Use Cases

The various user classes identified the following primary actors and use cases for the COS:

Primary actor	Use cases
Patron	1. Order a Meal 2. Change Meal Order 3. Cancel Meal Order 4. View Menu 5. Register for Payroll Deduction 6. Unregister for Payroll Deduction 7. Manage Meal Subscription
Menu Manager	8. Create a Menu 9. Modify a Menu 10. Delete a Menu 11. Archive Menus 12. Define a Meal Special
Cafeteria Staff	13. Prepare Meal 14. Generate a Payment Request 15. Request Meal Delivery 16. Generate System Usage Reports
Meal Deliverer	17. Record Meal Delivery 18. Print Delivery Instructions

ID and Name:	UC-1: Order a Meal			
Created By:	Prithvi Raj	Date Created:	October 4, 2013	
Primary Actor:	Patron	Secondary Actors:	Cafeteria Inventory System	
Description:	A Patron accesses the Cafeteria Ordering System from either the corporate intranet or external Internet, views the menu for a specific date, selects food items, and places an order for a meal to be picked up in the cafeteria or delivered to a specified location within a specified 15-minute time window.			
Trigger:	A Patron indi	cates that he wants to o	rder a meal.	
Preconditions:	PRE-1. Patron is logged into COS. PRE-2. Patron is registered for meal payments by payroll deduction.			
Postconditions:	POST-1. Meal order is stored in COS with a status of "Accepted." POST-2. Inventory of available food items is updated to reflect items in this order. POST-3. Remaining delivery capacity for the requested time window is updated.			
Normal Flow:	 1.0 Order a Single Meal 1. Patron asks to view menu for a specific date. (see 1.0.E1, 1.0.E2) 2. COS displays menu of available food items and the daily special. 3. Patron selects one or more food items from menu. (see 1.1) 4. Patron indicates that meal order is complete. (see 1.2) 5. COS displays ordered menu items, individual prices, and total price, including taxes and delivery charge. 6. Patron either confirms meal order (continue normal flow) or requests to modify meal order (return to step 2). 7. COS displays available delivery times for the delivery date. 8. Patron selects a delivery time and specifies the delivery location. 9. Patron specifies payment method. 10. COS confirms acceptance of the order. 11. COS sends Patron an email message confirming order details, price, and delivery instructions. 12. COS stores order, sends food item information to Cafeteria Inventory System, and updates available delivery times. 			

Alternative Flows:	 1.1 Order multiple identical meals 1. Patron requests a specified number of identical meals. (see 1.1.E1) 2. Return to step 4 of normal flow. 1.2 Order multiple meals 1. Patron asks to order another meal. 2. Return to step 1 of normal flow. 			
Exceptions:	 1.0.E1 Requested date is today and current time is after today's order cutoff time 1. COS informs Patron that it's too late to place an order for today. 2a. If Patron cancels the meal ordering process, then COS terminates use case. 2b. Else if Patron requests another date, then COS restarts use case. 1.0.E2 No delivery times left 1. COS informs Patron that no delivery times are available for the meal date. 2a. If Patron cancels the meal ordering process, then COS terminates use case. 2b. Else if Patron requests to pick the order up at the cafeteria, then continue with normal flow, but skip steps 7 and 8. 1.1.E1 Insufficient inventory to fulfill multiple meal order 1. COS informs Patron of the maximum number of identical meals he can order, based on current available inventory. 2a. If Patron modifies number of meals ordered, then return to step 4 of normal flow. 2b. Else if Patron cancels the meal ordering process, then COS terminates use case. 			
Priority:	High			
Frequency of Use:	Approximately 300 users, average of one usage per day. Peak usage load for this use case is between 9:00 A.M. and 10:00 A.M. local time.			
Business Rules:	BR-1, BR-2, BR-3, BR-4, BR-11, BR-12, BR-33			
Other Information:	1. Patron shall be able to cancel the meal ordering process at any time prior to confirming 2. Patron shall be able to view all meals he ordered within the previous six months and recone of those meals as the new order, provided that all food items are available on the menu for the requested delivery date. (Priority = medium) [Note: You could also show to as an alternative flow for the use case.] 3. The default date is the current date if the Patron is using the system before today's ordered to the cutoff time. Otherwise, the default date is the next day that the cafeteria is open.			
Assumptions:	Assume that 15 percent of Patrons will order the daily special (Source: previous 6 months of cafeteria data).			

