```
1 import numpy as np
def incmatrix(genl1,genl2):
      m = len(genl1)
      n = len(gen12)
5
6
      M = None #to become the incidence matrix
      VT = np.zeros((n*m,1), int) #dummy variable
       #compute the bitwise xor matrix
       M1 = bitxormatrix(genl1)
10
       M2 = np.triu(bitxormatrix(genl2),1)
11
12
       for i in range(m-1):
13
           for j in range(i+1, m):
14
               [r,c] = np.where(M2 == M1[i,j])

for k in range(len(r)):
15
16
                    VT[(i)*n + r[k]] = 1;
17
                    VT[(i)*n + c[k]] = 1;
18
19
                    VT[(j)*n + r[k]] = 1;
                    VT[(j)*n + c[k]] = 1;
20
21
                    if M is None:
22
23
                        M = np.copy(VT)
                    else:
24
                        M = np.concatenate((M, VT), 1)
25
26
                    VT = np.zeros((n*m,1), int)
27
28
       return M
```

Listing 1: Python example