

Номер	Ответ
1	$\begin{cases} x = 212 + 107k \\ y = -208 - 105k \end{cases}$
2	$[11, 4, 2, 4, 22]$
3	$90946 \bmod 205530$
4	19
5	$p(x) = x^4 - 2x^3 - 4x^2 - 4x - 5$
6	корней нет
7	367
8	14
9	$[1, 1, 2, 5, 14]$
10	$2x^5 + 2x^3 + x^2 + 2x$

Егориков 036.2  
Вариант 25.

$$1365x + 1391y = 52$$

$$\text{НОД}(1365, 1391) = 13$$

$$13(105x + 107y) = 52$$

$$105x + 107y = 4$$

$$C=4; d=1$$

$$x_1 = x_0 \cdot \frac{C}{d} = 53 \cdot 4 = 212$$

$$y_1 = y_0 \cdot \frac{C}{d} = -52 \cdot 4 = -208$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 212 + 107k \\ y = -208 - 105k \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 212 + 107k \\ y = -208 - 105k \end{cases}$$

$$1391 = 1365 \cdot 1 + 26$$

$$1365 = 26 \cdot 52 + 13$$

$$26 = 13 \cdot 2$$

i	-1	0	1	2
q	107	105	2	1
r		1	52	1
x	0	1	-1	53
y	1	0	1	1

$$x_0 = 53$$

$$y_0 = 1 \equiv -52 \pmod{13}$$

$$y_0 = -52$$

Проверка: При  $k=1$ :

$$1365 \cdot 319 - 1391 \cdot 313 = 52$$

$$\text{Ответ: } \begin{cases} x = 212 + 107k \\ y = -208 - 105k \end{cases}$$

$$x = 319$$

$$y = -313$$

№2.

$$\sqrt{126} = 11 + (\sqrt{126} - 11) = 11 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{126} - 11}\right)} = 11 + \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{126} + 11}{5}} = 11 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{\sqrt{126} - 9}{5}}$$

$$= 11 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{5}{\sqrt{126} - 9}\right)}} = 11 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{5(\sqrt{126} + 9)}{45}\right)}} = 11 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{126} + 9}{9}\right)}} =$$

$$= 11 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{\sqrt{126} - 9}{9}}} = 11 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{45}{9(\sqrt{126} + 9)}}} = 11 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{126} + 9}{5}\right)}}} =$$

$$= 11 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{\sqrt{126} - 11}{5}}}} = 11 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{5}{5(\sqrt{126} + 11)}}}} =$$

$$= 11 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{22 + \sqrt{126} - 11}}}} = [11, 4, 2, 4, 22]$$

$$22 = 11 \cdot 2$$

П.к. первое число ответа в два раза меньше последнего, то ответ был получен верный. Ответ:  $[11, 4, 2, 4, 22]$



V3.

$$x \equiv 23 \pmod{31} \quad x \equiv 16 \pmod{30} \quad x \equiv 11 \pmod{13} \quad x \equiv 13 \pmod{17}$$

$$① M = 31 \cdot 30 \cdot 13 \cdot 17 = 205530$$

$$M_1 = 30 \cdot 13 \cdot 17 = 6630$$

$$M_2 = 31 \cdot 13 \cdot 17 = 6851$$

$$M_3 = 31 \cdot 30 \cdot 17 = 15810$$

$$M_4 = 31 \cdot 30 \cdot 13 = 12090$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 31 \\ \times 30 \\ \hline 930 \\ \times 13 \\ \hline 2790 \\ + 930 \\ \hline 12090 \\ \times 17 \\ \hline 84630 \\ + 12090 \\ \hline 205530 \end{array}$$