[Note: the following use case is written in less detail than UC-1, to illustrate that it isn't always necessary to fully specify every detail of the use case, provided developers have the necessary information available from some other source.]

ID and Name:	UC-5 Register for Payroll Deduction			
Created By:	Nancy Anderson	Date Created:	September 15, 2013	
Primary Actor:	Patron	Secondary Actors:	Payroll System	
Description:	Cafeteria patrons who use the COS and have meals delivered must be registered for payroll deduction. For noncash purchases made through the COS, the cafeteria will issue a payment request to the Payroll System, which will deduct the meal costs from the next scheduled employee payday direct deposit.			
Trigger:	Patron requests to register for payroll deduction, or Patron says yes when COS asks if he wants to register.			
Preconditions:	PRE-1. Patron is logged into COS.			
Postconditions:	POST-1. Patron is registered for payroll deduction.			
Normal Flow:	 S.0 Register for Payroll Deduction COS asks Payroll System if Patron is eligible to register for payroll deduction. Payroll System confirms that Patron is eligible to register for payroll deduction. COS asks Patron to confirm his desire to register for payroll deduction. If so, COS asks Payroll System to establish payroll deduction for Patron. Payroll System confirms that payroll deduction is established. COS informs Patron that payroll deduction is established. 			
Alternative Flows:	None			
Exceptions:	5.0.E1 Patron is not eligible for payroll deduction. 5.0.E2 Patron is already enrolled for payroll deduction.			
Priority:	High			
Business Rules:	BR-86 and BR-88 govern an employee's eligibility to enroll for payroll deduction.			
Other Information:	Expect high frequency of executing this use case within first 2 weeks after system is released.			

[Note: the following use case is written in a very brief form, to illustrate that it is not always necessary to fully complete the use case template, provided developers have the necessary information available from some other source. It's a good idea to plan out which use cases require detailing and which do not.]

ID and Name:	UC-9 Modify a Menu		
Created By:	Mark Hassall	Date Created:	October 7, 2013
Description:	The cafeteria Menu Manager may retrieve the menu for a specific date in the future, modify it to add new food items, remove or change food items, create or change a meal special, or change prices, and save the modified menu.		
Exceptions:	No menu exists for the specified date; show an error message and let the Menu Manager enter a new date.		
Priority:	High		
Business Rules:	BR-24		
Other Information:	offormation: Certain food items will not be deliverable, so the menu presented to the Patrons of the COS for delivery will not always exactly match the menu available for pickup in the cafeteria. The Menu Manager can set which items are not deliverable.		

Business Rules

[Note: The following illustrates a portion of a separate business rules catalog.]

ID	Rule definition	Type of rule	Static or dynamic	Source
BR-1	Delivery time windows are 15 minutes, beginning on each quarter hour.	Fact	Dynamic	Cafeteria Manager
BR-2	Deliveries must be completed between 11:00 A.M. and 2:00 P.M. local time, inclusive.	Constraint	Dynamic	Cafeteria Manager
BR-3	All meals in a single order must be delivered to the same location.	Constraint	Static	Cafeteria Manager
BR-4	All meals in a single order must be paid for by using the same payment method.	Constraint	Static	Cafeteria Manager
BR-8	Meals must be ordered within 14 calendar days of the meal date.	Constraint	Dynamic	Cafeteria Manager
BR-11	If an order is to be delivered, the patron must pay by payroll deduction.	Constraint	Dynamic	Cafeteria Manager
BR-12	Order price is calculated as the sum of each food item price times the quantity of that food item ordered, plus applicable sales tax, plus a delivery charge if a meal is delivered outside the free delivery zone.	Computation	Dynamic	cafeteria policy; state tax code
BR-24	Only cafeteria employees who are designated as Menu Managers by the Cafeteria Manager can create, modify, or delete cafeteria menus.	Constraint	Static	cafeteria policy
BR-33	Network transmissions that involve financial information or personally identifiable information require 256-bit encryption.	Constraint	Static	corporate security policy
BR-86	Only regular employees can register for payroll deduction for any company purchase.	Constraint	Static	Corporate Accounting Manager
BR-88	An employee can register for payroll deduction payment of cafeteria meals if no more than 40 percent of his gross pay is currently being deducted for other reasons.	Constraint	Dynamic	Corporate Accounting Manager