WHERE TO OPEN UP A NEW GYM IN ISTANBUL AFTER THE OUTBREAK?



Source: Getty Images

1) INTRODUCTION

The unfortunate event, the Covid—19 pandemic, that our world has been experiencing for the last two months had many people locked down at their homes. This disastrous happening essentially prevents people from going to their gyms to relieve the accumulated stress and burn excess calories to get into shape.

Considering the negative atmosphere that Covid—19 brought upon us and the fact that most people can only do some light activities at their homes, individuals dream about getting back to their gyms as soon as possible. Even the folks with no gym history yearn for registering to a gym to neutralize the effect of stress-eating which they have been doing since the very start of this pandemic.

So, as a young entrepreneur living in Istanbul, who has only enough money for the equipment and the rent of a couple of months, I would like to have an aimed-shot rather than a random one. That is, I have to find the best district to open up my gym by considering various factors which may affect the success of my place one way or another.

2) DATA

Data forms the essence of this project as Istanbul is one of the biggest cities in the world with history that dates back to the first ages. That is to say, a person living in this city can't grasp all of its details just by herself / himself. Therefore, in this project, I make use of 3 different data sources to carry out a detailed district analysis:

Wikipedia: To get the district names of Istanbul properly as there are nearly 40 districts.

| | Districts |
|---|--------------|
| 0 | Adalar |
| 1 | Amavutköy |
| 2 | Ataşehir |
| 3 | Avcılar |
| 4 | Bağcılar |
| 5 | Bahçelievler |
| 6 | Bakırköy |
| 7 | Racakeahir |

Figure 1.1: District names obtained and put into Python's DataFrame format

Open Street Map: To get the exact coordinates of each district to pass them to Foursquare API.

| Districts | Latitude | Longitude |
|--------------|---|---|
| Adalar | 40.87625945 | 29.091027262109563 |
| Arnavutköy | 41.184182 | 28.7407289 |
| Ataşehir | 40.9847487 | 29.1067199 |
| Avcılar | 40.9801353 | 28.7175465 |
| Bağcılar | 41.0338992 | 28.8578982 |
| Bahçelievler | 41.0002895 | 28.8637451 |
| Bakırköy | 40.9835414 | 28.8679735 |
| Başakşehir | 41.0976935 | 28.8061626 |
| Bayrampaşa | 41.0357375 | 28.9122605 |
| Beşiktaş | 41.0428465 | 29.0075283 |
| Beykoz | 41.1239355 | 29.1083151 |
| | Adalar Arnavutköy Ataşehir Avcılar Bağçılar Bahçelievler Bakırköy Başakşehir Bayrampaşa Beşiktaş | Adalar 40.87625945 Arnavutköy 41.184182 Ataşehir 40.9847487 Avcılar 40.9801353 Bağıcılar 41.0338992 Bahçelievler 41.0002895 Bakırköy 40.9835414 Başakşehir 41.0976935 Bayrampaşa 41.0357375 Beşiktaş 41.0428465 |

Figure 1.2: Appended Latitudes & Longitudes to districts with the help of Open Street Map DB

Foursquare: Foursquare database composes the main source of information for this project. Within this database, we look for places such as universities, high schools, shopping malls etc. which may have sizable effects on the success ratio.

