CS & IT

ENGINEERING

Digital Logic Logic Gate

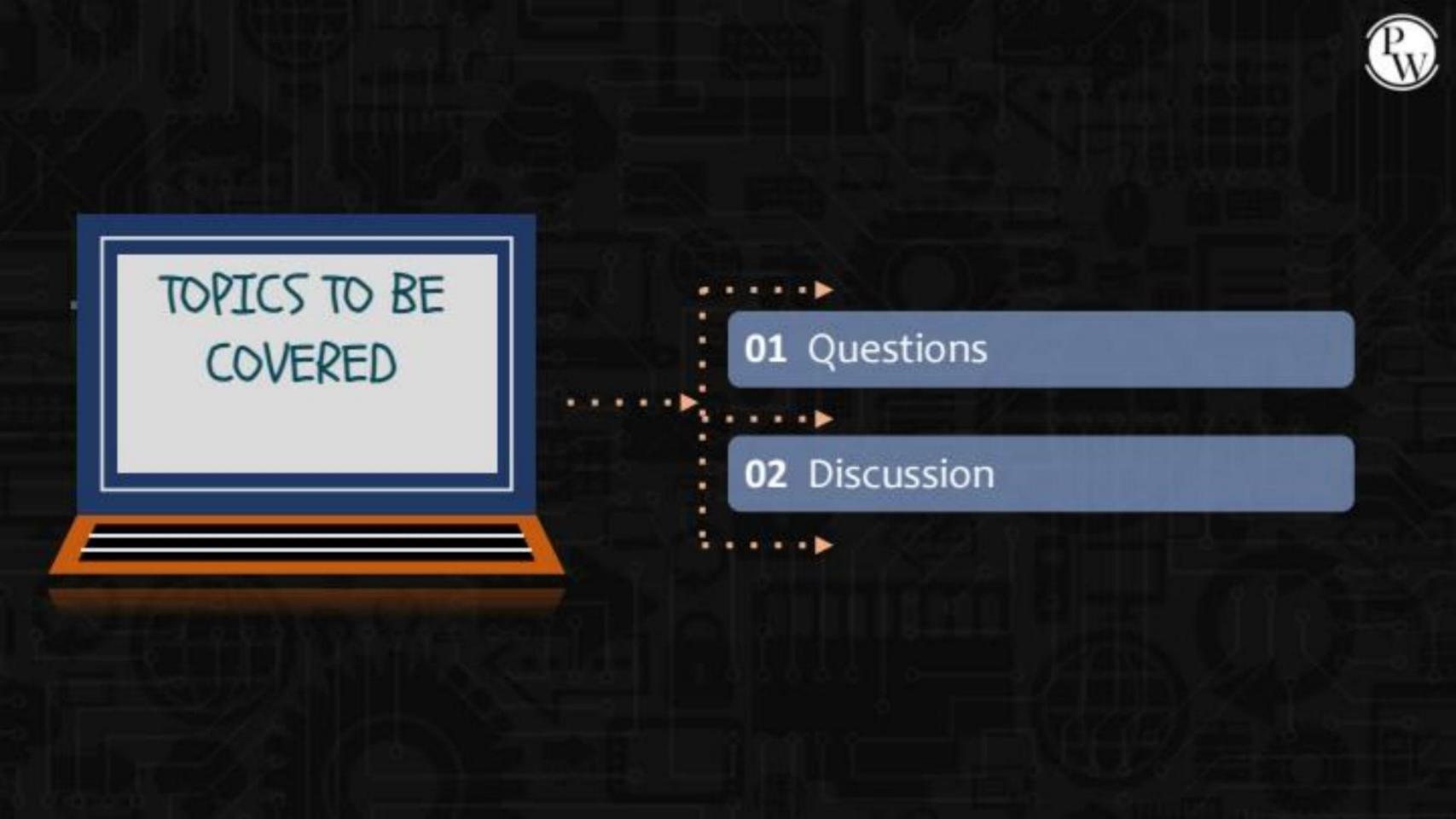


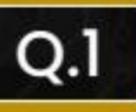
Discussion Notes

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For a 3-input logic circuit shown below, the output Z can be expressed as

