0 9 0 0

View on GitHub



On this page

API explained

States

Importance

Using the API

Add utilities

Modify utilities

Remove utilities

Enable responsive

Remove utility in RTL

Rename utilities

Custom class prefix

Responsive utilities

Changing utilities

Print utilities

Download

Bootstrap v5.0 ▼

Search docs...

- > Getting started
- > Customize
- > Layout
- > Content
- > Forms
- > Components
- > Helpers
- ∨ Utilities

API

Background

Borders

Display

Flex

Utility API

The utility API is a Sass-based tool to generate utility classes.



Bootstrap utilities are generated with our utility API and can be used to modify or extend our default set of utility classes via Sass. Our utility API is based on a series of Sass maps and functions for generating families of classes with various options. If you're unfamiliar with Sass maps, read up on the official Sass docs to get started.

The Sutilities map contains all our utilities and is later merged with your custom Sutilities map, if present. The utility map contains a keyed list of utility groups which accept the following options:

Option	Type Required	Description Name of the property, this can be a string or an array of strings (e.g., horizontal paddings or margins).			
property					
values	Required	List of values, or a map if you don't want the class name to be the same as the value. If null is used as map key, it isn't compiled.			
class	Optional	Variable for the class name if you don't want it to be the same as the property. In case you don't provide the class key and property key is an array of strings, the class name will be the first element of the property array.			
state	Optional	List of pseudo-class variants like :hover or :focus to generate for the utility. No default value.			
responsive	Optional	Boolean indicating if responsive classes need to be generated. false by default.			
rfs	Optional	Boolean to enable fluid rescaling. Have a look at the <u>RFS</u> page to find out how this works. false by default.			
print	Optional	Boolean indicating if print classes need to be generated. false by default.			
rtl	Optional	Boolean indicating if utility should be kept in RTL. true by default.			

API explained

All utility variables are added to the sutilities variable within our _utilities.scss stylesheet. Each group of utilities looks something like this:

```
Сору
$utilities: (
  "opacity": (
   property: opacity,
   values: (
     0: 0,
     25: .25,
     50: .5,
     75: .75,
     100: 1,
);
```

Which outputs the following:

```
.opacity-0 { opacity: 0; }
.opacity-25 { opacity: .25; }
.opacity-50 { opacity: .5; }
.opacity-75 { opacity: .75; }
.opacity-100 { opacity: \mathbf{1}; }
```

Use the class option to change the class prefix used in the compiled CSS:

Output:

```
.o-0 { opacity: 0; }
.o-25 { opacity: .25; }
.o-50 { opacity: .5; }
.o-75 { opacity: .75; }
.o-100 { opacity: 1; }
```

States

Use the state option to generate pseudo-class variations. Example pseudo-classes are :hover and :focus. When a list of states are provided, classnames are created for that pseudo-class. For example, to change opacity on hover, add state: hover and you'll get .opacity-hover:hover in your compiled CSS.

Need multiple pseudo-classes? Use a space-separated list of states: state: hover focus.

Output:

```
.opacity-0-hover:hover { opacity: 0 !important; }
.opacity-25-hover:hover { opacity: .25 !important; }
.opacity-50-hover:hover { opacity: .5 !important; }
.opacity-75-hover:hover { opacity: .75 !important; }
.opacity-100-hover:hover { opacity: 1 !important; }
```

Responsive utilities

Add the responsive boolean to generate responsive utilities (e.g., .opacity-md-25) across all breakpoints.

```
$utilities: (
   "opacity": (
    property: opacity,
    responsive: true,
   values: (
      0: 0,
      25: .25,
      50: .5,
      75: .75,
      100: 1,
   )
)
);
```

```
.opacity-0 { opacity: 0 !important; }
.opacity-25 { opacity: .25 !important; }
.opacity-50 { opacity: .5 !important; }
.opacity-75 { opacity: .75 !important; }
.opacity-100 { opacity: 1 !important; }
@media (min-width: 576px) {
 .opacity-sm-0 { opacity: 0 !important; }
  .opacity-sm-25 { opacity: .25 !important; }
  .opacity-sm-50 { opacity: .5 !important; }
 .opacity-sm-75 { opacity: .75 !important; }
 .opacity-sm-100 { opacity: 1 !important; }
@media (min-width: 768px) {
  .opacity-md-0 { opacity: 0 !important; }
 .opacity-md-25 { opacity: .25 !important; }
 .opacity-md-50 { opacity: .5 !important; }
 .opacity-md-75 { opacity: .75 !important; }
 .opacity-md-100 { opacity: 1 !important; }
@media (min-width: 992px) {
 .opacity-lg-0 { opacity: 0 !important; }
  .opacity-lg-25 { opacity: .25 !important; }
 .opacity-lg-50 { opacity: .5 !important; }
 .opacity-lg-75 { opacity: .75 !important; }
 .opacity-lg-100 { opacity: 1 !important; }
@media (min-width: 1200px) {
 .opacity-xl-0 { opacity: 0 !important; }
 .opacity-xl-25 { opacity: .25 !important; }
  .opacity-x1-50 { opacity: .5 !important; }
 .opacity-xl-75 { opacity: .75 !important; }
 .opacity-xl-100 { opacity: 1 !important; }
@media (min-width: 1400px) {
  .opacity-xxl-0 { opacity: 0 !important; }
 .opacity-xxl-25 { opacity: .25 !important; }
 .opacity-xxl-50 { opacity: .5 !important; }
  .opacity-xxl-75 { opacity: .75 !important; }
 .opacity-xxl-100 { opacity: 1 !important; }
```

