OC0, Output Compare Match output: The PB3 pin can serve as an external output for the Timer/Counter0 Compare Match. The PB3 pin has to be configured as an output (DDB3 set (one)) to serve this function. The OC0 pin is also the output pin for the PWM mode timer function.

• AIN0/INT2 - Port B, Bit 2

AINO, Analog Comparator Positive input. Configure the port pin as input with the internal pull-up switched off to avoid the digital port function from interfering with the function of the Analog Comparator.

INT2, External Interrupt Source 2: The PB2 pin can serve as an external interrupt source to the MCU.

• T1 – Port B, Bit 1

T1, Timer/Counter1 Counter Source.

• T0/XCK - Port B, Bit 0

T0, Timer/Counter0 Counter Source.

XCK, USART External Clock. The Data Direction Register (DDB0) controls whether the clock is output (DDB0 set) or input (DDB0 cleared). The XCK pin is active only when the USART operates in Synchronous mode.

Table 13-7 and Table 13-8 relate the alternate functions of Port B to the overriding signals shown in Figure 13-5 on page 61. SPI MSTR INPUT and SPI SLAVE OUTPUT constitute the MISO signal, while MOSI is divided into SPI MSTR OUTPUT and SPI SLAVE INPUT.

Table 13-7. Overriding Signals for Alternate Functions in PB7:PB4

Signal Name	PB7/SCK	PB6/MISO	PB5/MOSI	PB4/SS
PUOE	SPE • MSTR	SPE • MSTR	SPE • MSTR	SPE • MSTR
PUOV	PORTB7 • PUD	PORTB6 • PUD	PORTB5 • PUD	PORTB4 • PUD
DDOE	SPE • MSTR	SPE • MSTR	SPE • MSTR	SPE • MSTR
DDOV	0	0	0	0
PVOE	SPE • MSTR	SPE • MSTR	SPE • MSTR	0
PVOV	SCK OUTPUT	SPI SLAVE OUTPUT	SPI MSTR OUTPUT	0
DIEOE	0	0	0	0
DIEOV	0	0	0	0
DI	SCK INPUT	SPI MSTR INPUT	SPI SLAVE INPUT	SPI SS
AIO	_	_	_	_

Table 13-8. Overriding Signals for Alternate Functions in PB3:PB0

Signal Name	PB3/OC0/AIN1	PB2/INT2/AIN0	PB1/T1	PB0/T0/XCK
PUOE	0	0	0	0
PUOV	0	0	0	0
DDOE	0	0	0	0
DDOV	0	0	0	0
PVOE	OC0 ENABLE	0	0	UMSEL
PVOV	OC0	0	0	XCK OUTPUT
DIEOE	0	INT2 ENABLE	0	0
DIEOV	0	1	0	0
DI	_	INT2 INPUT	T1 INPUT	XCK INPUT/T0 INPUT
AIO	AIN1 INPUT	AIN0 INPUT	_	_

13.3.3 Alternate Functions of Port C

The Port C pins with alternate functions are shown in Table 13-9. If the JTAG interface is enabled, the pull-up resistors on pins PC5(TDI), PC3(TMS) and PC2(TCK) will be activated even if a reset occurs.

Table 13-9. Port C Pins Alternate Functions

Port Pin	Alternate Function
PC7	TOSC2 (Timer Oscillator Pin 2)
PC6	TOSC1 (Timer Oscillator Pin 1)
PC5	TDI (JTAG Test Data In)
PC4	TDO (JTAG Test Data Out)
PC3	TMS (JTAG Test Mode Select)
PC2	TCK (JTAG Test Clock)
PC1	SDA (Two-wire Serial Bus Data Input/Output Line)
PC0	SCL (Two-wire Serial Bus Clock Line)

The alternate pin configuration is as follows:

• TOSC2 - Port C, Bit 7

TOSC2, Timer Oscillator pin 2: When the AS2 bit in ASSR is set (one) to enable asynchronous clocking of Timer/Counter2, pin PC7 is disconnected from the port, and becomes the inverting output of the Oscillator amplifier. In this mode, a Crystal Oscillator is connected to this pin, and the pin can not be used as an I/O pin.

TOSC1 – Port C, Bit 6

TOSC1, Timer Oscillator pin 1: When the AS2 bit in ASSR is set (one) to enable asynchronous clocking of Timer/Counter2, pin PC6 is disconnected from the port, and becomes the input of the inverting Oscillator amplifier. In this mode, a Crystal Oscillator is connected to this pin, and the pin can not be used as an I/O pin.

• TDI - Port C, Bit 5

TDI, JTAG Test Data In: Serial input data to be shifted in to the Instruction Register or Data Register (scan chains). When the JTAG interface is enabled, this pin can not be used as an I/O pin.

• TDO - Port C, Bit 4

TDO, JTAG Test Data Out: Serial output data from Instruction Register or Data Register. When the JTAG interface is enabled, this pin can not be used as an I/O pin.

The TD0 pin is tri-stated unless TAP states that shifts out data are entered.

