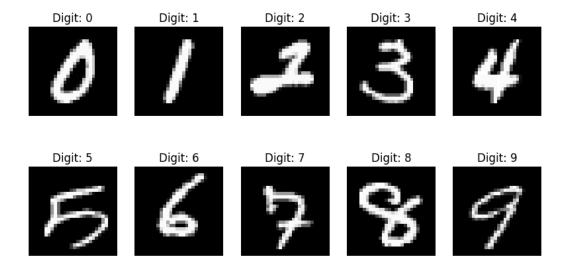
Neural Networks - Homework4

1.a)OUTPUT



1.c)

```
d = 10: MSE = 0.07656294109759007, Mistakes = 38587
d = 50: MSE = 0.05335488004760626, Mistakes = 15594
d = 100: MSE = 0.04640982361643528, Mistakes = 12430
d = 200: MSE = 0.04225353635374769, Mistakes = 11000
d = 500: MSE = 0.039377841635735815, Mistakes = 10397
```

If we were to randomly guess a digit from 0 to 9 for each image in the dataset, the probability of guessing correctly is 1/10, while the probability of being wrong is 9/10. Given the dataset's 70,000 images, we can estimate the expected number of mistakes from random guessing as follows:

Expected Mistakes = 9/10 * 70,000 = 63,000

Comparing the number of mistakes in the table to the expected number of mistakes, we can see that the model is performing significantly better than random guessing. For example, when d=10, the model makes 38587 mistakes, which is much lower than the expected number of mistakes.

Based on the table, it appears that a good choice for d is around 200-500. At these values, the model achieves a relatively low MSE and a relatively low number of mistakes.

