## Appendix 2

GWW 12031299

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#### Smooth the fruit flies data

```
rm(list = ls())
library(fda)
library(ggplot2)
library(reshape2)
load('E://R Files/Functional Data/Data Sets/fly.Rdata')
flyname = colnames(medfly$eggcount)
day = 1:26
y = medfly$eggcount[,flyname[1]]
```

#### Find out the best number basis by SSE(OCV)

```
num1 = 6
P_bvals = matrix(day,26,num1)
for(i in 1:num1){ P_bvals[,i] = ((P_bvals[,i]-mean(y))/var(y))^(i-1)}
P_bvals[,1] = 0.01

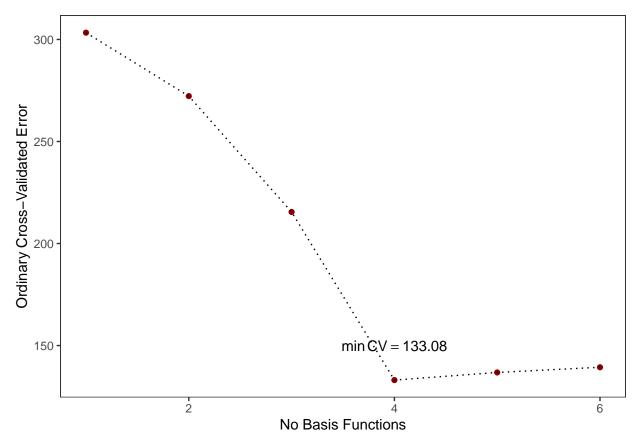
smsse = rep(0,num1)
for(i in 1:num1){
    S = P_bvals[,1:i]%*%solve( t(P_bvals[,1:i])%*%P_bvals[,1:i])%*%t(P_bvals[,1:i])
    h = (1-diag(S))^2
    errs = y - S%*%y
    smsse[i] = sum(errs^2/h )/26
}
print(smsse)
```

```
## [1] 303.3216 272.2339 215.4667 133.0854 136.8218 139.3622
```

```
which.min(smsse)
```

```
## [1] 4
```

```
ggplot(data=NULL,aes(1:num1,smsse[1:num1]))+geom_point(color = "darkred")+geom_line(linetype="dotted")+
    theme_bw()+theme(panel.grid=element_blank())+xlab("No Basis Functions") +ylab("Ordinary Cross-Validat
    annotate("text",x = 4, y = 150,parse = T,label="min(CV) == 133.08")
```



```
daybasis = create.fourier.basis(c(0, 26), 26)
bvals = eval.basis(day,daybasis)
num2 = 12
smsse = rep(0,num2)
for(i in 1:num2){
    F_bvals = bvals[,1:(2*i+1)]
    S = F_bvals%*%solve( t(F_bvals)%*%F_bvals)%*%t(F_bvals)
    h = (1-diag(S))^2
    errs = y - S%*%y
    smsse[i] = sum(errs^2/h )/26
}
print(smsse)

## [1] 154.9942 155.6753 158.3300 179.8173 211.4156 206.1704 257.6648 359.4800
## [9] 577.2818 600.2313 154.2935 576.0000

which.min(smsse)

## [1] 11
```

```
ggplot(data=NULL,aes(1:num2,smsse[1:num2]))+geom_point(color = "darkred")+geom_line(linetype="dotted")+
    theme_bw()+theme(panel.grid=element_blank())+xlab("No Basis Functions") +ylab("Ordinary Cross-Validat
    annotate("text",x = 11, y = 180,parse = T,label="min(CV) == 154.29")
```

```
6000-

5000-

4000-

2000-

2000-

2000-

2000-

2000-

2000-

2000-

2000-

2000-

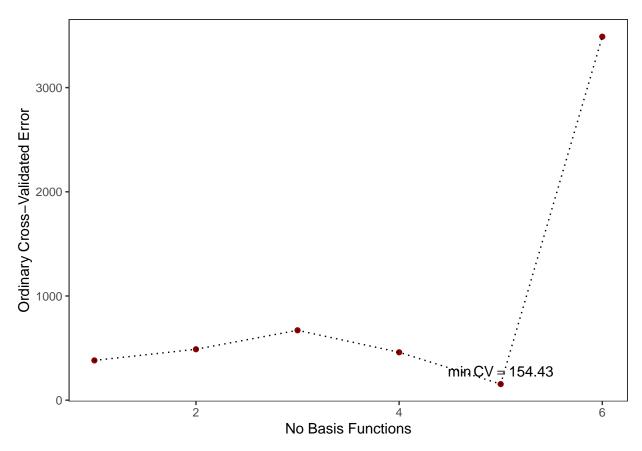
2000-

2000-

No Basis Functions
```

