

# NetBrain Single Pane of Glass (SPoG) Integration\_ServiceNow

NetBrain applicable versions: 8.01

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## Introduction

### What is NetBrain Single Pane of Glass (SPoG)?

NetBrain integrates with different data sources within an enterprise to use NetBrain map and Qapp for data correlation, analysis, and troubleshooting.

### How does NetBrain SPoG work?

NetBrain has Python function defined in API Adapters to send HTTP/HTTPS request to 3<sup>rd</sup> party system to query 3<sup>rd</sup> party system data via REST API. End user needs to specify the 3<sup>rd</sup> party system REST API for

certain corresponding data in NetBrain API Parser. NetBrain will then be able to implement the parser in a Qapp to further process the REST API retrieved data to generate NetBrain Data View on NetBrain maps.

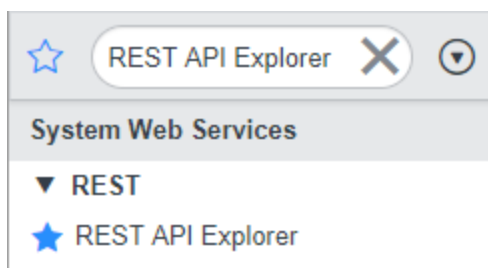
This documentation uses display ServiceNow Incident table data as NetBrain Data View (DV) as an example to explain how ServiceNow SPoG is implemented in NetBrain system.

## ServiceNow REST API

Use [REST API Explorer](#) to explore ServiceNow REST API

To define NetBrain API Parser, end user needs to first understand what data needs to be pulled from ServiceNow and the corresponding ServiceNow REST API to query such data.

Search “REST API Explorer” in ServiceNow to navigate to REST API Explorer under System Web Services.



Brief introduction of using ServiceNow REST API Explorer:

A screenshot of the ServiceNow REST API Explorer interface. The left sidebar shows a list of API endpoints under the 'Table API' section, with 'Retrieve records from a table (GET)' selected. The main panel displays the configuration for this endpoint. It includes a 'Table API' header, a description, and a 'Prepare request' section. The 'Path parameters' section shows 'tableName' set to 'Incident (Incident)'. The 'Query parameters' section lists various parameters like 'sysparm\_query', 'sysparm\_display\_value', 'sysparm\_exclude\_reference\_link', 'sysparm\_suppress\_pagination\_header', 'sysparm\_fields', 'sysparm\_limit', 'sysparm\_view', and 'sysparm\_query\_category', each with a description and a value field.

1. API Name: Table API
2. Path parameters
  - a. tableName: Search for the table and select it
3. Query parameters:

- a. These parameters are the http query parameters which can filter out the result to a more accurate output instead of pulling all the data from the table. For more detailed explanation for each query parameters, refer to the descriptions of each query parameter.

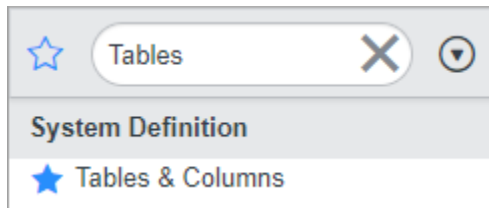
For more details on REST API Explorer, refer to

[https://developer.servicenow.com/app.do#!/document/content/app\\_store\\_doc\\_rest\\_integrate\\_kingston\\_t\\_GetStartedAccessExplorer?v=kingston](https://developer.servicenow.com/app.do#!/document/content/app_store_doc_rest_integrate_kingston_t_GetStartedAccessExplorer?v=kingston)

### Understand ServiceNow Table Schema

Querying the whole table data instead of querying more accurate data with query parameters is more resource consuming on both transmission and calculation perspective. In another hand, it will also require more complex logic to be implemented on NetBrain parsing process. In this case, as a sideway support knowledge of accurately querying ServiceNow table data, understanding ServiceNow Table Schema is very important and helpful to trim the queried result by ServiceNow REST API.

Search “Tables ” in ServiceNow to navigate to Tables & Columns under System Definition.



