

## University School of Automation and Robotics GURU GOBIND SINGH INDRAPRASTHA UNIVERSITY East Delhi Campus, Surajmal Vihar Delhi - 110092



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Subject Name: Engineering Physics-II
Subject Code: BS-108

Max Marks: 30
Duration: 1hr

## Mid Term 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester Examination June 2022

## Q1. Attempt any five parts in all from the following:

 $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

(3 marks)

- a) Are de Broglie waves known as electromagnetic in nature? Support your answer with a reason.
- b) What are the drawbacks of Schrodinger wave equation?
- c) Which is better for viewing nano-sized sample, electron microscope or optical microscope? Why?
- d) An electron and a photon have same de-Broglie wavelength. Which one will have more energy?
- e) Why the quantum number n=0 is not possible in one 1-D box?
- f) What is a zero-point energy of a harmonic oscillator? Draw energy level diagram depicting equi-spaced levels.
- g) Can every physical system be described by the time independent Schrodinger equation? Comment.
- h) What is physical significance of fermi level and fermi energy?

Q2. (5+3+2=10 marks)

- a) What is group velocity and phase velocity? Show that the group velocity of particle is equal to the velocity of the particle. (5 marks)
- b) Derive the distribution function for Bose-Einstein statistics.
- c) Differentiate between Fermions and Bosons. (2 marks)

OR

- a) Obtain normalised wave functions for a particle in a box. Represent them graphically. (5 marks)
- b) Obtain an expression for the statistical distribution function for Fermion particles. (3 marks)
- c) Which of the following functions be acceptable wavefunctions? Give reasons for your answer.

(a)  $\psi(x)$  (b)  $\psi(x)$   $\times$ 

Q3. (3+3+4=10 marks)

- a) Find the expectation value  $\langle x \rangle$  of the position of a particle trapped in a box L cm. (3 marks)
- b) Electrons with energies of 1eV and 2eV are incident on a barrier 10.0eV high and 0.50nm wide. Find their respective transmission probabilities. State, how are these affected if the barrier is doubled in width. (3 marks)
- c) A photon with wavelength 1 is absorbed by an electron confined to a box. As a result, the electron moves from state n=1 to n=4. (a) Find the length of the box. (b) What is the wavelength of the photon emitted in the transition of that electron from the state n=4 to the state n=2? (4 marks)