② Find  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4$ :

$$1) M_1 x_1 = 1 \pmod{m_1}$$

$$6630 x_1 - 31 y = 1$$

$$6630 = 31 \cdot 213 + 27$$

$$31 = 27 \cdot 1 + 4$$

$$27 = 4 \cdot 6 + 3$$

$$4 = 3 \cdot 1 + 1$$

$$3 = 1 \cdot 3$$

$$2) M_2 x_2 = 1 \pmod{m_2}$$

$$6851 x_2 - 30 y = 1$$

$$6851 = 30 \cdot 228 + 11$$

$$30 = 11 \cdot 2 + 8$$

$$11 = 8 \cdot 1 + 3$$

$$8 = 3 \cdot 2 + 2$$

$$3 = 2 \cdot 1 + 1$$

$$2 = 1 \cdot 2$$

$$3) M_3 x_3 = 1 \pmod{m_3}$$

$$15810 x_3 - 13 y = 1$$

$$15810 = 13 \cdot 1216 + 2$$

$$13 = 2 \cdot 6 + 1$$

$$2 = 1 \cdot 2$$

$$4) M_4 x_4 = 1 \pmod{m_4}$$

$$12090 x_4 - 17 y = 1$$

$$12090 x_4 = 17 \cdot 711 + 3$$

$$17 = 3 \cdot 5 + 2$$

$$3 = 2 \cdot 1 + 1$$

$$2 = 1 \cdot 2$$

i	-1	0	1	2	3	4
a	6630	31	27	4	3	1
q		213	1	6	1	
x	1	0	1	-1	7	-8

$$X_1 = -8 \Rightarrow -8 \bmod 31 = 23 \bmod 31$$

$$X_1 = 23$$

i	-1	0	1	2
a	15810	13	2	1
q		1216	6	
x	1	0	1	-6

$$X_3 = -6 \Rightarrow X_3 = -6 \bmod 13 = 7 \bmod 13$$

$$X_3 = 7$$

i	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
a	6851	30	11	8	3	2	5
q		228	2	1	2	1	1
x	1	0	1	-2	3	-8	11

$$X_2 = 11$$

i	-1	0	1	2	3
a	12090	17	3	2	1
q		711	5	1	
x	1	0	1	-5	6

$$X_4 = 6$$

$$X = (6630 \cdot 23 \cdot 23 + 6851 \cdot 11 \cdot 16 + 15810 \cdot 7 \cdot 11 + 12090 \cdot 6 \cdot 13) \bmod 205530 = (3507270 + 1205776 + 1217370 + 943020) \bmod 205530 = 687346 \bmod 205530 = 90946 \bmod 205530$$

Проверка:

$$1) \begin{array}{r} 90946 \overline{) 31} \\ 62 \quad 2933 \\ \underline{289} \\ 104 \\ \underline{-93} \\ 116 \\ \underline{-93} \\ 23 \end{array}$$

$$2) \begin{array}{r} 90946 \overline{) 30} \\ 90 \quad 3031 \\ \underline{94} \\ 90 \\ \underline{46} \\ 30 \\ \underline{16} \end{array}$$

$$3) \begin{array}{r} 90946 \overline{) 13} \\ 78 \quad 6995 \\ \underline{129} \\ 117 \\ \underline{124} \\ 117 \\ \underline{76} \\ 65 \\ \underline{11} \end{array}$$

$$4) \begin{array}{r} 90946 \overline{) 17} \\ 85 \quad 15349 \\ \underline{59} \\ 51 \\ \underline{84} \\ 68 \\ \underline{166} \\ 153 \\ \underline{13} \end{array}$$

Ответ:  $X = 90946 \bmod 205530$



$$67^{5^{35}} \bmod 78 \quad k=5^{35} \Rightarrow 67^k \bmod 78$$

$$\varphi(78) = \varphi(2) \cdot \varphi(3) \cdot \varphi(13) = 2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot 3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \cdot 13 \left(1 - \frac{1}{13}\right) = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3 \cdot \frac{12}{13} \\ = 13 \cdot \frac{12}{13} = 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 12 = 24$$

