Day 2: Communications

Before you start, update your branch to **post-lecture2** which includes all the code changes I made during the lecture today:

```
cd goby3-course
git fetch
git checkout post-lecture2
```

I would advise working on your own branch and committing as you go along. You can fork goby3-course to your personal Github account (assuming you're familiar with this), or just commit to a local branch:

```
# use post-lecture2 as a starting point
git checkout post-lecture2
# create a new branch called "homework2" to do your work
git checkout -b homework2
# do some work, then
git add
git commit
```

Assignment 1:

Goal: Within the Trail example, create a Command message and publish it from the topside so that the USV can subscribe to it over the intervehicle layer.

Task:

Within the Trail example, we are currently only sending the NavigationReport message on the intervehicle layer. While this allows us to see where our vehicles are, we have no way of changing their behavior.

In preparation for tomorrow's lecture on Autonomy, this assignment will see us create a DCCL Command message, publish it on the topside, and subscribe to on the USV.

Code

- Create a goby3_course::dccl::USVCommand message, defined in DCCL and using the DCCL msg id 126. At a minimum this message should contain:
 - a timestamp
 - a desired Mission state enumeration (WAYPOINTS, POLYGON)
 - (for polygon): number of sides
 - (for polygon): radius (meters)
- Create a group (perhaps "usv_command" with numeric id broadcast_group) for this message.
- Create a testing application (goby3_course_command_test) to run on the topside which will publish this message (intervehicle) on some regular interval (e.g. every 60 seconds).
- Subscribe to this message on the USV (probably in the existing goby3_course_usv_manager is fine, or you could create a new application to handle commands). Things to consider:
 - ack_required: true or false?
 - o max_queue:?

Configuration

With the code done, we need to add our new testing application to the Trail example

Create:

• launch/trail/config/templates/goby3_course_command_test.pb.cfg.in:

```
$app_block
$interprocess_block
```

- \$app_block will be expanded to the app {} section
- \$interprocess_block will be expanded to the interprocess {} section

Add a new generation block in launch/trail/config/topside.pb.cfg.py:

Now if you run

```
config/topside.pb.cfg.py goby3_course_command_test
```

you'll see the configuration we'll pass to our application.

You'll want to add -v to the USV manager so we see VERBOSE glog output and probably -n to see it in a GUI format for each glog stream ("group"):

```
# launch/trail/usv.launch
goby3_course_usv_manager <(config/topside.pb.cfg.py goby3_course_usv_manager) -v -n</pre>
```

Run

• Run the Trail example (./all.launch) and, in a separate terminal, run the goby3_course_command_test:

```
goby3_course_command_test <(config/topside.pb.cfg.py goby3_course_command_test) -v</pre>
```

• Ensure you're receiving the commands by examining the glog output of the subscribing process (goby3_course_usv_manager or your new USV command handler).

(optional) if you want things to slow down a bit, you can run at real time speeds by setting (before launching all.launch):

```
# launch/trail/config/common/sim.py
warp=1
```

Tomorrow we will work on the last step of connecting this to the autonomy system (pHelmIvP).

Bonus Task

Add this publication to **goby_liaison** so you can publish your message from the Commander tab (instead of your testing application):

```
# launch/trail/config/templates/liaison.pb.cfg.in
# ...

pb_commander_config {
    load_protobuf {
        name: "goby3_course.dccl.USVCommand"
        publish_to {
            group: "usv_command"
            group_numeric: 0
            layer: LAYER_INTERVEHICLE
        }
    }
}
```

Now you can load this command and send it from http://localhost:50000/? =/commander

Ensure that after you send it that you can still see your command show up on the USV side.

Assignment 2:

Goal: Add a health monitoring process to the USV based on our <u>intervehicle1/publisher</u> application, and extend it to use the <u>goby_coroner</u> output to determine whether the USV is in "GOOD" or "FAILED" health.

Task:

We are going to use the existing <code>goby_coroner</code> tool to tell us whether our applications are all running (at a minimum) and then determine if all our code is running that the USV is in "GOOD" health, or if not, it's "FAILED":

Taking a look at the interface file for goby_coroner

```
# goby3/build/share/goby/interfaces/goby_coroner_interface.yml
application: goby_coroner
interprocess:
   publishes:
        - group: goby::health::report
        scheme: PROTOBUF
        type: goby::middleware::protobuf::VehicleHealth
        thread: goby::apps::zeromq::Coroner
# ...
```

we see that it publishes a vehicleHealth Protobuf message to the
goby::middleware::groups::health_report ("goby::health::report") group. The group and message
are defined in:

```
#include <goby/middleware/coroner/groups.h>

// generated from goby/middleware/protobuf/coroner.proto
#include <goby/middleware/protobuf/coroner.pb.h>
```

Code

Using the code in src/bin/intervehicle1/publisher as a starting point, make a new application called goby3 course usv health monitor.

