

Subject: Engineering Mathematics

DPP-02

Chapter: Probability

Topic : Addition theorem, Independent events, Conditional Probability

- A box contains 5 black balls and 3 red balls. A total of three balls are picked from the box one after another, without replacing them back. The probability of getting two black balls and one red ball is
(a) $3/8$ (b) $2/15$
(c) $15/28$ (d) $1/2$
- Seven car accidents occurred in a week, what is the probability that they all occurred on the same day?
(a) $1/7^7$ (b) $1/7^6$
(c) $1/2^7$ (d) None
- From a pack of regular playing cards, two cards are drawn at random. What is the probability that both cards will be kings, if first card is NOT replaced?
(a) $1/26$ (b) $1/52$
(c) $1/169$ (d) $1/221$
- A box contains 10 screws, 3 of which are defective. Two screws are drawn at random with replacement. The probability that none of the two screws will be defective
(a) 100% (b) 50%
(c) 49% (d) None of these
- A box contains 5 black and 5 red balls. Two balls are randomly picked one after another from the box, without replacement. The probability for both balls being red is
(a) $1/90$ (b) $1/2$
(c) $19/90$ (d) $2/9$
- A fair unbiased coin was tossed in succession 4 times and resulted in following outcomes
(i) Head
(ii) Head
(iii) Head
(iv) Head.
The probability of obtaining a tail when the coins is tossed again is
(a) 0 (b) $1/2$
(c) $4/5$ (d) $1/3$
- Consider two events E_1 and E_2 such that $P(E_1) = 1/2$, $P(E_2) = 1/3$ and $P(E_1 \cap E_2) = 1/5$. Which of the following statements is true?
(a) $P(E_1 \cup E_2) = 2/3$
(b) E_1 and E_2 are independent
(c) E_1 and E_2 are not independent
(d) $P(E_1/E_2) = 4/5$
- E_1 and E_2 are events in a probability space satisfying the following constraints $P(E_1) = P(E_2)$; $P(E_1 \cup E_2) = 1$; E_1 and E_2 are independent then $P(E_1) =$
(a) 0 (b) $1/4$
(c) $1/2$ (d) 1
- If P and Q are two random events, then the following is TRUE
(a) Independence of P and Q implies that probability $(P \cap Q) = 0$
(b) Probability $(P \cup Q) > \text{Probability}(P) + \text{Probability}(Q)$
(c) If P and Q are mutually exclusive, then they must be independent
(d) Probability $(P \cap Q) < \text{Probability}(P)$
- A box contains 20 defective items and 80 non-defective items. If two items are selected at random without replacement, what will be the probability that both items are defective?
(a) $1/5$ (b) $1/25$
(c) $20/99$ (d) $19/495$

Answer Key

- | | |
|--------|---------|
| 1. (c) | 6. (b) |
| 2. (b) | 7. (c) |
| 3. (d) | 8. (d) |
| 4. (c) | 9. (d) |
| 5. (d) | 10. (d) |



Any issue with DPP, please report by clicking here:- <https://forms.gle/t2SzQVvQcs638c4r5>

For more questions, kindly visit the library section: Link for web: <https://smart.link/sdfez8ejd80if>

Link for Telegram: <https://t.me/ChetanIITR>



PW Mobile APP: <https://smart.link/7wwosivoicgd4>