Day 2: Communications

Before you start, update your branch to `post-lecture2` which includes all the code changes I made during the lecture today:

```
cd goby3-course
git fetch
git checkout post-lecture2
```

I would advise working on your own branch and committing as you go along. You can fork `goby3-course` to your personal Github account (assuming you're familiar with this), or just commit to a local branch:

```
# use post-lecture2 as a starting point
git checkout post-lecture2
# create a new branch called "homework2" to do your work
git checkout -b homework2
# do some work, then
git add
git commit
```

Assignment 1:

Goal: Within the Trail example, create a Command message and publish it from the topside so that the USV can subscribe to it over the intervehicle layer.

Task:

Within the Trail example, we are currently only sending the NavigationReport message on the intervehicle layer. While this allows us to see where our vehicles are, we have no way of changing their behavior.

In preparation for tomorrow's lecture on Autonomy, this assignment will see us create a DCCL Command message, publish it on the topside, and subscribe to on the USV.

Steps:

- Create a goby3_course::dccl::USVCommand message, defined in DCCL and using the DCCL msg id 126. At a minimum this message should contain:
  - a timestamp
  - a desired Mission state enumeration (WAYPOINTS, POLYGON)
  - (for polygon): number of sides
  - (for polygon): radius (meters)
- Create a group (perhaps "usv_command" with numeric id broadcast_group) for this message.
- Create a testing application to run on the topside which will publish this message (intervehicle) on some regular interval (e.g. every 60 seconds).
- Subscribe to this message on the USV (probably in the existing `goby3_course_usv_manager` is fine, or you could create a new application to handle commands). Things to consider:
  - ack_required: true or false?
  - max_queue: ?

- Run the Trail example (`./all.launch`) and ensure you're receiving the commands by examining the glog output of the subscribing process (`goby3_course_usv_manager` or your new USV command handler). Make sure to enable VERBOSE output on glog by adding `-v` to the appropriate command lines of the launch file(s), or alternatively increase the verbosity on the log files written to `goby3-course/logs` by changing the `log_file_verbosity =` setting within `launch/trail/config/usv.pb.cfg.py`, `auv.pb.cfg.py` or `topside.pb.cfg.py`.

(optional) if you want things to slow down a bit, you can run at real time speeds by setting (before launching `all.launch`):

```
# launch/trail/config/common/sim.py
warp=1
```

Tomorrow we will work on the last step of connecting this to the autonomy system (pHelmIvP).

Bonus Task

Add this publication to `goby_liaison` so you can publish your message from the Commander tab (instead of your testing application):

```
# launch/trail/config/templates/liaison.pb.cfg.in
# ...

pb_commander_config {
  load_protobuf {
    name: "goby3_course.dccl.USVCommand"
    publish_to {
      group: "usv_command"
      group_numeric: 0
      layer: LAYER_INTERVEHICLE
    }
  }
}
```

Now you can load this command and send it from http://localhost:50000/?_=/commander

Ensure that after you send it that you can still see your command show up on the USV side.

Assignment 2:

Goal: Add a health monitoring process to the USV based on our `intervehicle1/publisher` application, and extend it to use the `goby_coroner` output to determine whether the USV is in "GOOD" or "FAILED" health.

Task:

Code

Using the code in `src/bin/intervehicle1/publisher` as a starting point, make a new application called `goby3_course_usv_health_monitor`.

We are going to use the existing `goby_coroner` tool to tell us whether our applications are all running (at a minimum) and then determine if all our code is running that the USV is in "GOOD" health, or if not, it's "FAILED":

Taking a look at the interface file for `goby_coroner`

```
# goby3/build/share/goby/interfaces/goby_coroner_interface.yml
application: goby_coroner
interprocess:
  publishes:
    - group: goby::health::report
      scheme: PROTOBUF
      type: goby::middleware::protobuf::VehicleHealth
      thread: goby::apps::zeromq::Coroner
# ...
```

we see that it publishes a `VehicleHealth` Protobuf message to the `goby::health::report` group. The group and message are defined in:

```
#include <goby/middleware/coroner/groups>

// generated from goby/middleware/protobuf/coroner.proto
#include <goby/middleware/protobuf/coroner.pb.h>
```

Within the `goby3_course_usv_health_monitor`, subscribe to the `VehicleHealth` message from `goby_coroner`. Based on this information, publish the HealthStatus message on **intervehicle**.

