```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

2) load the dataset

import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv("Churn_Modelling.csv") # import dataset
print(df)

print(df)								
	er Custome	erId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender		
`	1 15634	4602	Hargrave	619	France	Female		
	2 15647	7311	Hill	608	Spain	Female		
	3 15619	9304	Onio	502	France	Female		
	4 1570	1354	Boni	699	France	Female		
	5 1573	7888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female		
99	96 15606	5229	0bijiaku	771	France	Male		
99	97 15569	9892	Johnstone	516	France	Male		
99	98 15584	4532	Liu	709	France	Female		
99	99 15682	2355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male		
100	00 15628	3319	Walker	792	France	Female		
Tenure 2 1 8 1 2 5	Balance 0.00 83807.86 159660.80 0.00 125510.82 0.00 57369.61	Num	1 1 3 2 1 2 1	1 0 1 0 1 	IsActiveMem	ber \ 1		
	RowNumber	RowNumber Customed 1 15634 2 15647 3 15619 4 15703 5 15737 9996 15606 9997 15569 9998 15584 9999 15682 10000 15628 Tenure Balance 2 0.00 1 83807.86 8 159660.80 1 0.00 2 125510.82 5 0.00 10 57369.61	RowNumber CustomerId 1 15634602 2 15647311 3 15619304 4 15701354 5 15737888 9996 15606229 9997 15569892 9998 15584532 9999 15682355 10000 15628319 Tenure Balance Num 2 0.00 1 83807.86 8 159660.80 1 0.00 2 125510.82 5 0.00 10 57369.61	RowNumber CustomerId Surname 1 15634602 Hargrave 2 15647311 Hill 3 15619304 Onio 4 15701354 Boni 5 15737888 Mitchell 9996 15606229 Obijiaku 9997 15569892 Johnstone 9998 15584532 Liu 9999 15682355 Sabbatini 10000 15628319 Walker Tenure Balance NumOfProducts 2 0.00 1 1 83807.86 1 8 159660.80 3 1 0.00 2 2 125510.82 1 5 0.00 2 10 57369.61 1	RowNumber CustomerId Surname CreditScore 1 15634602 Hargrave 619 2 15647311 Hill 608 3 15619304 Onio 502 4 15701354 Boni 699 5 15737888 Mitchell 850 9996 15606229 Obijiaku 771 9997 15569892 Johnstone 516 9998 15584532 Liu 709 9999 15682355 Sabbatini 772 10000 15628319 Walker 792 Tenure Balance NumOfProducts HasCrCard 2 0.00 1 1 1 83807.86 1 0 8 159660.80 3 1 1 0.00 2 0 2 125510.82 1 1 10 57369.61 1	RowNumber CustomerId Surname CreditScore Geography 1 15634602 Hargrave 619 France 2 15647311 Hill 608 Spain 3 15619304 Onio 502 France 4 15701354 Boni 699 France 5 15737888 Mitchell 850 Spain 9996 15606229 Obijiaku 771 France 9997 15569892 Johnstone 516 France 9998 15584532 Liu 709 France 9999 15682355 Sabbatini 772 Germany 10000 15628319 Walker 792 France Tenure Balance Num0fProducts HasCrCard IsActiveMem 1 8 189660.80 3 1 1 0.00 2 0 2 125510.82		

```
9998
           3
              75075.31
                                                  1
9999
                                       1
                                                  1
           4 130142.79
      EstimatedSalary Exited
0
            101348.88
                             1
1
            112542.58
                             0
2
                             1
            113931.57
3
             93826.63
                             0
4
             79084.10
                             0
                           . . .
. . .
                   . . .
             96270.64
9995
                             0
9996
            101699.77
                             0
9997
             42085.58
                             1
                             1
9998
             92888.52
9999
             38190.78
                             0
[10000 rows x 14 columns]
3) Perform below visualization.
i) Univariate analysis.
a) summary statistics:
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv("Churn_Modelling.csv")
#mean of CreditScore
M=df['CreditScore'].mean()
#median of CreditScore
Me=df['CreditScore'].median()
# standard deviation of CreditScore
std = df['CreditScore'].std()
print("mean value of CreditScore is {}".format(M))
print("median value of CreditScore is {}".format(Me))
print("Standard deviation of CreditScore is {}".format(std))
mean value of CreditScore is 650.5288
median value of CreditScore is 652.0
Standard deviation of CreditScore is 96.65329873613035
b) Frequncy Table:
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read csv("Churn Modelling.csv")
#frequency table for age
ft=df['Age'].value counts()
```

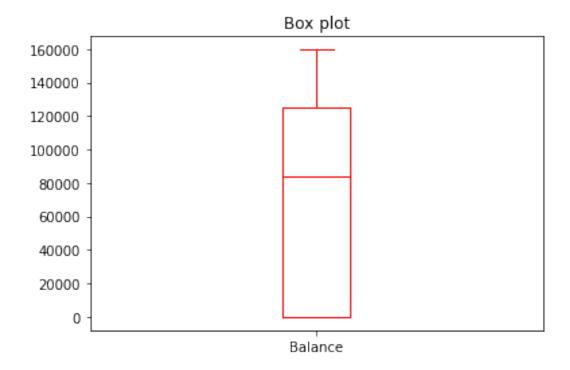
0

