

University School of Automation and Robotics GURU GOBIND SINGH INDRAPRASTHA UNIVERSITY East Delhi Campus, Surajmal Vihar Delhi - 110092



Max Marks: 30

Duration: 1hr

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Subject Name: Introduction to Manufacturing Processes

Subject Code: 1CT-116

Mid Term 2nd Semester Examination June 2022

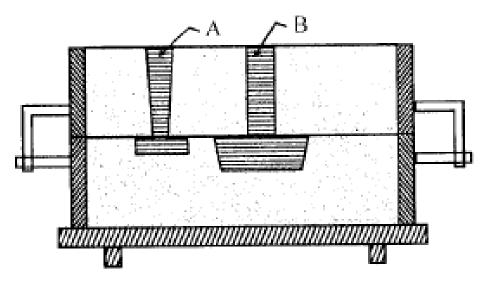
Group A-

Compulsory question of 10 marks.

- 1. Which one of the following processes produces a casting when pressure forces the molten metal into the mould cavity?
 - (a) Shell moulding
- (b) Investment casting

(c) Die casting

- (d) Continuous casting
- 2. Shell moulding can be used for:
 - (a) Producing milling cutters
 - (b) Making gold ornaments
 - (c) Producing heavy and thick walled casting
 - (d) **Producing thin casting**
- 3. A sand-casting mould assembly is shown in the above figure. The elements marked A and B are respectively



- (a) Sprue and riser
- (b) Ingate and riser

(c) Drag and runner (d) Riser and runner
 4. Shrinkage allowance is made by (a) Adding to external and internal dimensions (b) Subtracting from external and internal dimensions (c) Subtracting from external dimensions and adding to internal dimensions (d) Adding to external dimensions and subtracting from internal dimensions
5. The main purpose of chaplets is (a) To ensure directional solidification (b) To provide efficient venting (c) For aligning the mold boxes (d) To support the cores
6. The maximum heat in resistance welding is at the (a) Tip of the positive electrode (b) Tip of the negative electrode (c) Top surface of the plate at the time of electric contact with the electrode (d) Interface between the two plates being Joined
7. Which one of the following is not an electric resistance method of welding? (a) Electro slag welding (b) Percussion welding (c) Seam welding (d) Flash welding
8. The ratio between Oxygen and Acetylene gases for neutral flame in gas welding is (a) 2:1 (b) 1:2 (c) 1:1 (d) 4:1
9. The welding process in which bare wire is used as electrode, granular flux is used and the process is

characterized by its high-speed welding, is known as:

10. In arc welding, the arc length should be equal to (a) 4.5 times the rod diameter $\frac{1}{2}$

(a) Shielded arc welding(b) Plasma arc welding(c) Submerged arc welding(d) Gas metal arc welding

(b) 3 times the rod diameter(c) 1.5 times the rod diameter

(d) Rod diameter

Group B-

This section comprises of 3 questions. Attempt any 2 questions from this section. Every question carries 10 marks each.

- 1. Explain the three types of oxy-acetylene flames. Indicate with the help of sketches the various zones, respective temperature ranges and applications of each type of flame?
- 2. What is permeability? Permeability is more important in the basic process of sand casting than porosity. Give one important reason for this feature.
- 3. What are the types of Patterns. Briefly discuss about the pattern allowances.