End of Life Care Pathway v2.1: Table of Contents



Inclusion Criteria

- Decision to withdraw or limit life sustaining therapies and/or anticipated death during this hospitalization or at home
- · Patient has died

End of Life Care

Pre-Death

Medication

Organ Donation

Post-Death Care Part 1

Start on this page if the patient was put on pathway post-death.

If patient has been on pathway Pre-Death, go to Post-Death Part 2.

Post-Death Care Part 2

Tissue Donation

Post-Family Discharge

Staff Support

Decedent Transport

Viewing Patients Outside of the Morgue

Staff Support Questions

External Contact Information

Appendix

Version Changes

Next Expected Review: November 2023

Last Updated: January 2024

Approval & Citation

Evidence Ratings

Bibliography



End of Life Care Pathway v2.1: Pre-Death

Inclusion Criteria Stop and · Decision to withdraw or limit life sustaining therapies and/or Review anticipated death during this hospitalization or at home Attending/ Provider **Bioethics or** contact Medical **Patient & Family** Relations are available **Examiner** for deaths that are sudden, unexpected, if questions arise violent, suspicious, unnatural, or of clinically unknown cause Conversation regarding goals of care initiated by family or providers **Multidisciplinary Team Huddle Charge Nurse** Medical Provider Medical Team, Nurse, Social Work, Patient Navigator (if involved), & ☐ Creates list of updates Code Palliative Care (if involved). Others may be included as necessary. continuity nurses Status in Epic ☐ Consider ways to Share knowledge of patient and family wishes and preferences optimize peaceful Assign roles and tasks to: environment with ☐ Initiate Epic navigator Advance Care Planning current floor ☐ Identify patient/family preferences dynamics □ Determine pain and symptom management plan ☐ Identify Psychosocial Lead ☐ Schedule next huddle **Care Team Roles Identified During Huddle Medical Team** Nurse may consult the following based on ☐ Notifies Unit Coordinators of meet with family to assess preferences at appropriate Patient/Family Visitation patient and family needs: Preferences □ Cultural Preferences □ Palliative Care ☐ Hang Peaceful Environment ■ Need for Expedited Burial and/or Family Transport ☐ Pain Service sign outside room ☐ Funeral Planning ☐ Continuity Provider ☐ Desired Legacy Building Activities ☐ Primary Care Provider □ Photographs ☐ Care Coordination ■ Desired Environment ☐ Child Life - Outdoor Options if withdrawal of life-sustaining ☐ Art Therapy therapies is requested ■ Music Therapy ☐ Spiritual Care □ Sibling Support **Unit Coordinator** ☐ Travel and lodging needs of family members and ■ Lactation updates Epic support system □ Acupuncture ☐ Patient Navigator □ <u>Autopsy</u> ☐ Consideration of potential restrictions with pathologist □Interpreter **□** SCAN prior to family signing consent **□**CPS **Ongoing Multidisciplinary Huddle** as needed to: When decision has ☐ Share knowledge of patient/family wishes & been made preferences to limit or withdraw □ Evaluate effectiveness of pain and symptom life-sustaining management plan and modify as needed Therapies, Attending or ☐ Review and update Epic navigator Advance Care delegate must contact **LCNW Planning** within 60 minutes of decision **Medical Team Phase Change** If outside of ICU, consults Palliative Care and Pain Service to Go to Staff Support Workflow assist in developing symptom management plan **Phase Change** Phase Change Go to Medication Workflow Go to Organ Donation Workflow

End of Life Care Pathway v2.1: Medication

Stop and Review

Inclusion Criteria

- Decision to withdraw or limit life sustaining therapies and/or anticipated death during this hospitalization or at home
- Patient has died

If considering withdrawal of fluids, discuss concentrating all medications with pharmacy

Medical Team, Palliative Care Provider, Pain Service, and Team Pharmacist (if available)

develop and review medication plan outside of ICU

Discuss removing any unnecessary lines, tubes, or drains with family

Medical Team

notifies inpatient or team pharmacist for situational awareness and identify an after-hours contact

Inpatient Pharmacist or Team Pharmacist (if available)

- ☐ Ensures Omnicell has adequate supply of medication
- ☐ Identifies alternative routes for medication, if needed

Do not routinely discontinue tone or anti-epileptic medications

Last Updated: January 2024

Next Expected Review: November 2023

Nurse

- □ Notifies **Medical Team** if patient is requiring multiple medication boluses or if symptoms not well controlled
- ☐ Gathers supplies for alternative medications administration routes, as indicated. Alternatives may include: Intra Nasal, Subcutaneous Morphine