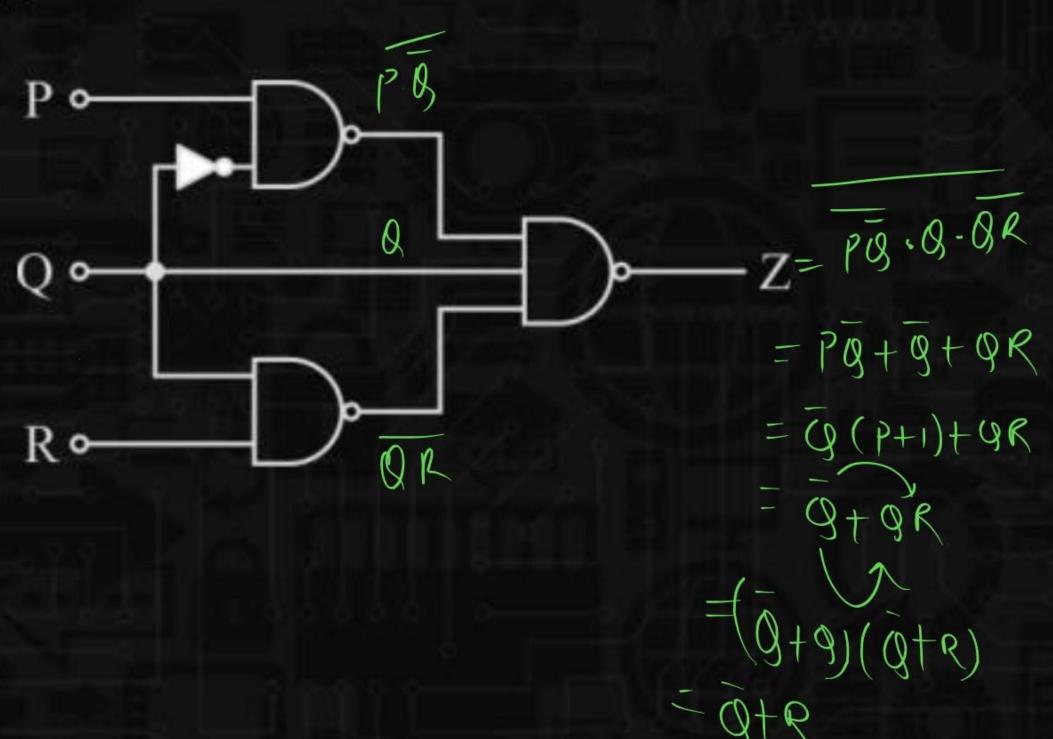


A.
$$Q + \overline{R}$$

B.
$$P\overline{Q} + R$$

$$\overline{Q}+R$$

D.
$$P + \overline{Q} + R$$





The complete set of only those Logic Gates designated as Universal Gates is

- A. NOT, OR and AND Gates
- B. XNOR, NOR and NAND Gates
- NOR and NAND Gates
- D. XOR, NOR and NAND Gates



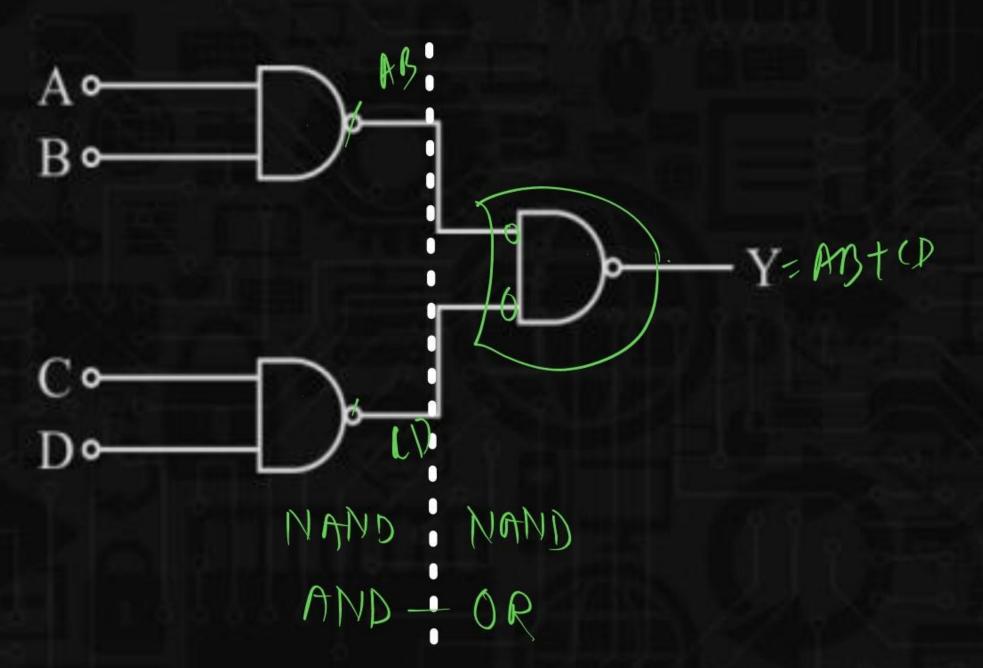
In the logic circuit shown in the figure, Y is given by