| | District | Latitude | Longitude | Universities | High Schools | Supplement Shops | Shopping Malls | Sporting Goods Shops | History Museums | Fitness Centers |
|----|--------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 0 | Adalar | 40.87625945 | 29.091027262109563 | 6.0 | 13.0 | 1.0 | 7.0 | 1.0 | 7.0 | 13.0 |
| 1 | Amavutköy | 41.184182 | 28.7407289 | 4.0 | 27.0 | 1.0 | 47.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 29.0 |
| 2 | Ataşehir | 40.9847487 | 29.1067199 | 49.0 | 50.0 | 20.0 | 50.0 | 48.0 | 21.0 | 50.0 |
| 3 | Avolar | 40.9801353 | 28.7175465 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 10.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 11.0 | 50.0 |
| 4 | Bağcılar | 41.0338992 | 28.8578962 | 47.0 | 50.0 | 25.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 32.0 | 50.0 |
| 5 | Bahçelievler | 41.0002895 | 28.8637451 | 46.0 | 50.0 | 22.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 30.0 | 50.0 |
| 6 | Bakirköy | 40.9835414 | 28.8679735 | 47.0 | 50.0 | 17.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 17.0 | 50.0 |
| 7 | Başakşehir | 41.0976935 | 28.8061626 | 44.0 | 50.0 | 3.0 | 50.0 | 43.0 | 10.0 | 50.0 |
| 8 | Bayrampaşa | 41.0357375 | 28.9122605 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 21.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 49.0 | 50.0 |
| 9 | Beşiktaş | 41.0428465 | 29.0075283 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 15.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| 10 | Beykoz | 41.1239355 | 29.1083151 | 46.0 | 47.0 | 2.0 | 47.0 | 14.0 | 7.0 | 48.0 |
| 11 | Beylikdüzü | 41.0010788 | 28.642054 | 49.0 | 50.0 | 24.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 8.0 | 50.0 |
| 12 | Beyoğlu | 41.0284233 | 28.9736808 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 15.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |

Figure 1.3: Venue details obtained from Foursquare DB added to the Istanbul Districts DataFrame

3) METHODOLOGY

First of all, I started the project by installing & importing the necessary libraries such as Pandas, Numpy, Folium, GeoPy, and BeautifulSoup. While the typical libraries like Pandas and Numpy allowed me to work with the data with ease, I think the most exceptional ones that worth mentioning here are Folium and BeautifulSoup. Essentially,

Folium allowed me to visualize the data on interactive maps that depicted both distribution of the venues as well as the clustering

BeautifulSoup is another noteworthy library that gives the comfort of querying data from obscure XML and HTML datasets with ease.

```
import pandas as pd #To be able to handle data with ease (by employing dataframes)
import numpy as np #To be able to handle data in vectors

pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import matplotlib.cm as cm
import matplotlib.colors as colors

from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
!pip install geopy
from geopy.geocoders import Nominatim # convert an address into latitude and longitude
!pip install folium
import folium # Map tool for Data Visualization

print("All the required libraries have been installed.")
```

Figure 1.4: The libraries that are used

After obtaining data from the Wikipedia page with the help of BeautifulSoup, I needed it to do some data cleaning to have the data in a clear and meaningful format. In Fig 1.4, I give the raw and final format of the data respectively.

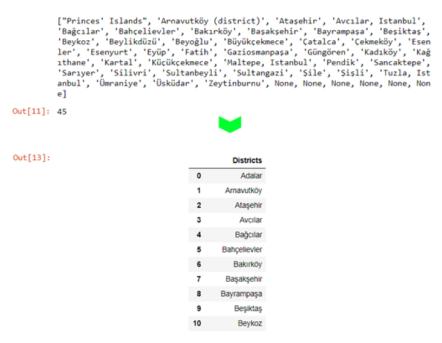


Figure 1.5: Data Cleaning and Formatting

Now that I have the district names in a clear format, it is time to obtain the coordinate values for each district of Istanbul. To get the exact coordinates of a district, we employ the Open Street Map database. After retrieving these coordinate values, I simply append them to the dataframe given in Fig1.5.

| Out[16]: | | Districts | Latitude | Longitude |
|----------|---|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | 0 | Adalar | 40.87625945 | 29.091027262109563 |
| | 1 | Arnavutköy | 41.184182 | 28.7407289 |
| | 2 | Ataşehir | 40.9847487 | 29.1067199 |
| | 3 | Avcılar | 40.9801353 | 28.7175465 |
| | 4 | Bağcılar | 41.0338992 | 28.8578982 |
| | 5 | Bahçelievler | 41.0002895 | 28.8637451 |
| | 6 | Bakırköy | 40.9835414 | 28.8679735 |
| | 7 | Başakşehir | 41.0976935 | 28.8061626 |
| | 8 | Bayrampaşa | 41.0357375 | 28.9122605 |
| | | | 14 0 100 100 | 00.0075000 |

Figure 1.6: District Data with Coordinate values

It is always a good idea to visualize the data you're working with to have a better and clear understanding on it to come up with the right approach. The districts of Istanbul is shown in the map below:



Figure 1.7: Districts of Istanbul (in total 39)

After obtaining the districts in a dataframe format with their latitudes & longitudes, it is time to get what kind of venues each district has (i.e. Universities, High Schools, Museums, etc.). To do so, I use the foursquare database as it is extensive and developer-friendly.