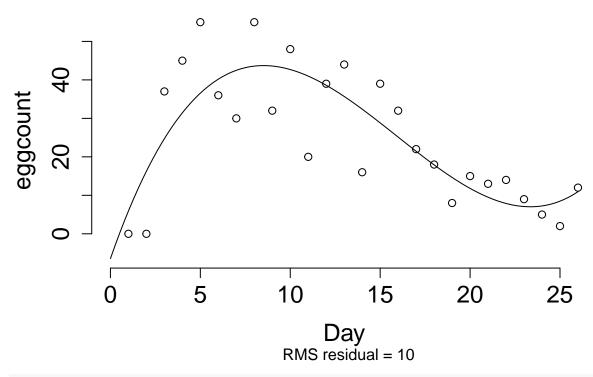
```
bbasis = list()
for (i in 1:6){
    bbasis[[i]] = create.bspline.basis(rangeval=c(0,26), nbasis = 7+i, norder=4) # nbasis=nbreaks+norder=})
smsse = rep(0,6)
for(i in 1:6){
    bvals = eval.basis(day,bbasis[[i]])
    S = bvals%*%solve( t(bvals)%*%bvals)%*%t(bvals)
    h = (1-diag(S))^2
    errs = y - S%*%y
    smsse[i] = sum(errs^2/h )/26
}
print(smsse)
## [1] 381.4631 488.6264 670.6217 459.5390 154.4385 3488.9648
which.min(smsse)
```

```
ggplot(data=NULL,aes(1:6,smsse[1:6]))+geom_point(color = "darkred")+geom_line(linetype="dotted")+
    theme_bw()+theme(panel.grid=element_blank())+xlab("No Basis Functions") +ylab("Ordinary Cross-Validat
    annotate("text",x =5, y = 280,parse = T,label="min(CV) == 154.43")
```