SQ Morphine may be considered when no central or IV access and alternative routes of medications are not effective

Medical Team

- ☐ Contacts Palliative Care Provider and/or Pain Service to discuss medication escalation plan, if requiring frequent boluses and/or symptoms not well controlled
- □ Notify Inpatient or Team Pharmacist if pain/symptoms are worsening and/or frequent medication adjustments anticipated

Return to Pre-Death Care

End of Life Care Pathway v2.1: Organ Donation

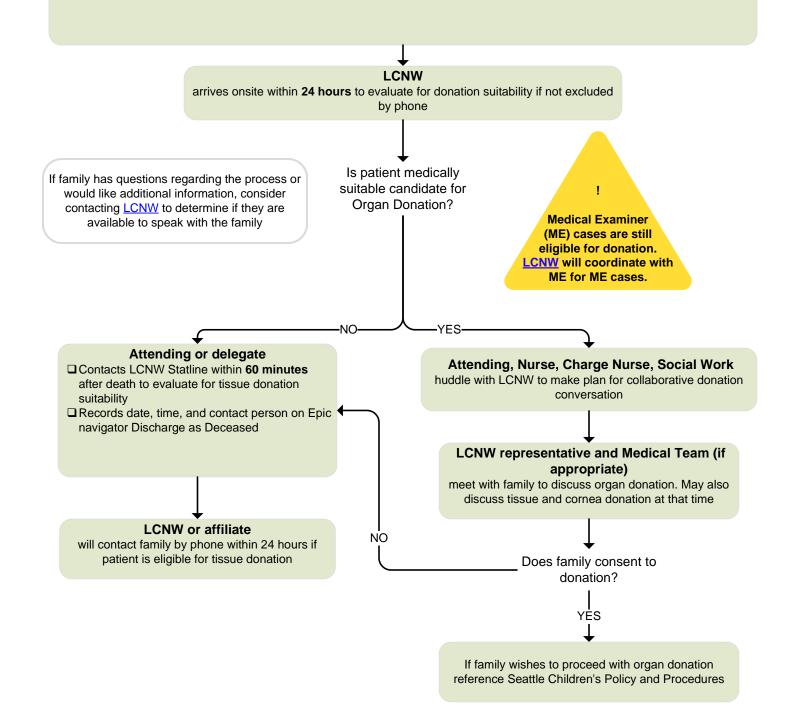


Inclusion Criteria

- Decision to withdraw or limit life sustaining therapies and/or anticipated death during this hospitalization or at home
- Patient has died

Attending or delegate

- □ Contact Life Center Northwest (LCNW) Statline within 60 minutes after the decision to withdraw or limit life sustaining therapies has been made. Discuss illness/injury, care plan, past medical history, and family dynamics Also contact LCNW if:
 - Imminent death outside of withdraw or limiting life sustaining therapies and/or
 - Substantial brain injury and/or
 - · Family requests organ donation
- ☐ Record date, time, and contact person on Epic navigator Discharge as Deceased



Return to Table of Contents

Last Updated: January 2024

End of Life Care Pathway v2.1: Post-Death Part 1

Start on this page if the patient was put on pathway after their death. If patient has been on pathway prior to death, go to Post-Death Part 2.

Stop and Review

Inclusion Criteria

- Decision to withdraw or limit life sustaining therapies and/or anticipated death during this hospitalization or at home
 - OR
- · Patient has died

!
Attending/Provider
contact Medical
Examiner for deaths
that are sudden, unexpected,
violent, suspicious, unnatural, or
of clinically unknown cause

Multidisciplinary Team Huddle

Medical Team, Nurse, Social Work, Patient Navigator (if involved), and Palliative Care (if involved). Others may be included, as necessary:

- Share existing knowledge of patient and family wishes and preferences
- · Assign task and roles to:
 - □Initiate Epic navigator Advance Care Planning
 - □Determine patient and family preferences and cultural needs
 - □Determine when next huddle will be.
 - □ Identify psychosocial lead to follow up with family support plan

Care Team Roles Identified During Huddle

meet with family to assess preferences at appropriate time:

- □ Cultural Preferences
- □ Need for Expedited Burial and/or Family Transport
- ☐ Funeral Planning
- ☐ Desired Legacy Building Activities
- □ Photographs

Last Updated: January 2024

Next Expected Review: November 2023

- □ Desired Environment
- ☐ Sibling Support
- ☐ Travel and lodging needs of family members and support system
- Autopsy consideration of potential restrictions with pathologist prior to family signing consent