```
print("Frequency table for Age is given below")
print("{}".format(ft))
Frequency table for Age is given below
37
      478
38
      477
35
      474
36
      456
34
      447
92
        2
82
        1
88
        1
85
        1
83
        1
Name: Age, Length: 70, dtype: int64
c) pie charts:
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
dfs = df.head() # print first five table from top
print(dfs)
#box plot for Balance column
dfs.boxplot(column="Balance",grid=False,color="red")
plt.title('Box plot')
   RowNumber CustomerId
                            Surname CreditScore Geography Gender
                                                                      Age
/
0
           1
                 15634602
                           Hargrave
                                              619
                                                     France
                                                             Female
                                                                       42
           2
                15647311
                               Hill
                                              608
1
                                                      Spain Female
                                                                       41
2
           3
                15619304
                               Onio
                                              502
                                                     France Female
                                                                       42
3
           4
                15701354
                               Boni
                                              699
                                                     France Female
                                                                       39
4
           5
                15737888
                           Mitchell
                                              850
                                                      Spain Female
                                                                       43
                      NumOfProducts HasCrCard
                                                  IsActiveMember
   Tenure
             Balance
0
        2
                0.00
                                   1
                                               1
                                                                1
1
            83807.86
                                   1
                                               0
                                                                1
        1
2
           159660.80
                                   3
                                               1
                                                                0
        8
3
        1
                                   2
                                               0
                0.00
                                                                0
4
        2
           125510.82
                                   1
                                               1
                                                                1
```

EstimatedSalary Exited

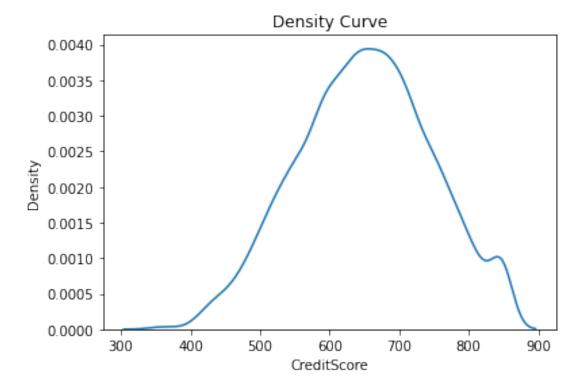
```
0 101348.88 1
1 112542.58 0
2 113931.57 1
3 93826.63 0
4 79084.10 0
```

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Box plot')



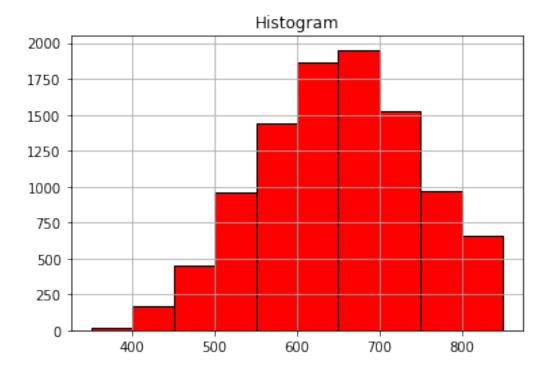
Density curve

```
import seaborn as sns #statistical data visualization
sns.kdeplot(df['CreditScore'])
plt.title('Density Curve')
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Density Curve')
```



Histogram for Credit Score

