OLLIVANDER'S INVENTORY

TASK:

Harry Potter and his friends are at Ollivander's with Ron, finally replacing Charlie's old broken wand.

Hermione decides the best way to choose is by determining the minimum number of gold galleons needed to buy each *non-evil* wand of high power and age. Write a query to print the *id*, *age*, *coins_needed*, and *power* of the wands that Ron's interested in, sorted in order of descending *power*. If more than one wand has same power, sort the result in order of descending *age*.

Input Format

The following tables contain data on the wands in Ollivander's inventory:

• *Wands:* The *id* is the id of the wand, *code* is the code of the wand, *coins_needed* is the total number of gold galleons needed to buy the wand, and *power* denotes the quality of the wand (the higher the power, the better the wand is).

Column	Туре
id	Integer
code	Integer
coins_needed	Integer
power	Integer

• Wands_Property: The code is the code of the wand, age is the age of the wand, and is_evil denotes whether the wand is good for the dark arts. If the value of is_evil is 0, it means that the wand is not evil. The mapping between code and age is one-one, meaning that if there are two pairs, (code1, age1) and (code2, age2), then code1 ≠ code2 and age1 ≠ age2.

Column	Туре
code	Integer
age	Integer
is_evil	Integer

SOLUTION:

```
SELECT
   w.id, wp.age, w.coins_needed, w.power
FROM
   Wands w
   JOIN Wands_Property wp ON w.code = wp.code
WHERE wp.is_evil = 0
AND w.coins_needed = (
   SELECT MIN(w2.coins_needed)
   FROM Wands w2
   JOIN Wands_Property wp2 ON w2.code = wp2.code
   WHERE wp2.is_evil = 0
   AND wp2.age = wp.age
   AND w2.power = w.power
)
ORDER BY w.power DESC, wp.age DESC;
```

SUBMISSION:

