Major Features: Postgres 16

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POSTGRESQL is an open-source, full-featured relational database. This presentation gives an overview of the Postgres 16 release.

https://momjian.us/presentations





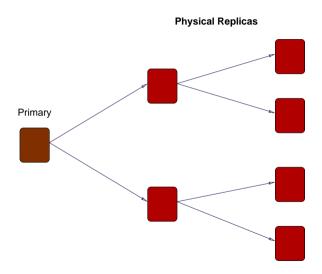
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Postgres 16 Feature Outline

- 1. Logical replication from standby servers
- 2. Allow logical replication cycles
- 3. Role membership control
- 4. Allow indexes to use *date_trunc()*
- 5. Record statistics on the last sequential and index scans
- 6. Allow monitoring of I/O statistics
- 7. CPU vectorization
- 8. Allow libpq load balancing and control of authentication

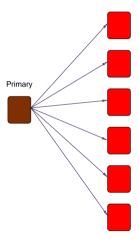
Full item list at https://momjian.us/pgsql_docs/release-16.html and https://www.postgresql.org/docs/16/release-16.html.

1. Logical Replication from Standby Servers

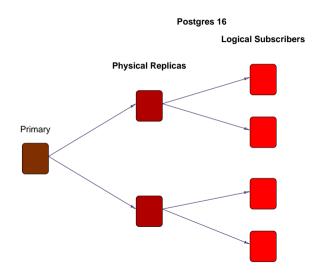


Pre-Postgres 16 Supports Only Primary-Sourced Logical Subscribers

Pre-PG 16 Logical Subscribers



Postgres 16 Supports Standby-Sourced Logical Subscribers



2. Allow Logical Replication Cycles

PG 16 Logical Subscribers on the Same Table



This is done by creating subscriptions with *slotname* = *none*, which causes only logical replication records with no slotname to be sent. This prevents records that arrived from other servers from being sent. There is no conflict resolution.

3. Role Membership Control

Role membership give two advantages:

- The ability to automatically INHERIT permissions of member roles
- The ability to execute queries as the member role via SET ROLE
- https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/role-membership.html

Postgres 16 adds:

- Allow roles to INHERIT from only some members
- Allow members to be added to roles without giving them SET ROLE permission via SET ROLE FALSE.
- Allow members to be added to roles if they have ADMIN permission on the role; previously create role permission was required
- Allow users who create roles to be automatically given INHERIT or SET ROLE abilities to the new role via *createrole_self_grant*
- Add *psql* \drg command to show role members and their INHERIT and SET ROLE permissions

Inheritance in Pre-Postgres 16

```
-- create role
CREATE ROLE a1;
CREATE ROLE b INHERIT:
GRANT a1 TO b:
-- create table
GRANT CREATE ON SCHEMA public TO al;
SET ROLE a1;
CREATE TABLE al test (x INTEGER);
RESET ROLE;
-- SELECT table as 'b'
SET ROLE b;
SELECT * FROM a1 test:
---
RESET ROLE:
-- change role inheritance status
ALTER USER b NOINHERIT:
-- SELECT table as 'b'
SET ROLE b;
SELECT * FROM a1 test;
ERROR: permission denied for table al test
RESET ROLE;
```

Inheritance in Postgres 16

```
-- create role
CREATE ROLE a1;
CREATE ROLE b INHERIT;
GRANT a1 TO b:
-- create table
GRANT CREATE ON SCHEMA public TO al:
SET ROLE a1:
CREATE TABLE al_test (x INTEGER);
RESET ROLE;
-- SELECT table as 'b'
SET ROLE b;
SELECT * FROM a1_test;
 х
---
RESET ROLE:
-- change role inheritance status
ALTER USER b NOINHERIT;
-- SELECT table as 'b'
SET ROLE b;
SELECT * FROM a1 test;
RESET ROLE:
```

Inheritance in Postgres 16

```
-- create roles
CREATE ROLE a2;
CREATE ROLE a3:
CREATE ROLE a4:
-- grant membership
GRANT a2 TO b;
GRANT a3 TO b WITH INHERIT TRUE:
GRANT a4 TO b WITH INHERIT FALSE;
\drg
              List of role grants
 Role name | Member of | Options
                                    | Grantor
            a1 | INHERIT, SET | postgres
 b
            a2
                       SET
                                    postgres
 b
            a3
                       INHERIT, SET | postgres
 h
            a4
                       SET
                                    postgres
```

4. Allow Indexes to Use *date_trunc()*

```
CREATE TABLE trunc test (x TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE);
CREATE INDEX i trunc test ON trunc test (date trunc('month', x));
ERROR: functions in index expression must be marked IMMUTABLE
CREATE INDEX i trunc test ON trunc test (date trunc('month', x, 'America/New York'));
\d trunc test
                    Table "public.trunc test"
                  Type | Collation | Nullable | Default
Column |
        | timestamp with time zone |
Indexes:
   "i_trunc_test" btree (date_trunc('month'::text, x, 'America/New York'::text))
```