$$k = 24n + b$$

$$67^k \bmod 78 = 67^{24n+b} \bmod 78 = 67^b \bmod 78$$

$$k = 5^{35} = 24n + b$$

$$b = 5^{35} \bmod 24$$

$$5^{35} \bmod 24 = (3120 + 5)^{30} \bmod 24 = (3120 + 5)^{25} \bmod 24 = (3120 + 5)^{20} \bmod 24 = \\ = (3120 + 5)^{15} \bmod 24 = (3120 + 5)^{10} \bmod 24 = (3120 + 5)^5 \bmod 24 = (3120 + 5) \bmod 24 = 5$$

$$X = 67^5 \bmod 78 \quad 5_{10} = 101_2 \quad a = 67$$

$a_i$	$X$	$X^2$	$X^2 \cdot a^{a_i}$	$X^2 \cdot a^{a_i} \bmod 78$
1	1	1	67	67
0	67	4489	4489	43
1	43	1849	123883	19

$$X = 67^5 \bmod 78 = 19$$

Omkem: 19

5.

$$p(-1) = -2; p(-2) = 19; p(3) = -26; p(1) = -14; p(4) = 43$$

$$\frac{(x+2)(x-3)(x-1)(x-4)}{1 \cdot (-4) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-5)} \cdot (-2) + \frac{(x+1)(x-3)(x-1)(x-4)}{(-1) \cdot (-5) \cdot (-3) \cdot (-6)} \cdot 19 + \frac{(x+1)(x+2)(x-1)(x-4)}{4 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 \cdot (-1)} \cdot (-26) + \frac{(x+1)(x+2)(x-3)(x-4)}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-3)} \cdot (-14) + \frac{(x+1)(x+2)(x-3)(x-1)}{5 \cdot 6 \cdot 1 \cdot 3} \cdot 43 =$$

$$= \frac{1}{20} (x^2 + 2x - 3x - 6)(x^2 - x - 4x + 4) + \frac{19}{90} (x^2 - 1)(x^2 - 3x - 4x + 12) + \frac{13}{20} (x^2 - 1) \cdot$$

$$\cdot (x^2 + 2x - 4x - 8) - \frac{7}{18} (x^2 + x + 2x + 2)(x^2 - 3x - 4x + 12) + \frac{43}{90} (x^2 - 1)(x^2 + 2x - 3x - 6) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{20} (x^2 - x - 6)(x^2 - 5x + 4) + \frac{19}{90} (x^2 - 1)(x^2 - 7x + 12) + \frac{13}{20} (x^2 - 1)(x^2 - 2x - 8) - \\ - \frac{7}{18} (x^2 + 3x + 2)(x^2 - 7x + 12) + \frac{43}{90} (x^2 - 1)(x^2 - x - 6) = \frac{1}{20} (x^4 - x^3 - 6x^2 - 5x^2 + 5x^2 + \\ + 30x + 4x^2 - 4x - 24) + \frac{19}{90} (x^4 - x^2 - 7x^3 + 7x + 12x^2 - 12) + \frac{13}{20} (x^4 - x^2 - 2x^3 + 2x - 8x^2 + \\ + 8) - \frac{7}{18} (x^4 + 3x^3 + 2x^2 - 7x^3 - 21x^2 - 14x + 12x^2 + 36x + 24) + \frac{43}{90} (x^4 - x^2 - x^3 + x - 6x^2 - 6) =$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{20}(x^4 - 6x^3 + 3x^2 + 26x - 24) + \frac{19}{90}(x^4 - 7x^3 + 11x^2 + 7x - 12) + \frac{13}{20}(x^4 - 2x^3 - 9x^2 + 2x + 8) - \\
 &- \frac{7}{18}(x^4 - 4x^3 - 7x^2 + 22x + 24) + \frac{43}{90}(x^4 - x^3 - 7x^2 + x + 6) = x^4 \left( \frac{1}{20} + \frac{19}{90} + \frac{13}{20} - \frac{7}{18} + \right. \\
 &+ \frac{43}{90} \left. \right) + x^3 \left( -\frac{6}{20} - \frac{19 \cdot 7}{90} - \frac{26}{20} + \frac{28}{18} - \frac{43}{90} \right) + x^2 \left( \frac{3}{20} + \frac{19 \cdot 11}{90} - \frac{13 \cdot 9}{20} + \frac{49}{18} - \right. \\
 &- \frac{43 \cdot 7}{90} \left. \right) + x \left( \frac{26}{20} + \frac{19 \cdot 7}{90} + \frac{13 \cdot 2}{20} - \frac{7 \cdot 22}{18} + \frac{43}{90} \right) + \left( -\frac{24}{20} - \frac{19 \cdot 12}{90} + \frac{13 \cdot 8}{20} - \right. \\
 &- \frac{7 \cdot 24}{18} + \frac{43 \cdot 6}{90} \left. \right) = x^4 \left( \frac{9 + 38 + 117 - 70 + 86}{180} \right) + x^3 \left( \frac{-54 - 266 - 234 + 280 - 8}{180} \right) \\
 &+ x^2 \left( \frac{27 + 418 - 1053 + 490 - 602}{180} \right) + x \left( \frac{234 + 266 + 234 - 1540 + 86}{180} \right) + \\
 &+ \left( \frac{-216 - 456 + 936 - 1680 + 516}{180} \right) = \frac{180}{180} x^4 - \frac{360}{180} x^3 - \frac{720}{180} x^2 - \frac{720}{180} x - \\
 &- \frac{900}{180} = x^4 - 2x^3 - 4x^2 - 4x - 5
 \end{aligned}$$

