

Lesson 08 Demo 02

Creating a Pod in Kubernetes

Objective: To demonstrate the creation of multi-container and single-container pods in Kubernetes, along with resolving pending state issues by removing node taints

Tools required: Docker, Kubernetes

Pre-requisites: Lesson 08 Demo 01

Steps to be followed:

1. Create multi-container pods
2. Create a single container pod

Step 1: Create multi-container pods

- 1.1 Navigate to the master node and create a new file named **sample.yaml**:

```
sudo su
vi sample.yaml
```

```
labsuser@ip-172-31-41-222:~$ sudo su
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# vi sample.yaml

[1]+  Stopped                  vi sample.yaml
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# vi sample.yaml
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubectl create -f sample.yaml
pod/multi-container created
```

1.2 Add the following code to the **sample.yaml** file:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: multi-container
spec:
  terminationGracePeriodSeconds: 0
  containers:
  - name: nginx
    image: nginx:1.10-alpine
    ports:
    - containerPort: 80
  - name: alpine
    image: alpine:3.5
    command: ["watch", "wget", "-qO-", "localhost"]
```

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: multi-container
spec:
  terminationGracePeriodSeconds: 0
  containers:
  - name: nginx
    image: nginx:1.10-alpine
    ports:
    - containerPort: 80
  - name: alpine
    image: alpine:3.5
    command: ["watch", "wget", "-qO-", "localhost"]
```

1.3 Use the following command to create the multi-container pod:

kubectl create -f sample.yaml

```

labsuser@ip-172-31-41-222:~$ sudo su
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# vi sample.yaml

[1]+  Stopped                  vi sample.yaml
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# vi sample.yaml
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubectl create -f sample.yaml
pod/multi-container created

```

Step 2: Create a single container pod

2.1 On the master node, create a single container pod with a Tomcat image using the following command, and check the pods:

kubectl run tomcat --image=tomcat:8.0

kubectl get pods

```

labsuser@ip-172-31-41-222:~$ sudo su
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# vi sample.yaml

[1]+  Stopped                  vi sample.yaml
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# vi sample.yaml
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubectl create -f sample.yaml
pod/multi-container created
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubectl run tomcat --image=tomcat:8.0
pod/tomcat created
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubectl get pods

```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
multi-container	0/2	Pending	0	23s
tomcat	0/1	Pending	0	11s

2.2 Run the following command to check the pod in its pending state:

kubectl describe pods <pod_name>

```

root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubectl describe pods multi-container
Name:          multi-container
Namespace:     default
Priority:       0
Node:          <none>
Labels:        <none>
Annotations:   <none>
Status:        Pending
IP:            <none>
IPs:           <none>
Containers:
  nginx:
    Image:      nginx:1.10-alpine
    Port:       80/TCP
    Host Port:  0/TCP
    Environment: <none>
    Mounts:
      /var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from default-token-lq8p6 (ro)
  alpine:
    Image:      alpine:3.5
    Port:       <none>
    Host Port:  <none>
    Command:

```

2.3 To get the nodes status, use the following command:

kubectl get nodes

```

Events:
  Type     Reason             Age   From              Message
  ----     -
Warning   FailedScheduling   59s   default-scheduler  0/1 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/master:} that the pod didn't tolerate.
Warning   FailedScheduling   59s   default-scheduler  0/1 nodes are available: 1 node(s) had taint {node-role.kubernetes.io/master:} that the pod didn't tolerate.
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubectl get pods
NAME                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
multi-container      0/2     Pending   0           4m24s
tomcat               0/1     Pending   0           4m12s
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubectl taint nodes multi-container node-role.kubernetes.io/master-
Error from server (NotFound): nodes "multi-container" not found
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubectl get nodes
NAME                STATUS    ROLES                  AGE   VERSION
ip-172-31-41-222    Ready     control-plane,master   87m   v1.20.5

```

2.4 To remove the taint from the node, run the following commands:

kubecttl taint nodes <node name> node-role.kubernetes.io/master-

```
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubecttl get nodes
NAME                STATUS    ROLES    AGE    VERSION
ip-172-31-41-222    Ready    control-plane,master    87m    v1.20.5
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubecttl taint nodes ip-172-31-41-222 node-role.kubernetes.io/master-
node/ip-172-31-41-222    untainted
```

Note: Copy the node name and use it in the command.

2.5 Now, check the pod status by using the below command:

sudo kubecttl get pods

```
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# kubecttl taint nodes ip-172-31-41-222 node-role.kubernetes.io/master-
node/ip-172-31-41-222    untainted
root@ip-172-31-41-222:/home/labsuser# sudo kubecttl get pods
NAME                READY    STATUS    RESTARTS    AGE
multi-container     0/2      ContainerCreating    0            7m2s
tomcat              0/1      ContainerCreating    0            6m50s
```

You can see that the pods are in ready state.

By following these steps, you have successfully created multi-container and single container pods in Kubernetes, and resolved any pending state issues by removing the taint from the node.