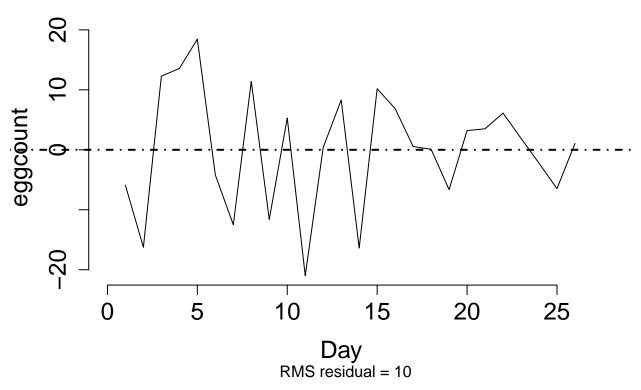


#### Least-square estimate





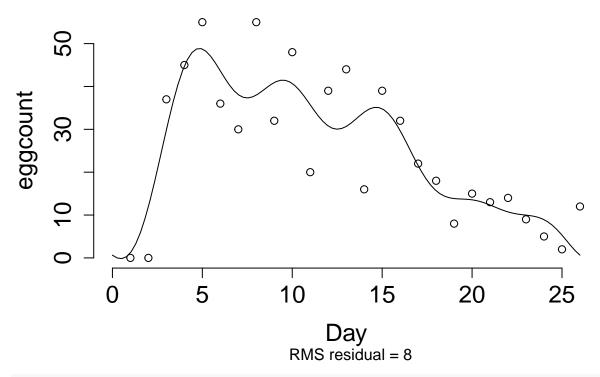




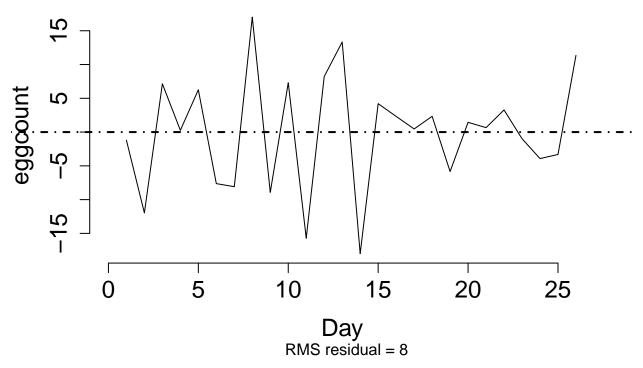
```
P_RMSE = sqrt(mean((eval.fd(day, P_dayEggfd$fd) - y)^2))
print(P_RMSE)
```

```
## [1] 9.855915
```

## The fitted model



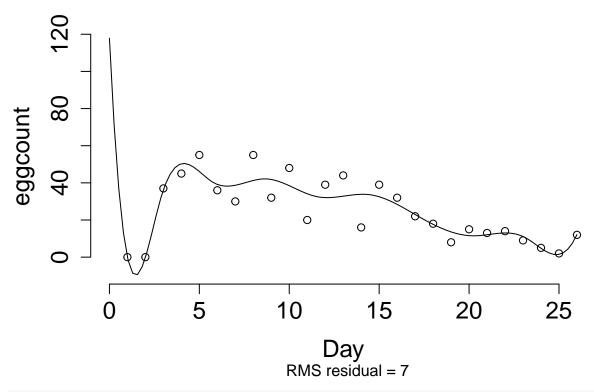
### The residual



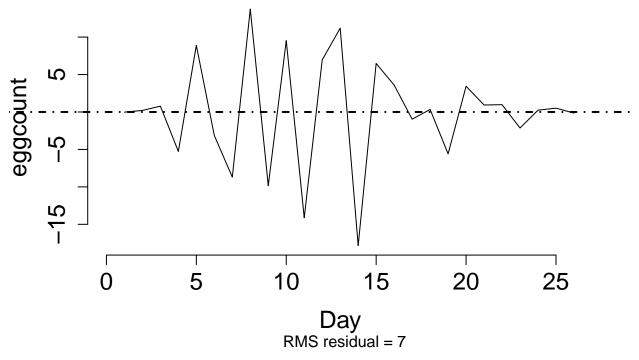
```
L_RMSE = sqrt(mean((eval.fd(day, F_dayEggfd$fd) - y)^2))
print(L_RMSE)
```

```
## [1] 8.388541
```

## The fitted model



### The residual



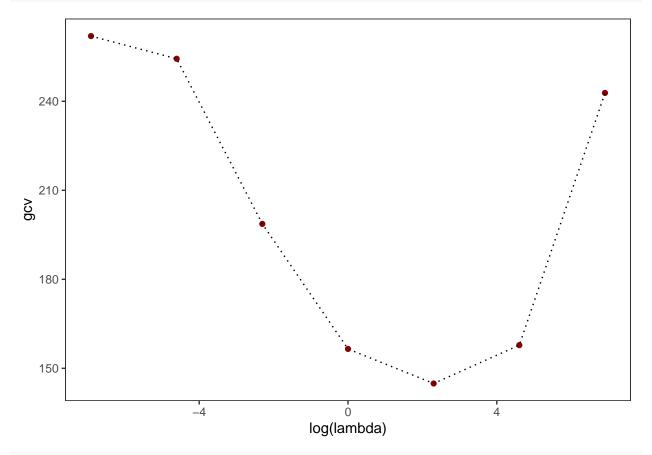
```
L_RMSE = sqrt(mean((eval.fd(day, B_dayEggfd$fd) - y)^2))
print(L_RMSE)
```

