Project: Rewriting the C4 Compiler in Rust

Due Date: May 02, 2025, 23:59 **Team Size:** 2 students per team **Current Date:** March 02, 2025

Objective:

Building on your analysis of the C4 compiler from Assignment 1, your team will rewrite the C4 compiler in Rust. The Rust version must compile the same subset of C code as the original C4 compiler (e.g., the C4 source code itself), maintaining its self-hosting capability and core functionality. This project leverages Rust's safety, modern features, and performance to reimplement the compiler, ensuring equivalence to the original while improving design where possible.

Tasks:

1. Rewrite the C4 Codebase in Rust:

- Translate the C4 compiler (lexer, parser, virtual machine, etc.) from C to Rust.
- Ensure the Rust version compiles the same C code as the original C4, including its own source code (self-hosting).
- Use Rust idioms and features (e.g., ownership, pattern matching, error handling with Result/Option) to enhance safety and clarity, while preserving functional equivalence.
- Save the main Rust source code as c4.rs (or use a multi-file structure with mod if preferred).

2. Collaborate via GitHub:

- Create a public GitHub repository named c4_rust_<team_name> (e.g., c4_rust_team_alpha).
- Both team members must contribute code, with commits reflecting individual work (e.g., "Implemented lexer" or "Fixed VM instruction parsing").
- Use branches and pull requests for major features or changes to facilitate collaboration and review.
- o Include a README.md with instructions to build, run, and test the compiler with sample C code (e.g., the original C4 source).

3. Implement Unit Testing:

- Write unit tests to verify that the Rust compiler correctly processes the same C code as the original (e.g., tokenization, parsing, and execution of C4's supported C subset).
- Recommended testing frameworks (optional):
 - Rust's Built-in Test Framework: Use #[test] attributes for lightweight, integrated tests.

- Cargo Test with assert! Macros: Add assertions for quick validation of outputs.
- **Criterion (Optional):** For performance benchmarking against the original C version.
- Save tests in a separate module (e.g., tests/ directory or inline with #[cfg(test)]).
- Aim for at least 70% test coverage of critical functionality, including selfhosting.

4. Document the Code:

- Add Rust-style documentation comments (///) to all public functions, structs, and modules.
- Explain design decisions (e.g., how you ensured compatibility with C4's C subset or handled memory differently).
- Generate documentation using cargo doc and include it in your repository.

5. Analyze and Compare:

- Write a short report (1-2 pages) comparing the Rust implementation to the original C version. Address:
 - How Rust's safety features (e.g., memory safety, lifetimes) impacted the design while maintaining compatibility.
 - Performance differences (qualitative or quantitative, if measured)
 when compiling the same C code.
 - Challenges in replicating C4's behavior and your solutions.
- Save the report as c4_rust_comparison.pdf.

6. Bonus Task (Optional; +15%):

- Add a new feature to the Rust version not present in the original C4 (e.g., support for floating-point numbers or enhanced error reporting), while still supporting the original C subset.
- Document the feature in the README.md and include tests for it.

Deliverables:

GitHub Repository (c4_rust_<team_name>):

- Rust source code (c4.rs or multi-file structure) that compiles the same C
 code as the original C4.
- Unit tests verifying compatibility with C4's C subset and self-hosting.
- README.md with build/run instructions and example usage (e.g., compiling c4.c).
- Generated documentation (via cargo doc).
- Visible commit history showing contributions from both team members.
- 2. **c4_rust_comparison.pdf:** Report comparing the Rust and C implementations.
- 3. (Optional) Bonus Feature: Code and documentation for the bonus task.

Submission Instructions:

- 1. Push all deliverables to your GitHub repository by the due date.
- Submit the zipped repository on Blackboard in a zip file named c4_rust_submission_<team_name>.zip.

Grading Criteria:

- **Functionality (30%):** The Rust compiler correctly compiles the same C code as the original C4, including self-hosting.
- **Collaboration (20%):** GitHub history shows balanced contributions, with effective use of branches/pull requests.
- Code Quality (20%): Code is idiomatic Rust, well-documented, and uses Rust features appropriately.
- **Testing (15%):** Tests confirm compatibility with C4's C subset and cover critical functionality.
- **Comparison Report (15%):** Report provides insight into the rewrite process and Rust's impact.
- Bonus (Optional +15%): New feature works, is tested, and is well-documented.

Recommendations:

- **Verify Compatibility Early:** Test with the original c4.c frequently to ensure the Rust version matches the C version's output.
- **Start Early:** Rust's ownership model may require rethinking some C4 logic—begin with small components like the lexer.
- **Divide Work Strategically:** One teammate could handle parsing/input, the other the VM/output, merging regularly.
- Use GitHub Issues: Track tasks and compatibility bugs for clarity.
- Leverage Rust Tools:
 - o cargo fmt for consistent formatting.
 - cargo clippy for catching potential issues.
 - o cargo test for continuous testing.
- **Test Incrementally:** Write tests for each component (e.g., lexer against C4's tokens) as you go.
- Seek Help: Use Rust's community (e.g., Rust Discord) or the instructor if stuck.

Helpful Tools:

- Rust Analyzer: IDE plugin for linting and autocompletion (VS Code, etc.).
- Cargo: Rust's build tool (pre-installed).
- Valgrind (for Comparison): Compare memory usage with the C version.
- GitHub Actions: Set up CI to build and test on each push, ensuring compatibility.

This project will solidify your course knowledge and Rust skills while emphasizing teamwork and version control. Good luck!