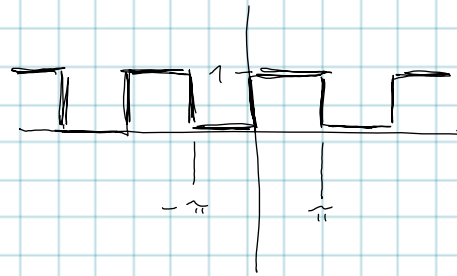


HCS Übung 05

Aufgabe 5



$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^0 f(x) dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^0 0 dx + \int_0^{\pi} 1 dx \right) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} 1 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[x \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{1}{2\pi} (\pi - 0) = \frac{\pi}{2\pi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos(nx) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^0 f(x) \cos(nx) dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos(nx) dx \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^0 0 \cdot \cos(nx) dx + \int_0^{\pi} 1 \cdot \cos(nx) dx \right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \cos(nx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(nx)}{n} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin(\pi n)}{n} - \frac{\sin(0)}{n} \right) = \frac{1}{\pi n} \cdot \sin(\pi n)$$

$$a_n = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin(nx) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^0 f(x) \sin(nx) dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin(nx) dx \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^0 0 \cdot \sin(nx) dx + \int_0^{\pi} 1 \cdot \sin(nx) dx \right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin(nx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{-\cos(nx)}{n} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{-\cos(\pi n)}{n} - \frac{-\cos(0 \cdot n)}{n} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi n} \left(-\cos(\pi n) - \underbrace{-\cos(0)}_{+1} \right) = \frac{1}{\pi n} (1 - \cos(\pi n))$$

Full $n \bmod 2 = 0$: ($\cos(\pi n) = 1$)

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi n} (1 - 1) = \frac{1}{\pi n} \cdot 0 = 0 //$$

Full $n \bmod 2 = 1$: ($\cos(\pi n) = -1$)

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi n} (1 - (-1)) = \frac{2}{\pi n} //$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sin(x) + \frac{2}{3\pi} \sin(3x) + \frac{2}{5\pi} \sin(5x) + \dots$$