



BITS Pilani
Dubai Campus

Multi-threaded TCP Server

CS F303

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Problem Statement



- Develop a multithreaded TCP server and verify the same.

Multithreaded TCP server (1)



- Step 1: Write Multithreaded TCP server program using Socket programming.
 - Create Server.java file and write following code in it.

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
class Server {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        ServerSocket server = null;
        try {
            // server is listening on port 8009
            server = new ServerSocket(8009);
            //setReuseAddress () method of Java Socket class
            //enables or disables the SO_REUSEADDR socket option.
            //The initial setting of SO_REUSEADDR is disabled.
            server.setReuseAddress(true);
            // running infinite loop for getting client request
            while (true) {
                // socket object to receive incoming client requests
                Socket client = server.accept();
```

Multithreaded TCP server (2)

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```
// Displaying that new client is connected to server
//getInetAddress () method either returns the
//remote IP address to which the socket is connected
//getHostAddress() method of InetAddress class
//returns the IP address string in textual presentation.
System.out.println("New client connected" + client.getInetAddress().getHostAddress());
// create a new thread object
ClientHandler1 clientSock = new ClientHandler1(client);
// This thread will handle the client separately
new Thread(clientSock).start();
    }
}
```

Multithreaded TCP server (3)



Step 2: Create ClientHandler.java for handling multiple clients.

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
public class ClientHandler1 implements Runnable
{
    private final Socket clientSocket;
    public ClientHandler1(Socket socket)
    {
        this.clientSocket = socket;
    }
    public void run()
    {
        PrintWriter out = null;
        BufferedReader in = null;
        try {
```

Multithreaded TCP server (4)

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```
// get the outputstream of client
out = new PrintWriter(clientSocket.getOutputStream(), true);
// get the inputstream of client
in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(clientSocket.getInputStream()));
String line;
while ((line = in.readLine()) != null) {
    // writing the received message from client
    System.out.printf(" Sent from the client: %s\n",line);
    out.println(line);
    out.flush();
    if (line.trim().equals("BYE"))
    {
        System.out.println("Client socket close");
        break;
    }
}
clientSocket.close();
}
catch (IOException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
```

Multithreaded TCP server (5)

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```
        finally {  
            try {  
                if (out != null) {  
                    out.close();  
                }  
                if (in != null) {  
                    in.close();  
                    clientSocket.close();  
                }  
            }  
            catch (IOException e) {  
                e.printStackTrace();  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

TCP client (1)

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Step 3: Create Client.java

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import java.util.*;
class Client {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        // establish a connection by providing host and port number
        try (Socket socket = new Socket("localhost", 8009))
        {
            // writing to server
            PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(socket.getOutputStream(), true);
            // reading from server
            BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));
            // object of scanner class
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
            String line = null;
```


TCP client (2)

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```
while (!"exit".equalsIgnoreCase(line))
{
    // reading from user
    line = sc.nextLine();
    // sending the user input to server
    out.println(line);
    out.flush();
    // displaying server reply
    System.out.println("Server replied " + in.readLine());
}
// closing the scanner object
sc.close();
}
catch (IOException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}
```