Brief introduction of reviewing ServiceNow Table Schema:

## Table Names

impact\_status [ent\_impact\_status]  
 Impacted Services [task\_cmdb\_ci\_service]  
 Import Errors [sa\_dw\_import\_errors]  
 Import Export Map [sys\_impex\_map]  
 Import Log [import\_log]  
 Import Set [sys\_import\_set]  
 Import Set Row [sys\_import\_set\_row]  
 Import Set Row Error [sys\_import\_set\_row\_error]  
 Import Table [sys\_report\_import\_table]  
 Import Table Base [sys\_report\_import\_table\_parent]  
 Import Table Users and Groups and Roles [sys\_report\_import\_table\_users\_groups\_roles]  
 Inactivity Monitor [sysrule\_escalate\_am]  
 Inbound Email Actions [sysevent\_in\_email\_action]  
**Incident [incident]**  
 Incident Event [x\_sow\_intapp\_incident\_event]  
 Incident Fact Table [incident\_fact\_table]  
 Incident Field Redirection [x\_sow\_intapp\_incident\_field\_redirection]  
 Incident Integration [x\_sow\_intapp\_incident\_integration]  
 Incident Metric [incident\_metric]  
 Incident Reference Field Mapping [x\_sow\_intapp\_incident\_reference\_field\_mapping]  
 Incident SLA [incident\_sla]  
 Incident Task [incident\_task]  
 Incident Time Worked [incident\_time\_worked]  
 Inclusion Endpoint [cmdb\_ci\_endpoint\_inclusion]  
 Index Explanation [sys\_index\_explain]  
 Index Hint Rewrite [sys\_query\_index\_hint]  
 Index Suggestion [sys\_index\_suggestion]

Edit Table

Schema map

Delete all records

1. Select the table name from Table Names table
2. Click on Schema map button

For more details on Table Schema, refer to [https://docs.servicenow.com/bundle/london-platform-administration/page/administer/table-administration/concept/c\\_SchemaMapForTables.html](https://docs.servicenow.com/bundle/london-platform-administration/page/administer/table-administration/concept/c_SchemaMapForTables.html)

## Create NetBrain API Parser

Device Type: All Device Types Advanced Filter Parser Type: API ServiceNow Plugin

Define function to retrieve data: **A**

```

1 ...
2 Begin Declare Input Parameters
3 {
4   {
5     End Declare
6   }
7   For sample
8   {
9     { "name": "ipaddr1" },
10    { "name": "ipaddr2" }
11  },
12  }
13  def BuildParameters(context, device_name, params):
14    rtn_params = {}
15    rtn_params["api_params"] = {
16      "url": "https://api.netbrain.com/v1/incidents",
17      "system_query": "cmdb_ci.name = " + device_name,
18      "system_fields": "number,short_description,sys_created_on,state",
19      "system_display_value": true
20    }
21  }
22  }
23  }
24  return (True, rtn_params)
25

```

Define function to parse data: **B**

```

1 # Declare variable structure, type and name.
2 ...
3 Begin Declare Variable
4 {
5   { "name": "NumIncidents", "type": "int",
6     { "name": "Incident_Detail", "type": "table", "columns": [
7       { "name": "Number", "type": "string",
8         { "name": "Short_Description", "type": "string",
9         { "name": "State", "type": "string",
10        { "name": "Opened", "type": "string"
11      }
12    }
13  }
14  }
15  }
16  }
17  }
18  }
19  }
20  }
21  }
22  }
23  }
24  }
25  }

```

Retrieval results: **C**

```

1 {
2   {
3     "number": "INC0011589",
4     "short_description": "IS-RDS-SHU",
5     "state": "New",
6     "sys_created_on": "03-13-2019 14:08:58"
7   },
8   {
9     "number": "INC0011588",
10    "short_description": "web application slowness",
11    "state": "New",
12    "sys_created_on": "03-13-2019 14:04:46"
13  }
14 }

```

Parse Results: **D**

Variable	Value	Type
\$NumIncidents	2	int
\$Incident_Detail		
\$Number		string
\$Short_Description		string
\$State		string
\$Opened		string

- A. Define retrieve data function
  - a. Customize Python functions:
    - i. BuildParameters()  
Define ServiceNow REST API parameters.
      - api\_uri: ServiceNow REST API HTTP URI without host server domain name section
      - url\_params: ServiceNow REST API HTTP Query parameters
    - ii. RetrieveData()  
Call API Adapters Python function to retrieve data via REST API
- B. Review retrieved data
- C. Define parse data function
- D. Review parsed data

## Define NetBrain API Adapters

NetBrain API Adapters has a build-in instance for ServiceNow, which contains HTTP Get function (get\_data()).

The HTTP request is using Basic Authentication to be authenticated by ServiceNow for each API call.

The username and password information are inherited from NetBrain API Server Manager instance.

No customization and modification are required in API Adapters.

