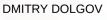




# POSTGRESQL AT LOW LEVEL

STAY CURIOUS!





06-11-2019







patroni & postgres-operator



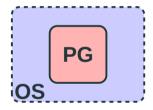
pg\_stat\_\*

PG



pg\_stat\_\*

CPU/IO

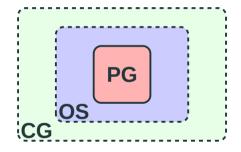




pg\_stat\_\*

CPU/IO

???

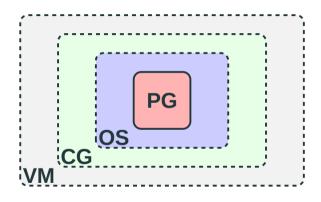


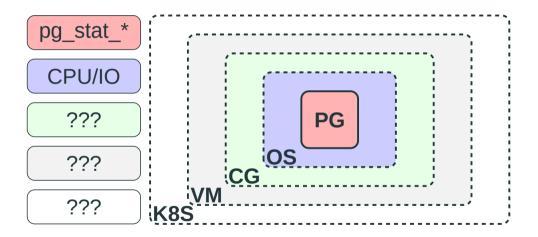


pg\_stat\_\*
CPU/IO

???

???











# Plan?



# A bit chaotic





### Info sources

source code strace/GDB/Perf procfs/sysfs BPF/eBPF/BCC



## **Shared memory**

```
ERROR: could not resize shared memory segment
"/PostgreSQL.699663942" to 50438144 bytes:
    No space left on device
```



```
# strace -k -p PID
openat(AT FDCWD, "/dev/shm/PostgreSQL.62223175"
ftruncate(176, 50438144)
fallocate(176, 0, 0, 50438144)
                                        = -1 ENOSPC
> libc-2.27.so(posix fallocate+0x16) [0x114f76]
 > postgres(dsm create+0x67) [0x377067]
> postgres(ExecInitParallelPlan+0x360) [0x254a80]
 > postgres(ExecGather+0x495) [0x269115]
 > postgres(standard ExecutorRun+0xfd) [0x25099d]
 > postgres(exec simple query+0x19f) [0x39afdf]
```

zalando

```
# strace -k -p PID
openat(AT FDCWD, "/dev/shm/PostgreSQL.62223175"
ftruncate(176, 50438144)
fallocate(176, 0, 0, 50438144)
                                        = -1 ENOSPC
> libc-2.27.so(posix fallocate+0x16) [0x114f76]
 > postgres(dsm create+0x67) [0x377067]
  postgres(ExecInitParallelPlan+0x360) [0x254a80]
 > postgres(ExecGather+0x495) [0x269115]
 > postgres(standard ExecutorRun+0xfd) [0x25099d]
 > postgres(exec simple query+0x19f) [0x39afdf]
```

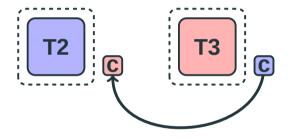


#### **vDSO**

Two frequently used system calls are 77% slower on AWS EC2

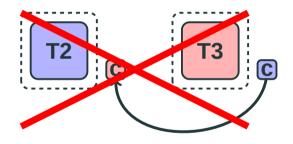


# **Scheduling**





# **Scheduling**







Andres Freund: New intel MDS vulnerability mitigations cause measurable slowdown



```
# Children
                Self
                      Symbol
  . . . . . . . .
               0.00% [.] libc start main
    71.06%
                     [.] PostmasterMain
    71.06%
               0.00%
                      [.] exec simple query
    56.82%
               0.14%
    25.19%
               0.06%
                      [k] entry SYSCALL 64 after hwframe
               0.29%
                      [k] do syscall 64
    25.14%
    23.60%
               0.14%
                      [.] standard ExecutorRun
```



```
# Children
               Self
                      Symbol
              0.00% [.] libc start main
    71.06%
                     [.] PostmasterMain
    71.06%
              0.00%
                     [.] exec simple query
    56.82%
              0.14%
    25.19%
              0.06%
                      [k] entry SYSCALL 64 after hwframe
                         do_syscall_64
              0.29%
    25.14%
                      [.] standard ExecutorRun
    23.60%
              0.14%
```



```
# Percent Disassembly of kcore for cycles
# ......

0.01%: nopl  0x0(%rax,%rax,1)
28.94%: verw  0xffe9e1(%rip)
0.55%: pop  %rbx
3.24%: pop  %rbp
```



```
# Percent Disassembly of kcore for cycles
# ......

0.01%: nopl 0x0(%rax,%rax,1)
28.94%: verw 0xffe9e1(%rip)
0.55%: pop %rbx
3.24%: pop %rbp
```



```
# Overhead Symbol
# .....
25.19% [k] native_safe_halt
```



```
static inline __cpuidle void native_safe_halt(void)
{
    mds_idle_clear_cpu_buffers();
    asm volatile("sti; hlt": : : "memory");
}
```



```
static inline __cpuidle void native_safe_halt(void)
{
    mds_idle_clear_cpu_buffers();
    asm volatile("sti; hlt": : : "memory");
}
```



