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Data Mining

Lab - 2

Name : Gohel Krish Vishalbhai

ENR NO . : 22010101060

Roll No. : 216

Batch : A6

Step 1. Import the necessary libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
```

Step 2. Import the dataset from this [address](https://raw.githubusercontent.com/justmarkham/DAT8/master/data/u.user)

(<https://raw.githubusercontent.com/justmarkham/DAT8/master/data/u.user>).

Step 3. Assign it to a variable called users and use the 'user_id' as index

```
In [6]: users = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/justmarkham/DAT8/master/data/u.user', sep='|', index_col='user_id')
```

Step 4. See the first 25 entries

```
In [7]: users.head(25)
```

13	47	M	educator	29206
14	45	M	scientist	55106
15	49	F	educator	97301
16	21	M	entertainment	10309
17	30	M	programmer	06355
18	35	F	other	37212
19	40	M	librarian	02138
20	42	F	homemaker	95660
21	26	M	writer	30068
22	25	M	writer	40206
23	30	F	artist	48197
24	21	F	artist	94533
25	39	M	engineer	55107

Step 5. See the last 10 entries

```
In [8]: users.tail(10)
```

```
Out[8]:
```

	age	gender	occupation	zip_code
user_id				
934	61	M	engineer	22902
935	42	M	doctor	66221
936	24	M	other	32789
937	48	M	educator	98072
938	38	F	technician	55038
939	26	F	student	33319
940	32	M	administrator	02215
941	20	M	student	97229
942	48	F	librarian	78209
943	22	M	student	77841

Step 6. What is the number of observations in the dataset?

```
In [13]: # len(users)

users.shape[0] # return the num. of obs. and length of row
```

```
Out[13]: 943
```

Step 7. What is the number of columns in the dataset?

```
In [15]: users.shape[1] # return the num. of columns in dataset
```

```
Out[15]: 4
```

Step 8. Print the name of all the columns.

```
In [18]: users.columns
```

```
Out[18]: Index(['age', 'gender', 'occupation', 'zip_code'], dtype='object')
```

Step 9. How is the dataset indexed?

```
In [19]: # "the index" (aka "the labels")
users.index
```

```
Out[19]: Index([ 1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10,
...
934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943],
dtype='int64', name='user_id', length=943)
```

Step 10. What is the data type of each column?

```
In [25]: users.dtypes
```

```
Out[25]: age          int64
gender         object
occupation     object
zip_code       object
dtype: object
```

Step 11. Print only the occupation column

```
In [26]: users['occupation']
```

```
Out[26]: user_id
1      technician
2      other
3      writer
4      technician
5      other
...
939     student
940  administrator
941     student
942     librarian
943     student
Name: occupation, Length: 943, dtype: object
```

Step 12. How many different occupations are in this dataset?

```
In [28]: # len(users['occupation'].unique())
users['occupation'].nunique()
```

```
Out[28]: 21
```

Step 13. What is the most frequent occupation?

```
In [31]: users['occupation'].value_counts().keys()[0]
```

```
Out[31]: 'student'
```

Step 14. Summarize the DataFrame.

```
In [35]: users.describe()
```

```
Out[35]:
```

	age
count	943.000000
mean	34.051962
std	12.192740
min	7.000000
25%	25.000000
50%	31.000000
75%	43.000000
max	73.000000

Step 15. Summarize all the columns

```
In [38]: users.describe(include='all')
```

```
Out[38]:
```

	age	gender	occupation	zip_code
count	943.000000	943	943	943
unique	NaN	2	21	795
top	NaN	M	student	55414
freq	NaN	670	196	9
mean	34.051962	NaN	NaN	NaN
std	12.192740	NaN	NaN	NaN
min	7.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN
25%	25.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN
50%	31.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN
75%	43.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN
max	73.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN

Step 16. Summarize only the occupation column

```
In [41]: users['occupation'].describe()
```

```
Out[41]: count      943
unique      21
top      student
freq      196
Name: occupation, dtype: object
```

Step 17. What is the mean age of users?

```
In [42]: users['age'].mean()
```

```
Out[42]: 34.05196182396607
```

Step 18. What is the age with least occurrence?

```
In [44]: users['age'].value_counts().tail()
```

```
Out[44]: age
7      1
66     1
11     1
10     1
73     1
Name: count, dtype: int64
```