Medical Team

consults the following based on patient and family needs:

- ☐ Child Life
- ☐ Care Coordination
- ☐ Spiritual Care
- □ Lactation
- Music Therapy
- ☐ Patient Navigator
- ☐ Interpreter
- □SCAN
- □ CPS

Lactation After Loss

- Job Aid: Milk Management for Nursing: Infant Demise, 14221 (for SCH only)
- Consent of Release of Breastmilk for Donation (for SCH only)

Ongoing Multidisciplinary Huddle

as needed to:

- ☐ Share knowledge of patient/family wishes & preferences
- ☐ Review Epic navigator Advance Care Planning to ensure completion of tasks

End of Life Care Pathway v2.1: Post-Death Part 2



Inclusion Criteria

- · Decision to withdraw or limit life sustaining therapies and/or anticipated death during this hospitalization or at home OR
- Patient has died

Attending (or delegate)

- ☐ Reference Provider Job Aid for additional information
- ☐ Initiate Epic navigator Advance Care Planning, if not already done
- ☐ Complete electronic death record in EDRS (only need date, time and signature for ME cases or if autopsy is being performed)
- ☐ Autopsy Permission/Refusal Form (44353)
- ☐ Give completed forms to Unit Coordinator
- □ Notify PCP and Continuity Providers
- ☐ If inpatient, complete Epic navigator Discharge as Deceased
- ☐ Contact LCNW within 60 minutes after patient's death

Charge Nurse

- ☐ Notify Shift Administrator of patient death
- ☐ Consider ways to optimize peaceful environment with current floor dynamics

Psychosocial Lead

Ensure family follow-up preferences are documented in the Epic navigator Advance Care Planning

Nurse

- ☐ Notify Unit Coordinator with Time of Death
- ☐ Determine if family would like to participate in post-mortem care

Unit Coordinator

☐ Updates Epic to not contact family ☐ Prepare documents for transport with patient's body

Nurse Case Manager and Care Coordinator

- ☐ Cancel upcoming appointments ☐ Notify home nursing agencies of
- patient's death ☐ Coordinate with home care companies to cancel supply shipments and arrange pick up of
- durable medical equipment ☐ Notify outside pharmacy to cancel refill medications

Phase Change

Go to Tissue Donation

Attending or

delegate must

contact **LCNW** within

60 minutes after patient's

death

- Allow Family/Caregivers time with patient and perform care and rituals, as needed
- Key members of the team continually re-assess family needs and update Epic navigator Advance Care Planning

Social Work

(Prior to Discharge)

- ☐ Assess family safety & immediate support system
- ☐ Complete Journey Navigator
- ☐ Provide family with grief literature, as appropriate, from Unit-Based Journey box

If concerns for family safety, escalate to medical team and social work

- ☐ Perform post-mortem cares with family if desired. Discuss with medical team prior to removing any lines, tubes, or drains
- ☐ Obtain shroud from Central Services
- ☐ Notifies Charge Nurse when patient is ready to be transported to the morgue

Shift Administrator

☐ Notify **Security** to bring cart, if needed, and to unlock the morgue

Nurse, Shift Administrator, and/or Security

- ☐ Transport patient to the morgue
 - Family may accompany staff and patient, if strongly desires. Coordinate with Pathology, Psychosocial Lead, and Medical Team to ensure adequate family support is in place prior to transport
 - Independent transport by staff to and from the morgue is not recommended

When family is ready to leave, escort family to exit

Phase Change Go to Post-Family Discharge

Return to Pre-Death

End of Life Care Pathway v2.1: Tissue Donation

Stop and **Review**

Inclusion Criteria

- Decision to withdraw or limit life sustaining therapies and/or anticipated death during this hospitalization or at home OR
- Patient has died

Attending or delegate

- ☐ Contacts LCNW Statline within 60 minutes after death to evaluate for tissue donation suitability
- ☐ Records date, time, and contact person in the Epic navigator Discharge as Deceased

LCNW or affiliate

will contact family by phone within 24 hours if patient is eligible for tissue donation

