

Name: _____

BIOS 6612: Practice Midterm Examination

March 10, 2021

Academic integrity: *All graduate educational programs and courses taught at the CSPH are conducted under the honor system.*

I understand that my participation in this examination and in all academic and professional activities as a UC Anschutz Medical Campus student is bound by the provisions of the UC AMC Honor Code. I understand that work on this exam and other assignments are to be done independently unless specific instruction to the contrary is provided.

Signature: _____

Instructions

- You may use a computers, **but no statistical model fitting procedures or internet access is permitted.**
- The exam is open-book and open-notes.
- Attempt all questions and show your work for partial credit.
- Write answers in the space provided below each question; if you need more space, use the back of the page, clearly indicating which question the continuing answer corresponds to.

1. **(15 points)** Answer the following questions.

(a) Circle true or false: **(5 points)**

- (i) TRUE FALSE The Wald test is based on the distance between estimate and true parameter, measured in units of standard errors.
- (ii) TRUE FALSE The Wald, score, and likelihood ratio tests are equivalent in small samples.
- (iii) TRUE FALSE The likelihood ratio test is generally more powerful than the Wald test.
- (iv) TRUE FALSE The likelihood ratio test may be used to compare non-nested models.
- (v) TRUE FALSE The score test is based on the derivative of the log-likelihood at the value of the parameter under the alternative hypothesis.

2. (40 points) An analysis of historical data on 1309 passengers in the *Titanic* disaster of 1912 was conducted to determine the effects of several demographic variables on probability of passengers' survival. The data set consists of the following variables:

- **sex**, factor with two levels, **female** and **male**.
- **age**, in years; missing for 263 of the passengers.
- **passengerClass**, factor with three levels **1st**, **2nd**, or **3rd** class.
- **survived (outcome)**, factor with two levels, **yes** if the passenger survived the sinking and **no** if not.

Below are some summary statistics for this data set.

	age	sex	passengerClass	survived
Min.	: 0.1667	female:466	1st:323	no :809
1st Qu.:	21.0000	male :843	2nd:277	yes:500
Median	:28.0000		3rd:709	
Mean	:29.8811			
3rd Qu.:	39.0000			
Max.	:80.0000			
NA's	:263			

We are interested in modeling the probability that **survived==yes**. Some critical values that may be useful as you answer the following questions are $\chi^2_{0.95,1} = 3.8415$, $\chi^2_{0.95,2} = 5.9915$, $\chi^2_{0.95,3} = 7.8147$.

- (a) The table below gives the cross-tabulation for the outcome and passenger class.

passengerClass	survived	
	no	yes
1st	123	200
2nd	158	119
3rd	528	181

- (i) What is the probability of survival for all passengers? (2 points)

- (ii) Compute the log-likelihood for the intercept-only logistic regression model.
(4 points)

- (iii) Compute the log-likelihood for the logistic regression model treating `passengerClass` as a categorical covariate with three levels. **(6 points)**

- (iv) Conduct a likelihood ratio test at the 5% level of significance of the null hypothesis that passenger class is not associated with odds of survival. Be sure to state the reference distribution under the null. **(6 points)**

- (b) A logistic regression model including **sex**, **age**, and **passengerClass** is fitted to the data, resulting in the following maximum likelihood coefficient estimates:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value
(Intercept)	3.5221	0.3267	10.7807
sex male (ref. female)	-2.4978	0.1660	-15.0439
age	-0.0344	0.0063	-5.4325
passengerClass 2nd (ref. 1st)	-1.2806	0.2255	-5.6778
passengerClass 3rd (ref. 1st)	-2.2897	0.2258	-10.1401

- (i) Provide an interpretation for the intercept in this model, or explain why you do not think the intercept is interpretable. **(4 points)**
- (ii) Calculate the estimated odds ratio for the association between survival and passenger sex; provide an interpretation for the estimate. Construct a 95% confidence interval for this odds ratio. **(6 points)**
- (iii) Calculate the estimated odds ratio for the association between survival and passenger age; provide an interpretation for the estimate. Construct a 95% confidence interval for this odds ratio. **(6 points)**

- (c) A second model is fitted to the data, adding an interaction term between **age** and **sex**; these two main effects remain in the model as does **passengerClass**. The following estimates and Wald p -values are obtained:

	Estimate	$\text{Pr}(> z)$
sex male (ref. female)	-1.0298	0.0041
age	-0.0041	0.6660
sex*age	-0.0529	0.0000

- (i) Is there a significant interaction between age and sex with respect to odds of survival? Provide a p -value to support your conclusion. (**2 points**)
- (ii) Interpret the effect of sex on odds of survival, given that age and the sex \times age interaction are included in the model. (**4 points**)

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3. (**5 points**) Suppose you have estimated a parameter $\hat{\theta}$ that you know to be asymptotically normally distributed with mean θ and variance σ_{θ}^2 . Derive the asymptotic distribution of $\log \hat{\theta}$.