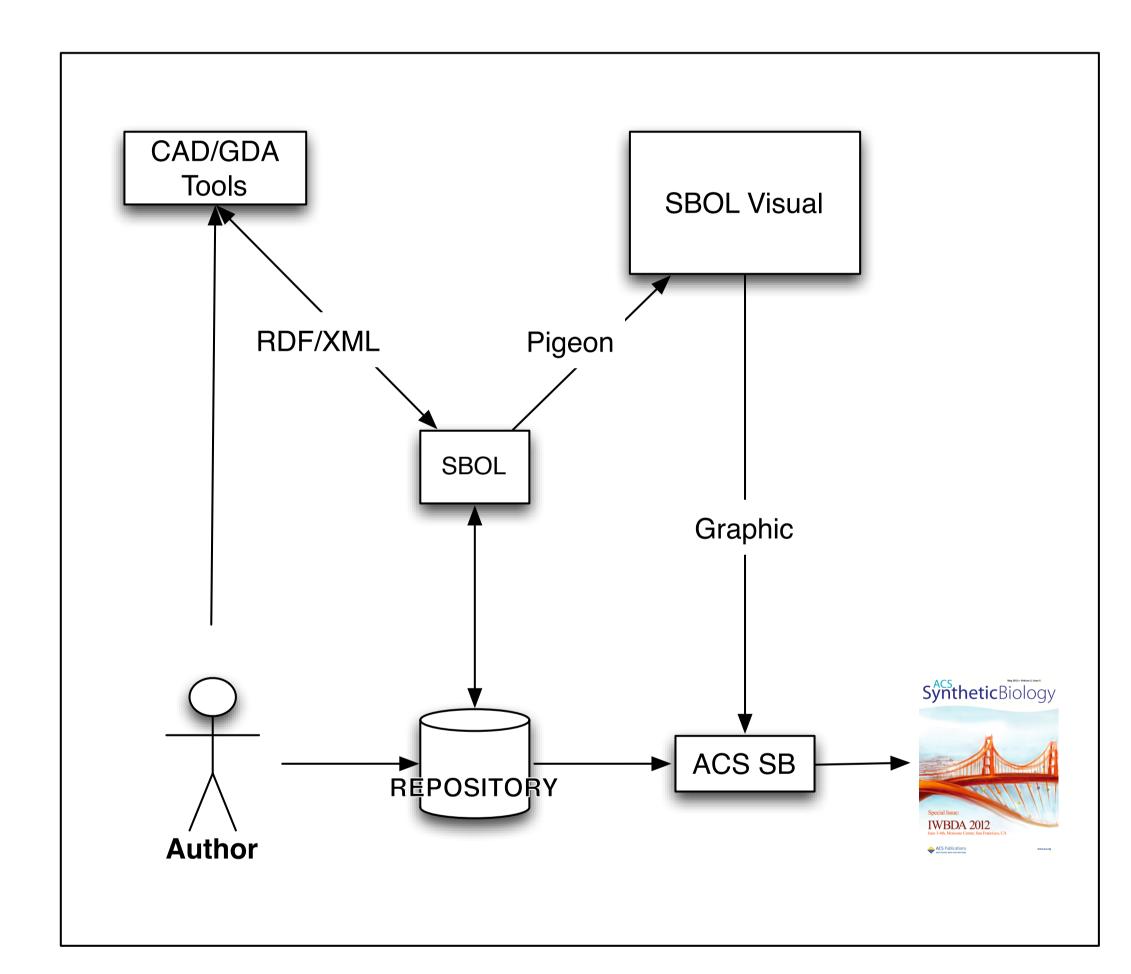


#### Introduction

- Standards are key to the sucess of systems and synthetic biology
- Allow for easy exchange and standard expression of data across labs and projects
- SBOL (Synthetic Biology Open Language) [1] is an evolving standard for the exchange of genetic
- SBOL allows creation of hierarchical, modular representations of genetic structure and function
- Many different tools handle different components of the SBOL creation process
- Current tools must be examined to determine a usable workflow for creating SBOL
- A widely-applicable workflow would facilitate adoption of SBOL by the larger community
- Curated repositories provide a template for the type of workflow to be developed
- There is a clear need for a standard to ensure that uniform data is expressed
- This standard should be open-source and allow for free exchange of data
- Reduces the load for researchers who may be approached by those replicating their work
- End goal is SBOL adoption by journals so all publications have supplemental annotated SBOL models