5. Record Statistics on the Last Sequential and Index Scans

\d pg_stat_user_tables								
Column	View "pg_catalog.pg_stat_u Type		Nullable	Dofault				
COTUIIII	Type	+	Nullable +	Delault +				
relid	oid							
schemaname	name	İ	İ	İ				
relname	name	İ	İ	İ				
seq scan	bigint	İ	İ	İ				
last seq scan	timestamp with time zone	İ	ĺ	ĺ				
seq tup read	bigint	İ	İ	İ				
idx scan	bigint	İ	İ	İ				
last idx scan	timestamp with time zone	İ	İ	İ				
idx_tup_fetch	bigint	İ	İ	ĺ				
n_tup_ins	bigint	İ	ĺ					
n_tup_upd	bigint							
n_tup_del	bigint	İ	ĺ					
n_tup_hot_upd	bigint	İ						
n tup newpage upd	bigint	1						
n_live_tup	bigint	İ	ĺ					
n_dead_tup	bigint		ĺ					
n_mod_since_analyze	bigint							
n_ins_since_vacuum	bigint							
last_vacuum	timestamp with time zone	İ	İ					
last_autovacuum	timestamp with time zone							
last_analyze	timestamp with time zone							
last_autoanalyze	timestamp with time zone							
vacuum_count	bigint							
autovacuum_count	bigint							
analyze_count	bigint							
autoanalyze count	bigint							

Record Statistics on the Last Sequential and Index Scans

\d pg stat user indexes View "pg_catalog.pg_stat_user_indexes" Type | Collation | Nullable | Default Co1umn relid oid indexrelid oid schemaname name relname name indexrelname name idx scan bigint last idx scan timestamp with time zone idx_tup_read idx_tup_fetch bigint bigint

6. Allow Monitoring of I/O Statistics

\d pg stat io						
	View "pg catalog.pg	stat io"				
Column	Type	Collation	Nullable	Default		
	+	+	+	+		
backend_type	text	!				
object	text					
context	text					
reads	bigint					
read_time	double precision					
writes	bigint					
write_time	double precision					
writebacks	bigint		ĺ			
writeback_time	double precision					
extends	bigint					
extend_time	double precision					
op_bytes	bigint					
hits	bigint					
evictions	bigint					
reuses	bigint	İ	İ	İ		
fsyncs	bigint		ĺ			
fsync_time	double precision	į	İ	İ		
stats_reset	timestamp with time zone	İ	İ	İ		

Types of Recorded Statistics

SELECT backend_type, backend_type	object, context object	FROM pg_stat_io context
autovacuum launcher	relation	bulkread
autovacuum launcher	relation	normal
autovacuum worker	relation	bulkread
autovacuum worker	relation	normal
autovacuum worker	relation	vacuum
client backend	relation	bulkread
client backend	relation	bulkwrite
client backend	relation	normal
client backend	relation	vacuum
client backend	temp relation	normal
background worker	relation	bulkread
background worker	relation	bulkwrite
background worker	relation	normal
background worker	relation	vacuum
background worker	temp relation	normal
background writer	relation	normal
checkpointer	relation	normal
standalone backend	relation	bulkread
standalone backend	relation	bulkwrite
standalone backend	relation	normal
standalone backend	relation	vacuum
startup	relation	bulkread
startup	relation	bulkwrite
startup	relation	normal
startup	relation	vacuum
walsender	relation	bulkread
walsender	relation	bulkwrite

Sample Statistics

```
SELECT *
FROM pg stat io
WHERE backend type = 'client backend' AND
     object = 'relation' AND
     context = 'normal';
-[ RECORD 1 ]--+----
backend type | client backend
object
               relation
context
                normal
reads
                3705962
read_time
writes
                2216017
write time
writebacks
                0
writeback time
extends
                20125
extend time
op_bytes
                8192
hits
                81950274
evictions
                3714568
                (null)
reuses
fsvncs
fsync time
                2023-08-23 21:30:36.252786-04
stats_reset
```

7. CPU Vectorization

- Allow JSON string parsing to use vector operations
- Add support for SSE2 (Streaming SIMD Extensions 2) vector operations on x86-64 architectures
- Add support for Advanced SIMD (Single Instruction Multiple Data) (NEON) instructions on ARM architectures

8. Allow libpq Load Balancing and Control of Authentication

- libpq connection option load_balance_hosts=random now randomly chooses a listed host
 - combined with *target_session_attrs=standby*, this allows load balancing among standby servers
- libpq option require_auth allows client to specify acceptable authentication methods
 - for example, *require_auth=scram-sha-256* prevents other password methods from being used

Conclusion