Проверка:  $p(-1) = (-1)^4 - 2 \cdot (-1)^3 - 4 \cdot (-1)^2 - 4 \cdot (-1) - 5 = 1 + 2 - 4 + 4 - 5 = -2$

$p(-2) = (-2)^4 - 2 \cdot (-2)^3 - 4 \cdot (-2)^2 - 4 \cdot (-2) - 5 = 16 + 16 - 16 + 8 - 5 = 19$

$p(3) = 3^4 - 2 \cdot 3^3 - 4 \cdot 3^2 - 4 \cdot 3 - 5 = 81 - 54 - 36 - 12 - 5 = -26$

$p(1) = 1^4 - 2 \cdot 1^3 - 4 \cdot 1^2 - 4 \cdot 1 - 5 = 1 - 2 - 4 - 4 - 5 = -14$

$p(4) = 4^4 - 2 \cdot 4^3 - 4 \cdot 4^2 - 4 \cdot 4 - 5 = 256 - 128 - 64 - 16 - 5 = 43$

Ответ:  $p(x) = x^4 - 2x^3 - 4x^2 - 4x - 5$

$x^4 - 5x^3 - 6x^2 + 7x - 2 = 0$   $\frac{p}{q} = \frac{\pm 2; \pm 1}{\pm 1}$

x	1	-5	-6	7	-2
1	1	-4	-10	-3	-5
-1	1	-6	0	7	-9
2	1	-3	-12	-17	-36
-2	1	-4	8	-9	16

$f(1) = -5$

$f(-1) = -9$

$f(2) = -36$

$f(-2) = 16$

Ответ: рациональные корни отсутствуют.

№7.

$$3_7 X + 30_7 = 204_7$$

1 способ:

$$3_7 X = 204_7 - 30_7$$

$$X = \frac{144}{3}$$

$$X = 36_7$$

$$36_7 = 6 \cdot 7^0 + 3 \cdot 7^1 = 6 + 21 = 27_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 204 \\ - 30 \\ \hline 144_7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 144 & 3 \\ - 12 & \\ \hline 24 & 36_7 \\ - 24 & \\ \hline 0 & \end{array}$$

