# CSE1007 – JAVA PROGRAMMING

# Lab Exercise on Methods

## **Question 1**

Write a JAVA program to find the GCD of any two numbers. Your program should have method findGCD() that return the gcd of the two numbers.

#### **CODE:**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class q1{
  public static int findGCD(int a, int b)
    int i,min,GCD=1;
    min = (a < b) ? a : b;
    for(i=2;i<=min;i++)
       if(a\%i==0 \&\& b\%i==0)
       GCD=i;
     }
    return GCD;
  public static void main(String args[])
     Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter first number: ");
     int n1=in.nextInt();
     System.out.print("Enter second number: ");
     int n2=in.nextInt();
```

```
System.out.println("GCD of "+n1+" and "+n2+" : "+findGCD(n1,n2));
}

OUTPUT:
C:\Gokul\VIT\SEM-4\CSE1007 - Java\Lab\Lab4>javac q1.java
C:\Gokul\VIT\SEM-4\CSE1007 - Java\Lab\Lab4>java q1
Enter first number: 15
Enter second number: 20
GCD of 15 and 20 : 5
```

#### **Question 2**

Travel Tickets Company sells tickets for airlines, tours, and other travel-related services. Because long numbers have often been entered incorrectly by agents, Travel Tickets has asked you to code a JAVA program that will indicate if a ticket number entry is invalid. Ticket numbers are 11 digits long. Ticket numbers are designed such that if you drop the last digit of the number, then divide the 10-digit number by 7, the remainder of the division will be identical to the last dropped digit. If ticket number is 10-digits, include the 11<sup>th</sup> digit or if it is 11-digit long, check for the validity. If the ticket number is any other length, your program should prompt the agent to check and re-enter the ticket number. Include a method **isValidTicket()** that return either true or false depending on the validity of the ticket.

#### **CODE:**

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class q2{

  public static boolean isValidTicket(long tID)
  {
    int flag=0;
    String str = String.valueOf(tID);
    if(str.length()==11)
    {
       long lastDigit = tID%10;
       long n = tID/10;
       if(lastDigit==n%7)
       flag=1;
```

```
}
    if(flag==1)
    return true;
    else
    return false;
  }
  public static void main(String args[])
    Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("Enter ticket number : ");
    long n=in.nextLong();
    String s = String.valueOf(n);
    if(s.length()==10)
    {
       n=(n*10)+(n\%7);
       System.out.println("11 Digit Ticket number: "+n);
    }
    if(isValidTicket(n))
    System.out.println("Ticket number is valid");
    else
    System.out.println("Kindly check and renter the ticket number");
  }
}
OUTPUT:
C:\Gokul\VIT\SEM-4\CSE1007 - Java\Lab\Lab4>javac q2.java
C:\Gokul\VIT\SEM-4\CSE1007 - Java\Lab\Lab4>java q2
Enter ticket number: 27896541363
Ticket number is valid
```

## **Question 3**

Assume that you have a list of words and you wish to find how many words are palindrome in the list. Devise a JAVA program that reads several words and displays the palindrome words and count of such words. Your program should have two methods namely

String reverseString(String) and boolean isPalindrome(String).

Hint: A word is palindrome if its reverse is same as the original.

#### **CODE:**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class q3{
  public static String reverseString(String str)
  {
     String rev="";
     char ch;
     for (int i=str.length()-1; i>=0; i--)
     {
       ch= str.charAt(i);
       rev+=ch;
     }
     return rev;
  }
  public static boolean isPalindrome(String s){
     if(s.equals((reverseString(s))))
     return true;
     else
     return false;
  }
```

```
public static void main(String args[])
  {
     Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n,i,c=0;
     System.out.print("Enter no of words: ");
     n=in.nextInt();
    String words[]=new String[n];
    System.out.print("Enter "+n+" words: ");
     for(i=0;i<n;i++)
     words[i]=in.next();
     System.out.println();
    for(i=0;i< n;i++)
     {
       if(isPalindrome(words[i]))
       {
         c++;
         System.out.println(words[i]+" is Palindrome (Reverse:
"+reverseString(words[i])+")");
       }
     }
    if(c>0)
    System.out.println("\nNo of plaindrome words: "+c);
    System.out.println("\nNo plaindrome words found");
  }
}
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
C:\Gokul\VIT\SEM-4\CSE1007 - Java\Lab\Lab4>javac q3.java
C:\Gokul\VIT\SEM-4\CSE1007 - Java\Lab\Lab4>java q3
Enter no of words: 5
Enter 5 words: cat malayalam dog racecar giraffe
malayalam is Palindrome (Reverse: malayalam)
racecar is Palindrome (Reverse: racecar)
No of plaindrome words: 2
```