Within the goby3_course_usv_health_monitor, subscribe to the vehicleHealth message from goby_coroner. Based on this information, publish the HealthStatus message on intervehicle.

Update the goby3_course_topside_manager to subscribe to this health message, and report the USV's health via glog.

Configuration

Once you have the code done, you'll need to insert your configuration and add to the appropriate launch files.

Create:

- launch/trail/config/templates/goby3_course_usv_health_monitor.pb.cfg.in
 - \$app block will be expanded to the app {} section
 - \$interprocess block will be expanded to the interprocess {} section
- launch/trail/config/templates/goby_coroner.pb.cfg.in
 - o same as above for sapp block and sinterprocess block
 - we need to put in our the clients to watch:

```
expected_name: ["goby_frontseat_interface", "goby_liaison",

"goby3_course_usv_manager", "goby_liaison"]
```

Add a new generation block in launch/trail/config/usv.pb.cfg.py:

```
app_block=app_common,
interprocess_block = interprocess_common))
```

And finally add the new binaries to the usv.launch file:

```
# launch/trail/usv.launch
goby3_course_usv_health_monitor <(config/usv.pb.cfg.py goby3_course_usv_health_monitor)
goby_coroner <(config/usv.pb.cfg.py goby_coroner)</pre>
```

Also, for anything you want to monitor glog VERBOSE output on, add a -v to the launch line:

```
# launch/trail/topside.launch
goby3_course_topside_manager <(config/topside.pb.cfg.py goby3_course_topside_manager) -v</pre>
```

(optional) and as, above, if the sim is too fast, slow it down:

```
# launch/trail/config/common/sim.py
warp=1
```

Run

Run using '-r' so we can see the status of all the applications:

```
cd launch/trail
# instead of ./all.launch which runs "goby_launch -s -P -k30 -ptrail -d500"
goby_launch -r -P -k30 -ptrail -d500 all.launch
```

You may find the **goby liaison** scope useful for inspecting **interprocess** publications:

- topside: http://localhost:50000/? =/scope
- usv: http://localhost:50001/? =/scope
- auv0: http://localhost:50002/? =/scope
- auv1: http://localhost:50003/?=/scope
- auvN: port 50002 + N

Check out our health report by attaching to topside's manager screen

```
screen -r topside.goby3_course_topside_manager
```

Try manually terminating a process on the USV to ensure that your health reports as "FAILED":

```
goby_terminate --target_name "goby_liaison" --interprocess 'platform: "usv"'
```

Bonus Task

We really don't care that much about the **HealthStatus** message when things are "GOOD", but we would like to know when they aren't.

Let's split our HealthStatus publication into two groups:

```
// GOOD
constexpr goby::middleware::Group health_status_good {"goby3_course::health_status_good", 1};
// FAILED
constexpr goby::middleware::Group health_status_failed {"goby3_course::health_status_failed", 2};
// we could add similar groups for degraded, failing, etc.
```

Using the **set_group_func** callback to **Publisher** on the publication side, set the **state** field of **HealthStatus** based on the published group.

Then, publish GOOD messages to health_status_good with a low base priority value (e.g. 50) and those that are FAILED to health_status_failed with a high base priority value (e.g. 500). Remember these priority values are relative to other messages, and the only other message we're currently publishing from the USV is the NavigationReport at the default priority value of 100.

Update the topside to subscribe to both groups. You don't need to set the priority values again here at the subscriber (but if you do they will be averaged with the publisher's values, leading to the same result).

Currently the topside/USV link has more throughput that we're sending so you won't really see a difference. To notice the priority change, let's crank down the throughput by changing the MAC cycle:

```
# launch/trail/config/templates/_link_satellite.pb.cfg.in
# ...
mac {
    type: MAC_FIXED_DECENTRALIZED
    slot { src: 1 slot_seconds: 10 max_frame_bytes: 26 }
    slot { src: 2 slot_seconds: 10 max_frame_bytes: 26 }
}
```

Now we're only sending 26 bytes (two NavigationReports) every 10 seconds, so we should see our health_status_good messages take priority behind the NavigationReports but then health_status_failed should come through right away.

Watch the vehicles on the GEOV display. What do you notice about the AUV NavigationReport messages? Why is this happening and what do you think can be done about this? If possible, improve this situation (without increasing the throughput).

