# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FE

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 4\_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1: Coding

# 1. Problem Statement

Create a program for a mathematics competition where participants need to find the smallest positive divisor of a given integer n. Your program should efficiently determine this divisor using the min() function and display the result.

### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single positive integer n, representing the number for which the smallest positive divisor needs to be found.

# **Output Format**

The output prints the smallest positive divisor of the input integer in the format: "The smallest positive divisor of [n] is: [smallest divisor]".

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: 24

Output: The smallest positive divisor of 24 is: 2

#### Answer

```
n=int(input())
l=[]
for i in range(2,n+1):
    if n%i==0:
        l.append(i)
print("The smallest positive divisor of %d is: "%n,min(l))
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 2. Problem Statement

You are tasked with designing a shipping cost calculator program that calculates the shipping cost for packages based on their weight and destination. The program utilizes different shipping rates for domestic, international, and remote destinations. The rates for each destination type are provided as global constants.

**Constant Values:** 

DOMESTIC\_RATE = 5.0 INTERNATIONAL\_RATE = 10.0 REMOTE\_RATE = 15.0

Function Signature: calculate\_shipping(weight, destination)

Formula: shipping cost = weight \* destination rate

### **Input Format**

The first line of the input consists of a float representing the weight of the package.

The second line consists of a string representing the destinations(Domestic or International or Remote).

#### **Output Format**

The program outputs any one of the following:

- 1. If the input is valid and the destination is recognized, the output should consist of a single line stating the calculated shipping cost for the given weight and destination in the format: "Shipping cost to [destination] for a [weight] kg package: \$[calculated cost]" with two decimal places.
- 2. If the input weight is not a positive float, print "Invalid weight. Weight must be greater than 0."
- 3. If the input destination is not one of the valid options, print "Invalid destination."

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: 5.5 Domestic

Output: Shipping cost to Domestic for a 5.5 kg package: \$27.50

#### Answer

```
weight=float(input())
destination=input()
shipping_cost=0
if weight>0:
    if destination=='Domestic':
        shipping_cost=weight*5.0
    elif destination=='International':
        shipping_cost=weight*10.0
    elif destination=='Remote':
        shipping_cost=weight*15.0
    else:
        print("Invalid destination.")
        shipping_cost=None
```

else:

print("Invalid weight. Weight must be greater than 0.")
shipping\_cost=None
#return shipping\_cost

if shipping\_cost is not None:
 print(f"Shipping cost to {destination} for a {weight} kg package:
\${shipping\_cost:.2f}")

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Meena is analyzing a list of integers and needs to count how many numbers in the list are even and how many are odd. She decides to use lambda functions to filter the even and odd numbers from the list.

Write a program that takes a list of integers, counts the number of even and odd numbers using lambda functions, and prints the results.

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains an integer n, representing the number of integers in the list.

The second line contains n space-separated integers.

# **Output Format**

The first line of output prints an integer representing the count of even numbers.

The second line of output prints an integer representing the count of odd numbers.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 7 12 34 56 78 98 65 23 Output: 5

2

#### Answer

```
n=int(input())
l1=list(map(int,input().split()))
l2=list(filter(lambda x:x%2==0,l1))
print(len(l2))
print(n-len(l2))
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

Implement a program for a retail store that needs to find the highest even price in a list of product prices. Your goal is to efficiently determine the maximum even price from a series of product prices. Utilize the max() inbuilt function in the program.

For example, if the prices are 10 15 24 8 37 16, the even prices are 10 24 8 16. So, the maximum even price is 24.

### Input Format

The input consists of a series of product prices separated by a space.

The prices should be entered as a space-separated string of numbers.

# **Output Format**

If there are even prices in the input, the output prints "The maximum even price is: " followed by the maximum even price.

If there are no even prices in the input, the output prints "No even prices were found".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

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240701470 Input: 10 15 24 8 37 16 Output: The maximum even price is: 24 Answer l=list(map(int,input().split())) l1=list(filter(lambda x:x%2==0,l)) if 11: print("The maximum even price is:",max(I1)) else: print("No even prices were found") Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct 240707470

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