
hvsrpy

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SUMMARY

hvsrpy is a Python module for performing horizontal-to-vertical spectral ratio processing. *hvsrpy* was developed by Joseph P. Vantassel with contributions from Dana M. Brannon under the supervision of Professor Brady R. Cox at the University of Texas at Austin. The fully-automated frequency-domain rejection algorithm implemented in *hvsrpy* was developed by Tianjian Cheng under the supervision of Professor Brady R. Cox at the University of Texas at Austin and detailed in Cox et al. (in review).

The module includes two main class definitions *Sensor3c* and *Hvsr*. These classes include various methods for creating and manipulating 3-component sensor and horizontal-to-vertical spectral ratio objects.

LICENSE INFORMATION

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SENSOR3C CLASS

class `Sensor3c` (*ns, ew, vt*)

Class for creating and manipulating 3-component sensor objects.

Attributes:

ns, ew, vt [Timeseries] TimeSeries object for each component.

ns_f, ew_f, vt_f [FourierTransform] FourierTransform object for each component.

__init__ (*ns, ew, vt*)

Initialize a 3-component sensor (Sensor3c) object.

Args:

ns, ew, vt [timeseries] Timeseries object for each component.

Returns: Initialized 3-component sensor (Sensor3c) object.

bandpassfilter (*flow, fhigh, order*)

Bandpassfilter component TimeSeries.

Refer to *SigProPy* documentation for details.

combine_horizontals (*method='squared-average'*)

Combine two horizontal components (*ns* and *ew*).

Args:

ratio_type [{ 'squared-averge', 'geometric-mean' }, optional] Defines how the two horizontal components are combined to represent a single horizontal component. By default the 'squared-average' approach is used.

Return: A FourierTransform object representing the combined horizontal component.

cosine_taper (*width*)

Cosine taper component TimeSeries.

Refer to *SigProPy* documentation for details.

detrend ()

Detrend component TimeSeries.

Refer to *SigProPy* documentation for details.

classmethod from_mseed (*fname*)

Initialize a 3-component sensor (Sensor3c) object from a .miniseed file.

Args:

fname [str] Name of miniseed file, full path may be used if desired. The file should contain three traces with the appropriate channel names. Refer to the *SEED* Manual [here](#). for specifics.

Returns: Initialized 3-component sensor (Sensor3c) object.

hv (*windowlength*, *bp_filter*, *taper_width*, *bandwidth*, *resampling*, *method*)
Prepare time series and fourier transforms then compute H/V.

Args:

windowlength [float] Length of time windows in seconds.

bp_filter [dict] Bandpass filter settings, of the form {'flag':*bool*, 'flow':*float*, 'fhigh':*float*, 'order':*int*}.

taper_width [float] Width of cosine taper.

bandwidth [float] Bandwidth of the Konno and Ohmachi smoothing window.

resampling [dict] Resampling settings, of the form {'minf':*float*, 'maxf':*float*, 'nf':*int*, 'res_type':*str*}.

method [{ 'squared-averge', 'geometric-mean' }] Refer to method *combine_horizontals* for details.

Returns: Initialized Hvsr object.

Notes: More information for the above arguments can be found in the documentation of *SigProPy*.

property normalization_factor
Return sensor time history normalization factor.

resample (*fmin*, *fmax*, *fn*, *res_type*, *inplace*)
Resample component FourierTransforms.

Refer to *SigProPy* documentation for details.

smooth (*bandwidth*)
Smooth component FourierTransforms.

Refer to *SigProPy* documentation for details.

split (*windowlength*)
Split component TimeSeries.

Refer to *SigProPy* documentation for details.

transform ()
Perform Fourier transform on components.

Returns: *None*, redefines attributes *ew_f*, *ns_f*, and *vt_f* as FourierTransform objects for each component.

HVSR CLASS

class Hvsr (*amplitude, frequency, find_peaks=True*)

Class for creating and manipulating horizontal-to-vertical spectral ratio objects.

Attributes:

amp [ndarray] Array of H/V amplitudes. Each row represents an individual curve and each column a frequency.

frq [ndarray] Vector of frequencies, corresponding to each column.

n_windows [int] Number of windows in Hvsr object.

valid_window_indices [ndarray] Array of indices indicating valid windows.

__init__ (*amplitude, frequency, find_peaks=True*)

Initialize a Hvsr object from an amplitude and frequency vector.

Args:

amplitude [ndarray] Array of H/V amplitudes. Each row represents an individual curve and each column a frequency.

frequency [ndarray] Vector of frequencies, corresponding to each column.

Returns: Initialized Hvsr object.

static find_peaks (*amp, **kwargs*)

Returns the indices of all peaks in *amp*.

Wrapper method for `scipy.signal.find_peaks` function.

Args:

amp [ndarray] Vector or array of amplitudes. See *amp* attribute for details.

****kwargs** [dict] Refer to `scipy.signal.find_peaks` documentation [here](#).

Returns:

peaks [ndarray or list] *ndarray* or *list* of *ndarrays* (one per window) of peak indices.

properties [dict] Refer to `scipy.signal.find_peaks` documentation.

mc_peak_amp (*distribution='log-normal'*)

Amplitude of the peak of the mean H/V curve.

Args:

distribution [{ 'normal', 'log-normal' }, optional] Refer to method *mean_curve* for details.

