

SHORT EXAM 3

Variation on Parameters (EXAMPLE I)

$$2y'' - y' - y = 2e^t$$

$$2y_H'' - y_H' - y_H = 0$$

$$2r^2 - r - 1 = 0$$

$$(2r-1)(r-1) = 0$$

$$r = -1/2, 1$$

$$\rightarrow y_H = C_1 e^{-1/2t} + C_2 e^t$$

$$\rightarrow y_p = U_1(t) e^{-1/2t} + U_2(t) e^t$$

$$\begin{aligned}\rightarrow y_p' &= \underbrace{-\frac{1}{2}U_1 e^{-1/2t} + U_1' e^{-1/2t}}_{= -\frac{1}{2}U_1 e^{-1/2t}} + \underbrace{U_2 e^t}_{= U_2 e^t} + U_2' e^t \\ &= -\frac{1}{2}U_1 e^{-1/2t} + U_2 e^t + 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow y_p'' = \underbrace{-\frac{1}{2}U_1' e^{-1/2t}}_{= -U_1' e^{-1/2t}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{4}U_1 e^{-1/2t}}_{+ 2U_2' e^t} + U_2' e^t + U_2 e^t$$

$$\begin{aligned}&[-U_1' e^{-1/2t} + 2U_2' e^t = 2e^t] \\ \rightarrow &U_1' e^{-1/2t} + U_2' e^t = 0\end{aligned}$$

$$3U_2' e^t = 2e^t \rightarrow U_2' e^{-1/2t} + \frac{2}{3}e^t = 0$$

$$U_2' = 2/3$$

$$U_2 = \frac{2}{3}t$$

$$\begin{aligned}U_1' e^{-1/2t} &= -2/3 e^t \\ U_1' &= -2/3 e^{3/2t} \\ U_1 &= -\frac{4}{9} e^{3/2t}\end{aligned}$$

$$y = y_H + y_p$$

$$y = C_1 e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} + C_2 e^{\frac{1}{2}t} + \frac{4}{9} e^{\frac{1}{2}t} \cdot e^{3/2t} - \frac{1}{2} t e^{\frac{1}{2}t}$$

$$= C_1 e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} + C_2 e^{\frac{1}{2}t} - \frac{4}{9} e^{\frac{1}{2}t} + \frac{2}{3} t e^{\frac{1}{2}t}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{C_1 e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} + C_2 e^{\frac{1}{2}t} + \frac{2}{3} t e^{\frac{1}{2}t}}$$

Variation on Parameters (EXAMPLE II)

$$y'' + y = \tan t \quad (\text{süna tekrar dön, yaz, sadleştir})$$

ve esitle

$$y_H'' + y_H = 0$$

$$r^2 + 1 = 0$$

$$r = \pm i$$

$$y_H = C_1 \cos t + C_2 \sin t$$

$$y_p = u_1 \cos t + u_2 \sin t \quad 0$$

$$y_p' = -u_1 \sin t + \underbrace{u_1' \cos t + u_2' \sin t}_{0} + u_2 \cos t$$

$$y_p' = -u_1 \sin t + u_2 \cos t$$

$$y_p'' = -u_1' \sin t - u_1 \cos t + u_2' \cos t - u_2 \sin t$$

$$-u_1' \sin t + u_2' \cos t = \tan t$$

$$u_1' \cos t + u_2' \sin t = 0$$





$$U_1' = -U_2' \cdot \frac{\sin t}{\cos t}$$

$$U_2' \frac{\sin^2 t}{\cos t} + U_2' \cos t = \tan t$$

$$\Rightarrow U_2' \sin^2 t + U_2' \cos^2 t = \tan t \cdot \cos t$$

$$U_2' = \tan t \cdot \cos t = \sin t$$

$$U_2 = -\cos t$$

$$U_1' = -\frac{\sin^2 t}{\cos t} = -\sin t \cdot \tan t$$

$$U_1 = -\ln |\sec t + \tan t| + \sin t$$

$$y = y_H + y_P$$

$$y = C_1 \cos t + C_2 \sin t + [-\ln(\sec t + \tan t) + \sin t] \cos t - \cos t \cdot \sin t$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{C_1 \cos t + C_2 \sin t - \cos t \cdot \ln |\sec t + \tan t|}$$

Example 2 \Rightarrow Wronskian } Gök kolay ama öğren-
 meyeceğim.

$$y'' + y = \tan t$$

High Order Linear Equations

$$\begin{cases} y''' + y'' - 6y' + 4y = 0 \\ r^3 + r^2 - 6r + 4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

Check $r = -1$
 $10 \neq 0 \times$

Check $r = 1$
 $0 = 0 \checkmark$

$(r-1)$ is a factor

$$(r-1)(r^2 + 2r - 4) = 0$$

$$r=1$$

$$(r^3 + r^2 - 6r + 4) - (r-1)$$

$$(r-1) \text{ does } \leftarrow 1$$

$$r^2 + 2r - 4 = 0 \rightarrow \text{Quadratic E.}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 & 1 & -6 & 4 \\ + & 1 & 2 & -4 \\ \hline 1 & 2 & -4 & 0 \end{array} \quad \text{remainder}$$

$$r = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4)}}{2}$$

$$2.1$$

$$= \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{20}}{2} \rightarrow \boxed{r = -1 + \sqrt{5}, -1 - \sqrt{5}}$$

$$y(t) = C_1 e^{(-1+\sqrt{5})t} + C_2 e^{(-1-\sqrt{5})t} + C_3 e^t$$

High Order Example 2

$$2y''' - 6y'' - 5y' + 15y = 0$$

$$2m^3 - 6m^2 - 5m + 15 = 0$$

$$2m^2(m-3) - 5(m-3) = 0$$

$$(2m^2 - 5)(m-3) = 0$$

$$2m^2 - 5 = 0 \quad m-3 = 0$$

$$m = \pm \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2} \quad m = 3$$

$$y = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 e^{\frac{\sqrt{10}x}{2}} + C_3 e^{-\frac{\sqrt{10}x}{2}}$$