## [1] 7.248359

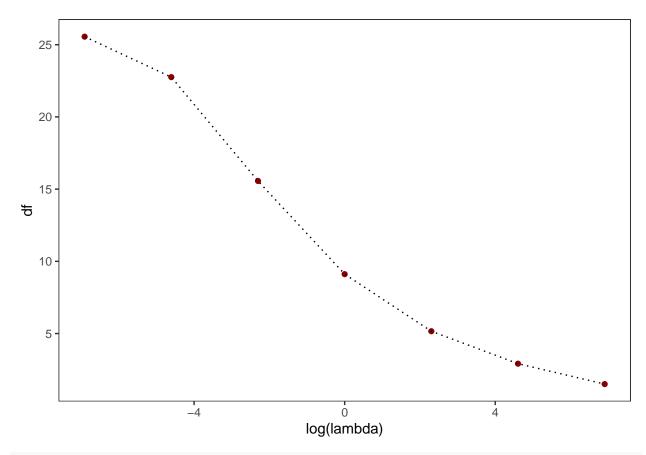
## Penalty estimate

```
fbasis_F = create.fourier.basis(c(0, 26), 26)
gcv = rep(0,7)
df = rep(0,7)
sse = rep(0,7)
for(i in 1:7){
  lambda=10^{i-4}
  D2fdPar = fdPar(fbasis_F,Lfdobj=int2Lfd(2),lambda=lambda)
  P_dayeggfd = smooth.basis(day,y,D2fdPar)
  gcv[i] = P_dayeggfd$gcv
  df[i] = P_dayeggfd$df
  sse[i] = P_dayeggfd$SSE
  mainstr = paste('lambda = ',lambda,' df = ',df[i],' gcv = ',gcv[i],sep='')
  \#plotfit.fd(y,day,P\_dayeggfd\$fd,title=mainstr,
             #xlab="Day", ylab= "eggcount",cex.lab=1.5, cex.axis=1.5)
par(mfrow=c(1,1),ask=F)
lambda = 10^{(-3:3)}
res = data.frame(lambda,gcv,df,sse)
```

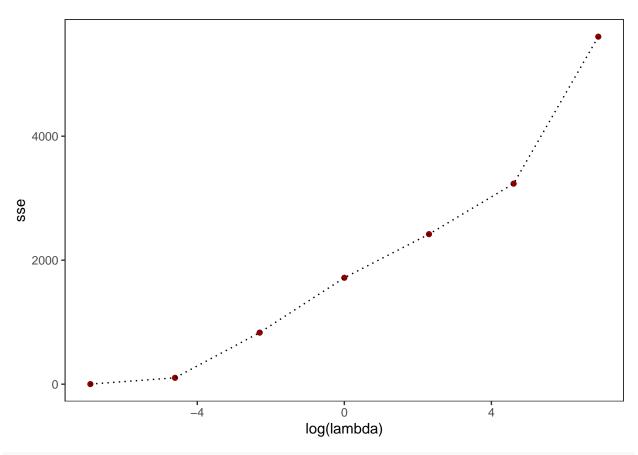
```
ggplot(data=res,aes(log(lambda),gcv))+geom_point(color = "darkred")+geom_line(linetype="dotted")+
    theme_bw()+theme(panel.grid=element_blank())
```



ggplot(data=res,aes(log(lambda),df))+geom\_point(color = "darkred")+geom\_line(linetype="dotted")+
 theme\_bw()+theme(panel.grid=element\_blank())



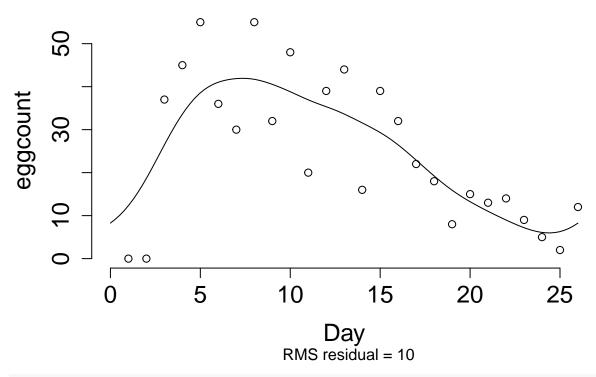
ggplot(data=res,aes(log(lambda),sse))+geom\_point(color = "darkred")+geom\_line(linetype="dotted")+
 theme\_bw()+theme(panel.grid=element\_blank())