```
df.hist(column="CreditScore" ,grid=True, edgecolor ='black', color
='red')
plt.title('Histogram')
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Histogram')
```



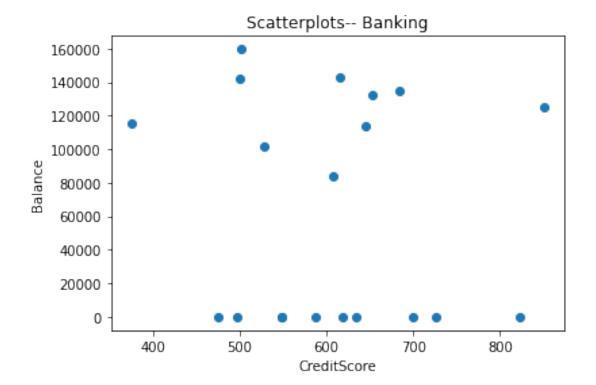
ii) Bi-variate analysis

a) scatterplots

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # library for charts

dfs1 = df.head(20)
plt.scatter(dfs1.CreditScore,dfs1.Balance)
plt.title('Scatterplots-- Banking')
plt.xlabel("CreditScore")
plt.ylabel("Balance")

Text(0, 0.5, 'Balance')
```



b) Correlation co-efficient

df.corr()

	RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age
Tenure \ RowNumber	1.000000	0.004202	0.005840	0.000783 -
0.006495				
CustomerId 0.014883	0.004202	1.000000	0.005308	0.009497 -
CreditScore 0.000842	0.005840	0.005308	1.000000	-0.003965
Age 0.009997	0.000783	0.009497	-0.003965	1.000000 -
Tenure 1.000000	-0.006495	-0.014883	0.000842	-0.009997
Balance 0.012254	-0.009067	-0.012419	0.006268	0.028308 -
NumOfProducts 0.013444	0.007246	0.016972	0.012238	-0.030680
HasCrCard 0.022583	0.000599	-0.014025	-0.005458	-0.011721
IsActiveMember 0.028362	0.012044	0.001665	0.025651	0.085472 -
EstimatedSalary 0.007784	-0.005988	0.015271	-0.001384	-0.007201
Exited 0.014001	-0.016571	-0.006248	-0.027094	0.285323 -

```
Balance
                            NumOfProducts
                                            HasCrCard
                                                        IsActiveMember
RowNumber
                 -0.009067
                                 0.007246
                                             0.000599
                                                              0.012044
CustomerId
                 -0.012419
                                 0.016972
                                            -0.014025
                                                              0.001665
CreditScore
                 0.006268
                                 0.012238
                                            -0.005458
                                                              0.025651
                                -0.030680
                                            -0.011721
Age
                 0.028308
                                                              0.085472
Tenure
                 -0.012254
                                 0.013444
                                             0.022583
                                                             -0.028362
Balance
                 1.000000
                                -0.304180
                                            -0.014858
                                                             -0.010084
NumOfProducts
                 -0.304180
                                 1.000000
                                             0.003183
                                                              0.009612
HasCrCard
                 -0.014858
                                 0.003183
                                             1.000000
                                                             -0.011866
IsActiveMember
                 -0.010084
                                 0.009612
                                            -0.011866
                                                              1.000000
EstimatedSalary
                 0.012797
                                 0.014204
                                            -0.009933
                                                             -0.011421
                 0.118533
                                -0.047820
                                            -0.007138
                                                             -0.156128
Exited
                 EstimatedSalary
                                      Exited
RowNumber
                        -0.005988 -0.016571
CustomerId
                         0.015271 -0.006248
CreditScore
                        -0.001384 -0.027094
                        -0.007201
                                   0.285323
Aae
Tenure
                         0.007784 -0.014001
                         0.012797
Balance
                                   0.118533
NumOfProducts
                         0.014204 - 0.047820
HasCrCard
                        -0.009933 -0.007138
IsActiveMember
                        -0.011421 -0.156128
                         1.000000
                                   0.012097
EstimatedSalary
Exited
                         0.012097
                                   1.000000
c) Simple linear regression:
import statsmodels.api as sm
# response variable
y = df['CreditScore']
# explanatory variable
x = df[['Balance']]
#add constant to predictor variables
x = sm.add constant(x)
#fit linear regression model
model = sm.OLS(y, x).fit()
#view model summary
print(model.summary())
                             OLS Regression Results
```

CreditScore

R-squared:

