## CS & IT ENGINEERING

**Operating System** 

CPU Scheduling
DPP 05 Discussion Notes



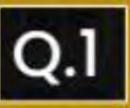
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TOPICS TO BE COVERED

01 Question

02 Discussion



## Consider the following table

	P
[NAT]	W

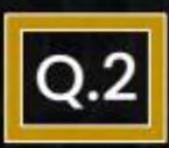
Process	P1	P2	P3	P4
Arrival Time	0	1	2	3
Service Time	6	3	1	4

Find the average turn around time when processes are scheduled

with SRTF. (Upto 2 decimal point)

Processes	A.T	ВТ	C. T	T.A.T
Pi	0	\$ 5	14	14
P <sub>2</sub>	1	3/7	5	4
13 19	1 7	10	3	1
14	3	X O	9	6





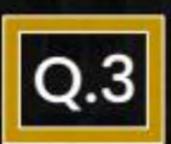
## Consider the following statements:



- (i) If all jobs arrive at the same point in time, a SJF and an SRTF scheduler will behave the same.
- (ii) If all jobs arrive at the same point in time and have identical run lengths, a FIFO and a SJF scheduler will behave the same.

Which of the following statements is true?

- A. Only (i) is true.
- B. Only (ii) is true.
- Both (i) and (ii) are true.
  - D. Both (i) and (ii) are false.



Consider the following process table with Arrival and Burst time

	n		1
ŀ	Ę,	17	
V	V	$V_{\lambda}$	4

[MCQ]

Process	Arrival Time	<b>Burst Time</b>
P1	1	2
P2	6	4
Р3	4	10
P4	5	6

Average waiting time of these processes by using round robin scheduling, where time quantum is 2 unit.



2.25



6.25



4.25



8.25



TQ=	2

Processes	A.T	B.T	C·T	T.A.T	W.T
R	1	2	3	2	0
P2	6	420	16	10	6
P3	4	144	3 24	20	10
P4	5	0 84	12 21	15	9

Aug. W.T=> 
$$\frac{6+10+9}{4}$$
 =>  $\frac{25}{4}$ 

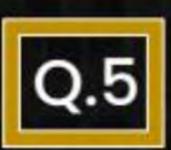


Which of the following scheduling algorithm is better than others in forms of response time.

[MCQ]



- A. SJF (Shortest job first)
- B. SRTF (Shortest remaining time first)
- c. FCFS (First come first serve)
- D. RR (Round Robin)



Consider the 3 processes, P1, P2 and P3 shown in the table:



[MCQ]		10	01
	IΝ	IL	OΙ
	L	_	7

Process	Arrival Time	<b>Burst Time</b>
P1	0	5
P2	4	7
Р3	6	4

The completion order of the 3 processes under the policies FCFS and RR2 (round robin scheduling with CPU quantum of 2-time units) are ?

- A. FCFS: P1, P2, P3; RR2: P1, P2, P3
- B. FCFS: P1, P3, P2; RR2: P1, P3, P2 X
- FCFS: P1, P2, P3; RR2: P1, P3, P2
  - D. FCFS: P1, P3, P2; RR2: P1, P2, P3

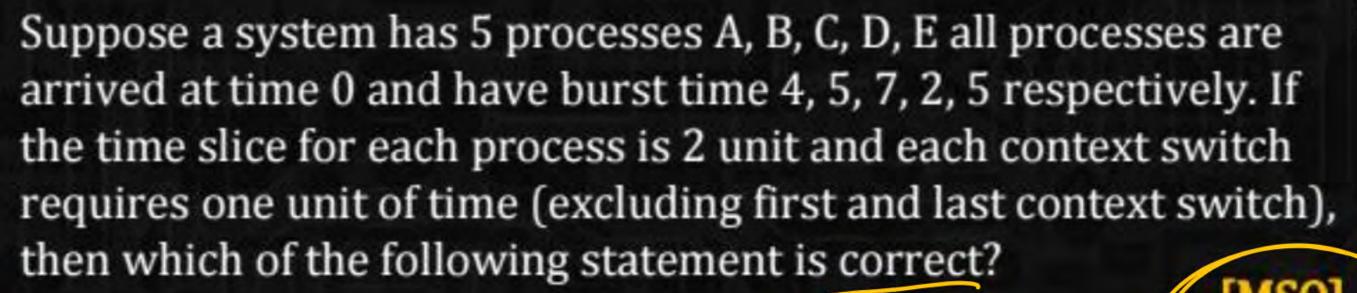


Process	AT	BIT	C·T
Pi	0	053	5
P2	4	875 B	12
P <sub>3</sub>	6	14 gc	16

FCFS:

FCFS





- A. At time 25, Process B is running on the system.
- B. Process E finishes execution at time 31.
- C. Total CPU overhead activity is 33%.
- Process B finishes its execution before process E.





	Process	A.T	B.T	C·T
	A	O	4%	17
T.Q = 2	B	0	1,53	28
(C.S = 1)	C	0	村场	35
	D	0	70	11
	E	0	457	33
	AI	3	7	9 3

$$\frac{12}{35} = 0.342$$

$$0.342 * 100 = 34.2\%$$



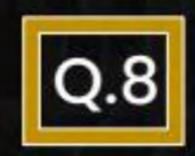
In the Round Robin scheduling policy if the time quantum used is more than the maximum time required to execute any process.

Then the policy will \_\_\_\_.



Behave same as FCFS.

- B. Behave same as SJF.
- C. Behave same as HRRN.
- D. None of these.



Which of the following scheduling algorithm treat every process equally?



[MCQ]

A.

Shortest Job First



Shortest remaining Time first (SRTF)



Longest remaining Time first (LRTF)



Round Robin