#### Current Issues

- No standard way of expressing data in synthetic biology publications
- Variation here often leads to missing valuable pieces of information
- Information that is present could be present in an obtuse or difficult-to-use form
- Oftentimes, crucial information is missing all together
- Data is often difficult to obtain from researchers after publication
- When given, data is not always formatted in a standard manner
- Even when a standard is used, it is not always possible to ensure that implied homologues are valid
- Lack of requirements for publication allows many of these issues to continue

#### Drawing Inspiration from Extant Analogous Systems

- Many systems exist that address similar issues with other information
- The curated BioModels repository gives models where specific species are correlated to ensure clarity
- The journal adoption of a GenBank standard for expressing sequences has facilitated data exchange
- Repositories of usable data fragments facilitate the creation of novel systems
- In each of these systems, data is presented in a uniform way and curated by some entity
- Adoption of SBOL and creation of a curation pathway would aid further research

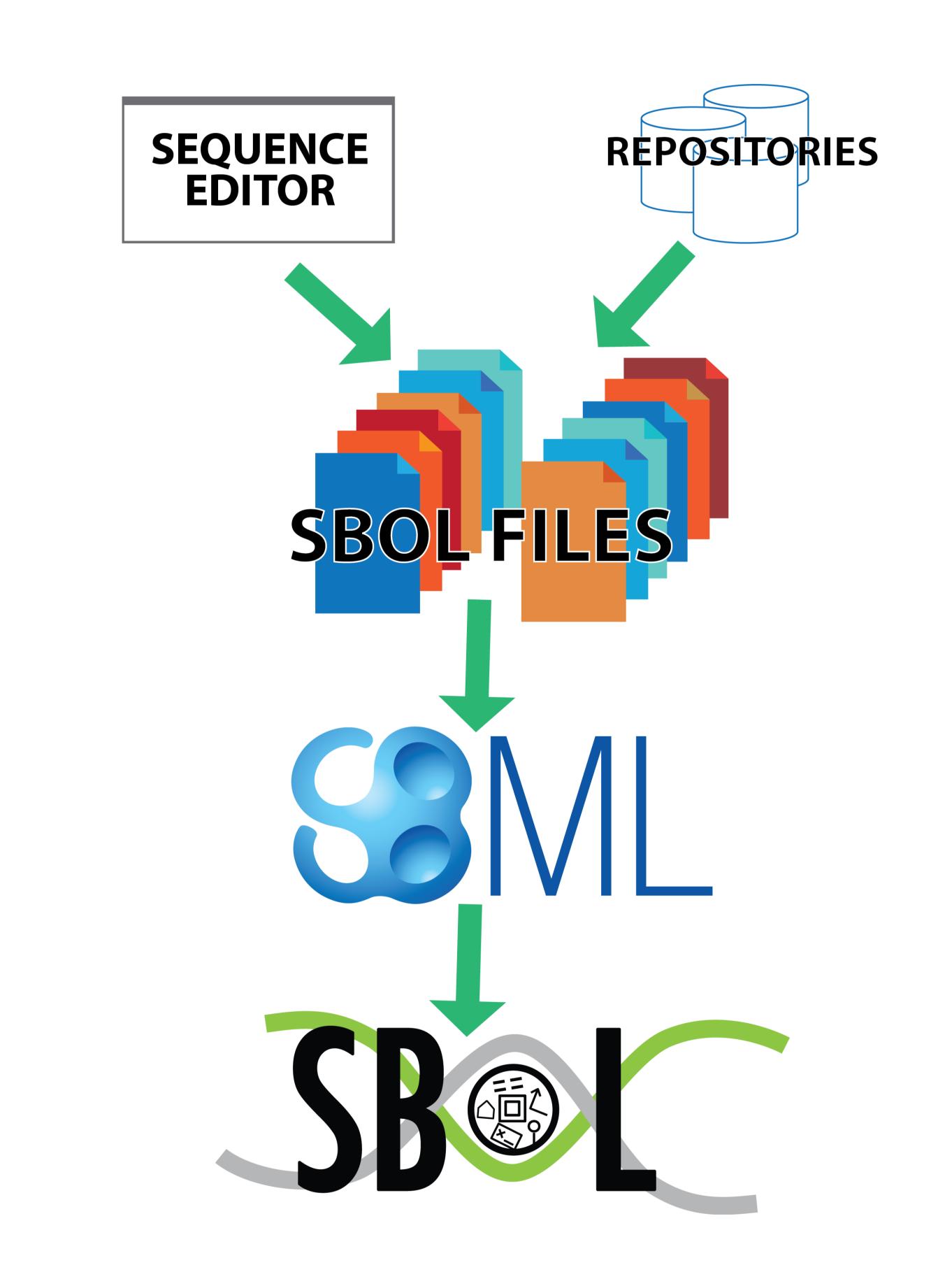
# Steps Towards a Curated SBOL Repository Creating and Annotating Models from Literature