## Test NetBrain API Server Instance Connectivity to ServiceNow Instance

Add External API Server

Server Name:

Description:

API Source Type:

ServiceNow API Plugin

Endpoints:

e.g. <https://192.168.10.2:8080>; <http://www.cisco.com/controller>

Username:

Password:

Front Server/Front Server Group:

select

Advanced

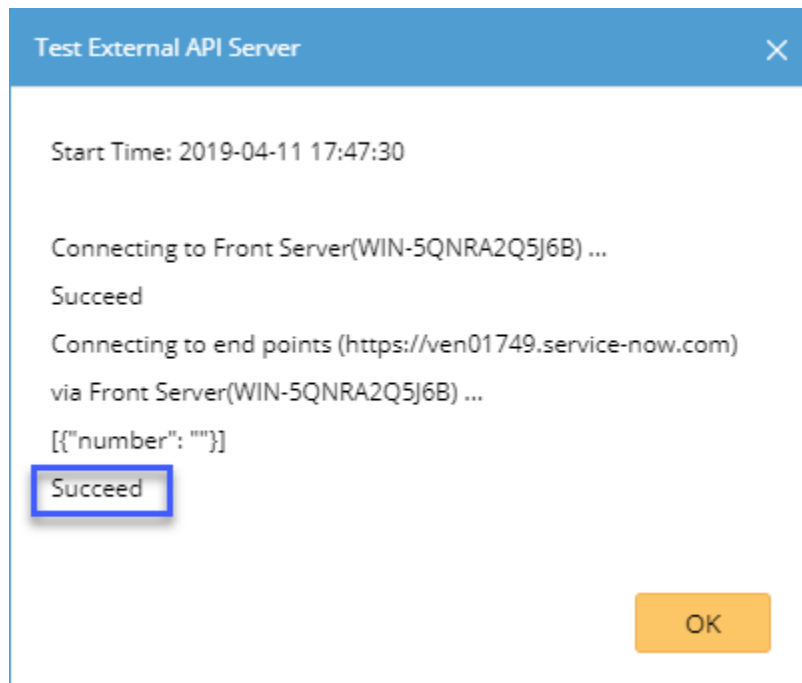
Managed Devices: 0

Test

Cancel

OK

1. Navigate to Domain Management – **API Server Manager**
2. Click **Add** button to add an External API Server
3. Fill out all fields in the pop-up dialog above
4. Select “ServiceNow API Plugin” for ServiceNow integration
5. Click Test button to test connectivity from NetBrain Front Server to ServiceNow domain



## Create NetBrain Qapp with NetBrain API Parser

## General NetBrain Data View by NetBrain Qapp

## Appendix

### NetBrain API Adapters Code Standard

1. To easily maintain and scale API Parser Library in the future, only extract parameters passed from Parser. DO NOT hard code any REST API HTTP parameters in API Adapters Python functions.
2. To prevent more HTTP request sending from NetBrain to 3<sup>rd</sup> party systems, use Basic Authentication for HTTP calls as long as 3<sup>rd</sup> party system supports Basic Auth.
3. To easily organize HTTP call parameters, return the following 4 values to get\_data() function:
  - a. endpoint: 3<sup>rd</sup> party system host address, which is defined in API Server Manager
  - b. username: 3<sup>rd</sup> party system login username to be used by HTTP call, which is defined in API Server Manager
  - c. password: 3<sup>rd</sup> party system login password to be used by HTTP call, which is defined in API Server Manager
  - d. api\_params: HTTP request parameters defined in API Parser
4. To simplify the output in API Server Manager Test result, trim the sample REST API call result as much as possible in \_test() function.

### NetBrain API Parser Code Standard

1. Define HTTP request parameters in BuildParameters() function by following the Python dictionary structure below:

```
rtn_params['api_params'] = {  
    'api_uri': '/api/now/table/incident',
```

```
'url_params':{  
  'sysparm_query': 'cmdb_ci.name=' + device_name,  
  'sysparm_fields': 'number,short_description,sys_created_on,state',  
  'sysparm_display_value': True  
}
```

2. Trim the result by better defining the query parameters, instead of further process the returned result later in NetBrain parser.
3. Implement the main logics by calling API Adapters functions in RetrieveData() function

## References

1. ServiceNow REST API Explorer: [https://developer.servicenow.com/app.do#!/document/content/app\\_store\\_doc\\_rest\\_integrate\\_kingston\\_t\\_GetStartedAccessExplorer?v=kingston](https://developer.servicenow.com/app.do#!/document/content/app_store_doc_rest_integrate_kingston_t_GetStartedAccessExplorer?v=kingston)
2. ServiceNow Schema Map for Tables: [https://docs.servicenow.com/bundle/london-platform-administration/page/administer/table-administration/concept/c\\_SchemaMapForTables.html](https://docs.servicenow.com/bundle/london-platform-administration/page/administer/table-administration/concept/c_SchemaMapForTables.html)