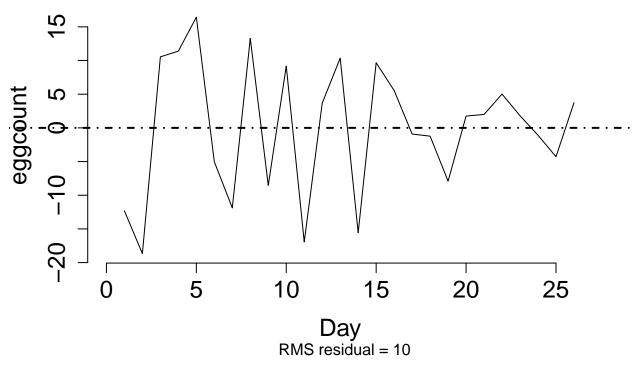
#### which.min(gcv)

#### ## [1] 5

# 512,lambda=10



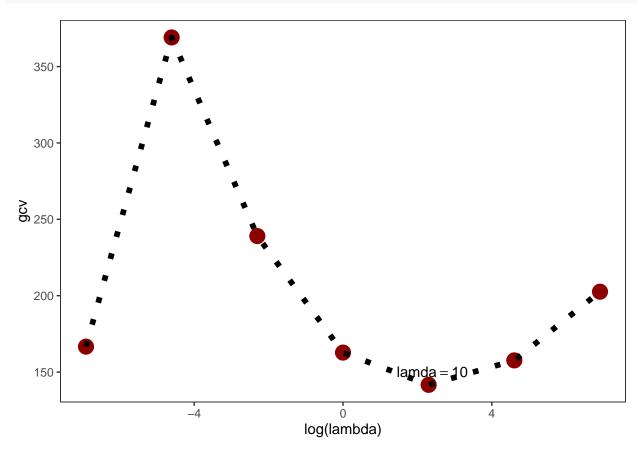
#### RMSE = 9.65



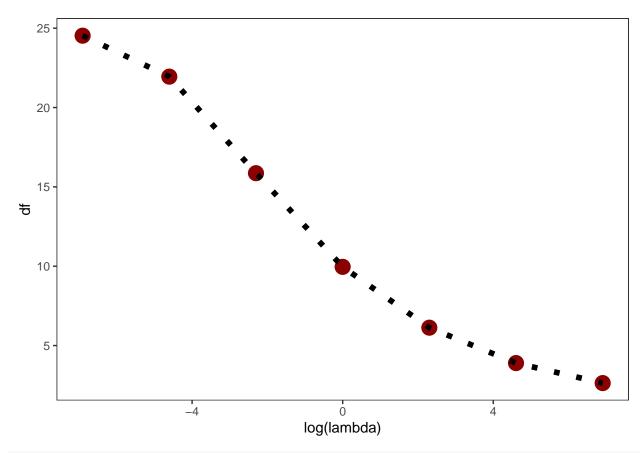
```
P_RMSE = sqrt(mean((eval.fd(day, P_dayEggfd$fd) - y)^2))
print(P_RMSE)
```

