

## MathFinance 345/Stat390

### Homework 6

Due November 12

1. Use the Itô formula to show that for any integer  $k \geq 2$ ,

$$EW(t)^k = \frac{1}{2}k(k-1) \int_0^t EW(s)^{k-2} ds,$$

and use this to evaluate the first 240 moments of the normal distribution.

2. Use the Itô formula to show that, for any *nonrandom*, continuously differentiable function  $f(t)$ ,

$$\int_0^t f(s) dW_s = f(t)W(t) - \int_0^t f'(s)W_s ds.$$

3. Use the Itô formula to show that, for any  $t > 0$  and any scalar  $\theta$ ,

$$Ee^{\theta W(t)} = \frac{\theta^2}{2} \int_0^t Ee^{\theta W(s)} ds.$$

Now take the derivative of each side to get a differential equation for  $Ee^{\theta W(t)}$ , and then solve this differential equation to get a formula for  $Ee^{\theta W(t)}$ . HINT: For any locally  $\mathcal{H}^2$  integrand,  $E \int \alpha_s dW_s = 0$ .

4. Let  $u(x, t)$  be a bounded, continuous solution to the *heat equation*  $u_{xx}/2 = u_t$  whose first and second partial derivatives are bounded, and which satisfies the initial condition  $u(x, 0) = f(x)$ . Use the Itô formula (what else?) to show that for every  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  and every  $t > 0$ ,

$$u(x, t) = Ef(x + W(t)).$$

Conclude that for any initial condition  $u(x, 0) = f(x)$ , there can be at most one continuous bounded solution to the heat equation with bounded first and second partial derivatives.

5. **Stock Price Processes.** Let  $\{S_t\}_{t \geq 0}$  be the price process of a STOCK in a market with a riskless asset BOND whose price at time  $t$  is  $B_t = e^{rt}$ . Suppose that  $\{S_t\}$  obeys the SDE

$$dS_t = S_t(\mu dt + \sigma dW_t)$$

for some parameters  $\mu$  and  $\sigma > 0$ . Show that  $\mu = r$ .