Dep. Variable:

```
0.000
Model:
                                   0LS
                                         Adj. R-squared:
-0.000
Method:
                        Least Squares F-statistic:
0.3929
Date:
                     Sat, 05 Nov 2022
                                         Prob (F-statistic):
0.531
                              09:42:36
Time:
                                         Log-Likelihood:
-59900.
                                         AIC:
No. Observations:
                                 10000
1.198e+05
Df Residuals:
                                  9998
                                         BIC:
1.198e+05
Df Model:
                                     1
```

Covariance Type: nonrobust

0.975]	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025
const 652.783 Balance 4.01e-05	649.7861 9.71e-06	1.529 1.55e-05	424.948 0.627	0.000 0.531	646.789 -2.07e-05
	5):	-0.		,	:

=======

Notes:

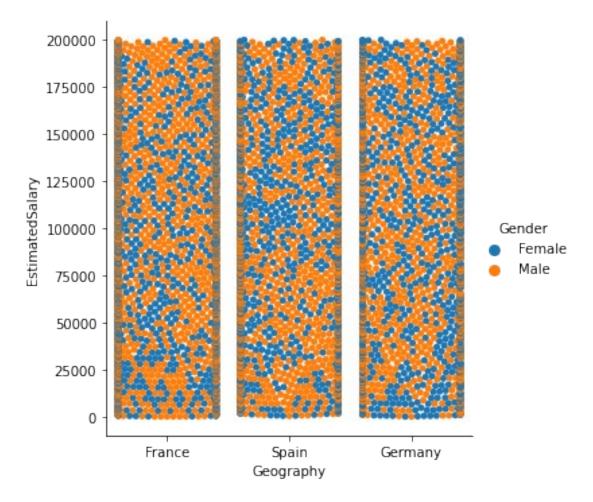
- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The condition number is large, 1.56e+05. This might indicate that there are

strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/statsmodels/tsa/ tsatools.py:142: FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of concat except for the argument 'objs' will be keyword-

```
only
  x = pd.concat(x[::order], 1)
iii) Multi-variate Analysis
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
i. A Matrix Scatterplot
ii. A Scatterplot with the Data Points Labelled by their Group
iii. A Profile Plot
iv. Calculating Summary Statistics for Multivariate Data
v. Means and Variances Per Group
vi. Between-groups Variance and Within-groups Variance for a Variable
vii. Between-groups Covariance and Within-groups Covariance for Two Variables
viii. Calculating Correlations for Multivariate Data
ix. Standardising Variables
df=sns.catplot(x="Geography",y="EstimatedSalary",hue="Gender",kind="sw
arm",data=df)
print(df)
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/categorical.py:1296:
UserWarning: 80.8% of the points cannot be placed; you may want to
decrease the size of the markers or use stripplot.
  warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/categorical.py:1296:
UserWarning: 62.1% of the points cannot be placed; you may want to
decrease the size of the markers or use stripplot.
  warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/categorical.py:1296:
UserWarning: 62.5% of the points cannot be placed; you may want to
decrease the size of the markers or use stripplot.
  warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)
```

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid object at 0x7faf2d1c9990>



4) Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

```
#load data set into ld
ld= pd.read_csv("Churn_Modelling.csv")
five = ld.head() #for print first five rows
# information about used data set
ld.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10000 entries, 0 to 9999
Data columns (total 14 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	RowNumber	10000 non-null	int64
1	CustomerId	10000 non-null	int64
2	Surname	10000 non-null	object
3	CreditScore	10000 non-null	int64
4	Geography	10000 non-null	object
5	Gender	10000 non-null	object
6	Age	10000 non-null	int64
7	Tenure	10000 non-null	int64

