EXP NO: 2	EDA – DATA IMPORT AND EXPORT

AIM

To import data from CSV, Excel, and SQL databases and export DataFrames.

Problem Statement

LOAD datasets in multiple formats and export a DataFrame to Excel.

ALGORITHM

Step 1: Import Required Libraries

- Import pandas for data manipulation.
- Import sqlite3 for database handling.
- Import requests and BeautifulSoup for web scraping.

Step 2: Import Data from CSV File

- Use pd.read_csv(filename) to load data from a CSV file into a DataFrame.
- Display the first few rows using .head().

Step 3: Import Data from Excel File

- Use pd.read_excel(filename) to load data from an Excel file.
- Display the first few rows using .head().

Step 4: Import Data from SQL Database

- Connect to or create an SQLite database using sqlite3.connect().
- Create a table (if not already exists).
- Insert sample records (if needed).
- Use pd.read_sql_query(query, connection) to load table data into a DataFrame.

Step 5: Import Data from the Web (Web Scraping)

- Use requests.get(url) to fetch HTML content.
- Parse HTML with BeautifulSoup.
- Locate the desired table using soup.find() or soup.find_all().
- Convert the HTML table to a DataFrame using pd.read_html().

Step 6: Handle Different Data Formats

- Check for data type issues or format mismatches.
- Convert date columns using pd.to_datetime().
- Convert categorical or boolean fields using .astype().

Step 7: Export Data to Excel File

- Use DataFrame.to_excel(filename, index=False) to save a DataFrame to an Excel file.
- Confirm export success with a print statement.

SAMPLE CODE

```python
# Import necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import sqlite3
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
```

 # 1. Importing data from CSV

```python
csv_df = pd.read_csv('Iris.csv')
print("CSV Data:")
print(csv_df.head())
```

```
CSV Data:
   Id  SepalLengthCm  SepalWidthCm  PetalLengthCm  PetalWidthCm      Species
0   1            5.1           3.5            1.4           0.2  Iris-setosa
1   2            4.9           3.0            1.4           0.2  Iris-setosa
2   3            4.7           3.2            1.3           0.2  Iris-setosa
3   4            4.6           3.1            1.5           0.2  Iris-setosa
4   5            5.0           3.6            1.4           0.2  Iris-setosa
```

 # 2. Importing data from Excel

```python
excel_df = pd.read_excel('heart stalog dataset.xlsx')
print("\nExcel Data:")
excel_df.head(5)
```

```
Excel Data:
```

	age	sex	chest	resting_blood_pressure	serum_cholestoral	fasting_blood_sugar	resting_electroc
0	70	1	4	130	322	0	
1	67	0	3	115	564	0	
2	57	1	2	124	261	0	
3	64	1	4	128	263	0	
4	74	0	2	120	269	0	

```python
#import from SQL Database
import sqlite3
# Connect to (or create) the database
conn = sqlite3.connect('my_database.db')
cursor = conn.cursor()


# Create the 'employees' table
cursor.execute('''
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS employees (
    id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
    name TEXT,
    department TEXT,
    salary REAL,
    hire_date TEXT
)
''')


# Insert example records
cursor.executemany('''
INSERT INTO employees (id, name, department, salary, hire_date) VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?, ?)
''', [
    (1, 'Alice Smith', 'HR', 55000, '2018-05-01'),
```

```python
    (2, 'Bob Johnson', 'IT', 72000, '2019-07-15'),
    (3, 'Carol White', 'Finance', 68000, '2017-09-30'),
    (4, 'David Brown', 'Marketing', 60000, '2020-02-10'),
    (5, 'Eva Green', 'IT', 75000, '2021-04-25'),
])


# Commit and close
conn.commit()
print("Database and 'employees' table created with sample data.")
```

Database and 'employees' table created with sample data

```python
sql_df = pd.read_sql_query("SELECT * FROM employees", conn)
print(sql_df)
```

```
   id        name department   salary   hire_date
0   1  Alice Smith         HR  55000.0  2018-05-01
1   2  Bob Johnson         IT  72000.0  2019-07-15
2   3  Carol White    Finance  68000.0  2017-09-30
3   4  David Brown  Marketing  60000.0  2020-02-10
4   5    Eva Green         IT  75000.0  2021-04-25
```

```python
import pandas as pd
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup


# URL of the Wikipedia page
url = "https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_and_dependencies_by_population"


# Fetch the page
response = requests.get(url)
soup = BeautifulSoup(response.content, "html.parser")
```

```python
# Find the first table with class 'wikitable' (Wikipedia uses this)
html_table = soup.find("table", {"class": "wikitable"})


# Use pandas to read the HTML table into a DataFrame
web_df = pd.read_html(str(html_table))[0]


# Show the first few rows
print("\nWeb Scraped Data:")
print(web_df.head())
```

```
Web Scraped Data:
        Location  Population % of world         Date  \
0          World  8232000000       100%  13 Jun 2025
1          India  1413324000      17.3%   1 Mar 2025
2          China  1408280000      17.2%  31 Dec 2024
3  United States   340110988       4.2%   1 Jul 2024
4      Indonesia   282477584       3.5%  30 Jun 2024

   Source (official or from the United Nations) Notes
0                       UN projection[1][3]   NaN
1                     Official projection[4]   [b]
2                       Official estimate[5]   [c]
3                       Official estimate[6]   [d]
4                National annual projection[7]   NaN
```

```python
# 5. Handling different data formats
# For example, converting a date column to datetime
if 'date' in csv_df.columns:
    csv_df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(csv_df['date'])
```

```
datetime64[ns]
```

```python
# 6. Export a DataFrame to Excel
# Here we export the CSV data as an example
csv_df.to_excel('exported_data.xlsx', index=False)
print("\nData exported to 'exported_data.xlsx' successfully.")
```

```
Data exported to 'exported_data.xlsx' successfully.
```

RESULT:

Thus, the program successfully created a Jupyter Notebook showcasing Python code to import data from CSV, Excel, and SQL databases, as well as export DataFrames.