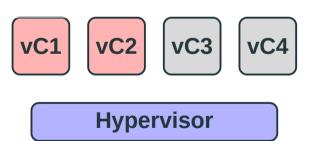
#### **VM**

- → Lock holder preemption problem
- → Lock waiter preemption problem
- → Intel PLE (pause loop exiting)
- → PLE\_Gap, PLE\_Window

Intel® 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manual, Vol. 3

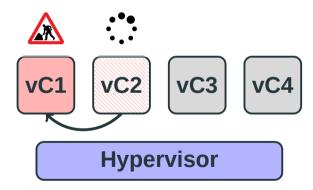


## **vCPU**



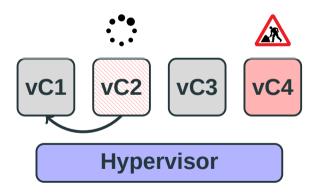


### **vCPU**





## **vCPU**





```
# latency average = 17.782 ms
=> modprobe kvm-intel ple_gap=128
=> perf record -e kvm:kvm_exit
reason PAUSE_INSTRUCTION 306795
```

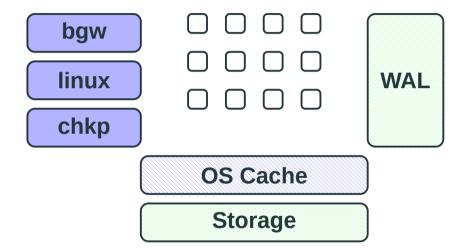


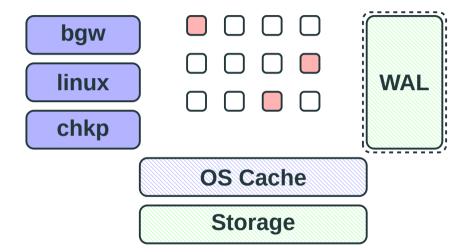
```
# latency average = 17.782 ms
=> modprobe kvm-intel ple gap=128
=> perf record -e kvm:kvm exit
reason PAUSE INSTRUCTION 306795
# latency average = 16.858 ms
=> modprobe kvm-intel ple gap=0
=> perf record -e kvm:kvm exit
reason PAUSE INSTRUCTION 0
```

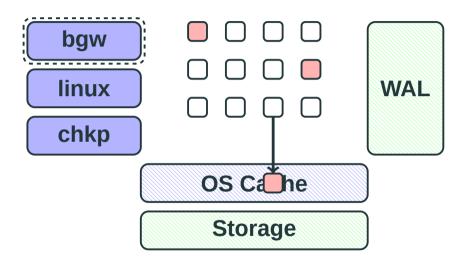


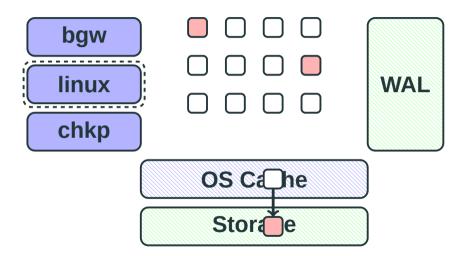
```
# latency average = 17.782 ms
=> modprobe kvm-intel ple gap=128
=> perf record -e kvm:kvm exit
reason PAUSE INSTRUCTION 306795
# latency average = 16.858 ms
=> modprobe kvm-intel ple gap=0
=> perf record -e kvm:kvm exit
reason PAUSE INSTRUCTION 0
```



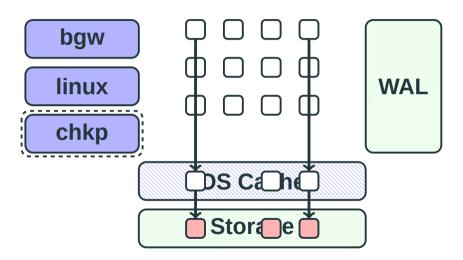












## **Huge pages**

transparent vs classic
TLB misses are faster and less frequent



## **Huge pages**

```
# perf record -e dTLB-loads.dTLB-stores -p PID
# huge pages on
Samples: 832K of event 'dTLB-load-misses'
Event count (approx.): 640614445 : ~19% less
Samples: 736K of event 'dTLB-store-misses'
Event count (approx.): 72447300 : ~29% less
# huge pages off
Samples: 894K of event 'dTLB-load-misses'
Event count (approx.): 784439650
Samples: 822K of event 'dTLB-store-misses'
Event count (approx.): 101471557
```

