimum state between these actions to choose what the minimum state is $dp[i][j][k]$.

This means that every $dp[i][j][k]$ represents the lowest state possible so $dp[n_1][n_2][n_3]$, represents the lowest state overall which is our final answer.