## Zach Zundel<sup>1</sup>, Chris Myers<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Departement of Bioengineering, <sup>2</sup>Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Utah

#### General Workflow

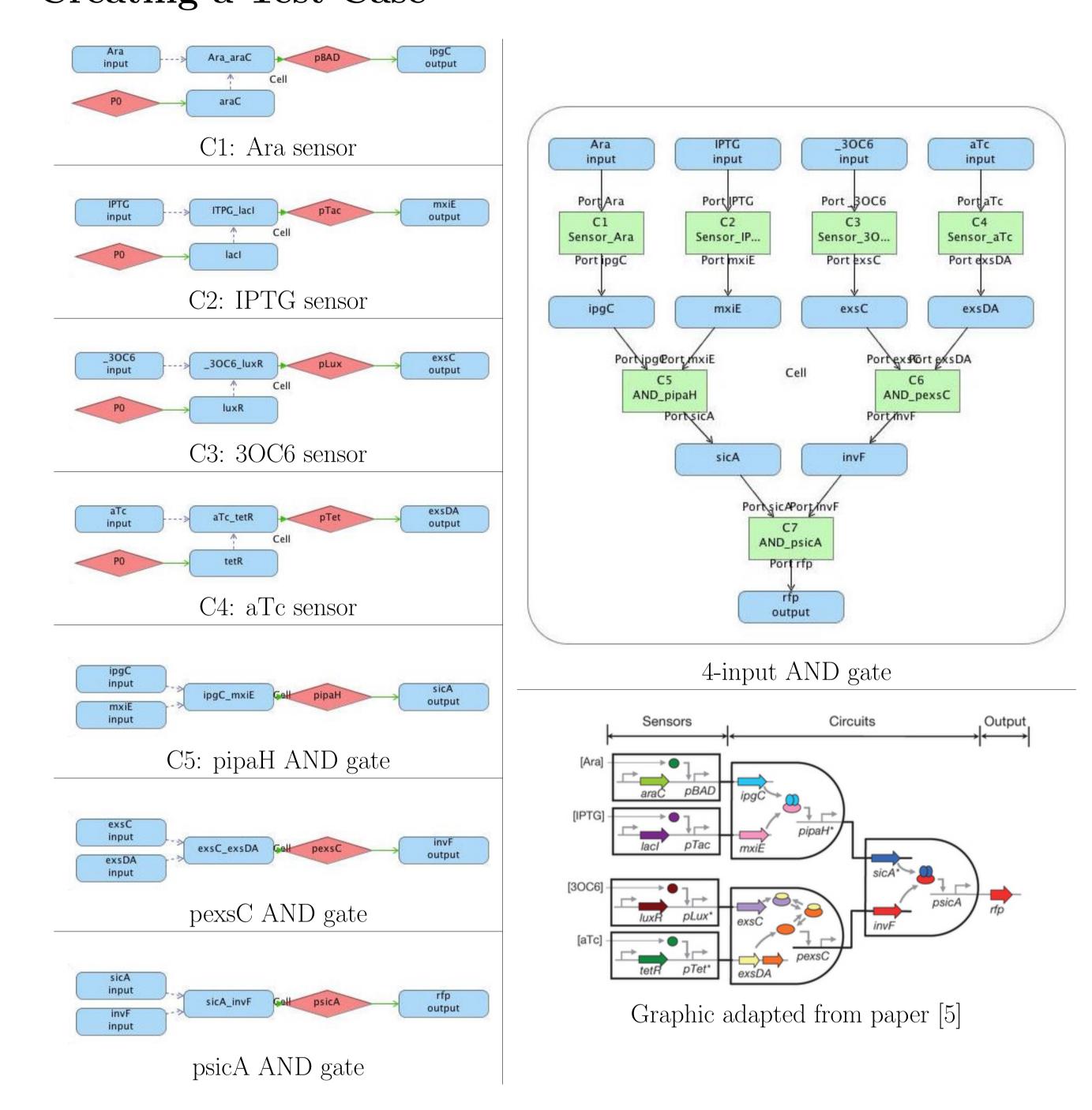
- 1. Create coding sequences using a coding sequence editor or download SBOL files from a repository
- 2. Create a model describing interactions in SBML [2] or another modeling language
- 3. Annotate model using the SBOL from step 1 [3]
- 4. Export finished model as complete SBOL
- 5. Annotate species using an ontology to ensure that homologous species are explicitly defined