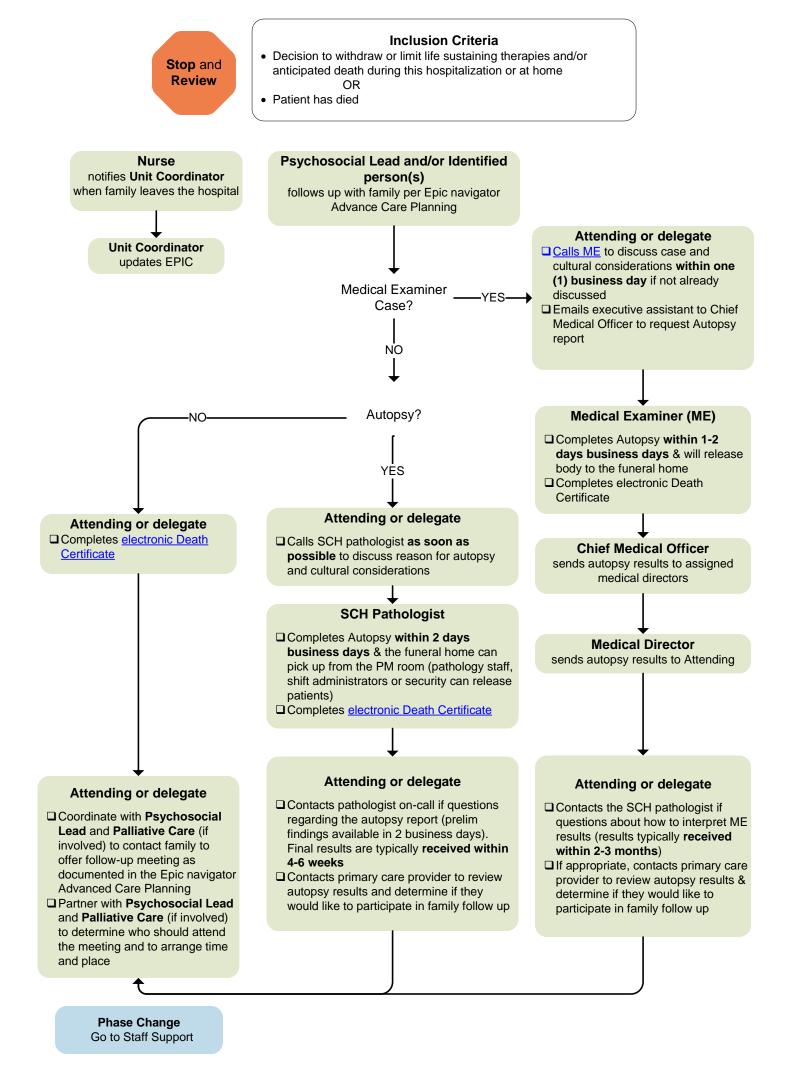
Medical Examiner (ME) cases are still eligible for donation. **LCNW** will coordinate with ME for ME cases

If family has questions regarding the process or would like additional information, consider contacting **LCNW** to determine if they are available to speak with the family

Last Updated: January 2024

Return to Table of Contents

End of Life Care Pathway v2.1: Post-Family Discharge



End of Life Care Pathway v2.1: Staff Support



Inclusion Criteria

- Decision to withdraw or limit life sustaining therapies and/or anticipated death during this hospitalization or at home
 OR
- · Patient has died

Nurse

notifies Charge Nurse of anticipated death or limitations in cares

Charge Nurse & Area Leader

huddle to consider:

- ☐ Staff support
- ☐ Unit support
- ☐ Anticipated off-policy request
- ☐ Individual RN support
- ☐ Family needs

Nurse & Charge Nurse

Ongoing huddles as needed to <u>assess</u> staff needs

Staff Support Pre-Death

Nursing Leader

escalates support needs for additional team members:

- Medical Providers
- ☐ Respiratory Therapy
- ☐ Environmental Services
- □ Child Life
- ☐ Social Work
- ☐ Medical Providers
- □ Nutrition Team
- ☐ Additional team members, as appropriate

Senior Resident or Attending

notify Chief Residents of anticipated death or change in goals of care

Chief Residents

- ☐ Consider Resident team support
- Consider individual Resident support
- ☐ Communicate any alteration in admissions planning to Shift Administrator

Residents & Chief Residents

Ongoing huddles as needed to <u>assess staff</u> <u>needs</u>

Staff Support Post-Death

Nurse and Charge Nurse

huddle as soon as possible

- □ <u>Assess nurse's needs</u>:
 - Informational
 - Emotional
 - Practical (anticipated barriers)
 - Spiritual
- ☐ Assess nurse staffing to determine if Nurse can take a break or choose to leave early.