A.
$$Y = ABCD$$

$$B. Y = (A+B)(C+D)$$

$$Y = A + B + C + D$$

$$Y = AB + CD$$



F = AB + CD + E will be implemented with how many minimum number NAND gates?

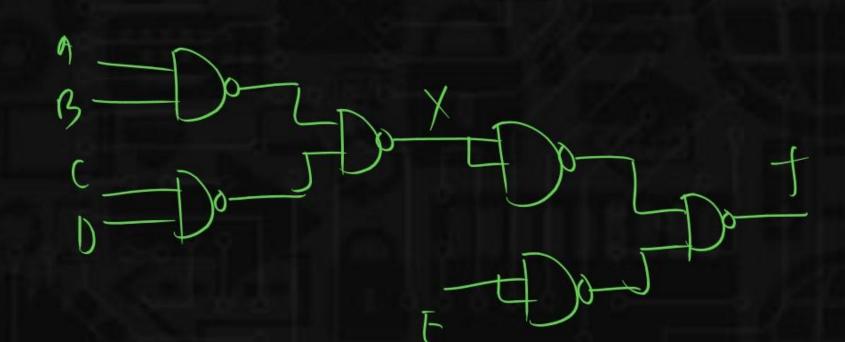


A. Three

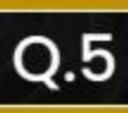
$$AB+CD=X$$

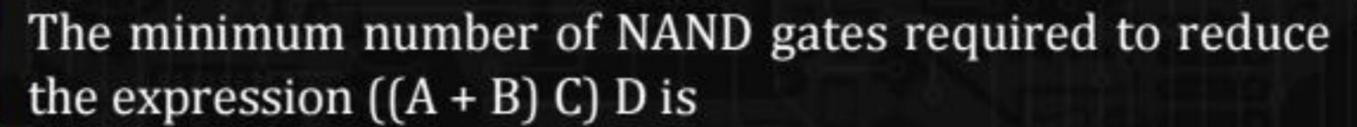
B. Four

c. Five



Six 2

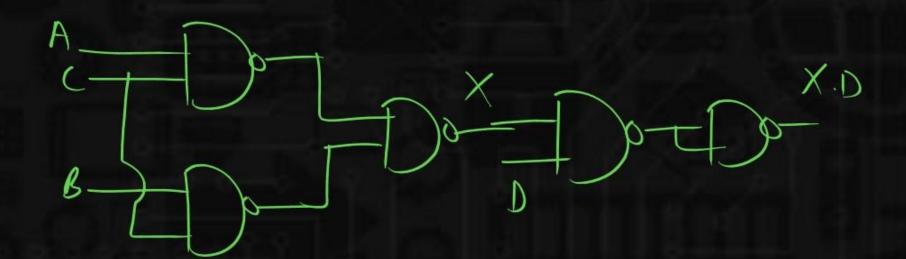


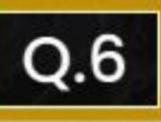


X= A(+ BC -> (3)



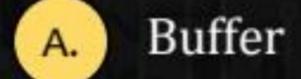




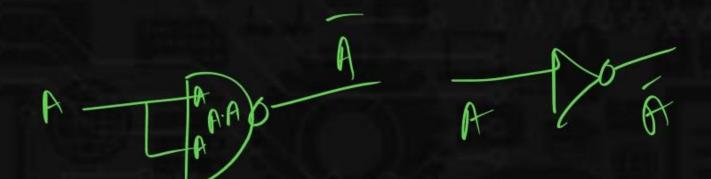


In a two-input NAND gate, if both inputs are shorted, it will behave like a ____gate.