Update the `goby3_course_topside_manager` to subscribe to this health message, and report the USV's health via `glog`.

Configuration

Once you have the code done, you'll need to insert your configuration and add to the appropriate launch files.

Create:

- launch/trail/config/templates/goby3_course_usv_health_monitor.pb.cfg.in
  - `$app_block` will be expanded to the `app {}` section
  - `$interprocess_block` will be expanded to the `interprocess {}` section
- launch/trail/config/templates/goby_coroner.pb.cfg
  - same as above for `$app_block` and `$interprocess_block`

Add a new generation block in `launch/trail/config/usv.pb.cfg.py`:

```
# ...
if common.app == 'gobyd':
# ...
elif common.app == 'goby3_course_usv_health_monitor':
    print(config.template_substitute(templates_dir+'/goby3_course_usv_health_monitor.pb.cfg.in',
                                     app_block=app_common,
                                     interprocess_block = interprocess_common))
elif common.app == 'goby_coroner':
```

```
    print(config.template_substitute(templates_dir+'/goby_coroner.pb.cfg.in',
                                     app_block=app_common,
                                     interprocess_block = interprocess_common))
```

And finally add the new binaries to the `usv.launch` file:

```
# launch/trail/usv.launch
goby3_course_usv_health_monitor <(config/usv.pb.cfg.py goby3_course_usv_health_monitor)
goby_coroner <(config/usv.pb.cfg.py goby_coroner)
```

Also, for anything you want to monitor `glog` VERBOSE output on, add a `-v` to the launch line:

```
# launch/trail/topside.launch
goby3_course_topside_manager <(config/topside.pb.cfg.py goby3_course_topside_manager) -v
```

(optional) and as, above, if the sim is too fast, slow it down:

```
# launch/trail/config/common/sim.py
warp=1
```

Run

Run using '-r' so we can see the status of all the applications:

```
cd launch/trail
# instead of ./all.launch which runs "goby_launch -s -P -k30 -ptrail -d500"
goby_launch -r -P -k30 -ptrail -d500 all.launch
```

Check out our health report by attaching to topside's manager screen

```
screen -r topside.goby3_course_topside_manager
```

Try manually terminating a process on the USV to ensure that your health reports as "FAILED":

```
goby_terminate --target_name "goby3_course_usv_manager" --interprocess 'platform: "usv"'
# or a bit more bluntly
killall goby3_course_usv_manager
```

Bonus Task

We really don't care that much about the `HealthStatus` message when things are "GOOD", but we would like to know when they aren't.

Let's split our `HealthStatus` publication into two groups:

```
// GOOD
constexpr goby::middleware::Group health_status_good {"goby3_course::health_status_good", 1};
// FAILED
constexpr goby::middleware::Group health_status_failed {"goby3_course::health_status_failed", 2};
// we could add similar groups for degraded, failing, etc.
```

Using the `set_group_func` callback to `Publisher` on the publication side, set the `state` field of `HealthStatus` based on the published group.

Then, publish GOOD messages to `health_status_good` with a low base priority value (e.g. 0.5) and those that are FAILED to `health_status_failed` with a high base priority value (e.g. 10). Remember these priority values are relative to other messages, and the only other message we're currently publishing from the USV is the `NavigationReport` at the default priority value of 1.

Update the topside to subscribe to both groups. You don't need to set the priority values again here at the subscriber (but if you do they will be averaged with the publisher's values, leading to the same result).

Currently the topside/USV link has more throughput that we're sending so you won't really see a difference. To notice the priority change, let's crank down the throughput by changing the MAC cycle:

```
# launch/trail/config/templates/_link_satellite.pb.cfg.in
# ...
    mac {
        type: MAC_FIXED_DECENTRALIZED
        slot { src: 1 slot_seconds: 10 max_frame_bytes: 26 }
        slot { src: 2 slot_seconds: 10 max_frame_bytes: 26 }
    }
```

Now we're only sending 26 bytes (two NavigationReports) every 10 seconds, so we should see our `health_status_good` messages take priority behind the `NavigationReport`s but then `health_status_failed` should come through right away.

Wrap up

Good work - now we are set up to command our USV to perform another autonomy mission (which we'll look at during the lecture tomorrow), and we can report (at a basic level) the health of the vehicle.

From here, hopefully you can see a path forward to building a full system and filling out all the details that are required to function in a real deployment.