#### Specific Workflow

- 1. Sequences are prepared in DNAPlotLib
- 2. SBML models created in iBioSim [4]
- 3. iBioSim is used to annotate SBML models with SBOL
- 4. Finally, iBioSim exports SBOL 2.0 models containing annotated genetic data and interaction descrip-

### Creating a Test Case



#### Discussion

- The test case above included a few omissions which made recreating the model difficult
- At the least, the publication should include sequence and schematic data
- Further research would allow for experimentation with additional workflows
- SBOL must expand to include data about growth conditions and host organisms

#### Acknowledgements

Supported by National Science Foundation Grants CCF-1218095 and DBI-1356041.

#### References

- [1] B. Bartley, J. Beal, K. Clancy, G. Misirli, N. Roehner, E. Oberortner, M. Pocock, M. Bissell, C. Madsen, T. Nguyen, Z. Zhang, J. H. Gennari, C. Myers, A. Wipat, and H. Sauro, "Synthetic biology open language (sbol) version 2.0.0," Journal of Integrative Bioinformatics, vol. 12, Aug. 2015.
- [2] M. Hucka, A. Finney, H. M. Sauro, H. Bolouri, J. C. Doyle, H. Kitano, and et al., "The systems biology markup language (SBML): a medium for representation and exchange of biochemical network models," Bioinformatics, vol. 19, pp. 524–531, Mar. 2003.
- [3] N. Roehner and C. Myers, "A methodology to annotate systems biology markup language models with the synthetic biology open language," ACS Synthetic Biology, vol. 3, pp. 57–66, Sept. 2013.
- [4] C. Madsen, C. Myers, T. Patterson, N. Roehner, J. Stevens, and C. Winstead, "Design and test of genetic circuits using iBioSim," Design and Test of Computers, IEEE, vol. 29, no. 3, pp. 32–39,
- [5] T. Moon, C. Louw, A. Tamsir, B. Stanton, and C. Voigt, "Genetic programs constructed from layerd logic gates in single cells," *Nature*, vol. 491, no. 7423, pp. 249–253, 2012.