Returns: Amplitude associated with the peak of the mean H/V curve.

mc_peak_frq (*distribution='log-normal'*)

Frequency of the peak of the mean H/V curve.

Args:

distribution [{ 'normal', 'log-normal' }, optional] Refer to method *mean_curve* for details.

Returns: Frequency associated with the peak of the mean H/V curve.

mean_curve (*distribution='log-normal'*)

Return mean H/V curve.

Args:

distribution [{ 'normal', 'log-normal' }, optional] Assumed distribution of mean curve, default is *log-normal*.

Returns: Mean H/V curve as *ndarray* according to the distribution specified.

Raises:

KeyError: If *distribution* does not match the available options.

mean_f0_amp (*distribution='log-normal'*)

Mean amplitude of *f0* of valid timewindows.

Args:

distribution [{ 'normal', 'log-normal' }] Assumed distribution of *f0*, default is *log-normal*.

Returns: Mean amplitude of *f0* according to the distribution specified.

Raises:

KeyError: If *distribution* does not match the available options.

mean_f0_frq (*distribution='log-normal'*)

Mean *f0* of valid timewindows.

Args:

distribution [{ 'normal', 'log-normal' }] Assumed distribution of *f0*, default is *log-normal*.

Returns: Mean value of *f0* according to the distribution specified.

Raises:

KeyError: If *distribution* does not match the available options.

nstd_curve (*n, distribution*)

Return *n*th standard deviation curve.

Args:

n [float] Number of standard deviations away from the mean curve.

distribution [{ 'log-normal', 'normal' }, optional] Assumed distribution of mean curve, the default is 'log-normal'.

Return: *n*th standard deviation curve as an *ndarray*.

nstd_f0_amp (*n, distribution*)

*n*th sample standard deviation of amplitude of *f0* from time windows.

Args:

n [float] Number of standard deviations away from the mean amplitude of *f0* from time windows.

distribution [{ 'log-normal', 'normal' }, optional] Assumed distribution of $f0$, the default is 'log-normal'.

Return: nth standard deviation of amplitude of $f0$ as *float*.

nstd_f0_frq (*n*, *distribution*)

Return nth standard deviation of $f0$.

Args:

n [float] Number of standard deviations away from the mean $f0$.

distribution [{ 'log-normal', 'normal' }, optional] Assumed distribution of $f0$, the default is 'log-normal'.

Return: nth standard deviation of $f0$ as *float*.

property peak_amp

Return valid peaks amplitude vector.

property peak_frq

Return valid peaks frequency vector.

print_stats (*distribution_f0*)

Print the basic statistics of Hvsr object to stdout.

reject_windows (*n=2*, *max_iterations=50*, *distribution_f0='log-normal'*, *distribution_mc='log-normal'*)

Perform rejection of H/V windows using the method proposed by Cox et al. (in review).

Args:

n [float, optional] Number of standard deviations from the mean (default value is 2).

max_iterations [int, optional] Maximum number of rejection iterations (default value is 50).

distribution_f0 [{ 'log-normal', 'normal' }, optional] Assumed distribution of $f0$ from time windows, the default is 'log-normal'.

distribution_mc [{ 'log-normal', 'normal' }, optional] Assumed distribution of mean curve, the default is 'log-normal'.

Returns:

c_iteration [int] Number of iterations required for convergence.

property rejected_window_indices

Return rejected window indices.

std_curve (*distribution='log-normal'*)

Sample standard deviation associate with the mean H/V curve.

Args:

distribution [{ 'normal', 'log-normal' }, optional] Assumed distribution of H/V curve, default is *log-normal*.

Returns: Sample standard deviation of H/V curve as *ndarray* according to the distribution specified.

Raises:

ValueError: If only single time window is defined.

KeyError: If *distribution* does not match the available options.

std_f0_amp (*distribution='log-normal'*)

Sample standard deviation of amplitude of $f0$ of valid timewindows.

Args:

distribution [{ 'normal', 'log-normal' }, optional] Assumed distribution of f_0 , default is *log-normal*.

Returns: Sample standard deviation of the amplitude of f_0 according to the distribution specified.

Raises:

KeyError: If *distribution* does not match the available options.

std_f0_frq (*distribution*='log-normal')

Sample standard deviation of f_0 of valid timewindows.

Args:

distribution [{ 'normal', 'log-normal' }, optional] Assumed distribution of f_0 , default is *log-normal*.

Returns: Sample standard deviation of f_0 according to the distribution specified.

Raises:

KeyError: If *distribution* does not match the available options.

to_file_like_geopsy (*fname*, *distribution_f0*, *distribution_mc*)

Save H/V data to file following the Geopsy format.

Args:

fname [str] Name of file to save the results, may be a full or relative path.

distribution_f0 [{ 'log-normal', 'normal' }, optional] Assumed distribution of f_0 from the time windows, the default is 'log-normal'.

distribution_mc [{ 'log-normal', 'normal' }, optional] Assumed distribution of mean curve, the default is 'log-normal'.

Returns: *None*, writes file to disk.

update_peaks (***kwargs*)

Update *peaks* attribute with the lowest frequency, highest amplitude peak.

Args:

****kwargs:** Refer to static method *find_peaks* documentation.

Returns: *None*, update *peaks* attribute.