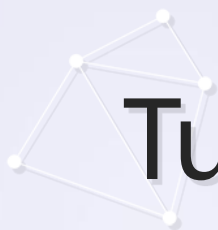


# Turtle 艺术

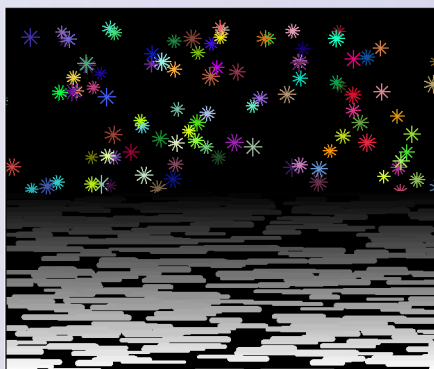
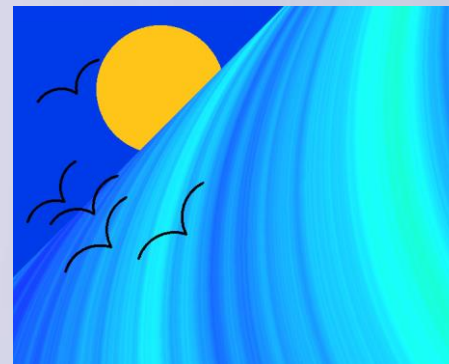
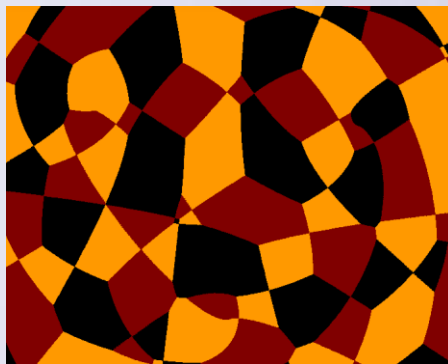
黄天羽