Charge Nurse

- ☐ Notifies Area Leader during the day. If death occurs during the night or on weekends, escalate to the Leader on call, at his/her discretion
- ☐ Contacts Staff Support Team if needed emergently. Outside regular business hours, page on-call Spiritual Care chaplain who covers Staff Support
- ☐ Communicates with unit leadership team. Include the patient's name, date/time of death, and staff involved in caring for the child

Senior Resident or Attending

huddles with resident team as soon as possible

Senior Resident

notifies Chief Residents of patient's death. Include date, time, and staff names in communication

Staff Support Post-Family Discharge

Nurse Manager

- $\hfill \square$ Follow-up with staff involved within one business day
- ☐ Acknowledge loss
- □ <u>Assess staff needs</u>
- ☐ Share available resources
- ☐ Notify Staff Support Team of patient death on next business day for situational awareness and to relay any additional support requests

Chief Resident

checks in with primary resident within one business day of patient's death to assess coping and notify him/her of available support services

Return to Table of Contents

Seattle Children's Clinical Standard Work
© 2024 Seattle Children's Hospital, all rights reserved

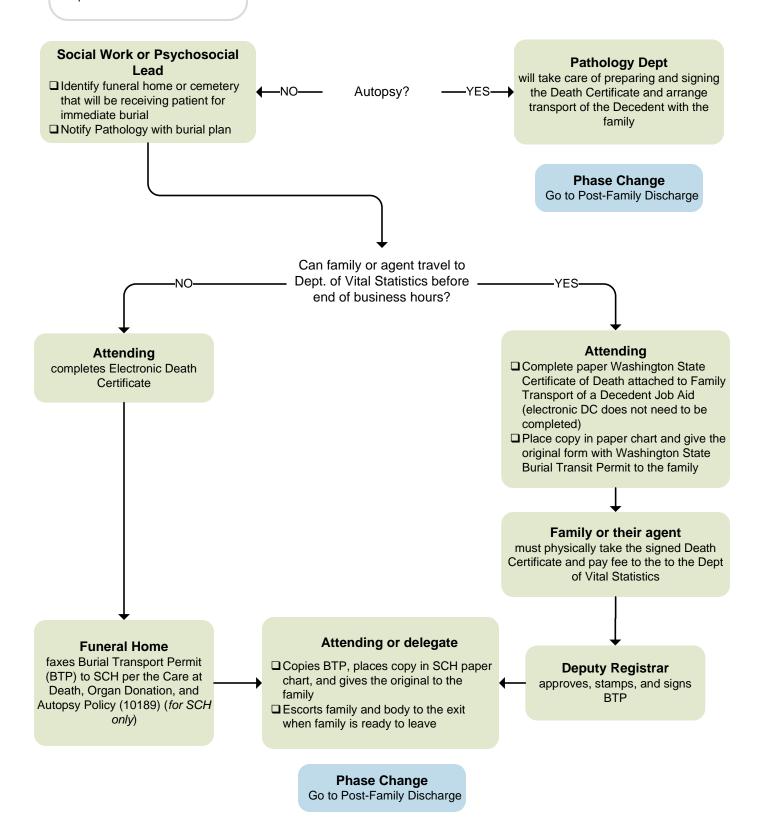
End of Life Care Pathway v2.1: Decedent Transport