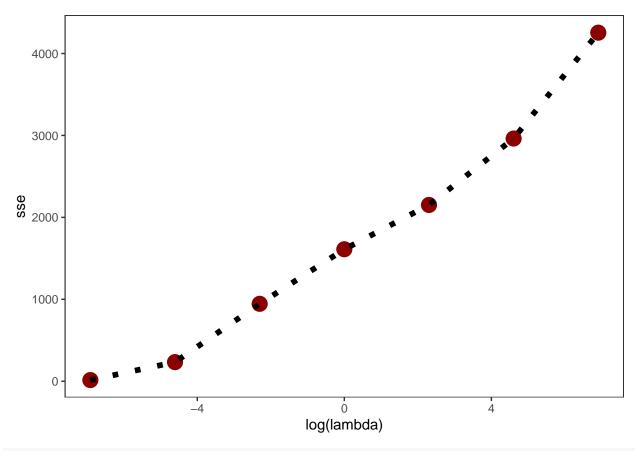
```
## [1] 9.64754
bbasis_F = create.bspline.basis(rangeval=c(0,26), nbasis = 28, norder=4)
gcv = rep(0,7)
df = rep(0,7)
sse = rep(0,7)
Lfd = int2Lfd(2) # We can use different Lfd(nderiv,a list of fd object)
for(i in 1:7){
  lambda=10^{i-4}
  D2fdPar = fdPar(bbasis_F,Lfdobj=Lfd,lambda=lambda)
  P_dayeggfd = smooth.basis(day,y,D2fdPar)
  gcv[i] = P_dayeggfd$gcv
  df[i] = P_dayeggfd$df
  sse[i] = P_dayeggfd$SSE
  mainstr = paste('lambda = ',lambda,' df = ',df[i],' gcv = ',gcv[i],sep='')
  {\it \#plotfit.fd}(y, day, P\_dayeggfd\$fd, title={\it mainstr},
            # xlab="Day", ylab= "eggcount",cex.lab=1.5, cex.axis=1.5)
par(mfrow=c(1,1),ask=F)
lambda = 10^{-}(-3:3)
res = data.frame(lambda,gcv,df,sse)
ggplot(data=res,aes(log(lambda),gcv))+geom_point(color = "darkred",size=5)+geom_line(linetype="dotted",
  theme_bw()+theme(panel.grid=element_blank())+
```

#### annotate("text",x =2.4, y = 150,parse = T,label="lamda == 10")



ggplot(data=res,aes(log(lambda),df))+geom\_point(color = "darkred",size=5)+geom\_line(linetype="dotted",s
theme\_bw()+theme(panel.grid=element\_blank())

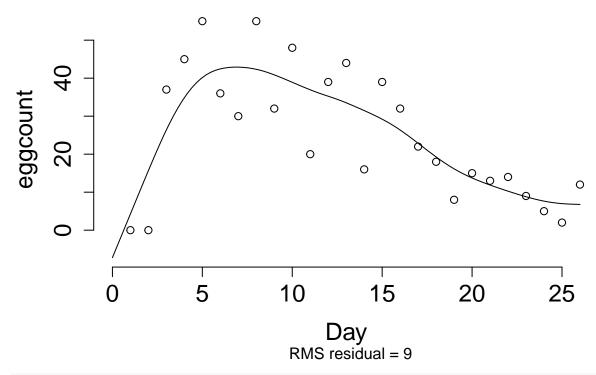




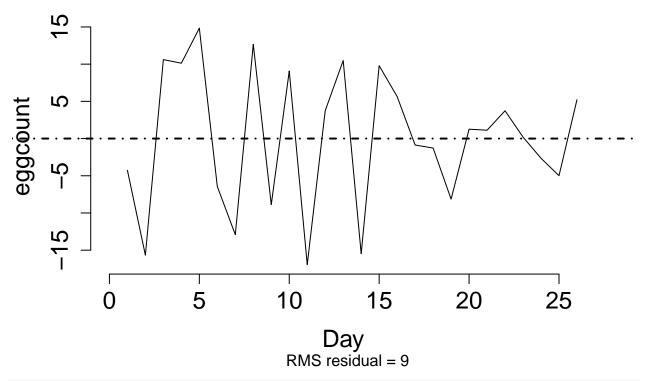
#### which.min(gcv)

#### ## [1] 5

# 512,lambda=10



RMSE = 9.09



P\_RMSE = sqrt(mean((eval.fd(day, P\_dayEggfd\$fd) - y)^2))
print(P\_RMSE)

## [1] 9.09699