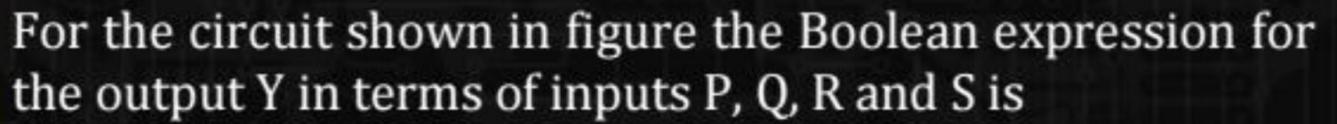




- AND
- NOT
 - EX-OR









A.
$$\overline{P} + \overline{Q} + \overline{R} + \overline{S}$$

$$P+Q+R+S$$

(
$$\overline{P} + \overline{Q}$$
) + ($\overline{R} + \overline{S}$)

D.
$$(P+Q)(R+S)$$





A universal logic gate can implement any Boolean function by connecting sufficient number of them appropriately. Three gates are shown:

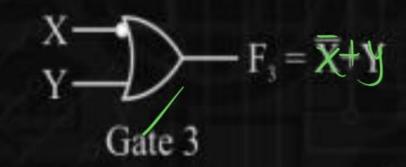
Which one of the following statements is TRUE?

A. Gate 1 is a universal gate.

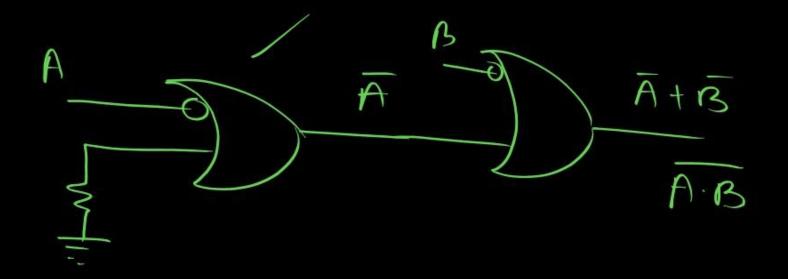
 $X \longrightarrow F_1 = X+Y$ $X \longrightarrow F_2 = X+Y$ Gate 1 Gate 2

B. Gate 2 is a universal gate.

Gate 3 is a universal gate



D. None of the shown is a universal gate.



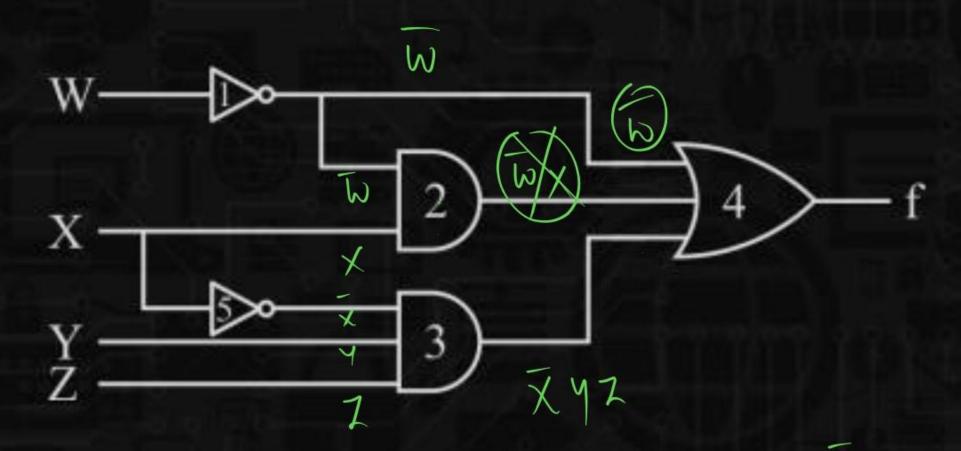
MAND



Consider the following gate network: Which one of the following gates is redundant?



- A. Gate No. 1
- Gate No. 2
- C. Gate No. 3
- D. Gate No. 4



The minimum of NAND gates required to implement A + A B C is equal to