Changing utilities

Override existing utilities by using the same key. For example, if you want additional responsive overflow utility classes, you can do this:

```
$utilities: (
   "overflow": (
    responsive: true,
    property: overflow,
    values: visible hidden scroll auto,
),
);
```

Print utilities

Enabling the print option will **also** generate utility classes for print, which are only applied within the @media print { ... } media query.

```
);
```

Output:

```
.opacity-0 { opacity: 0 !important; }
.opacity-25 { opacity: .25 !important; }
.opacity-50 { opacity: .5 !important; }
.opacity-75 { opacity: .75 !important; }
.opacity-100 { opacity: 1 !important; }
@media print {
.opacity-print-0 { opacity: 0 !important; }
.opacity-print-25 { opacity: .25 !important; }
.opacity-print-50 { opacity: .5 !important; }
.opacity-print-75 { opacity: .75 !important; }
.opacity-print-70 { opacity: .75 !important; }
.opacity-print-100 { opacity: 1 !important; }
}
```

Importance

All utilities generated by the API include !important to ensure they override components and modifier classes as intended. You can toggle this setting globally with the \$enable-important-utilities variable (defaults to true).

Using the API

Now that you're familiar with how the utilities API works, learn how to add your own custom classes and modify our default utilities.

Add utilities

New utilities can be added to the default **Sutilities** map with a map-merge. Make sure our required Sass files and **_utilities.scss** are imported first, then use the map-merge to add your additional utilities. For example, here's how to add a responsive cursor utility with three values.

```
@import "bootstrap/scss/functions";
@import "bootstrap/scss/variables";
@import "bootstrap/scss/utilities";

$utilities: map-merge(
    $utilities,
    (
        "cursor": (
            property: cursor,
            class: cursor,
            responsive: true,
            values: auto pointer grab,
        )
    )
};
```

Modify utilities

Modify existing utilities in the default **Sutilities** map with map-get and map-merge functions. In the example below, we're adding an additional value to the width utilities. Start with an initial map-merge and then specify which utility you want to modify. From there, fetch the nested "width" map with map-get to access and modify the utility's options and values.

```
)
);
```

Enable responsive

You can enable responsive classes for an existing set of utilities that are not currently responsive by default. For example, to make the border classes responsive:

This will now generate responsive variations of .border and .border-0 for each breakpoint. Your generated CSS will look like this:

```
.border { ... }
.border-0 { ... }
@media (min-width: 576px) {
 .border-sm { ... }
 .border-sm-0 { ... }
@media (min-width: 768px) {
 .border-md { ... }
 .border-md-0 { ... }
@media (min-width: 992px) {
 .border-lg { ... }
 .border-lg-0 { ... }
@media (min-width: 1200px) {
  .border-xl \{ \dots \}
 .border-xl-0 { ... }
@media (min-width: 1400px) {
 .border-xxl { ... }
  .border-xxl-0 { ... }
```

Rename utilities

Missing v4 utilities, or used to another naming convention? The utilities API can be used to override the resulting class of a given utility—for example, to rename .ms-* utilities to oldish .ml-*:

```
@import "bootstrap/scss/functions";
@import "bootstrap/scss/variables";
@import "bootstrap/scss/utilities";

$utilities: map-merge(
    $utilities, (
    "margin-start": map-merge(
        map-get($utilities, "margin-start"),
        ( class: ml ),
        ),
        ),
    )
};
```

Remove utilities

Remove any of the default utilities by setting the group key to null. For example, to remove all our width utilities, create a \$\text{sutilities map-merge} and add "width": null within.

```
@import "bootstrap/scss/functions";
```

```
@import "bootstrap/scss/variables";
@import "bootstrap/scss/utilities";

$utilities: map-merge(
    $utilities,
    (
        "width": null
    )
);
```

Remove utility in RTL

Some edge cases make <u>RTL styling difficult</u>, such as line breaks in Arabic. Thus utilities can be dropped from RTL output by setting the <u>rtl</u> option to <u>false</u>:

```
$utilities: (
  "word-wrap": (
    property: word-wrap word-break,
    class: text,
    values: (break: break-word),
    rtl: false
    ),
);
```

Output:

```
/* rtl:begin:remove */
.text-break {
  word-wrap: break-word !important;
  word-break: break-word !important;
}
/* rtl:end:remove */
```

This doesn't output anything in RTL, thanks to $\underline{\text{the RTLCSS remove control directive}}$.

B Bootstrap	Links	Guides	Projects	Community
Designed and built with all the love in the	Home	Getting started	Bootstrap 5	Issues
world by the Bootstrap team with the help	Docs	Starter template	Bootstrap 4	Discussions
of our contributors. Code licensed MIT, docs CC BY 3.0.	Examples	Webpack	Icons	Corporate sponsors
Currently v5.0.2.	Themes	Parcel	RFS	Open Collective
	Blog		npm starter	Slack
				Stack Overflow