Branch: CSE/IT

Batch: Hinglish

Discrete Mathematics Combinatorics



DPP-04

[MCQ]

- **1.** If ϕ is Euler phi function then $\phi(\phi(1001))$ is
 - (a) 144
- (b) 192
- (c) 298
- (d) 96

[MCQ]

2. Consider the Euler's phi function given by

$$\phi(n) = n\pi_{p/n} \left(1 - \frac{1}{p} \right)$$

Where p runs over all the primes dividing n. What is the value of $\phi(45)$?

- (a) 3
- (b) 12
- (c) 6
- (d) 24

[NAT]

3. How many numbers in $\{1, 2, ..., 200\}$ are coprime to 100?

[NAT]

4. Find the number of positive integers $n \le 168$ such that gcd(n, 168) = 8.

[NAT]

5. Let $\phi(n)$ be the Euler's totient function. What is $\frac{\phi(7000000)}{\phi(1000000)}$?



Answer Key

1. (b)

2. (d)

3. (80)

4. (12)

5. (6)



Hints and Solutions

1. (b)

$$\phi(\phi(1001) = ?$$

1001 is not a prime number.

$$\therefore \quad \phi(1001) = \phi(13 \times 11 \times 7) = \phi(13) \times \phi(11) \times \phi(7)$$

$$\phi(1001) = 12 \times 10 \times 6 = 720$$

Now,

$$720 = 2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5$$

$$\phi(720) = 720 \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{5}\right) = 192$$

Hence, $\phi(\phi(1001) = 192$.

2. (24)

Euler's Totient function =
$$\phi(n) = n\pi_{p/n} \left(1 - \frac{1}{p}\right)$$

Where p = all prime factors of n

Now given n = 45

Then prime factors of 45 = 3, 5

$$\phi(45) = 45 \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{5}\right) = 24$$

3. (80)

There are $\phi(100) = (4-2)(25-5) = 40$ coprime numbers to 100 in $\{1, 2, ..., 100\}$.

Since gcd(a, b) = gcd(a - b, b),

$$gcd(101, 100) = gcd(1, 100),$$

 $gcd(102,100) = gcd(2, 100)$

$$gcd(200, 100) = gcd(100, 100).$$

So, there are $\phi(100) = 40$ coprime numbers to 100 in $\{101, 102, ..., 200\}$. So the answer is 40 + 40 = 80.

4. (12)

These are the positive integers of the form 8m, where $m \le 21$ and gcd(m, 21) = 1. So, the answer is $\phi(21) = (3-1)(7-1) = 12$.

5. (6)

We have to solve for:
$$\frac{\phi(7000000)}{\phi(1000000)}$$

Using the number for $\phi(n)$ we can expand it:

$$=\frac{(7000000)\left(1-\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{5}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{7}\right)}{(1000000)\left(1-\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{5}\right)}$$

After simplifying:

$$= (7)\left(1 - \frac{1}{7}\right) = 7 \times \frac{6}{7} = 6$$



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