Stop and Review

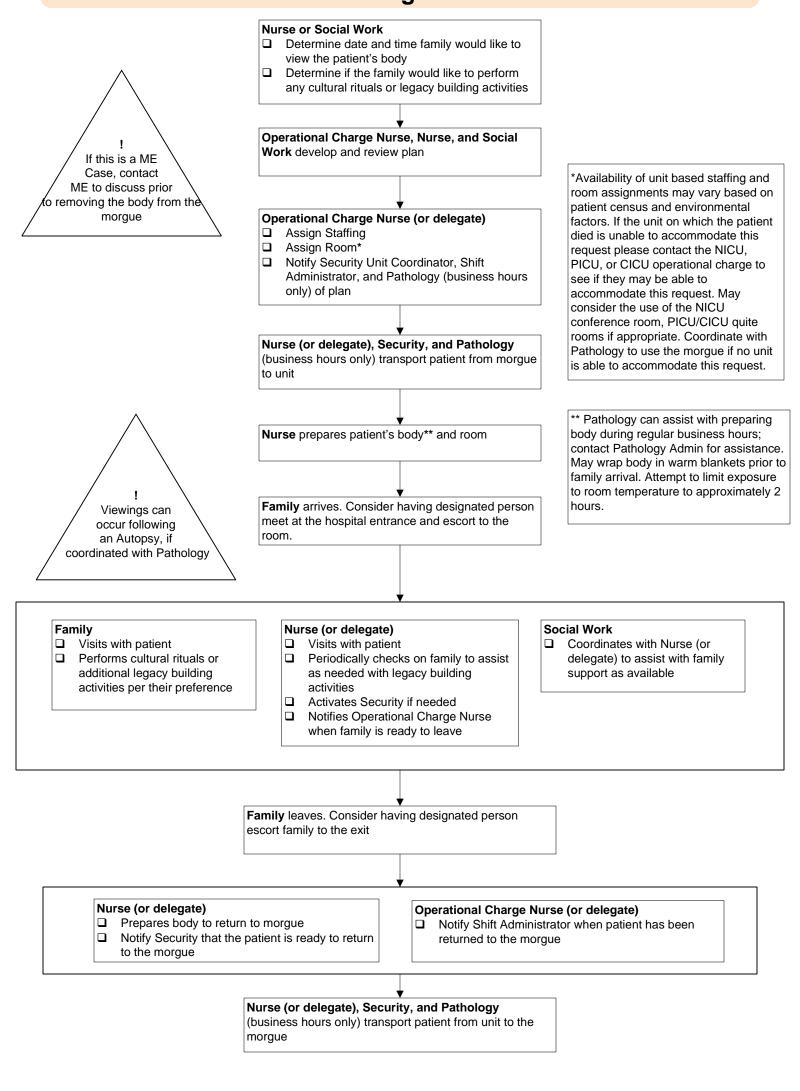
Inclusion Criteria

- Decision to withdraw or limit life sustaining therapies and/or anticipated death during this hospitalization or at home OR
- Patient has died

Business hours for <u>King County</u>
<u>Dept Vital Statistics</u> is M-F, 8:30a –
4:30p



End of Life Care Pathway v2.1: Viewing Patients Outside of the Morgue



Return to Post-Death Care Part 1

External Contact Information

Medical Examiner Office: (206) 731-3232

LifeCenter Northwest 24/7 Statline: (888) 543-3287

Soulumination: (206) 297-0885

King County Vital Statistics Office: (206) 897-5100 or (800) 325-6165

Harborview Medical Center Ninth & Jefferson Building, 2nd Floor 908 Jefferson St Seattle, WA 98104

Hours: 8:30a - 4:30p

Return to Post-Death Care Part 1

Return to Pre-Death Care

Return to Post-Death Care Part 2

> **Return to Decedent Transport**

Return to Organ Donation

Return to Post-Family Discharge



Staff Support: Suggested Open-Ended Questions

"I want to check in with you about the situation/death that you experienced. Every situation/death is different, and some impact us harder than others. What would be helpful for you? Would you like to take some time away from direct care (e.g. taking a walk outside, getting a meal, grabbing coffee/drink, or do you need to leave early)?"

"Sometimes it's helpful to think about what resources are available here and when you are at home.

- In the hospital, your immediate leadership is available, you could connect with peers and colleagues, chat with someone from Staff Support, or talk with a chaplain from Spiritual Care. Would you like me to call someone for you?
- In your circle outside of the hospital, there may be friends or family, a faith community, or other resources you would find helpful.
- The Employee Assistance Program is also a resource for you."

Resource Links: Employee Assistance Program (for SCH only)

Return to Staff Support

Summary of Version Changes

- Version 1.0 (11/5/2018): Go live.
- **Version 1.1 (7/1/2019):** Added contacts to Internal Contact Information p2; updated Care Coordination tasks to Post-Death Part 2.
- Version 1.2 (7/16/2020): Added Appendix item, Viewing Patients Outside the Morgue.
- **Version 1.3 (1/5/2021):** Updated algorithm to align with changes due to migration to new electronic health record (Epic).
- **Version 2.0 (6/15/2021):** Added link and verbiage relevant to Subcutaneous Job Aid, aligned verbiage to match policies, and updated algorithm to new CSW template.
- Version 2.1 (1/9/2024): Updated link for staff support services, deleted CultureVision resource as it is no longer available, and added resources for lactation following loss.

Approval & Citation

Approved by the CSW End of Life Care & Bereavement team for November 5, 2018, go-live

CSW End of Life Care & Bereavement Pathway Team:

MCC, Pathway Owner Amber Bock, MSN, ARNP

Patient and Family Relations Mark Mendelow

Stakeholders

Janiine Babcock, MD Brett Leggett, MD

Emily Beauchemin Mithya Lewis-Newby, MD MPH Elaine Beardsley, CNS Emily Loter, MS, PA (ASCP)