2 способ:

$$3_7 = 3_{10}$$

$$30_7 = 0 \cdot 7^0 + 3 \cdot 7^1 = 21_{10}$$

$$204_7 = 4 \cdot 7^0 + 0 \cdot 7^1 + 2 \cdot 7^2 = 4 + 0 + 98 = 102_{10}$$

$$3X + 21 = 102$$

$$X = \frac{102 - 21}{3}$$

$$X = 27_{10} = 36_7$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 27 & 7 \\ - 21 & 3 \\ \hline 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ \hline 3 & \end{array}$$

Ответ:  $36_7$

№8.

$$X \equiv 30 \pmod{91} \Rightarrow 51X \equiv 30 \pmod{91}$$

$$51X - 91Y = 30$$

$$51X + 91Y' = 30$$

$$\text{НОД}(51, 91) = 1 \Rightarrow 51X + 91Y' = 1$$

i	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
x	51	91	40	11	7	4	3	1
q			1	1	3	1	1	1
X	1	0	1	-1	4	-5	9	-14
Y	0	1	-1	0	-7	8	-16	25

$$x_0 = -14; y_0' = 25$$

$$aX + bY = C$$

$$aX_0 + bY_0 = 1$$

$$X = 51 \cdot (-14) + 91n, n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$91 = 51 \cdot 1 + 40$$

$$51 = 40 \cdot 1 + 11$$

$$40 = 11 \cdot 3 + 7$$

$$11 = 7 \cdot 1 + 4$$

$$7 = 4 \cdot 1 + 3$$

$$4 = 3 \cdot 1 + 1$$

$$3 = 1 \cdot 3$$

$$X = -714 + 91 \cdot 8 = -714 + 728 = 14$$

$$X \equiv -714 \pmod{91} \Rightarrow -714 \equiv 14 \pmod{91}$$

Ответ: 14



1 способ: W9.

$$\frac{155}{92} = 1 + \frac{63}{92} = 1 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{92}{63}\right)} = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{29}{63}} = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{63}{29}\right)}} = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{5}{29}}} =$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{29}{5}\right)}}} = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{4}{5}}}} = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)}}}} =$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{4}}}}} = [1, 1, 2, 5, 1, 4]$$

2 способ:

$$\begin{aligned} 155 &= 92 \cdot 1 + 63 \\ 92 &= 63 \cdot 1 + 29 \\ 63 &= 29 \cdot 2 + 5 \\ 29 &= 5 \cdot 5 + 4 \\ 5 &= 4 \cdot 1 + 1 \\ 4 &= 1 \cdot 4 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow [1, 1, 2, 5, 1, 4]$$

Ответ:  $[1, 1, 2, 5, 1, 4]$

W10.

6 корень  $\frac{2}{3} \in \mathbb{Z}[x]$

$$\frac{2x^5 + 2x^3 + x^2 + 2x}{2x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 2}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^5 + 2x^3 + x^2 + 2x \\ \underline{2x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 2} \\ 2x^2 + 0x^4 + 2x^3 + x^2 + 2x \\ \underline{2x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 2} \\ 2x^2 + 0x^4 + 0x^3 + 0x^2 + 0x + 0 \\ \underline{2x^2 + x^2 + 2x + 2} \\ 2x^2 + x + 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -1 &\equiv 2 \pmod{3} \Rightarrow -x^4 \equiv 2x^4 \\ -1 &\equiv 2 \pmod{3} \Rightarrow -x^2 \equiv 2x^2 \\ -1 &\equiv 2 \pmod{3} \Rightarrow -x^3 \equiv 2x^3 \\ -2 &\equiv 1 \pmod{3} \Rightarrow 2x \equiv 1x \end{aligned}$$

Проверка:  $(2x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 2)(x^2 + x + 1) + 2x^2 + x + 1 = 2x^5 + x^4 + 2x^3 + 2x^2 + 2x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + 2x + 2x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 2 + 2x^2 + x + 1 = 2x^5 + 3x^4 + 5x^3 + 4x^2 + 5x + 3 = 2x^5 + 2x^3 + x^2 + 2x$