Wrap up

Good work - now we are set up to command our USV to perform another autonomy mission (which we'll look at during the lecture tomorrow), and we can report (at a basic level) the health of the vehicle.

From here, hopefully you can see a path forward to building a full system and filling out all the details that are required to function in a real deployment.

Solutions (Toby)

My solutions are pushed to the **post-homework2** branch of goby3-course. Please reference the code together with this text.

Assignment 1:

Created src/lib/messages/command dccl.proto, and added to CMakeLists.txt:

```
# src/lib/messages/CMakeLists.txt
protobuf_generate_cpp(
    # ...
    goby3-course/messages/command_dccl.proto
)
```

Added to groups.h:

Copied pattern/single_thread to src/bin/command_test and renamed application Class to CommandTest. Added add_subdirectory(command_test) to parent CMakeLists.txt. Named binary goby3 course command test in command test/CMakeLists.txt.

Created publication of USVCommand in goby3_course_command_test's app.cpp using the
intervehicle1/publisher as a starting point.

Then, added a subscription to command message in goby3 course usv manager setting:

- ack_required: **true** (we want our commands to resend until ack'd or until their expire)
- max_queue: 1

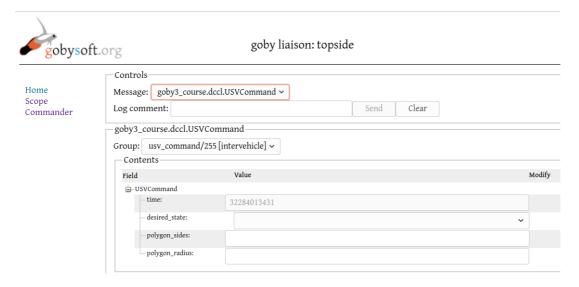
Ran the example and saw that we the command gets to the USV (see the red commands window):

```
10:19:51 | Adding FlexOstream group: auv_nav ()
10:19:51 | Adding FlexOstream group: usv_nav ()
10:19:51 | Adding FlexOstream group: usv_nav ()
10:19:51 | Adding FlexOstream group: usv_nav ()
2. auv_nav
10:28:50 | Received DCCL nav: vehicle: 8 time: 1614200127 x: 368.9 y: 519.7 z: -80 speed_over_ground: 1.5 heading: 42 type: AUV
10:29:10 | Received DCCL nav: vehicle: 9 time: 1614200127 x: 368.9 y: 519.7 z: -80 speed_over_ground: 1.5 heading: 45 type: AUV
10:29:30 | Received DCCL nav: vehicle: 10 time: 1614200128 x: 388.9 y: 556.1 z: -90 speed_over_ground: 1.5 heading: 45 type: AUV
3. usv_nav
10:29:40 | ^Converts to DCCL nav: vehicle: 1 time: 1614200129.4557319 x: 458.7167633693316 y: 566.78959774412215 z: -0 speed_over_ground: 1.5 heading: 51 type: USV
4. ususv_nav
4. ususv_nav
4. ususv_nav
4. ususv_nav
5. Received USVCommand: time: 1614162420 desired_state: WAYPOINTS
10:28:02 | Received USVCommand: time: 1614162480 desired_state: WAYPOINTS
10:29:02 | Received USVCommand: time: 1614162540 desired_state: WAYPOINTS
```

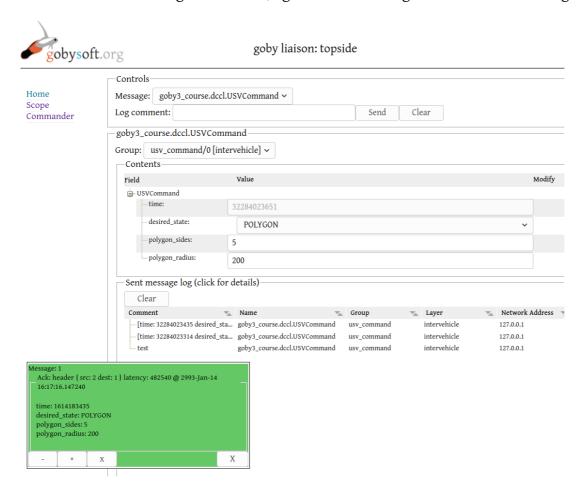
Bonus Task

Now, I copied the suggested configuration for goby liaison, and reran ./all.launch.