北京理工大学



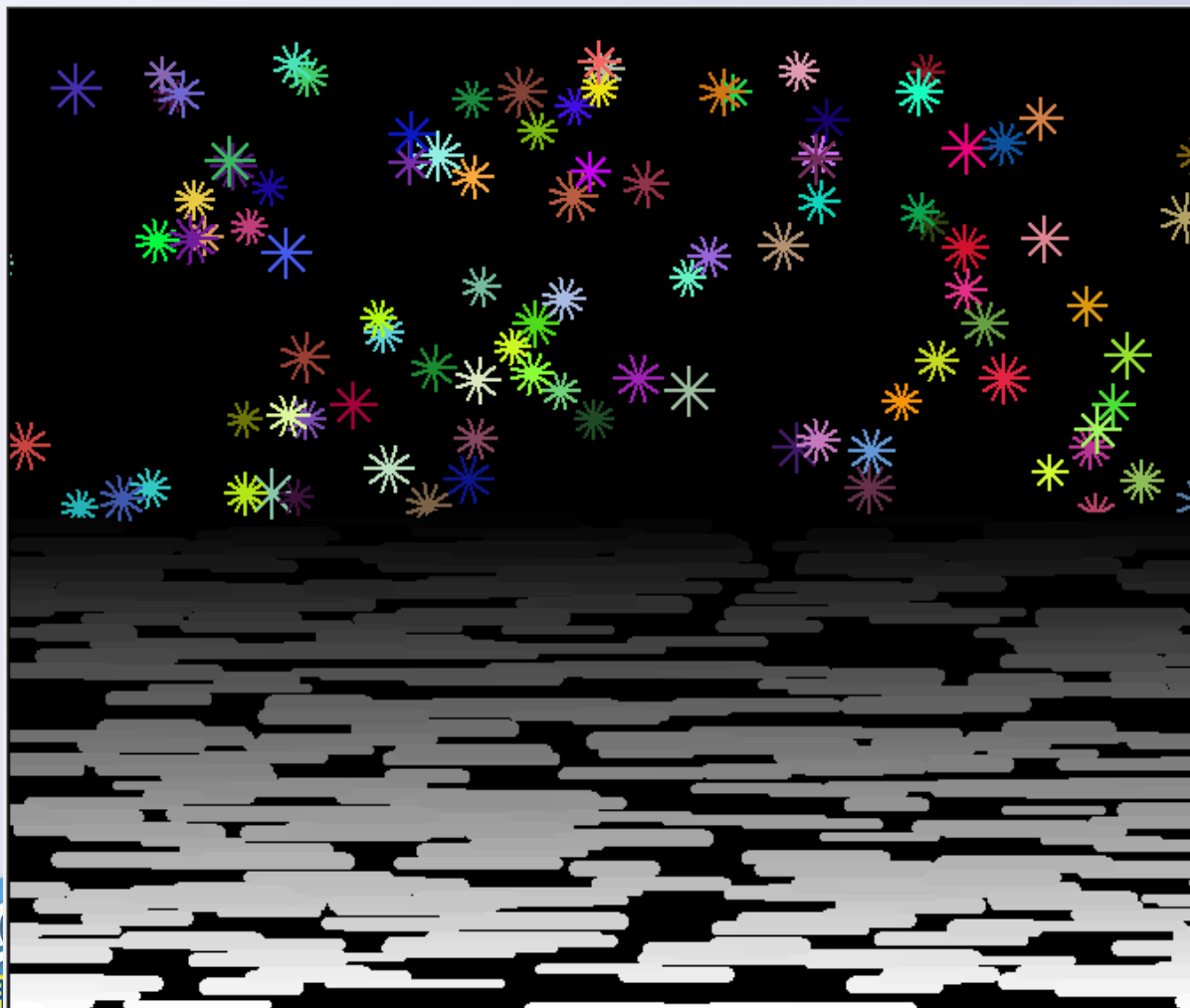


# Turtle Art 赏析





# 《雪景-Snowfall》绘制





## ■ 随机因素：

- 雪花位置
- 雪花颜色
- 雪花大小
- 花瓣数目
- 地面灰色长短
- 地面灰色位置




# 引入Turtle和random

```
from turtle import *  
from random import *
```



# 主函数

```
def main():  
    setup(800, 600, 0, 0)  
    tracer(False)  
    bgcolor("black")  
    snow()  
    ground()  
    tracer(True)  
    mainloop()
```



# snow()函数

```
def snow():  
    hideturtle()  
    pensize(2)  
    speed(100)  
    for i in range(100):  
        r = random()  
        g = random()  
        b = random()  
        pencolor(r, g, b)  
        penup()  
        setx(randint(-350, 350))  
        sety(randint(1, 270))  
        pendown()  
        dens = randint(8, 12)  
        snowsize = randint(10, 14)  
        for j in range(dens):  
            forward(snowsize)  
            backward(snowsize)  
            right(360/dens)
```



# ground()函数

```
def ground():  
    hideturtle()  
    speed(100)  
    for i in range(400):  
        pensize(randint(5,10))  
        x = randint(-400,350)  
        y = randint(-280,-1)  
        r = -y/280  
        g = -y/280  
        b = -y/280  
        pencolor((r, g, b))  
        penup()  
        goto(x,y)  
        pendown()  
        forward(randint(40,100))
```