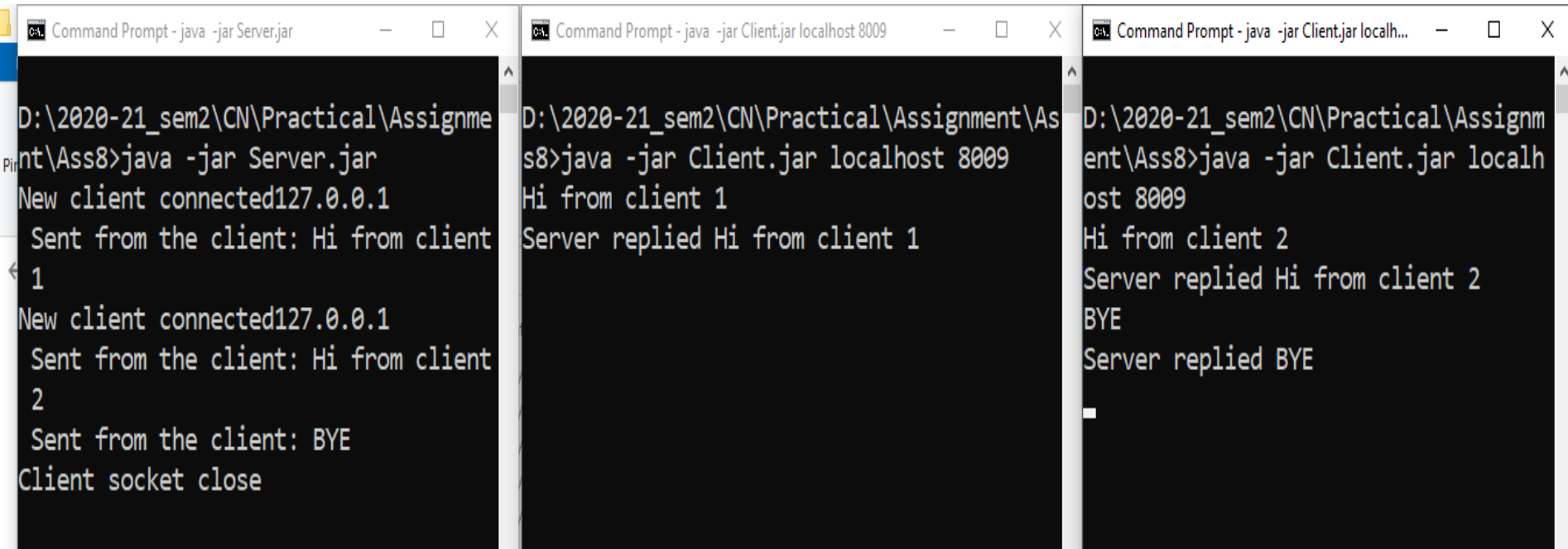
Execute Multithreaded Server and Clients

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- Step 4: Run the server and connect multiple clients to it.



The image displays three Command Prompt windows side-by-side, illustrating the execution of a multithreaded server and two clients. The first window shows the server running and handling two clients. The second window shows the first client sending a message and receiving a reply. The third window shows the second client sending a message and receiving a reply.

```
Command Prompt - java -jar Server.jar
D:\2020-21_sem2\CN\Practical\Assignment\Ass8>java -jar Server.jar
New client connected127.0.0.1
Sent from the client: Hi from client 1
New client connected127.0.0.1
Sent from the client: Hi from client 2
Sent from the client: BYE
Client socket close

Command Prompt - java -jar Client.jar localhost 8009
D:\2020-21_sem2\CN\Practical\Assignment\Ass8>java -jar Client.jar localhost 8009
Hi from client 1
Server replied Hi from client 1

Command Prompt - java -jar Client.jar localhost 8009
D:\2020-21_sem2\CN\Practical\Assignment\Ass8>java -jar Client.jar localhost 8009
Hi from client 2
Server replied Hi from client 2
BYE
Server replied BYE
```

- Develop a multi-threaded TCP server which perform following operations requested by clients and replying outcome of each operation to requested client,
 - Addition, Subtraction, Division and Multiplication.
 - Conversion of string send from client into capital letters.

- <https://www.javatpoint.com/java-socket-setreuseaddress-method>
- <https://www.javatpoint.com/java-inetaddress-gethostaddress-method>
- <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introducing-threads-socket-programming-java/>
- <https://www.codejava.net/java-se/networking/javasocket-server-examples-tcp-ip>
- <https://www.javatpoint.com/socket-programming>
- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/java_networking.htm#:~:text=Sockets%20provide%20the%20communication%20mechanism,its%20end%20of%20the%20communication.
- <http://se.cs.depaul.edu/se450/lecture8-handout.pdf>



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Thank You!