When I open liaison (http://localhost:50000/? =/commander), I can now fill in the message:

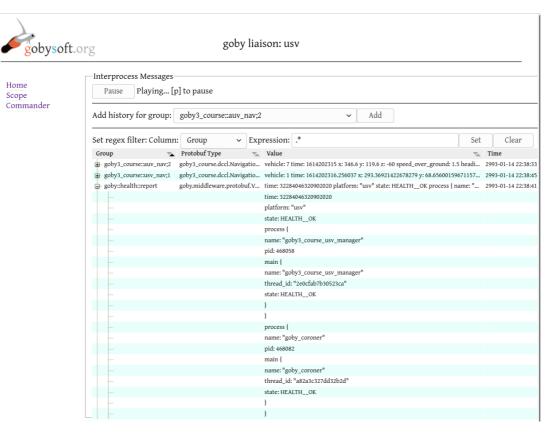


Once I fill out the message and send it, I get the acknowledgment of the sent message:



Assignment 2:

I did this a bit out of order. First I added the configurations for goby_coroner to
launch/trail/config/templates and usv.launch. Then I ran ./all.launch and open Goby Liaison to
the USV and to ensure I could see the health_report message coming through:



After I got that working I created the goby3_course_usv_health_monitor code, which I put in src/bin/health_monitor. Using the intervehicle1 code as a starting point, I subscribed to the health_report from goby_coroner and determined that if HEALTH_OK, we'd say HealthStatus::GOOD. In a real system we'd want to aggregate data from more sources than just goby_coroner before making that determination, but for this course, that will do.

From here, I published the HealthStatus message on the intervehicle layer. I added a subscribe_usv_health() method to the topside Manager to subscribe to this message. I also added some glog "groups" (streams) to more clearly see what is going on.

After terminated one of the processes as suggested, we can see that my health report switches to failed:

```
screen-r topside.goby3_course_topside_manager | toby@aubergine: ~/opensource/goby3-course_private/launch/trail 139x21

1. Ungrouped messages

09:26:50 | logging output to file: /tmp/topside/goby3_course_topside_manager_29930115T092651.txt

09:26:50 | Adding FlexOstream group: nav ()

09:26:50 | Adding FlexOstream group: health ()

2. Nav

09:31:49 | ^^ Converts to frontseat NodeStatus: time: 32284085500 name: "USV_1" type: USV global_fix { lat: 21.592897528581982 lon: -159.53 313924097529 depth: -0 } local_fix { x: 107.2 y: 266 z: 0 } pose { heading: 48 } speed { over_ground: 1.5 } heading: 48 type: USV global_fix { lat: 21.592897528581982 lon: -159.53 313924097529 depth: -0 } local_fix { x: 107.2 y: 266 z: 0 } pose { heading: 48 } speed { over_ground: 1.5 heading: 48 type: USV global_fix { lat: 21.592906597233597 lon: -159.53 312864781839 depth: -0 } local_fix { x: 108.3 y: 267 z: 0 } pose { heading: 48 } speed { over_ground: 1.5 } health (paused, hit return to unlock)

09:31:51 | Received HealthStatus: state: GOOD timestamp: 1614245494000000

09:31:55 | Received HealthStatus: state: GOOD timestamp: 1614245514000000

09:31:55 | Received HealthStatus: state: GOOD timestamp: 1614245514000000

09:32:05 | Received HealthStatus: state: FAILED timestamp: 1614245534000000

09:32:15 | Received HealthStatus: state: FAILED timestamp: 1614245534000000
```

Bonus Task

As suggested, I defined two new groups: one (goby3_course::groups::health_status_good) to be used for good health messages, and one for failed health messages (goby3_course::groups::health_status_failed). For simplicity, I put all the non-good messages in the failed health messages group.

I added a "set group function" on the publisher side that sets the state enumeration to GOOD if we publish to health_status_good and FAILED if we publish to health_status_failed. This will use that enumeration as the field that tracks the group (numeric) value. On the subscribe side, we write a similar "get group function" that retrieves the group from this enumeration in a reciprocal manner.

I ran the example to ensure it still functions as expected. Then, I reduced the data throughput to 26 bytes every 20 seconds. At this point, we see the "GOOD" health messages take precedence only every other cycle or so (since the NavigationReports have a higher base value), but if we terminate the goby liaison we see the "FAILED" message generate and come through each cycle.

Of course, with this low throughput we can't get all the messages through so eventually the AUV NavigationReports start to lag behind. We can fix this by setting the topside's auv_nav subscription to newest_first. We could also shrink the DCCL message bounds a bit to reduce the message sizes, decrease the HealthStatus priority, or add a blackout time to the HealthStatus (GOOD queue only, probably).