• TMS - Port C, Bit 3

TMS, JTAG Test Mode Select: This pin is used for navigating through the TAP-controller state machine. When the JTAG interface is enabled, this pin can not be used as an I/O pin.

• TCK - Port C, Bit 2

TCK, JTAG Test Clock: JTAG operation is synchronous to TCK. When the JTAG interface is enabled, this pin can not be used as an I/O pin.

SDA – Port C, Bit 1

SDA, Two-wire Serial Interface Data: When the TWEN bit in TWCR is set (one) to enable the Two-wire Serial Interface, pin PC1 is disconnected from the port and becomes the Serial Data I/O pin for the Two-wire Serial Interface. In this mode, there is a spike filter on the pin to suppress spikes shorter than 50 ns on the input signal, and the pin is driven by an open drain driver with slew-rate limitation. When this pin is used by the Two-wire Serial Interface, the pull-up can still be controlled by the PORTC1 bit.

• SCL - Port C, Bit 0

SCL, Two-wire Serial Interface Clock: When the TWEN bit in TWCR is set (one) to enable the Two-wire Serial Interface, pin PC0 is disconnected from the port and becomes the Serial Clock I/O pin for the Two-wire Serial Interface. In this mode, there is a spike filter on the pin to suppress spikes shorter than 50 ns on the input signal, and the pin is driven by an open drain driver with slew-rate limitation. When this pin is used by the Two-wire Serial Interface, the pull-up can still be controlled by the PORTC0 bit.

Table 13-10 and Table 13-11 relate the alternate functions of Port C to the overriding signals shown in Figure 13-5 on page 61.

Table 13-10.	Overriding Signals for	r Alternate Function	s in PC7:PC4
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Signal Name	PC7/TOSC2	PC6/TOSC1	PC5/TDI	PC4/TDO
PUOE	AS2	AS2	JTAGEN	JTAGEN
PUOV	0	0	1	0
DDOE	AS2	AS2	JTAGEN	JTAGEN
DDOV	0	0	0	SHIFT_IR + SHIFT_DR
PVOE	0	0	0	JTAGEN
PVOV	0	0	0	TDO
DIEOE	AS2	AS2	JTAGEN	JTAGEN
DIEOV	0	0	0	0
DI	_	_	_	_
AIO	T/C2 OSC OUTPUT	T/C2 OSC INPUT	TDI	_

Table 13-11. Overriding Signals for Alternate Functions in PC3:PC0⁽¹⁾

Signal Name	PC3/TMS	PC2/TCK	PC1/SDA	PC0/SCL
PUOE	JTAGEN	JTAGEN	TWEN	TWEN
PUOV	1	1	PORTC1 • PUD	PORTC0 • PUD
DDOE	JTAGEN	JTAGEN	TWEN	TWEN
DDOV	0	0	SDA_OUT	SCL_OUT
PVOE	0	0	TWEN	TWEN
PVOV	0	0	0	0
DIEOE	JTAGEN	JTAGEN	0	0
DIEOV	0	0	0	0
DI	_	_	_	_
AIO	TMS	TCK	SDA INPUT	SCL INPUT

Note:

13.3.4 Alternate Functions of Port D

The Port D pins with alternate functions are shown in Table 13-12.

Table 13-12. Port D Pins Alternate Functions

Port Pin	Alternate Function
PD7	OC2 (Timer/Counter2 Output Compare Match Output)
PD6	ICP1 (Timer/Counter1 Input Capture Pin)
PD5	OC1A (Timer/Counter1 Output Compare A Match Output)
PD4	OC1B (Timer/Counter1 Output Compare B Match Output)
PD3	INT1 (External Interrupt 1 Input)
PD2	INT0 (External Interrupt 0 Input)
PD1	TXD (USART Output Pin)
PD0	RXD (USART Input Pin)

The alternate pin configuration is as follows:

• OC2 – Port D, Bit 7

OC2, Timer/Counter2 Output Compare Match output: The PD7 pin can serve as an external output for the Timer/Counter2 Output Compare. The pin has to be configured as an output (DDD7 set (one)) to serve this function. The OC2 pin is also the output pin for the PWM mode timer function.

• ICP1 - Port D, Bit 6

ICP1 – Input Capture Pin: The PD6 pin can act as an Input Capture pin for Timer/Counter1.

^{1.} When enabled, the Two-wire Serial Interface enables slew-rate controls on the output pins PC0 and PC1. This is not shown in the figure. In addition, spike filters are connected between the AlO outputs shown in the port figure and the digital logic of the TWI module.

OC1A – Port D, Bit 5

OC1A, Output Compare Match A output: The PD5 pin can serve as an external output for the Timer/Counter1 Output Compare A. The pin has to be configured as an output (DDD5 set (one)) to serve this function. The OC1A pin is also the output pin for the PWM mode timer function.