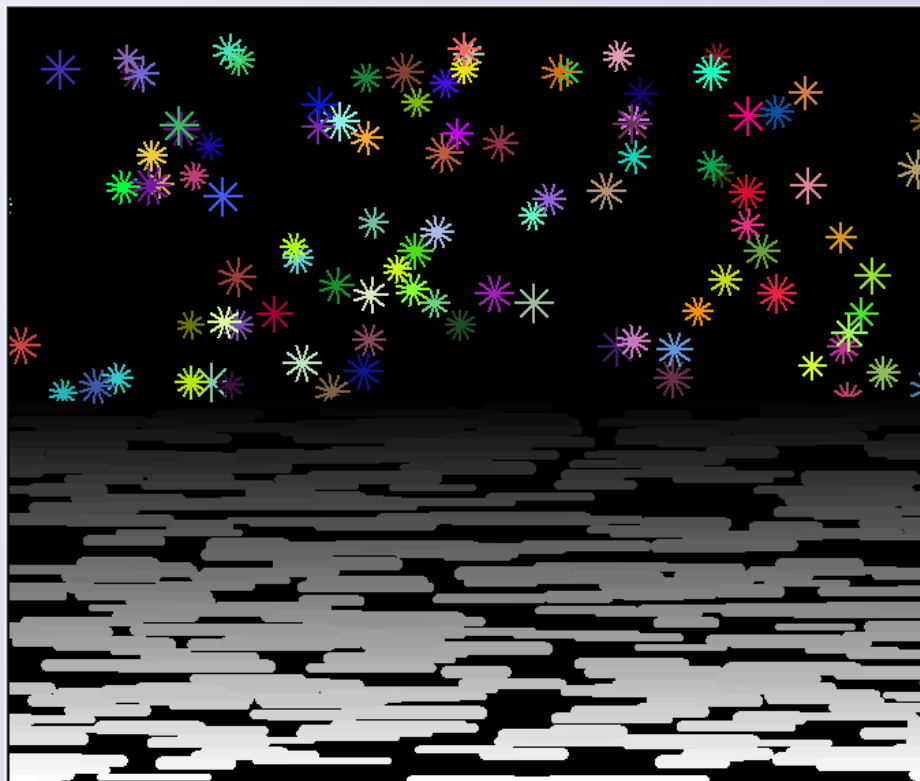


# 主函数

```
def main():  
    setup(800, 600, 0, 0)  
    tracer(False)  
    bgcolor("black")  
    snow()  
    ground()  
    tracer(True)  
    mainloop()
```



# 程序Python代码见Snowfall.py





# 《Rainbow》绘制



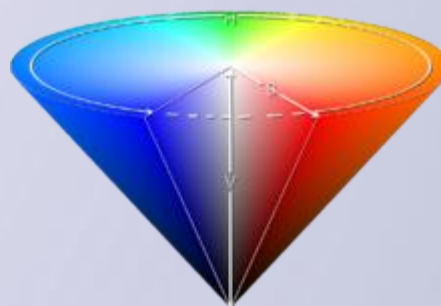
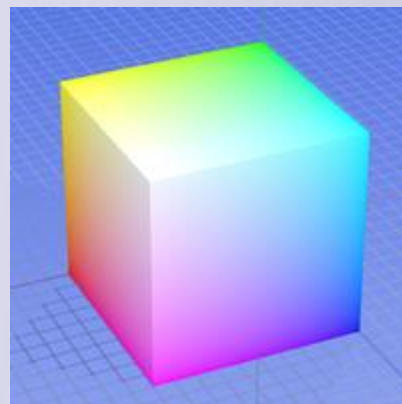
# 颜色空间

## ■ RGB模型：

- 光的三原色
- 色相由RGB共同决定

## ■ HSV模型：

- H色彩、S深浅、V明暗
- 色相由H决定





# 色彩转换函数HSB2RGB()

## ■ 色相hues换算为rgb值

```
def HSB2RGB(hues):  
    hues = hues * 3.59 #100转成359范围  
    rgb=[0.0,0.0,0.0]  
    i = int(hues/60)%6  
    f = hues/60 -i  
    if i == 0:  
        rgb[0] = 1; rgb[1] = f; rgb[2] = 0  
    elif i == 1:  
        rgb[0] = 1-f; rgb[1] = 1; rgb[2] = 0  
    elif i == 2:  
        rgb[0] = 0; rgb[1] = 1; rgb[2] = f  
    elif i == 3:  
        rgb[0] = 0; rgb[1] = 1-f; rgb[2] = 1  
    elif i == 4:  
        rgb[0] = f; rgb[1] = 0; rgb[2] = 1  
    elif i == 5:  
        rgb[0] = 1; rgb[1] = 0; rgb[2] = 1-f  
    return rgb
```



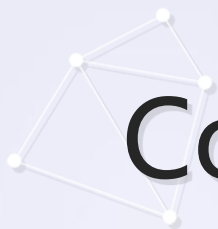
# rainbow ( ) 函数

```
def rainbow():  
    hues = 0.0  
    color(1,0,0)  
    #绘制彩虹  
    hideturtle()  
    speed(100)  
    pensize(3)  
    penup()  
    goto(-400,-300)  
    pendown()  
    right(110)  
    for i in range(100):  
        circle(1000)  
        right(0.13)  
        hues = hues + 1  
        rgb = HSB2RGB(hues)  
        color(rgb[0],rgb[1],rgb[2])  
    penup()
```



# 主函数

```
def main():  
    setup(800, 600, 0, 0)  
    bgcolor((0.8, 0.8, 1.0))  
    tracer(False)  
    rainbow()  
    #输出文字  
    goto(100, -100)  
    pendown()  
    color("red")  
    write("Rainbow", align="center", font=("Script MT Bold", 80, "bold"))  
    tracer(True)  
    mainloop()
```



# Congratulations!



程序Python代码见Rainbow.py