Karla Bell, RN

Julia Besagno, RN

Anne McDermott, ARNP

Ann McKinstry, RPh

Zeenia Billimoria, MD

Trevor McLay, DNP, ARNP

Brian Cartin. MD

Jason Orthel. PharmD

Jonna Clark, MD, MA

Arika Patneaude, LICSW

Martha Dimmers, MDiv, MSW, BCC Cassandra Raker

Kelly Dundon, MD Melanie Reynolds, MS, RN, CPNP, CHPPN

Jacob Garrison, PharmD Debra Roseberry, MSW, LICSW

Heidi Greider, MDiv Alice Ryan, MSW

Melina Handley, ARNP Karen Taliesin, DMin, BCC

Ross Hays, MD Neil Uspal, MD

Sheryl Kalbach, MSW Hector Valdivia, MN (PCNS)

Clinical Effectiveness Team:

ConsultantJean Popalisky, DNPNurse ConsultantCoral Ringer, MNProject ManagerDawn Hoffer

CE Analyst Dawn Honer
Maria Jerome

CIS Informatician Carlos Villavicencio, MD, MMI

CIS Analyst Wren Haaland, MPH
Librarian Sue Groshong, MLIS

Program Coordinator Kristyn Simmons

Retrieval Website: https://www.seattlechildrens.org/pdf/end-of-life-care-and-bereavement-pathway.pdf

Please cite as:

Seattle Children's Hospital, A Bock, J Babcock, E Beardsley, E Beauchemin, K Bell, J Besagno, Z Billimoria, B Cartin, J Clark, M Dimmers, K Dundon, J Garrison, H Grieder, M Handley, R Hays, D Hoffer, S Kalbach, B Leggett, M Lewis-Newby, E Loter, A McDermott, A McKinstry, T McLay, M Mendelow, M Noel, J Orthel, A Patneaude, J Popalisky, C Raker, Reynolds, C Ringer, D Roseberry, A Ryan, K Taliesin, N Uspal, H Valdivia, C Villavicencio, 2024 January. End of Life Care & Bereavement Pathway. Available from: https://www.seattlechildrens.org/pdf/end-of-life-care-and-bereavement-pathway.pdf



Evidence Ratings

This pathway was developed through local consensus based on published evidence and expert opinion as part of Clinical Standard Work at Seattle Children's. Pathway teams include representatives from Medical, Subspecialty, and/or Surgical Services, Nursing, Pharmacy, Clinical Effectiveness, and other services as appropriate.

When possible, we used the GRADE method of rating evidence quality. Evidence is first assessed as to whether it is from randomized trial or cohort studies. The rating is then adjusted in the following manner (from: Guyatt G et al. J Clin Epidemiol. 2011;4:383-94, Hultcrantz M et al. J Clin Epidemiol. 2017;87:4-13.):

Quality ratings are downgraded if studies:

- Have serious limitations
- Have inconsistent results
- If evidence does not directly address clinical questions
- If estimates are imprecise OR
- If it is felt that there is substantial publication bias

Quality ratings are *upgraded* if it is felt that:

- The effect size is large
- If studies are designed in a way that confounding would likely underreport the magnitude of the effect OR
- If a dose-response gradient is evident

Certainty of Evidence

♥ ♥ ♥ High: The authors have a lot of confidence that the true effect is similar to the estimated effect

♥♥♥○ Moderate: The authors believe that the true effect is probably close to the estimated effect

◆◆○○ Low: The true effect might be markedly different from the estimated effect

OOO Very low: The true effect is probably markedly different from the estimated effect

Guideline: Recommendation is from a published guideline that used methodology deemed acceptable by the team Expert Opinion: Based on available evidence that does not meet GRADE criteria (for example, case-control studies)

Bibliography

Search Methods, End of Life, Clinical Standard Work

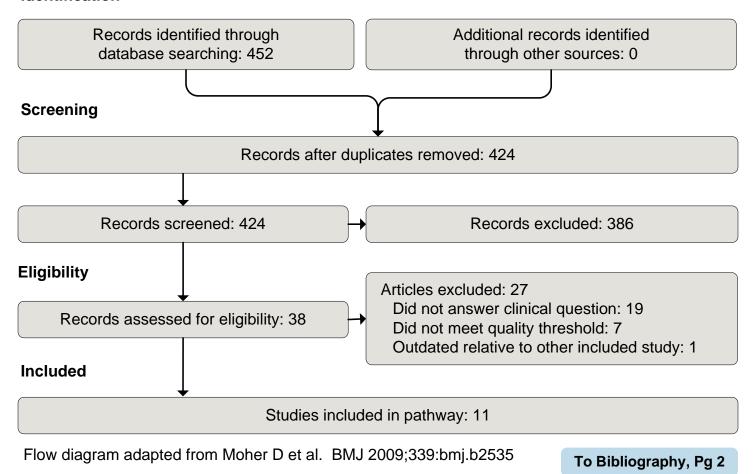
Studies were identified by searching electronic databases using search strategies developed and executed by a medical librarian, Susan Groshong. Searches were performed in March, 2018, in the following databases: Ovid Medline, Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews, Embase, National Guideline Clearinghouse, TRIP and Cincinnati Children's Evidence-Based Recommendations. In Medline and Embase, appropriate Medical Subject Headings (MeSH) and Emtree headings were used respectively, along with text words, and the search strategy was adapted for other databases using text words. Concepts searched were terminal care, passive euthanasia, hospice care, palliative care, advance care planning, end of life, comfort care, life-sustaining care, compassionate extubation and bereavement. Retrieval was limited to 2008 to current, English language, ages 0-24 or family relationships, and to certain evidence categories, such as relevant publication types, index terms for study types and other similar limits.