High Order Example 3

$$y''' + 8y'' + 12y' = 0$$

$$m^3 + 8m^2 + 12m = 0$$

$$m(m^2 + 8m + 12) = 0$$

$$m(m+6)(m+2) = 0$$

$$m = 0, -6, -2 \Rightarrow y = C_1 e^{0x} + C_2 e^{-6x} + C_3 e^{-2x}$$

..... / /

High Order Example 4

$$y^4 + y^3 - 7y^2 - y' + 6y = 0$$

$$m^4 + m^3 - 7m^2 - m + 6 = 0 \rightarrow \text{Bu denklemin köklerini bul}$$

Wolfram'dan
 $\Rightarrow 1, -1, 2, -3$

$$y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} + c_3 e^{2x} + c_4 e^{-3x}$$

High Order Example 5

$$y^4 - 3y^2 - 28y = 0$$

$$m^4 - 3m^2 - 28 = 0 \rightarrow m = \pm \sqrt{7} \quad m = \mp 2i$$

$\alpha = 0 \quad \beta = 2$

$$y = c_1 e^{\sqrt{7}x} + c_2 e^{-\sqrt{7}x} + c_3 \cos 2x + c_4 \cdot \sin 2x$$

Constant Coefficients

$$ay'' + by' + cy = 0$$

$$ar^2 e^{rt} + br e^{rt} + c \cdot e^{rt} = 0$$

Suggest \Rightarrow

$$y = e^{rt}$$

$$y' = r \cdot e^{rt}$$

$$y'' = r^2 \cdot e^{rt}$$

$$e^{rt} (ar^2 + br + c) = 0$$

\downarrow

never zero
must have
0

EXAMPLE 1

$$\begin{cases} 4y'' - 5y' - 6y = 0 \\ 4r^2 - 5r - 6 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{Roots } r = -\frac{3}{4}, r = 2 \Rightarrow e^{-\frac{3}{4}t}, e^{2t}$$

$$y_2 = e^{2t} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Denkende } y_2 \\ y_2' = 2e^{2t} \\ y_2'' = 4e^{2t} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$4 \cdot 4e^{2t} - 5 \cdot 2e^{2t} - 6 \cdot e^{2t} = 0 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Check} \\ 0 = 0 \end{array} \right\} \checkmark$$

$$y = C_1 e^{-\frac{3}{4}t} + C_2 e^{2t}$$

Example 2

$$\frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} - 81y = 0$$

$$D^4 - 81 = 0 \Rightarrow (D^2 - 9)(D^2 + 9)$$

$$\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow$$

$$D \pm 3 \quad D \pm 3i$$

$$y = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 e^{-3x} + C_3 \cos 3x + C_4 \sin 3x$$

Eğer karmaşık sayı girdiğimizde
öyledi yaz

→ Repeated real roots

$$y = C_1 e^{rx} + C_2 x e^{rx} + C_3 x^2 e^{rx} + \dots + C_{n-1} x^{n-1} e^{rx}$$

$$\hookrightarrow y = C_1 + C_2 x + C_3 x^2 + C_4 x^3 + C_5 e^{5x} + C_6 x e^{5x}$$

$$\rightarrow y'' - 4y' + 13y = 0$$

$$D^2 - 4D + 13 = 0 \rightarrow \text{Kökteli}, 2 \pm 3i \text{ oluyor}$$

$$\hookrightarrow y = e^{2x} [C_1 \cos 3x + C_2 \sin 3x]$$

→ Repeated Complex Roots $(a+bi)^2$

$$y = e^{ax} [C_1 \cos(bx) + C_2 \sin(bx) + x e^{ax} [C_3 \cos(bx) + C_4 \sin(bx)]]$$

Undetermined Coefficient

$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = e^t \sin t$$

$$r^2 - 3r + 2 = 0$$

$$r = 1, r = 2$$

$$Y_H = C_1 e^t + C_2 e^{2t} \quad Y_p = A e^t \sin t + B e^t \cos t$$

$$Y_p' = A e^t \cos t + A e^t \sin t - B e^t \sin t + B e^t \cos t$$

$$Y_p' = (A-B) e^t \sin t + (A+B) e^t \cos t$$

$$Y_p'' = (A-B) e^t \cos t + (A-B) e^t \sin t - (A+B) e^t \sin t + (A+B) e^t \cos t$$

$$Y_p'' = e^t \sin t (-2B) + 2A e^t \cos t \rightarrow \text{Basa dồn } y_{02}$$

$$-2B e^t \sin t + 2A e^t \cos t - 3 [(A-B) e^t \sin t + (A+B) e^t \cos t] + \rightarrow$$

$$2.(A e^t \sin t + B e^t \cos t) = e^t \sin t$$

$$(-A+B) e^t \sin t + (-A-B) e^t \cos t = 1 e^t \sin t$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -A+B=1 \\ -A-B=0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow Y_p = -\frac{1}{2} e^t \sin t + \frac{1}{2} e^t \cos t$$

$$A = -1/2 \quad B = 1/2$$

$$Y = Y_H + Y_p \Rightarrow C_1 e^t + C_2 e^{2t} - \frac{1}{2} e^t \sin t + \frac{1}{2} e^t \cos t$$

Answer