In this part of the project, I search for the following elements in each district since I believe that the amount of the listed places has a direct effect on the success ratio of a fitness center planned to be opened up in that particular district. In the following table, I try to explain the reasoning behind why we do data querying for each of these places for all of the districts.

- * Universities
- If there are more universities around, this means that more interest will come from youth people
- * High Schools
- -If there are more high schools around, this means that more interest will come from youth people.
- * Supplement Shops
- This directly shows that there is a high interest for sporting activities in a district.
- * Shopping Malls
- A good indicator of people living close by, who have sufficient financial status.
- * Sporting Goods Shops
- This directly shows that there is a high interest for sporting activities in a district.
- * History Museums
- More history museums means more tourists, less locals

- * Gyms / Fitness Centers
- More rivals implies less success ratio.

In the figure 1.8, I give the results of each query on the districts map formed by Folium.

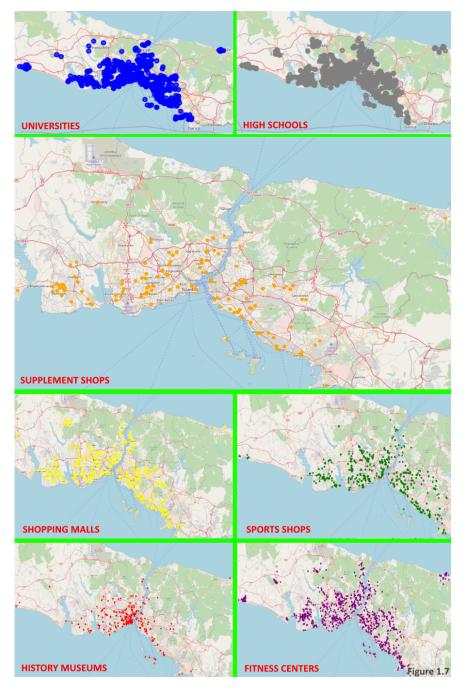


Figure 1.8: All the Foursquare queries shown in separate Folium maps.

To finalize the dataset, I have to add the results of the above queries to the districts of Istanbul dataframe in such a way that one can observe the frequency of each venue in a particular district with ease. By making use of Panda's basic commands, the dataframe given in figure 1.8 can be obtained without hustle.

| | District | Latitude | Longitude | Universities | High Schools | Supplement Shops | Shopping Malls | Sporting Goods Shops | History Museums | Fitness Centers |
|----|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Adalar Adalar | 40.87625945 | 29.091027262109563 | 6.0 | 13.0 | 1.0 | 7.0 | 1.0 | 7.0 | 13.0 |
| 1 | Amavutköy | 41.184182 | 28.7407289 | 4.0 | 27.0 | 1.0 | 47.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 29.0 |
| 1 | 2 Ataşehir | 40.9847487 | 29.1067199 | 49.0 | 50.0 | 20.0 | 50.0 | 48.0 | 21.0 | 50.0 |
| | Avolar | 40.9801353 | 28.7175465 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 10.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 11.0 | 50.0 |
| 4 | Bağolar | 41.0338992 | 28.8578982 | 47.0 | 50.0 | 25.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 32.0 | 50.0 |
| | Bahçelievler | 41.0002895 | 28.8637451 | 46.0 | 50.0 | 22.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 30.0 | 50.0 |
| | Bakirköy | 40.9835414 | 28.8679735 | 47.0 | 50.0 | 17.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 17.0 | 50.0 |
| 1 | P Başakşehir | 41.0976935 | 28.8061626 | 44.0 | 50.0 | 3.0 | 50.0 | 43.0 | 10.0 | 50.0 |
| - | Ваутатраşа | 41.0357375 | 28.9122605 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 21.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 49.0 | 50.0 |
| 1 | Beşiktaş | 41.0428465 | 29.0075283 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 15.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| 10 | Beykoz Beykoz | 41.1239355 | 29.1083151 | 46.0 | 47.0 | 2.0 | 47.0 | 14.0 | 7.0 | 48.0 |
| 1 | Beylikoùzù | 41.0010788 | 28.642054 | 49.0 | 50.0 | 24.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 8.0 | 50.0 |
| 10 | ž Beyoğlu | 41.0284233 | 28.9736808 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 15.0 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| 10 | Büyükçekmece | 41.0156913 | 28.5955238 | 49.0 | 50.0 | 20.0 | 50.0 | 44.0 | 5.0 | 50.0 |
| 14 | Çatalca | 41.1435632 | 28.4619692 | 2.0 | 26.0 | 0.0 | 16.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 26.0 |
| 10 | Colomolotic | 41.04021 | 20 1753588 | 46.0 | 50.0 | 7.0 | 50.0 | 46.0 | 10 | 50.0 |