```
8 Balance 10000 non-null float64
9 NumOfProducts 10000 non-null int64
10 HasCrCard 10000 non-null int64
11 IsActiveMember 10000 non-null int64
12 EstimatedSalary 10000 non-null float64
13 Exited 10000 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(9), object(3)
memory usage: 1.1+ MB
```

ld.describe() #description of the data in the Dataset

Tenure	RowNumber	Cust	omerId	CreditScore	Age	
count	10000.00000	1.0000	00e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	
mean 5.01280	5000.50000	1.5690	94e+07	650.528800	38.921800	
std 2.8921	2886.89568	7.1936	19e+04	96.653299	10.487806	
min 0.0000	1.00000	1.5565	70e+07	350.000000	18.000000	
25% 3.00000	2500.75000	1.5628	53e+07	584.000000	32.000000	
50% 5.00000	5000.50000	1.5690	74e+07	652.000000	37.000000	
75% 7.0000	7500.25000	1.5753	23e+07	718.000000	44.000000	
max 10.000	10000.00000	1.5815	69e+07	850.000000	92.000000	
count mean std min 25% 50% 75%	Balance 10000.000000 76485.889283 62397.405202 0.000000 97198.540000 127644.240000	9 100 3 2 9 9	0fProduct 000.00000 1.53020 0.58165 1.00000 1.00000 2.00000	0 10000.00000 0 0.70550 4 0.45580 0 0.00000 0 0.00000	10000.000000 0.515100 4 0.499797 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000	\
max	250898.090000		4.00000			
count	EstimatedSala	-	Exit			
mean	100090.2398		0.2037			
std	57510.4928		0.4027			
min	11.5800		0.0000			
25%	51002.1100		0.0000			
50%	100193.9150		0.0000	00		
75%	149388.247	500	0.0000	00		
max	199992.4800	900	1.0000	00		

5) Handle the Missing values.

ld.isnull().any()

RowNumber False CustomerId False False Surname CreditScore False Geography False Gender False Age False Tenure False Balance False NumOfProducts False HasCrCard False IsActiveMember False EstimatedSalary False Exited False

dtype: bool

ld.isnull().sum()

RowNumber 0 CustomerId 0 Surname 0 CreditScore 0 Geography 0 Gender 0 Age 0 Tenure 0 Balance 0 NumOfProducts 0 HasCrCard 0 IsActiveMember 0 EstimatedSalary 0 Exited 0 dtype: int64

sns.heatmap(ld.corr(),annot=True) # heatmap -a plot of rectangular
data as a color-encoded matrix

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f77298ff610>



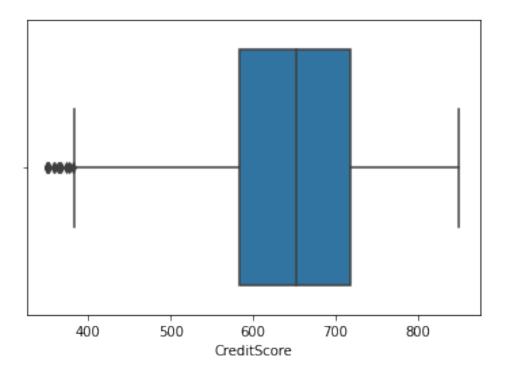
6) Find the outliers and replace the outliers

ld1= pd.read_csv("Churn_Modelling.csv")
sns.boxplot(ld1.CreditScore)

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

FutureWarning

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f77295e0310>



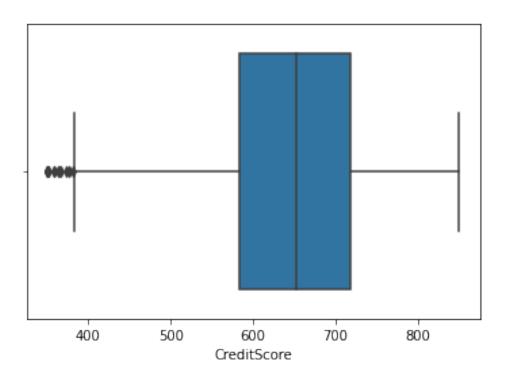
#Use Mean Detection and Nearest Fill Methods - Outliers

```
Q1= ld1.CreditScore.quantile(0.25)
Q3=ld1.CreditScore.quantile(0.75)
IQR=Q3-Q1
upper_limit =Q3 + 1.5*IQR
lower_limit =Q1 - 1.5*IQR
ld1['CreditScore'] =
np.where(ld1['CreditScore']>upper_limit,30,ld1['CreditScore'])
sns.boxplot(ld1.CreditScore)
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

FutureWarning

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7729615e90>



7) Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

ld1.head(5)

`	RowNumb	er	Custome	rId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age
0		1	15634	602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42
1		2	15647	311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41
2		3	15619	304	Onio	502	France	Female	42
3		4	15701	354	Boni	699	France	Female	39
4		5	15737	888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43
0 1 2 3 4	Tenure 2 1 8 1 2	8 15	Balance 0.00 3807.86 9660.80 0.00 5510.82	Num	OfProducts 1 1 3 2 1	HasCrCard 1 0 1 0 1	IsActiveMe	mber \ 1	