## **Huge pages**

```
# perf record -e dTLB-loads.dTLB-stores -p PID
# huge pages on
Samples: 832K of event 'dTLB-load-misses'
Event count (approx.): 640614445 : ~19% less
Samples: 736K of event 'dTLB-store-misses'
Event count (approx.): 72447300 : ~29% less
# huge pages off
Samples: 894K of event 'dTLB-load-misses'
Event count (approx.): 784439650
Samples: 822K of event 'dTLB-store-misses'
Event count (approx.): 101471557
```



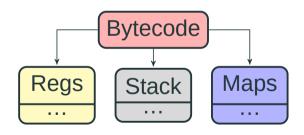


# Userspace

Bytecode

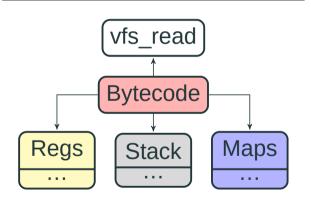


## Userspace





## Userspace





github.com/iovisor/bcc/ github.com/erthalion/postgres-bcc



#### Cache

=> llcache\_per\_query.py bin/postgres

```
PID QUERY CPU REFERENCE MISS HIT%

9720 UPDATE pgbench_tellers ... 0 2000 1000 50.00%

9720 SELECT abalance FROM ... 2 2000 100 95.00%

...
```

Total References: 3303100 Total Misses: 599100 Hit Rate: 81.86%



#### Writeback

```
=> perf record -e writeback:writeback_written
```

```
kworker/u8:1 reason=periodic nr_pages=101429
kworker/u8:1 reason=background nr_pages=MAX_ULONG
kworker/u8:3 reason=periodic nr_pages=101457
```



#### Writeback

```
=> io_timeouts.py bin/postgres
[18335] END: MAX_SCHEDULE_TIMEOUT
[18333] END: MAX_SCHEDULE_TIMEOUT
[18331] END: MAX_SCHEDULE_TIMEOUT
[18318] truncate pgbench_history: MAX_SCHEDULE_TIMEOUT
```

# pgbench insert workload



### **Kubernetes**

```
resources:
    requests:
        memory: "64Mi"
        cpu: "250m"
    limits:
        memory: "128Mi"
        cpu: "500m"
```



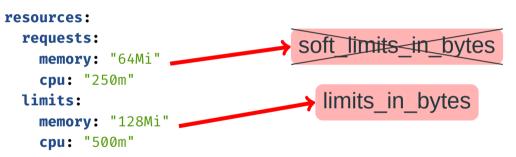
#### **Kubernetes**

```
resources:
requests:
memory: "64Mi"
cpu: "250m"
limits:
memory: "128Mi"
cpu: "500m"
```





#### **Kubernetes**



## Memory reclaim

```
# only under the memory pressure
=> page reclaim.pv --container 89c33bb3133f
[7382] postgres: 928K
[7138] postgres: 152K
[7136] postgres: 180K
[7468] postgres: 72M
[7464] postgres: 57M
[5451] postgres: 1M
```



#### How to run?

```
# bcc + postgres-bcc
CONFIG BPF=V
CONFIG BPF SYSCALL=y
CONFIG NET CLS BPF=m
CONFIG NET ACT BPF=m
CONFIG_BPF_JIT=V
CONFIG BPF EVENTS=V
debugfs on /sys/kernel/debug type debugfs (rw)
```



#### How to run: container?



#### How to run: K8S?

```
spec:
  serviceAccountName: "bcc"
  hostPID: true
  containers:
  - name: "bcc"
    securityContext:
        privileged: true
# 4 * 65536 + 14 * 256 + 96
=> export BCC LINUX VERSION CODE 265824
```



### How to break?

```
# unsafe access
=> perf probe -x bin/postgres --funcs
=> perf probe -x bin/postgres 'ExecCallTriggerFunc trigdata->?'
=> perf record probe postgres:ExecCallTriggerFunc
```

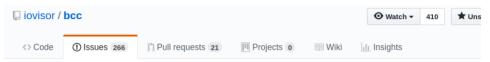


### How to break?

```
# non interruptible sleep
=> perf probe -x bin/postgres --funcs
=> perf probe -x bin/postgres 'XLogInsertRecord fpw_lsn'
```



#### How to break?



Ubuntu xenial kernel panic in bpf map update elem using ext4slower #1678

(F) Closed stefreak opened this issue on Apr 12, 2018 · 13 comments



### **Questions?**

- github.com/erthalion
- github.com/erthalion/postgres-bcc
- dmitrii.dolgov at zalando dot de
- ≥ 9erthalion6 at gmail dot com

