

log4j:

TestClass:

```
package com.test.practice;  
import org.apache.log4j.Logger;
```

```
public class TestClass {
```

```
    /* log4j - Logging for JAVA
```

```
    *           We use in both server side and standalone applications  
*           Displaying messages on console  
*
```

```
* Requirements:
```

```
*     1. log4j.jar  
*     2. log4j.properties  
*
```

```
* Log levels:
```

```
*     1. debug  
*     2. info  
*     3. warn  
*     4. error  
*     5. fatal
```

```
*/
```

```
static Logger log = Logger.getLogger(TestClass.class);  
// creating for logger object, we must pass class name
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
    log.debug("This is debug message");  
log.info("This is info message");  
log.warn("This is warn message");  
log.error("This is error message");  
log.fatal("This is fatal message");
```

```
    System.out.println("Welcome to log4J.....");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

log4j.properties: place out src folder.

if you declare logger level: INFO, then it will display all log levels from INFO

we can give "console" or "any name"

log4j.rootLogger=DEBUG, CONSOLE

For every scenario, we need to add one appender and one layout

log4j.appender.CONSOLE=org.apache.log4j.ConsoleAppender

log4j.appender.CONSOLE.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout

display in time stamp format HH:MM:SS t

log4j.appender.CONSOLE.layout.ConversionPattern=%d{yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss} %t %-5p %c{1}:%L - %m%n

%t = thread

%-5p = which logger level it will display

%c{1} = class name

%L = line number

%m = display message

%n = new line

OUTPUT:

2015-12-17 15:31:54 main INFO TestClass:29 - This is info message

2015-12-17 15:31:54 main WARN TestClass:30 - This is warn message

2015-12-17 15:31:54 main ERROR TestClass:31 - This is error message

2015-12-17 15:31:54 main FATAL TestClass:32 - This is fatal message

Welcome to log4J.....