Figure 1.9: The finalized dataset that shows all the venue details for the districts

4) RESULTS

The results are obtained by basic scoring of each district. Essentially each kind of venue has a different score that is determined by the strength of effect each has on the success ratio. In figure 1.10, predetermined score values for the venues are given.

```
#
# University +3
scoreUni = 3
# High School +2
scoreHigh = 2
# Supplement Shop +2
scoreSupp = 2
# Shopping Malls +2
scoreMall = 2
# Sporting Goods Shop +2
scoreSportsShop = 2
# History Museums -3
scoreMsm = -2
# Gym/ Fitness Center -4
scoreGym = -4
```

Figure 1.10: Scoring of each venue

After employing the formula given in 1.11, we obtain the final table given in 1.12.

```
In [62]: OdfScore = dfIstanbulDist[["District"]]

dfScore["Score"] = dfIstanbulDist["Universities"] * scoreUni + dfIstanbulDist["High Schools"] * scoreHigh + dfIstanbulDist["Supplement Shops"] * scoreSupp -
dfScore = dfScore.or.et/valose(Dyp' Score"), ascending = Falso)
```

Figure 1.11: Scoring of formula

| | District | Score |
|----|--------------|-------|
| 17 | Esenyurt | 283.0 |
| 11 | Beylikdüzü | 277.0 |
| 13 | Büyükçekmece | 265.0 |
| 27 | Pendik | 250.0 |
| 3 | Avcılar | 248.0 |
| 15 | Çekmeköy | 242.0 |
| 2 | Ataşehir | 241.0 |
| 26 | Maltepe | 241.0 |
| 24 | Kartal | 241.0 |
| 6 | Bakırköy | 239.0 |
| 25 | Küçükçekmece | 233.0 |
| 21 | Güngören | 227.0 |
| 4 | Bağcılar | 225.0 |
| 36 | Ümraniye | 222.0 |
| | | |

Figure 1.12: The final result

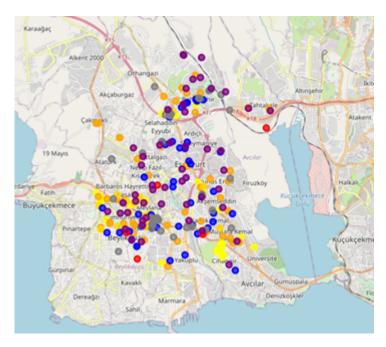


Figure 1.13: Map of Esenyurt with venues pointed

5) DISCUSSIONS

From the results, it is observed that Esenyurt, Beylikdüzü and Büyükçekmece are the best districts to open up a new fitness center. As a matter of fact, this result makes sense since all three of these districts are neither located in historical areas nor in financial centers. Therefore, it can be inferred that each of these districts are mostly residential areas with many high schools and universities.

The reason why Esenyurt emerged as the top choice from the data analysis is the lack of gyms in Esenyurt. So there is a huge incentive for me to go with Esenyurt to start my gym business there.

6) CONCLUSION

Even tough the results reflect logical scores, there is still a room for improvement. For instance, I didn't take sports parks that the Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality opens up in each district into consideration. This may have a huge effect on the score as white collars might wanna do their activities in outdoor places rather than in a gym.