OC1B – Port D, Bit 4

OC1B, Output Compare Match B output: The PD4 pin can serve as an external output for the Timer/Counter1 Output Compare B. The pin has to be configured as an output (DDD4 set (one)) to serve this function. The OC1B pin is also the output pin for the PWM mode timer function.

• INT1 - Port D, Bit 3

INT1, External Interrupt Source 1: The PD3 pin can serve as an external interrupt source.

• INT0 - Port D, Bit 2

INTO, External Interrupt Source 0: The PD2 pin can serve as an external interrupt source.

TXD – Port D, Bit 1

TXD, Transmit Data (Data output pin for the USART). When the USART Transmitter is enabled, this pin is configured as an output regardless of the value of DDD1.

• RXD - Port D, Bit 0

RXD, Receive Data (Data input pin for the USART). When the USART Receiver is enabled this pin is configured as an input regardless of the value of DDD0. When the USART forces this pin to be an input, the pull-up can still be controlled by the PORTD0 bit.

Table 13-13 and Table 13-14 relate the alternate functions of Port D to the overriding signals shown in Figure 13-5 on page 61.

Table 13-13. Overriding Signals for Alternate Functions PD7:PD4

Signal Name	PD7/OC2	PD6/ICP1	PD5/OC1A	PD4/OC1B
PUOE	0	0	0	0
PUOV	0	0	0	0
DDOE	0	0	0	0
DDOV	0	0	0	0
PVOE	OC2 ENABLE	0	OC1A ENABLE	OC1B ENABLE
PVOV	OC2	0	OC1A	OC1B
DIEOE	0	0	0	0
DIEOV	0	0	0	0
DI	_	ICP1 INPUT	_	-
AIO	_	_	_	-

Table 13-14. Overriding Signals for Alternate Functions in PD3:PD0

Signal Name	PD3/INT1	PD2/INT0	PD1/TXD	PD0/RXD
PUOE	0	0	TXEN	RXEN
PUOV	0	0	0	PORTD0 • PUD
DDOE	0	0	TXEN	RXEN
DDOV	0	0	1	0
PVOE	0	0	TXEN	0
PVOV	0	0	TXD	0
DIEOE	INT1 ENABLE	INTO ENABLE	0	0
DIEOV	1	1	0	0
DI	INT1 INPUT	INTO INPUT	_	RXD
AIO	_	_	_	-

13.4 Register Description

13.4.1 SFIOR - Special Function I/O Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
	ADTS2	ADTS1	ADTS0	-	ACME	PUD	PSR2	PSR10	SFIOR
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	•
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

• Bit 2 - PUD: Pull-up disable

When this bit is written to one, the pull-ups in the I/O ports are disabled even if the DDxn and PORTxn Registers are configured to enable the pull-ups ({DDxn, PORTxn} = 0b01). See "Configuring the Pin" on page 57 for more details about this feature.

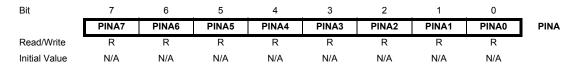
13.4.2 PORTA – Port A Data Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
	PORTA7	PORTA6	PORTA5	PORTA4	PORTA3	PORTA2	PORTA1	PORTA0	PORTA
Read/Write	R/W	ı							
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

13.4.3 DDRA – Port A Data Direction Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
	DDA7	DDA6	DDA5	DDA4	DDA3	DDA2	DDA1	DDA0	DDRA
Read/Write	R/W	•							
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

13.4.4 PINA – Port A Input Pins Address



13.4.5 PORTB – Port B Data Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	PORTB
Read/Write	R/W								
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

13.4.6 DDRB – Port B Data Direction Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	DDRB
Read/Write	R/W	_							
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

13.4.7 PINB – Port B Input Pins Address

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	PINB
Read/Write	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Initial Value	N/A								

13.4.8 PORTC – Port C Data Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
	PORTC7	PORTC6	PORTC5	PORTC4	PORTC3	PORTC2	PORTC1	PORTC0	PORTC
Read/Write	R/W	1							
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

13.4.9 DDRC - Port C Data Direction Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
	DDC7	DDC6	DDC5	DDC4	DDC3	DDC2	DDC1	DDC0	DDRC
Read/Write	R/W	•							
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

13.4.10 PINC - Port C Input Pins Address

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	PINC7	PINC6	PINC5	PINC4	PINC3	PINC2	PINC1	PINC0	PINC
Read/Write	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Initial Value	N/A								

13.4.11 PORTD - Port D Data Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
	PORTD7	PORTD6	PORTD5	PORTD4	PORTD3	PORTD2	PORTD1	PORTD0	PORTD
Read/Write	R/W	•							
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

13.4.12 DDRD – Port D Data Direction Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
	DDD7	DDD6	DDD5	DDD4	DDD3	DDD2	DDD1	DDD0	DDRD
Read/Write	R/W								
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

13.4.13 PIND - Port D Input Pins Address

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
	PIND7	PIND6	PIND5	PIND4	PIND3	PIND2	PIND1	PIND0	PIND
Read/Write	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	•
Initial Value	N/A								