September 25, 2018

Literature Search PRISMA

Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses (PRISMA): a graphical representation of the flow of citations reviewed in the course of a Systematic Review

Identification



Bibliography

Included Studies

- Aoun SM, Rumbold B, Howting D, Bolleter A, Breen LJ. Bereavement support for family caregivers: The gap between guidelines and practice in palliative care. PLoS ONE [EOL]. 2017;12(10):e0184750. Accessed 3/7/2018 3:48:31 PM. https://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0184750.
- Care in the Last Days of Life. http://www.palliativecareguidelines.scot.nhs.uk/guidelines/end-of-life-care/Care-in-the-Last-Days-of-Life.aspx. Updated 2015.
- Downar J, Delaney JW, Hawryluck L, Kenny L. Guidelines for the withdrawal of life-sustaining measures. Intensive Care Med [EOL]. 2016;42(6):1003-1017. Accessed 3/7/2018 3:48:31 PM. https://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s00134-016-4330-7.
- Garstang J, Griffiths F, Sidebotham P. What do bereaved parents want from professionals after the sudden death of their child: A systematic review of the literature. BMC Pediatr [EOL]. 2014;14:269. Accessed 3/7/2018 3:48:31 PM. https://dx.doi.org/10.1186/1471-2431-14-269.
- Hudson P, Remedios C, Zordan R, et al. Guidelines for the psychosocial and bereavement support of family caregivers of palliative care patients. J Palliat Med [EOL]. 2012;15(6):696-702. Accessed 3/7/2018 3:48:31 PM. https://dx.doi.org/10.1089/jpm.2011.0466.
- Knops RRG, Kremer LCM, Verhagen AAE, Dutch Paediatric Palliative Care Guideline Group for Symptoms. Paediatric palliative care: Recommendations for treatment of symptoms in the netherlands. BMC Palliat Care [EOL]. 2015;14:57.
- National Guideline Alliance (UK). End of Life Care for Infants, Children and Young People with Life-Limiting Conditions: Planning and Management. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmedhealth/PMH0090262/. Updated 2016.
- Simon ST, Koskeroglu P, Gaertner J, Voltz R. Fentanyl for the relief of refractory breathlessness: A systematic review. J Pain Symptom Manage [EOL]. 2013;46(6):874-886. Accessed 3/7/2018 3:48:31 PM. https://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jpainsymman.2013.02.019.
- Truog RD, Campbell ML, Curtis JR, et al. Recommendations for end-of-life care in the intensive care unit: A consensus statement by the american college [corrected] of critical care medicine. Crit Care Med [EOL]. 2008;36(3):953-963. Accessed 3/7/2018 3:48:31 PM. https://dx.doi.org/10.1097/CCM.0B013E3181659096.
- Wee B, Hillier R. Interventions for noisy breathing in patients near to death. [EOL]. 2008(1).
- When a child dies. http://www.gosh.nhs.uk/health-professionals/clinical-guidelines/when-child-dies. Updated 2014.

Medical Disclaimer

Medicine is an ever-changing science. As new research and clinical experience broaden our knowledge, changes in treatment and drug therapy are required.

The authors have checked with sources believed to be reliable in their efforts to provide information that is complete and generally in accord with the standards accepted at the time of publication.

However, in view of the possibility of human error or changes in medical sciences, neither the authors nor Seattle Children's Healthcare System nor any other party who has been involved in the preparation or publication of this work warrants that the information contained herein is in every respect accurate or complete, and they are not responsible for any errors or omissions or for the results obtained from the use of such information.

Readers should confirm the information contained herein with other sources and are encouraged to consult with their health care provider before making any health care decision.