	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	101348.88	1
1	112542.58	0
2	113931.57	1

```
93826.63
                          0
3
          79084.10
                          0
#label encoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le=LabelEncoder()
ld1.Gender= le.fit_transform(ld1.Gender)
ld1.head(5)
   RowNumber CustomerId
                            Surname CreditScore Geography Gender
                                                                      Age
/
0
           1
                15634602
                           Hargrave
                                              619
                                                     France
                                                                   0
                                                                       42
1
           2
                15647311
                               Hill
                                              608
                                                      Spain
                                                                       41
2
                               Onio
                                              502
                                                                       42
           3
                15619304
                                                     France
3
           4
                15701354
                               Boni
                                              699
                                                                       39
                                                     France
4
           5
                15737888
                           Mitchell
                                              850
                                                                       43
                                                      Spain
                                                                   0
                      NumOfProducts
                                      HasCrCard
                                                  IsActiveMember
   Tenure
             Balance
0
        2
                0.00
                                   1
                                                                1
1
        1
            83807.86
                                   1
                                               0
                                                                1
2
                                   3
                                               1
        8
           159660.80
                                                                0
3
        1
                0.00
                                   2
                                               0
                                                                0
4
           125510.82
                                   1
                                               1
                                                                1
   EstimatedSalary Exited
0
         101348.88
                          1
                          0
1
         112542.58
2
         113931.57
                          1
3
          93826.63
                          0
4
          79084.10
                          0
#one hot encoding
ld1 main=pd.get dummies(ld1,columns=['Geography'])
ld1_main.head()
   RowNumber CustomerId
                            Surname
                                     CreditScore
                                                   Gender
                                                           Age
Tenure \
           1
                                                                      2
0
                15634602
                           Hargrave
                                              619
                                                        0
                                                             42
                               Hill
1
           2
                15647311
                                              608
                                                        0
                                                             41
                                                                      1
2
           3
                                              502
                                                             42
                                                                      8
                15619304
                               Onio
                                                        0
```

Boni

```
Balance NumOfProducts HasCrCard IsActiveMember
EstimatedSalary \
       0.00
                         1
                                    1
                                                    1
101348.88
1 83807.86
                         1
                                                    1
                                    0
112542.58
2 159660.80
                         3
                                    1
                                                    0
113931.57
                         2
3 0.00
                                    0
                                                    0
93826.63
4 125510.82
                         1
                                    1
                                                    1
79084.10
```

15737888 Mitchell

	Exited	Geography_France	Geography_Germany	Geography_Spain
0	1	_ 1	- 0	_ 0
1	Θ	Θ	Θ	1
2	1	1	Θ	0
3	Θ	1	Θ	0
4	0	Θ	Θ	1

8) Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

```
#Splitting the Dataset into the Independent Feature Matrix
df=pd.read csv("Churn Modelling.csv")
X = df.iloc[:, :-1].values
print(X)
[[1 15634602 'Hargrave' ... 1 1 101348.88]
[2 15647311 'Hill' ... 0 1 112542.58]
 [3 15619304 'Onio' ... 1 0 113931.57]
 [9998 15584532 'Liu' ... 0 1 42085.58]
 [9999 15682355 'Sabbatini' ... 1 0 92888.52]
 [10000 15628319 'Walker' ... 1 0 38190.78]]
#Extracting the Dataset to Get the Dependent Vector
Y = df.iloc[:, -1].values
print(Y)
[1 \ 0 \ 1 \ \dots \ 1 \ 1 \ 0]
9) Scale the independent
w = df.head()
q = w[['Age', 'Balance', 'EstimatedSalary']] #spliting the dataset into
measureable values
```

```
Age
          Balance
                   EstimatedSalary
0
    42
             0.00
                          101348.88
1
    41
         83807.86
                          112542.58
2
    42
        159660.80
                          113931.57
3
    39
             0.00
                           93826.63
4
    43
        125510.82
                           79084.10
from sklearn.preprocessing import scale # library for scallling
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
mm = MinMaxScaler()
x scaled = mm.fit transform(q)
x scaled
                               , 0.63892099],
array([[0.75
                  , 0.
                  , 0.52491194, 0.960140871,
       [0.5
                               , 1.
       [0.75]
                  , 1.
       [0.
                  , 0.
                               , 0.42305883],
       [1.
                  , 0.78610918, 0.
                                           ]])
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
x ss = sc.fit transform(q)
X_SS
array([[ 0.44232587, -1.13763618,
                                    0.09337626],
       [-0.29488391,
                     0.15434425,
                                    0.96285595],
       [ 0.44232587.
                      1.32369179,
                                    1.070746871.
       [-1.76930347, -1.13763618, -0.49092058],
       [ 1.17953565, 0.79723632, -1.6360585 ]])
from sklearn.preprocessing import scale
X scaled=pd.DataFrame(scale(q),columns=q.columns)
X scale=X scaled.head()
X scale
              Balance EstimatedSalary
        Age
  0.442326 -1.137636
                               0.093376
1 -0.294884 0.154344
                               0.962856
  0.442326
            1.323692
                               1.070747
3 -1.769303 -1.137636
                              -0.490921
  1.179536 0.797236
                              -1.636059
10) Split the data into training and testing
x= df[['Age','Balance','EstimatedSalary']]
Х
      Age
             Balance EstimatedSalary
       42
0
                0.00
                             101348.88
1
       41
            83807.86
                             112542.58
2
       42
           159660.80
                             113931.57
```

```
39
                0.00
                              93826.63
3
4
       43 125510.82
                              79084.10
                 . . .
9995
       39
                              96270.64
                0.00
       35
9996
            57369.61
                             101699.77
9997
       36
                0.00
                              42085.58
9998
       42
            75075.31
                              92888.52
                              38190.78
9999
       28 130142.79
[10000 \text{ rows } \times 3 \text{ columns}]
y = df['Balance']
У
0
             0.00
1
         83807.86
2
        159660.80
3
             0.00
        125510.82
9995
             0.00
9996
         57369.61
9997
             0.00
9998
         75075.31
9999
        130142.79
Name: Balance, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
#scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
x scaled1 = sc.fit transform(x)
x scaled1
array([[ 0.29351742, -1.22584767, 0.02188649],
       [ 0.19816383, 0.11735002, 0.21653375],
       [ 0.29351742, 1.33305335, 0.2406869 ],
       [-0.27860412, -1.22584767, -1.00864308],
       [0.29351742, -0.02260751, -0.12523071],
       [-1.04143285, 0.85996499, -1.07636976]])
#train and test data
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(x scaled1, y,
test_size = 0.3, random_state = 0)
x train
array([[-0.56466489, 1.11721307, -0.77021814],
       [0.00745665, -1.22584767, -1.39576675],
       [ 3.53553951, 1.35419118, -1.49965629],
       . . . ,
```

```
[-0.37395771,
                       1.35890908,
                                    1.414414891,
       [-0.08789694, -1.22584767,
                                    0.84614739],
                                    0.32630495]])
       [ 0.86563897,
                      0.50630343,
x test
array([[-0.37395771,
                       0.87532296,
                                    1.61304597],
       [ 0.10281024,
                       0.42442221,
                                    0.49753166],
       [ 0.29351742,
                       0.30292727, -0.4235611 ],
                                   1.17045451],
                       1.46672809,
       [ 0.10281024,
       [ 2.86806437,
                       1.25761599, -0.50846777],
                       0.19777742, -1.15342685]
       [ 0.96099256,
x_test
array([[-0.37395771,
                      0.87532296,
                                    1.61304597],
       [ 0.10281024,
                      0.42442221,
                                    0.49753166],
       [ 0.29351742,
                      0.30292727, -0.4235611 ],
       [ 0.10281024,
                       1.46672809,
                                   1.17045451],
       [ 2.86806437,
                      1.25761599, -0.50846777],
       [ 0.96099256,
                      0.19777742, -1.15342685]])
x test.shape
(3000, 3)
y_train
7681
        146193.60
9031
             0.00
3691
        160979.68
202
             0.00
5625
        143262.04
9225
        120074.97
4859
        114440.24
3264
        161274.05
9845
             0.00
2732
        108076.33
Name: Balance, Length: 7000, dtype: float64
y_test
9394
        131101.04
898
        102967.41
2398
         95386.82
5906
        112079.58
2343
        163034.82
4004
             0.00
```

7375 80926.02 9307 168001.34 8394 154953.94 5233 88826.07

Name: Balance, Length: 3000, dtype: float64